1 Additional file 1 - Criteria for use of systematic reviews to inform trial design

Justification of treatment comparison	If the review identified gap in the evidence or
	few smaller studies identified need for a trial.
Selection of definition or outcome	If the outcome or a measure for an outcome
	specified in the review was used in the trial
	and was justified for doing so.
Recruitment and consent	If the review justified the case for continuing
	recruitment or provided information on
	recruitment rates, difficulties etc. which has
	been used to further inform recruitment in the
	trial.
Adverse events	If the review provided information on adverse
	events and this has been used by the trial
Justification of prevalence	If the review justified the prevalence of the
	disease
Choice of frequency/dose	If the review provided information on choice
	of frequency/dose of the intervention and
	that was used by the trial to determine the
	right frequency/dose
Estimating the difference to detect or margin	If the review provided information on effect
of equivalence	size and this information has been used by
	the trial to estimate the effect size
Estimating the control group event rate	If the review provided information on control
	event rate and the trial used this information

	to make an estimate of the control group
	event rate.
Intensity of interventions	If the review identified that the intensity of
	intervention was not adequate and the trial
	used the information to determine the
	intensity of interventions
Duration of follow-up	If the review provided information on duration
	of follow-up (short term or long term) and if
	that information was used in the trial design
	to determine the required duration of follow-
	up
Withdrawal rate	If the review provided information on the
	withdrawal or drop-out rate and if this was
	used to inform the trial