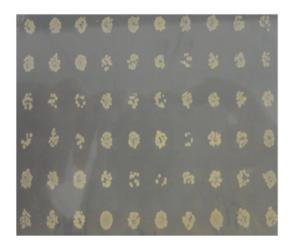
A B



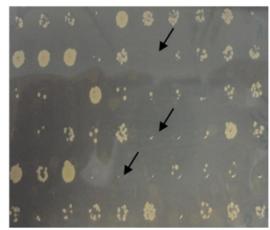


Figure S2. The transposon library of *S. aureus* USA500 was screened for persister deficiency mutants using persister assays with levofloxacin. Stationary-phase cultures of the transposon mutant library were exposed to 12.5 μg/ml levofloxacin for 6 days. The library was replica-transferred onto TSA plates to compare the levels of surviving bacteria after 3 days (A) and 6 days (B) of drug exposure at 37 °C. The arrows indicate selected representative mutants with obvious persister deficiency compared with the parent strain USA500.