- 1 Supplementary material
- 2
- 3 **Table S1.** Number of MS hits detected for 777 proteins, divided between four protein fractions: AP-
- 4 soluble, AP-membrane, HI-soluble and HI-membrane.
- 5
- 6 Table S2. Known or predicted (KOP), and putative novel c-di-GMP binding proteins in *Bdellovibrio*
- 7 *bacteriovorus* HD100 as they were detected by CCMS. Data is provided as "the number of MS hits

8 detected in a binding experiment / the number of hits detected in a competition control". For details see

9 materials and methods. A. KOP c-di-GMP binding proteins include all previously identified c-di-GMP

10 network proteins in *B. bacteriovorus* and c-di-GMP orthologous binders in other bacteria. B. Putative

- 11 novel binders are proteins hitherto not known to bind c-di-GMP.
- 12
- 13 **Table S3.** Functional classification of the 84 CCMS candidate binders.
- 14

Figure S1. Pairwise sequence alignment of *Xanthomonas campestris* Clp (Clp_XCC0472) and *B. bacteriovorus* HD00 CRP (Bd2590). D70, R154, R166 and D170 are involved in c-di-GMP binding by Clp (11). Bd2590 retains 3 of the four positions. E99 is responsible for Clp DNA-binding. The HTH motif is colored in blue.

19

Figure S2. Protein affinity purification. Bd2717 (A), Bd2402 (B) and Bd2924 (C) were His-tagged, produced
and purified with Ni-NTA resin. Tot. – total protein lysate, F.T. – flow through unbound fraction, W. wash, M. size marker, Elution – Elution fraction, Dial. – post dialysis.

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Figure S3. Bd2717 binds two cyclic di-GMP molecules. The arginine residue, positioned adjacent to the
 RxxxR motif (R¹⁵⁵RXXXR) in the PilZ protein Bd2717, is predicted to promote binding of an intercalated c di-GMP dimer rather than a c-di-GMP monomer (32). Microscale thermophoresis measurements carried

27 with saturating concentrations of c-di-GMP, resulting in saturation curve that shows a characteristic kink,

28 when saturation is reached. Bd2717 bound 1.7 cyclic di-GMP molecules, *i.e.* two c-di-GMP molecules.

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Figure S4. Bd2402 and Bd2924 do not interact with cyclic di-AMP. Fluorescently labeled (A) Bd2402, a two-component response regulator, and (B) Bd2924, an acyl-coA dehydrogenase, were subjected to MST analysis with increasing concentrations of cyclic di-AMP, which had no apparent effect on the thermophoretic movement of the two proteins. Average values are of three triplicates. Error bars indicate standard deviation.

- 35
- 36

37 Figure S1

38			10	2	0	30	40	50	60	70	80
			1		1	1	1	1	1	1	70
39	Clp_XCC0472 Bd2590	MSLGNTT MSIKKEC **: :	CGPQPN	VRNATPS LESCKTO	GNRI	DSILCSNPD	TIERFLAHSH VLLMVEKARV	SCRFKAGQII	FRPGDPAGTLY FYSGNDPLGIF * .*: . ::	YVISGSVSIIAE TIQSGLVKLEVI : ** *.: .	EDDDR SASGA
40			90	10	0	110	120	130	140	150	160
			ĩ		ĩ	99 1	120	100	1	100	100
41	Clp_XCC0472 Bd2590	ELVLGYFGSGEFVGEMGLFIESDTREVILRTRTQCELAEISYERLQQLFQTSLSPDAPRILYAIGVQLSKRLLDTTRKAS AHTLRLVGPGGTLGYRSMFAN-EPYHASAVAVEDCELCFVPKAEIMNIFKSYPELAMKLLSHISKDL									
		.*	*.*	:* .:*	: :	:	:***. :.	.: ::*::	*	:*: :**.	*
42			170	18	0	190	200	210	220	230	240
		154	1	166 170)					1	1
43	Clp_XCC0472 Bd2590	RLAFLD	MDQMD	RTLHDLS KGASERI	AEAI	AMSHPQGTQ	LRVSRQELAR QNWTRREIAQ	LVGCSREMAG	RVLKKLQADGL RTLSQFEKDGL	L-HARGKTVVLY IDQTDGRSIRIL	GTR SRD
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Figure S4

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