Supplemental Figure 1



Figure S1 Effect of gating strategies on estimates of splenic B cell populations

(A) Mature splenic B cells in 8 wks old test panel mice as in Figure 3. (B) Mature splenic B cells in the same mice gated based on their expression of CD21 and IgM; the difference in relative frequencies of FOB cells and "new" B cells in B6.TCR-V γ 1^{-/-} mice is related to the CD23-deficiency in this strain. (C) IgD and CD23 expression profiles in splenic FOB cells and "new" B cells in the test panel mice; both cell types express CD23 at much reduced levels in B6.TCR-V γ 1^{-/-} mice, and at slightly increased levels in B6.TCR-V γ 4^{-/-}/V γ 6^{-/-} mice. Minor changes in the expression of IgD are also seen. (D, E) Relative frequencies and absolute numbers of mature splenic B cells based on the gating strategies shown in (A) and (B). The largest differences between the two types of measurement are seen with FOB cells and "new" B cells in B6.TCR-V γ 1^{-/-} mice (outlined in red). n=8 mice per group, *P<0.05, ***P<0.001

Supplemental Figure 2



Figure S2 Reconstituting effect of transfer with $\gamma\delta$ T cells on splenic $\gamma\delta$ T cell populations, and effect of transferred residual $\gamma\delta$ T cells from B6.TCR-V $\gamma4^{-l}/6^{-l}$ mice on splenic B cells in B6.TCR-V $\gamma1^{-l}$ mice.

(A) 4 wks old female B6.TCR- δ^{-t} (δ^{-t}) mice were transferred with 5x10⁶ purified splenic $\gamma\delta$ T cells from B6.TCR- $V\gamma4^{-t}/V\gamma6^{-t}$ mice ($V\gamma4^{-t}/6^{-t}$) or B6.TCR- $V\gamma4^{-t}/V\gamma6^{-t}/IL-4^{-t}$ mice ($V\gamma4^{-t}/6^{-t}/IL-4^{-t}$), and examined 10 days later for the presence of $\gamma\delta$ T cells in the spleen. Levels of reconstitution remained below 10% of normal $\gamma\delta$ T cell numbers in the spleen. (B) 4 wks old female B6.TCR- $V\gamma1^{-t-}$ ($V\gamma1^{-t-}$) mice were transferred with purified splenic $\gamma\delta$ T cells from B6.TCR- $V\gamma4^{-t-}/V\gamma6^{-t-}$ mice ($V\gamma4^{-t-}/6^{-t-}$) or B6.TCR- $V\gamma4^{-t-}/V\gamma6^{-t-}/IL-4^{-t-}$ mice ($V\gamma4^{-t-}/6^{-t-}/IL-4^{-t-}$), and examined 10 days later for the presence of $V\gamma1^{pos}\gamma\delta$ T cells in the spleen. Levels of reconstitution also remained well below normal $\gamma\delta$ T cells in the spleen. Levels of reconstitution also remained well below normal $\gamma\delta$ T cells from B6.TCR- $V\gamma4^{-t-}/V\gamma6^{-t-}$ ($V\gamma4^{-t-}/6^{-t-}$) or B6.TCR- $V\gamma4^{-t-}/V\gamma6^{-t-}/IL-4^{-t-}$) mice. 10 days after the transfer, B cell populations in the spleen were compared as detailed for Figure 3, using the indicated markers. Data of one representative experiment are shown. (D) Effect of transferred residual $\gamma\delta$ T cells on absolute numbers of MZB cells in the spleen of B6.TCR- $V\gamma1^{-t-}$ mice. n= 4 mice per group, *P<0.05



Figure S3

(A) Gating strategy for the *in vivo* stained C57BL/6 splenic lymphocyte populations shown in Figure 7.

(B) CD45 expression of the splenic lymphocyte populations shown in Figure 7a.
C57BL/6 splenocytes were stained *in vitro* with specific mAbs detecting the indicated lymphocyte subsets, and compared for CD45 cell surface expression using cytofluorimetry.



Figure S4 Effect of IL-4 on CD23 expression by B cells of B6.TCR-Vγ1^{-/-} mice.

(A) Comparison of CD23 expression (MFI) among total splenic B cells from C57BL/6

(wt), B6.TCR- $\delta^{-/-}$ ($\delta^{-/-}$), B6.TCR-V γ 1^{-/-} (V γ 1^{-/-}) and B6.TCR-V γ 4^{-/-}/6^{-/-} (V γ 4^{-/-}/6^{-/-}) mice.

(B) Comparison of CD23 expression (MFI) among total splenic B cells from B6.TCR-V γ 4⁻

 $^{/-}/6^{-/-}$ (V γ 4^{-/-}/6^{-/-}) and B6.TCR-V γ 4^{-/-}/6^{-/-}/IL-4^{-/-} (V γ 4^{-/-}/6^{-/-}/IL-4^{-/-}) mice.

Panels A and B: n = 5 mice per group, ***P<0.001

(C) IL-4 alone or in combination with anti CD40 antibody restores CD23 expression on splenic B cells derived from B6.TCR-V γ 1^{-/-} (V γ 1^{-/-}) mice. CD43-negative MZ B cell-rich splenic B cells from B6.TCR-V γ 1^{-/-} (V γ 1^{-/-}) mice were cultured for 60 hrs alone or in the presence of IL-4 or IL-4 plus anti CD40 mAb. B cells were subsequently stained for CD23. Prior to the treatment, B cells of these mice expressed CD23 at lower levels than wt B cells. Data shown are representative of several similar experiments.