

Supplementary Materials: Temporal Regulation of Distinct Internal Ribosome Entry Sites of the *Dicistroviridae* Cricket Paralysis Virus

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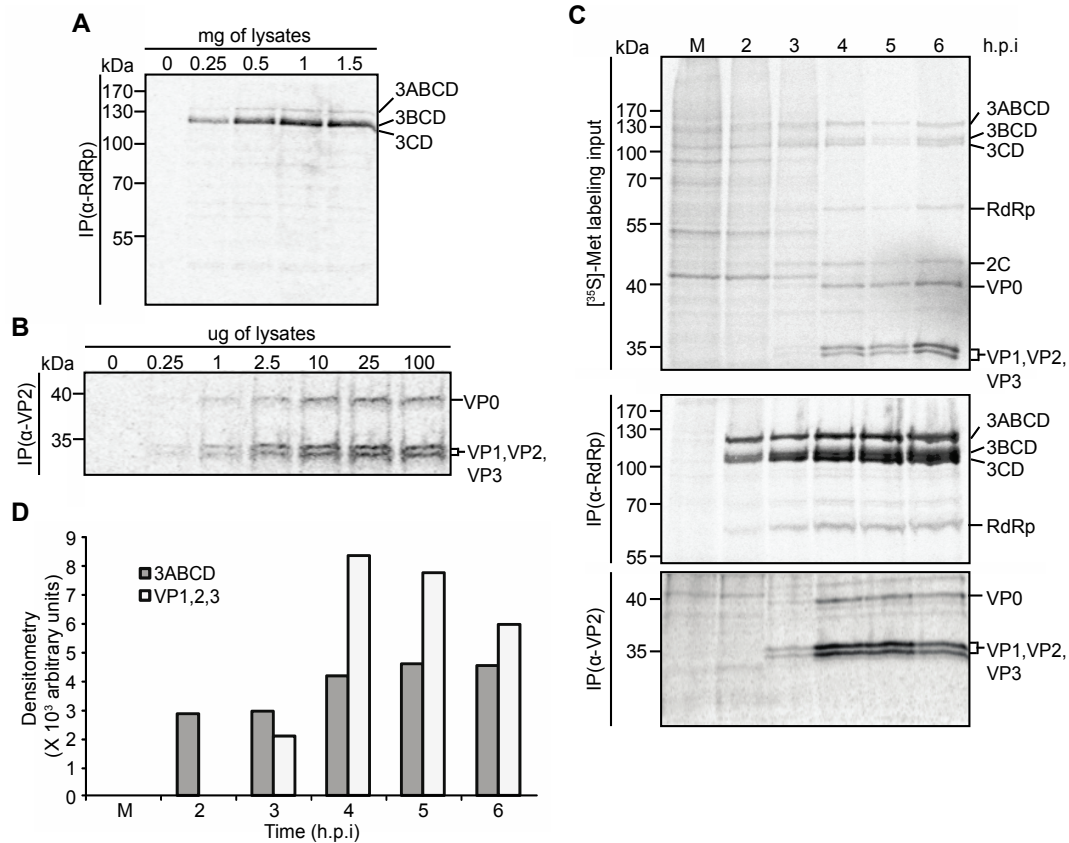


Figure S1. CrPV protein synthesis by immunoprecipitation analysis. Increasing amounts of pulse labelled protein lysates from CrPV-infected S2 cells (MOI 10, six h.p.i) were immunoprecipitated with a fixed amount of (A) α -RdRp or (B) α -VP2 antibodies. Pulldowns were resolved on a 12% SDS-PAGE; (C) 0.25 mg and 2.5 μ g of protein lysates isolated from mock- or CrPV-infected (MOI 10) cells for the indicated times (hpi) were immunoprecipitated with α -RdRp or α -VP2 antibodies respectively; (D) Raw densitometric quantitation of immunoprecipitated pulse-labelled RdRp* protein and structural proteins VP1, VP2, and VP3 from (C). Cells were metabolically labelled with [³⁵S]-Met/Cys for one hour prior to the end of each time point. Shown are representative autoradiographs from 2 experiments. RdRp*, RdRp**, and RdRp*** denote polyproteins containing RdRp at the approximate sizes of 120 kDa, 105 kDa, and 100 kDa respectively.



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