

1 Supplemental Materials

2

3 Supplemental Materials and Methods

4 Construction and complemetantion of *P. gingivalis* deletion mutants

5 The oligonucleotide primers used are listed in Table S2 in Supplemental material.
6 To disrupt PGN_0300, two fragments were PCR-amplified from the chromosomal DNA
7 of *P. gingivalis* ATCC 33277, using PrimeSTAR® GXL DNA Polymerase (Takara Bio).
8 The upstream fragment was amplified using the primers PGN_0300UF and
9 PGN_0300UR, and contained sequences from the 5' end of PGN_0300, including the
10 region upstream of the ATG initiation codon. The downstream fragment was amplified
11 using the primers PGN_0300DF plus PGN_0300DR, and contained sequences from the
12 3' end of PGN_0300, including the region downstream of its stop codon. The upstream
13 and downstream fragments were double digested with EcoRI-BamHI and BamHI-XbaI,
14 respectively, and ligated together into the EcoRI/XbaI site of pUC19. The *ermF* cassette
15 was PCR-amplified from pKD355 (1) using the primer set ErmF-Fw-ErmF-Rv and
16 inserted into the BamHI site within PGN_0300 of this plasmid. The resulting plasmid
17 pUCPGN0300, in which the direction of *ermF* was same as that of PGN_0300, was
18 linearized by PvuII digestion and introduced into *P. gingivalis* ATCC 33277 and W83
19 cells by electroporation as described previously (2), resulting in $\Delta omp17$ and $\Delta omp17-83$,
20 respectively. Correct gene replacement, which occurred through double crossover
21 recombination events, was verified by PCR analysis (data not shown).

22 For complementation of PGN_0300, PGN_0300 was inserted into the PGN_1045
23 locus of $\Delta omp17$. Since PGN_1045 encodes β -galactosidase and *P. gingivalis* does not
24 utilize lactose, disruption of PGN_1045 was not expected to affect cell viability. The

25 plasmid pCPG0300 was constructed with two DNA fragments that were PCR-amplified
26 from the chromosomal DNA of *P. gingivalis* ATCC 33277. The upstream DNA fragment
27 was amplified using the primers PGN_1045UF and PGN_1045UR and contained
28 sequences from the 5' end of PGN_1045, including the region upstream of the ATG
29 initiation codon. The downstream DNA fragment was amplified using the primers
30 PGN_1045DF and PGN_1045DR and contained sequences from the 3' end of PGN_1045,
31 including the region downstream of its stop codon. The upstream DNA fragment was
32 double digested with XhoI-HindIII and inserted into the XhoI/HindIII site of
33 pBluescript II SK(-) (pBSSK), resulting in p1045A. Then, the downstream DNA
34 fragment was double digested with BamHI-NotI and inserted into the BamHI/NotI site
35 of p1045A, resulting in p1045AB. Next, a 3.1-kb BamHI-BglII *tetQ* DNA fragment from
36 pKD375 (3) was inserted into the BamHI site within p1045AB to yield the plasmid
37 p1045TET. The promoter region of *P. gingivalis fimA* was PCR-amplified from *P.*
38 *gingivalis* ATCC 33277 chromosomal DNA using the primers FimA-PROU and
39 FimA-PROD, digested with StuI-BamHI, and inserted into the SmaI/BamHI region of
40 p1045TET, resulting in pCPG. Finally, the coding region of PGN_0300 was
41 PCR-amplified from *P. gingivalis* ATCC 33277 chromosomal DNA using the primers
42 PGN_0300EXU and PGN_0300EXR, digested with BamHI, and inserted into the
43 BamHI site of pCPG. The resulting plasmid containing the PGN_0300 open reading
44 frame in the same direction as the *fimA* promoter transcript was selected and
45 designated as pCPG0300. The plasmid pCPG0300 was linearized by BssHIII digestion
46 and introduced into $\Delta omp17$ cells by electroporation, resulting in $\Delta omp17 omp17^+$.
47 Correct gene replacement, which occurred through double crossover recombination
48 events, was verified by PCR analysis (data not shown).

49

50 **Construction of *E. coli* expressing a His₆-tagged PorU (Asn⁸⁰⁰ to Asn¹¹⁴⁰)**

51 A His₆-tagged recombinant protein of PorU (Asn⁸⁰⁰ to Asn¹¹⁴⁰) was overexpressed in
52 *E. coli* BL21(DE3) cells transformed with the expression plasmid. The expression
53 plasmid was constructed as follows: DNA fragment of the *porU* was PCR-amplified with
54 primer set PorUF-PorUR using *P. gingivalis* ATCC 33277 chromosomal DNA as a
55 template. The amplified DNA of *porU* was digested with EcoRV and XhoI and then
56 inserted into EcoRV-XhoI-digested pET-32b(+) (Novagen). *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) harboring
57 the resulting plasmid was grown on LB broth at 30°C, and *porU* was induced with 0.1
58 mM isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside. His₆-tagged recombinant protein was purified
59 by using a HiTrap Chelating HP column (GE Healthcare Life Sciences).

60

61 **Protease activity assay**

62 For Kgp and Rgp activity assays, *P. gingivalis* cells were grown anaerobically in
63 enriched BHI medium at 37°C overnight. Bacterial cells and culture supernatants were
64 separated by centrifugation at 10,000 × *g* for 10 min at 4°C. Cells were suspended in the
65 original volume of phosphate-buffered saline (PBS). Kgp and Rgp activities were
66 determined using the synthetic substrates
67 benzyloxycarbonyl-L-histidyl-L-glutamyl-L-lysine-4-methyl-coumaryl-7-amide
68 (Z-His-Glu-Lys-MCA) and
69 benzyloxycarbonyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-arginine-4-methylcoumary-7-amide
70 (Z-Phe-Arg-MCA) in 20 mM sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.5) containing 5 mM cysteine
71 in a total volume of 1 mL. After incubation at 40 °C for 10 min, the reaction was
72 terminated by adding 1 mL of 10 mM iodoacetamide (pH 5.0), and the released

73 7-amino-4-methylcoumarin was measured at 460 nm (excitation at 380 nm). One unit of
74 enzyme activity was defined as the amount of enzyme required to release 1 nmol of
75 7-amino-4-methylcoumarin under these conditions. Kgp and Rgp activities are
76 indicated as units per milliliter of cell suspension or culture supernatant. All cultures
77 had similar cell densities at OD600 of approximately 1.0.

78

79 **Subcellular fractionation**

80 *P. gingivalis* cells from a 200-mL culture were harvested by centrifugation at
81 $10,000 \times g$ for 30 min at 4 °C. The supernatant was used as the vesicle-containing
82 supernatant. The cell pellets were resuspended using 100 mL of PBS containing 0.1 mM
83 *N* α -*p*-tosyl-L-lysine chloromethyl ketone (TLCK) (Wako) and 0.1 mM leupeptin (Peptide
84 Institute), and were disrupted by two passes through a French pressure cell at 100 MPa.
85 The remaining bacterial cells were removed by centrifugation at $2,400 \times g$ for 10 min,
86 and the supernatant was subjected to ultracentrifugation at $100,000 \times g$ for 60 min. The
87 pellets were treated with 1% Triton X-100 in PBS containing 20 mM MgCl₂ for 30 min
88 at 20 °C. The outer membrane fraction was recovered as a pellet by ultracentrifugation
89 at $100,000 \times g$ for 60 min at 4 °C. The supernatant was obtained as the cytoplasmic
90 membrane fraction.

91 The particle-free culture supernatant fraction was obtained as described previously
92 (4). *P. gingivalis* cells from a 140-mL culture containing 0.1 mM TLCK and 0.1 mM
93 leupeptin were harvested by centrifugation at $6,000 \times g$ for 10 min at 4 °C. The
94 supernatant was ultracentrifuged at $100,000 \times g$ for 60 min to remove vesicles. The
95 vesicle free supernatant was precipitated with trichloroacetic acid (TCA) at the
96 concentration of 20%, stored on ice for 2 h, and washed twice with cold acetone. After

97 drying, the pellet was dissolved in distilled water containing 0.1 mM TLCK and 0.1 mM
98 leupeptin.

99

100 **Tiling Microarray Analysis**

101 Custom tiling microarrays spanning the whole genome of *P. gingivalis* ATCC 33277
102 with 25-mer probes each of which was eight-bases shifted on the genome sequence were
103 purchased from Affymetrix. Antisense biotinylated cDNA was prepared from 10 µg of
104 total RNA according to the Affymetrix GeneChip prokaryotic one-cycle target
105 preparation protocol (Affymetrix). In short, reverse transcriptase (Superscript II;
106 Invitrogen,) and random hexamer primers were used to produce DNA complementary to
107 the RNA. The cDNA products were then fragmented by DNase I and labeled at the 3'
108 termini with terminal transferase and biotinylated Gene Chip DNA labeling reagent
109 (Affymetrix). The fragmented and labeled cDNA was hybridized to the GeneChip at
110 45°C for 16 h. Staining, washing, and scanning procedures were carried out according to
111 the GeneChip Expression Analysis Technical manual (Affymetrix). Hybridization was
112 performed three times with the labeled cDNAs independently prepared. Signal
113 intensities were quantified with the GeneChip Operating Software (Affymetrix), and
114 further data analyses were performed with a microarray genomic analysis program
115 (Insilico Molecular Cloning Array edition, In Silico Biology) and Microsoft Excel
116 software (Microsoft).

117

118 **Supplemental References**

- 119 1. Ueshima J, Shoji M, Ratnayake DB, Abe K, Yoshida S, Yamamoto K, Nakayama K.
120 2003. Purification, gene cloning, gene expression, and mutants of Dps from the

121 obligate anaerobe *Porphyromonas gingivalis*. Infect Immun **71**:1170-1178.

122 2. **Tagawa J, Inoue T, Naito M, Sato K, Kuwahara T, Nakayama M, Nakayama K,**
123 **Yamashiro T, Ohara N.** 2014. Development of a novel plasmid vector pTIO-1
124 adapted for electrotransformation of *Porphyromonas gingivalis*. J Microbiol
125 Methods **105**:174-179.

126 3. **Shi Y, Ratnayake DB, Okamoto K, Abe N, Yamamoto K, Nakayama K.** 1999.
127 Genetic analyses of proteolysis, hemoglobin binding, and hemagglutination of
128 *Porphyromonas gingivalis*. Construction of mutants with a combination of *rgpA*,
129 *rgpB*, *kgp*, and *hagA*. J Biol Chem **274**:17955-17960.

130 4. **Potempa J, Pike R, Travis J.** 1995. The multiple forms of trypsin-like activity
131 present in various strains of *Porphyromonas gingivalis* are due to the presence of
132 either Arg-gingipain or Lys-gingipain. Infect Immun **63**:1176-1182.

133

Supplemental Tables

Supplementary Table S1. Bacterial strains and plasmids used in this study

Name	Description	Source or reference
<i>E. coli</i> strain		
DH5 α	General purpose host strain for cloning	Nippongene
BL21 (DE3)	Host strain for expression vector pET-15b and pET-32b(+)	Nippongene
<i>P. gingivalis</i> strain		
ATCC 33277	Wild type	American Type Culture Collection
$\Delta omp17$	Δ PGN_0300:: <i>ermF</i> ; Em ^r	This study
$\Delta omp17/omp17^+$	Δ PGN_0300 PGN_1045:: <i>[PGN_0300⁺ tetQ]</i> , Em ^r Tc ^r	This study
KDP136	<i>kgp</i> :: <i>cat</i> <i>rgpA</i> :: <i>[ermF ermAM]</i> <i>rgpB</i> :: <i>tetQ</i> , Cat ^r Em ^r Tc ^r	Shi <i>et al.</i> (3)
W83	Wild type	
$\Delta omp17-83$	Δ PG0192:: <i>ermF</i> ; Em ^r	This study
<i>E. coli</i> plasmid		
pBluescript II SK(-)	Ap ^r , cloning vector	Stratagene
pUC19	Ap ^r , cloning vector	Takara Bio
pET-32b(+)	Ap ^r , expression vector	Novagen
pUCPGN0300	Ap ^r Em ^r , pUC19-PGN_0300:: <i>ermF</i>	This study
pCPG	Ap ^r Tc ^r , pBSSK containing PGN_1045:: <i>p-fimA-tetQ</i>	This study
pCPG0300	Ap ^r Tc ^r , pBSSK containing PGN_1045:: <i>p-fimA-PGN_0300-tetQ</i>	This study
pKD355	Ap ^r Em ^r , contains the <i>ermF ermAM</i> DNA cassette in pUC19	Ueshima <i>et al.</i> (1)
pKD375	Ap ^r Tc ^r , contains the <i>tetQ</i> DNA cassette in pUC19	Shi <i>et al.</i> (3)

Supplementary Table S2. Oligonucleotide primers used in this study

Primer	Sequence (5'-3')
PGN_0300UF	GGAATTCCGATCGTTTCGCTTCAGATGTTAG
PGN_0300UR	CGGGATCCCGAACCGTTTCATATCGCCATTC
PGN_0300DF	CGGGATCCCGTACTGAGCAAGATGGGCTTT
PGN_0300DR	GCTCTAGAGCCTCTTTCTTGCCAACACTT
PGN_0300EXF	GGGATCCAACCTCCGTTTGAGAGGTATGTC
PGN_0300EXR	ACGGATCCAGGAAGAGCCATCAGAAGCA
PGN_1045UF	CCGCTCGAGTAGCGCATTGATGGGAGCAG
PGN_1045UR	CCCAAGCTTACGGGCATCGGGAGAATAAC
PGN_1045DF	CGGGATCCCGTCTTGCGCTTCGACTATATGC
PGN_1045DR	TGGCGGCCCGCCATCAGTCATTCAAGGAAG
PorUF	CGGGATATCAACGGGCAGGATCCCGAAGGGCAG
PorUR	GCCCTCGAGGTTTACCACACAACGATAGAGGTA
FimA-PROU	GAAGGCCTTATATGCCTACAGCGAAAAATGG
FimA-PROD	CGGGATCCCATGCTGATGGTGGCATTACCTT
ErmF-Fw	CGGGATCCCCGATAGCTTCCGCTATT
ErmF-Rv	CGGGATCCTACGAAGGATGAAATTTTTCAG
PGN_0299PF	GGACGAGTTTTTACTCCATTGC
PGN_0299PR	TCGCTGTAGAGAATTGTCAGGA
PGN_0300PF	TGAACGAACAGCTGGAACAG
PGN_0300PR	CTTGCTAAAGCCCATCTTGC
PGN_0301PF	AATGCCGGAACAAGTAGCTG
PGN_0301PR	TGCGGTCAAGTCAATAGCAG

Undrerlined nucleotides indicate recognition sites of restriction enzymes.

Supplementary Table S3. Identification of protein bands shown in Supplemental figure S4.

Strain	Band	PGN number	Score	Protein
KDP136	1	PGN_1261	59	Cobalamin adenosyltransferase
	2	PGN_0335*	122	Hypothetical protein
	3	PGN_0294	92	RagB
	4	PGN_0180	82	FimA
	5	PGN_0123*	70	Hypothetical protein

* CTD-containing proteins

Supplemental Figures

Supplemental figure S1

```

PGN_0300 MNGDMKRFLILIGFALAIAFSGFSQKFALVDMEYILKNIPDYEMMNEQLEQVSKKWQNEI 60
PGN_0301 ----MKKFFLMLLMALPLSL--LAQKVAVVNTTEEIIISKMPEQVAATKQLNELAEKYRLDL 54
          **:*::: :*.::: :***.*:* * *:::*.::: .:***:::*.::: ::

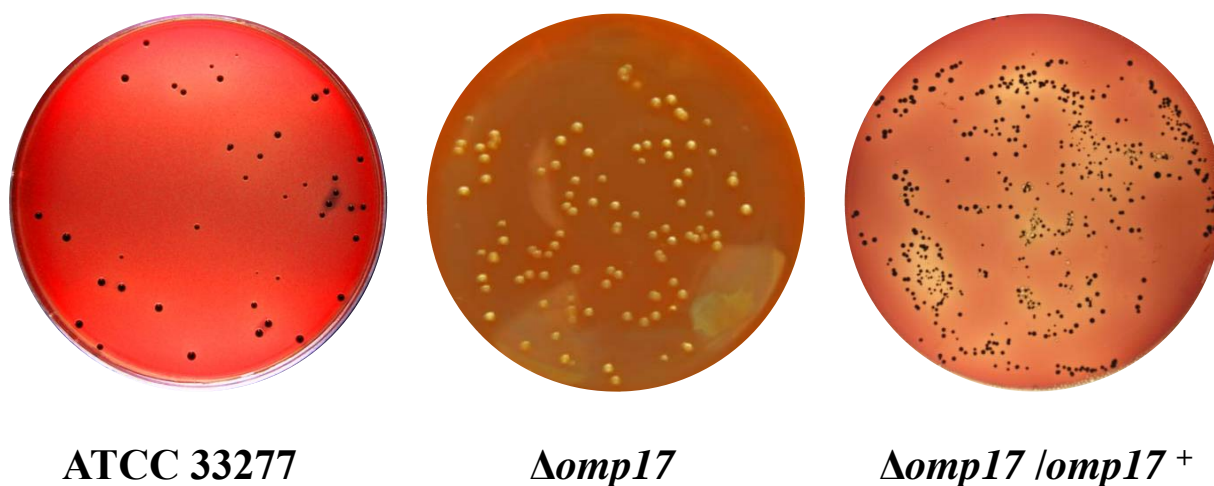
PGN_0300 EALENEAQSMYKKYQSDLVFLSAAQKKAQEEAIVKKEQQASELKRKYFGPEGELYKKRSD 120
PGN_0301 KSMDDEFakkTEEFVKEKDSLLENIRNRQQLQDIQ---TRYQQSYQTMQEDLQKRQQQ 111
          ::::* . ::. : * :: : : . : :. :.* : :* *:::

PGN_0300 LMKPIQDEIWNAIKEIakRNnyQmVLDrgTSGIIFASPSIDISDLVLSKMGFSK 174
PGN_0301 LFAPIQQKVADAIKKVGDEENCAYIMEAG-MMLYTGATAIDLtAKVKakLGIK- 163
          *: ***::: :***:..:* ::. * : .:..***: * :***:

```

Supplementary figure S1. Multiple sequence alignment of *P. gingivalis* PGN_0300 and PGN_0301. Identical amino acids, conservative substitutions, and semiconservative substitutions are indicated by stars, stacked double dots, and single dots, respectively. Dashes are gaps introduced to maximize alignment.

Supplemental figure S2



Supplemental figure S2. Colonial pigmentation. *P. gingivalis* cells were grown anaerobically on blood agar plates at 37°C.

Supplemental figure S3

Band No. 11 PGN 1728

MRKLLLLLIAA SLLGVGLYAQ SAKIKLDAPT TRTTCTNNSF KQFDASFSFN EVELTKVETK
GGTFASVSIP GAFPTGEVGS PEVPAVRKLI AVPVGATPVV RVKSFTEQVY SLNQYGSEKL
MPHQPSMSKS DDPEKVPFVY NAAAYARKGF VGQELTQVEM LGTMRGVRIA ALTINPVQYD
VVANQLKVRN NIEIEVSFQG ADKVATQRLY DASFSPIYFET AYKQLFNRDV YTDHGDLYNT
PVRMLVVAGA KFKEALKPWL TWKAQKGFYL DVHYTDEAEV GTTNASIKAF IHKKYNDGLA
ASAAPVFLAL VGDTDVISGE KGKTKKVTD LYSAVDGDY FPEMYTFRMS ASSPEELTNI
IDKVLMEYKA TMPDKSYLEK VLLIAGADYS WNSQVGQPTI KYGMQYYYNQ EHGTYDVIYNY
LKAPYTGYS HLNTGVSFAN YTAHGSETAW ADPLLTSQL KALTNKDKYF LAIGNCCITA
QFDYVQPCFG EVITRVKEKG AYAYIGSSPN SYWGEDYYWS VGANAVFGVQ PTFEGTSMGS
YDATFLEDSY NTVNSIMWAG NLAATHAGNI GNITHIGAHI YWEAYHVLGD GSVMPYRAMP
KTNTYTLPAS LPQNQASYSI QASAGSYVAI SKDGVLYGTG VANASGVATV NMTKQITENG
NYDVVITRSN YLPVIKQIQG GEPSPYQPVV NLTATTQGGK VTLKWDAPSA KKAEGSR**EVK**
RIGDGLFVTI EPANDVRANE AKVVLAADNV WGDNTGYQFL LDADHNTFGS VIPATGPLFT
GTASSDLYSA NFEYLIPANA DPVVTTQNI VGTGQGEVVIP GGVDYDICTN PEPASGK**MWI**
AGDGGNQPAR YDDFTFEAGK KYTFTMRAG MGDGTDMEVE DDSPASYTYT VYRDGTKIQE
GLTATTFEED GVAAGNHEYC VEVKYTAGVS PKVCKEVTVE GSNEFAPVQN LTGSAVGQKV
TLKWDAPNGT PNPNPNPNP PGTTLSESEF ENGIPASWKT IDADGDGHGW KPGNAPGIAG
YNSNGCVYSE SFGLGGIGVL TPDNYLITPA LDLPNGGKLT FWVCAQDANY ASEHYAVYAS
STGNDASNFT NALLEETITA KGVRSPEAIR GRIQGTWRQK TVDLPAGTKY VAFRHFQSTD
MFYIDLDEVE IKANGKRADF TETFESSTHG ETPAEWTTID ADGDGQGWLC LSSGQLGWL
AHGGTNVVAS FSWDGMALNP DNYLISKDVT GATKVKYYYA VNDGFPGDHY AVMISK**TGTN**
AGDFTVVFE TPNGINKGGA RFGLSTEANG AKPQSVWIER TVDLPAGTKY VAFRHYNCS
LNYILLDDIQ FFMGGSPNPT DYTYYTVYRDG TKIKEGLTET TFEEDGVATG NHEYCVEVKY
PAGVSPKECV NVTINPTQFN PVQNLTAEQA PNSMDAILKW NAPASKRAEV LNEDFENGIP
SSWKTIDADG DGNNWTTTPP PGGSSFAGHN SDICVSSASY INFEGPQNPD NYLVTPELSL
PGGGTLTFWV CAQDANYASE HYAVYASSTG NDASNANAL LEEVLTAKT VTAPEAIRGT
RAQGTWYQKT VQLPAGTKYV AFRHFGCTDF FWINLDDVVI TSGNAPSITY TIYRNNTQIA
SGVTETTYRD PDLATGFYTY GVKVVPNGE SAIIETTLNI TSLADVTAQK PYTLTVVGKT
ITVTCQGEAM IYDMNGRRLA AGRNTVVYTA QGGYYAVMVV VDGKSYVEKL AVK

Band No. 12 PGN 1094

MNTNKFENRH IGIAERDLSV MLRTIGVESM DQLIHETIPG DILLPEPLDL PEAMTERELL
EHFMELGSKN KIFTSYIGQG WYDTVTPAPI QRVLENPAW YTSYTPYQAE VSQGRLEALF
NFQTVITELT GLPLTNCSSL DEATAGAEAA RMFFDTRSRT QIKAGANVLF VDKKVFRSTI
EVIRTRIIPQ GMQIVVDDYK TFNFTPEVFA AIVQFPDAEG SVNDYKSFIE AAHAANAKVA
VATDLLSMTI LTPPGEWGAD IVFGSAQRFG IPMYGGPSA GYLATSMDYK RNIPGRIIGM
SKDAYGRPAY RLALQTREQH IKREKATSNI CTAQALLATM SSFYAVYHGA DGLRHIAGRV
HAYAGFISEK LSGLYKLTN KDFDFTIRVE LPAGVTADKV RELAEECSVN FFYPADGNIL
ISLDETTLPS DLGVLLYIFS SVLGKEETIT EDIAIDKRYF DGAFARTSNF LDYDVFNNYH
TETELMRYIK RLERKDISLA HSMIPLGSCT MKLNAASELF NLSMPQFNAI HPYAPKDQTE
GYNEMLESLE RYLAVITGFD ATSLQPNSGA AGEYTGLLTI RGYLNSIGQG HRHLVILPAS
AHGTPASAI QCGYDTVTVVA CDERGNVDME DFMakteQHK DEIAAMMITY PSTHGIFETN
IIDLCHRIHE CGGQVYMDGA NMNAQVGLTS PGFIGADVCH LNLHKTFaip HGGGGPGVGP
ICVAKHLTPF LPshPLREdy NGLEVSAAPY GSAGVTTITY AYIRLMGYEG LRRATKIAIL
NSNYMANRLK DTFGIVYtGA TGRVGHeliL ECRKIKESGI DENDIAKRLM DFGYHAPTLS
FPVHGTLmie PTESESLael DRFIDVMNCI WEEIQEVARG EQDAIDNVLK NAPHPQYEVt
ANDWSHPYSR EKAAYPLEYL RENKFWLNVA RIDNGYGDRN LVPSLCSACE VFNNQ

Band No. 13 PGN 0335

MKKKNFLLLG IFVALLTFig SMQAQQAKDY FNFDERGEAY FSFKVSDRAV LQELALIMSI
DEFDPVTNEA IAYASEEEFE AFLRYGLKPT FLTPPSMORA VEMFDYRSGE KYEWNAYPTY
EAYISMMEEF QTKYPSLCTT SVIGKSVKDR KLIICKLTSS ANTGKKPRVL YTSTMHGDET
TGYVLLRLI DHLLSNYESD PRIKNILDKT EVWICPLTNP DGAYRAGNHT VQGATRYNAN
NVDLNRNFKD DVAGDHPDGK PWQPEATAFM DLEGNTSFVL GANIHGGEV VNYPWDNKKE
RHADDEWYKL ISRNYAAACQ SISASYMTSE TNSGIINGSd WYVIRGSRQD NANYFHRLRE
ITLEISNTKL VPASQLPKYW NLNKESELLAL IEESLYGIHG TVTSAANGQP LKCQILIEH
DKRNSDVYSD ATTGYVRPI KAGTYTVKYK AEGYPEATRt ITIKDKETVI MDIALGNSVP
LPVPDFTASP MTISVGESVQ FQDQTTNNPT NWEWTFEGGQ PAMSTEQNPL VSYSHPGQYD
VTLKVWNASG SNTITKEKFI TVNAVMPVAE FVGTPTEIEE GQTVSFQNS TNATNYVWIF
DGGTPATSED ENPTVLYSKA GQYDVTLKAI SASGETVKTK EKYITVKKAP VPAPVADFEG
TPRKVKKGET VTFKDLSTNN PTSWLWVFEG GSPATSTEQN PVVTYNETGK YDVQLTATNE
GGSNVKKAED YIEVILDDSV EDIVAQTGIV IRPQNGTKQI LIEANAPIKA IVLYDINGRV
VLKTTPNQLR STVDLSILPE GIYTINIKTE KSARTEKIHI G

Band No. 17 PGN 1476

MKKLFLASVA FLCAWIWSAN AQTMAPNYFH ADPQQFKHRI VKEK**SFSSYS** NYEYGVNRL
QRIYSVDESS GEIEHERRFF FNEGGYMIRE EEYDGTQIP VRKWEFVRDD KGYITHFSRY
SPKDGSQELI EDIRIDFSYD ADMKLIKADI DFFDVMANVW GDLRTTELIY NENGLLKEMI
QTDPGSGQEF NREELTYNNL NKIVAIRFIP GPASTGLNEF ELIYEYDSEG MDIVKAGRDD
FWYYYEYDKE MLASETFFPK PSIADLVYFG LKDYVDFSGL PFKNSYTHVV VKESTNEIEA
IYEPISVYSV VVIQPENGEI KLTADGQPLN SGSTLVAGRRI IKIHPIPAEG YEVDKVMVNG
ESIEAPYEFL LEKDTEVTAL MKKSNA**V**GEV DTKGFHVYPI PTSKDLTIEI PAEMVGKVAS
LIDMNGQIVY RVTLNNIFQQ IDISHLKGVF LLQIGDITER VIVQ

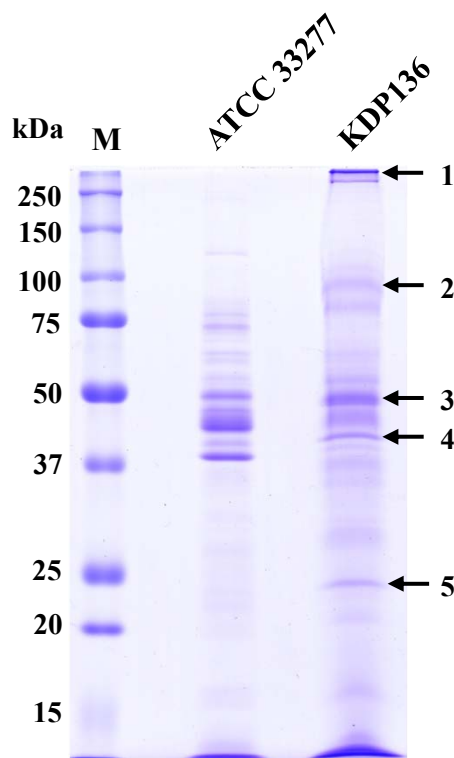
Band No. 22 PGN 0335

MKKKNFLLLG IFVALLTFIG SMQAQQAKDY FNFDERGEAY FSFKVSDRAV LQELALIMSI
DEFDPVTNEA IAYASEEEFE AFLRYGLKPT FLTPPSMQRA VEMFDYRSGE KYEWNAYPTY
EAYISMMEEF QTKYPSLCTT SVIGKSVKDR KLIICKLTSS ANTGKKPRVL YTSTMHGDET
TGYVLLRLI DHLLSNYESD PRIKNILDKT EVWICPLTNP DGAYRAGNHT VQGATRYNAN
NVDLNRNFKD DVAGDHPDGK PWQPEATAFM DLEGNTSFVL GANIHGTEV VNYPWDNKKE
RHADDEWYKL ISRNYAACQ SISASYMTSE TNSGIINGSWYVIRGSRQD NANYFHRLRE
ITLEISNTKL VPASQLPKYW NLNKESSLAL IEESLYGIHG TVTSAANGQP LKCQILIEBH
DKRNSDVYSD ATTGYYVRPI KAGTYTVKYK AEGYPEATRT ITIKDKETVI MDIALGNSVP
LPVPDFTASP MTISVGESVQ FQDQTTNPT NWEWTFEGGQ PAMSTEONPL VSYSHPGQYD
VTLKVNANASG SNTITKEKFI TVNAVMPVAE FVGTPTEIEE GQTVSFQNSQ TNATNYVWIF
DGGTPATSED ENPTVLYSKA GQYDVTLKAI SASGETVTKK EKYITVKKAP VPAPVADFEG
TPRKVKKGET VTFKDLSTNN PTSWLWFEG GSPATSTEON PVVTYNETGK YDVQLTATNE
GGSNVKKAED YIEVILDD**S**V EDIVAQTGIV IRPQNGTKQI LIEANAPIKA IVLYDINGRV
VLKTPNQLR STVDLSILPE GIYTINIKTE KSARTEKIHI G

Supplemental figure S3. PMF peptide data of protein bands in Fig. 6. The yellow marks indicate the first amino acid of C-terminal domain peptide which should be cleaved by the peptidase.

Supplemental figure S4

A



B

Band No. 2 PGN_0335

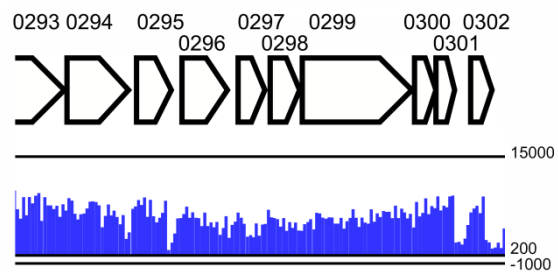
MKKKNFLLLG	IFVALLTFIG	SMQAQQAKDY	FNFDERGEAY	FSFKVSDRAV	LQELALIMSI
DEFDPVTNEA	IAYASEEEFE	AFLRYGLKPT	FLTPPSMQRA	VEMFDYRSGE	KYEWNAIPTY
EAYISMMEEF	QTKYPSLCTT	SVIGKSVKDR	KLIICKLTSS	ANTGKKPRVL	YTSTMHGDET
TGYVLLRLI	DHLLSNYESD	PRIKNILDKT	EVWICPLTNP	DGAYRAGNHT	VQGATRYNAN
NVDLNRNFKD	DVAGDHPDGK	PWQPEATAFM	DLEGNTSFVL	GANIHHGGTEV	VNYPWDNKKE
RHADDEWYKL	ISRNYAACQ	SISASYMTSE	TNSGIINGS	WYVIRGSRQD	NANYFHRLRE
ITLEISNTKL	VPASQLPKYW	NLNKESLLAL	IEESLYGIHG	TVTSAANGQP	LKCQILIEH
DKRNSDVYSD	ATTGYVVRPI	KAGTYTVKYK	AEGYPEATRT	ITIKDKETVI	MDIALGNSVP
LPVPDFTASP	MTISVGESVQ	FQDQTTNPT	NWEWTFEGGQ	PAMSTEQNPL	VSYSHPGQYD
VTLKVWNASG	SNTITKEKFI	TVNAVMPVAE	FVGTPTIEIE	GQTVSFQNS	TNATNYVWIF
DGGTPATSED	ENPTVLYSKA	GQYDVTLKAI	SASGETVTKK	EKYITVKKAP	VPAPVADFE
TPRKVKKGET	VTFKDLSTNN	PTSWLWVFEG	GSPATSTEQN	PVVTYNETGK	YDVQLTATNE
GGSNVKAED	YIEVILDDSV	EDIVAQTGIV	IRPQNGTKQI	LIEANAPIKA	IVLYDINGRV
VLKTPNQLR	STVDLSILPE	GIYTINIKTE	KSARTEKIHI	G	

Band No. 5 PGN_0123

MKKTKRNM RK	IFISIALLAG	FIATLNAQVV	IKVGDAIL EN	NATVDITAF T	TEDGTEEMKF
KGMVINQSAT	PINVIGKITK	QEMIGDGHFA	LCFGQCMLPN	VSVSPVVEVG	GEGEPLSLRY
TFPVSNEGHT	GAFTFSCFPE	SGAPGTELAT	VNINFKYKGG	GTDLTNIGLG	RIALIQSGNT
CTLQYNSNGK	RLALEVYNLL	GVKVFTSQLP	AGSGSYTLPV	RLQRGVHIFR	ITEGGKPAFV
QKYLK					

Supplemental figure S4. Peptide map fingerprinting (PMF) analyses of proteins in the *P. gingivalis* KDP136 culture supernatant. (A) The vesicle-free supernatants of *P. gingivalis* KDP136 were separated by SDS-PAGE, and the resulting gel was stained with Coomassie Brilliant Blue. (B) PMF peptide data of protein bands in A. The yellow marks indicate the first amino acid of C-terminal domain peptide which should be cleaved by the peptidase.

Supplemental figure S5



Supplemental figure S5. Tiling microarray analysis on the vicinity of the genes PGN_0299, *omp17*, and PGN_0301.