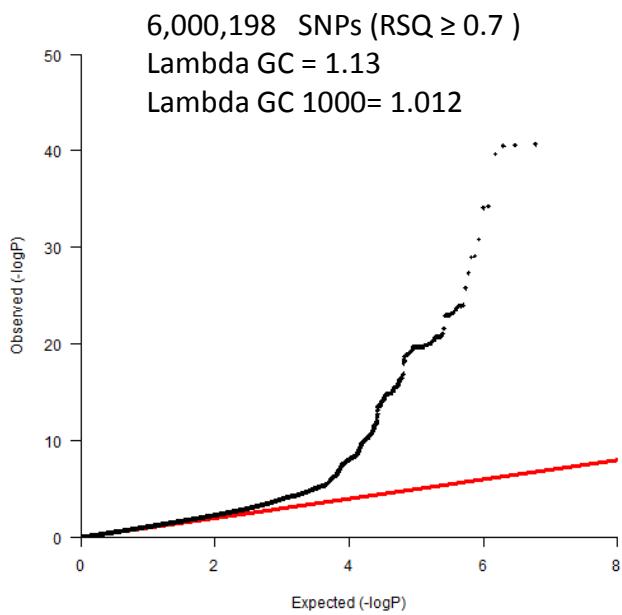


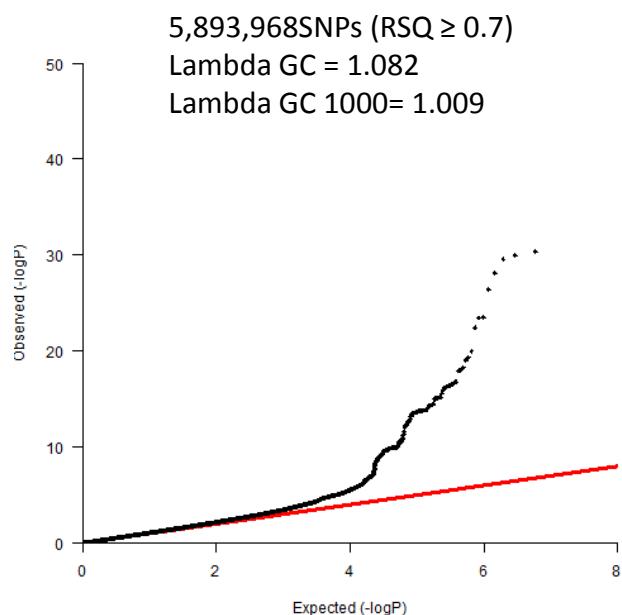
A

Stage-1, set-1

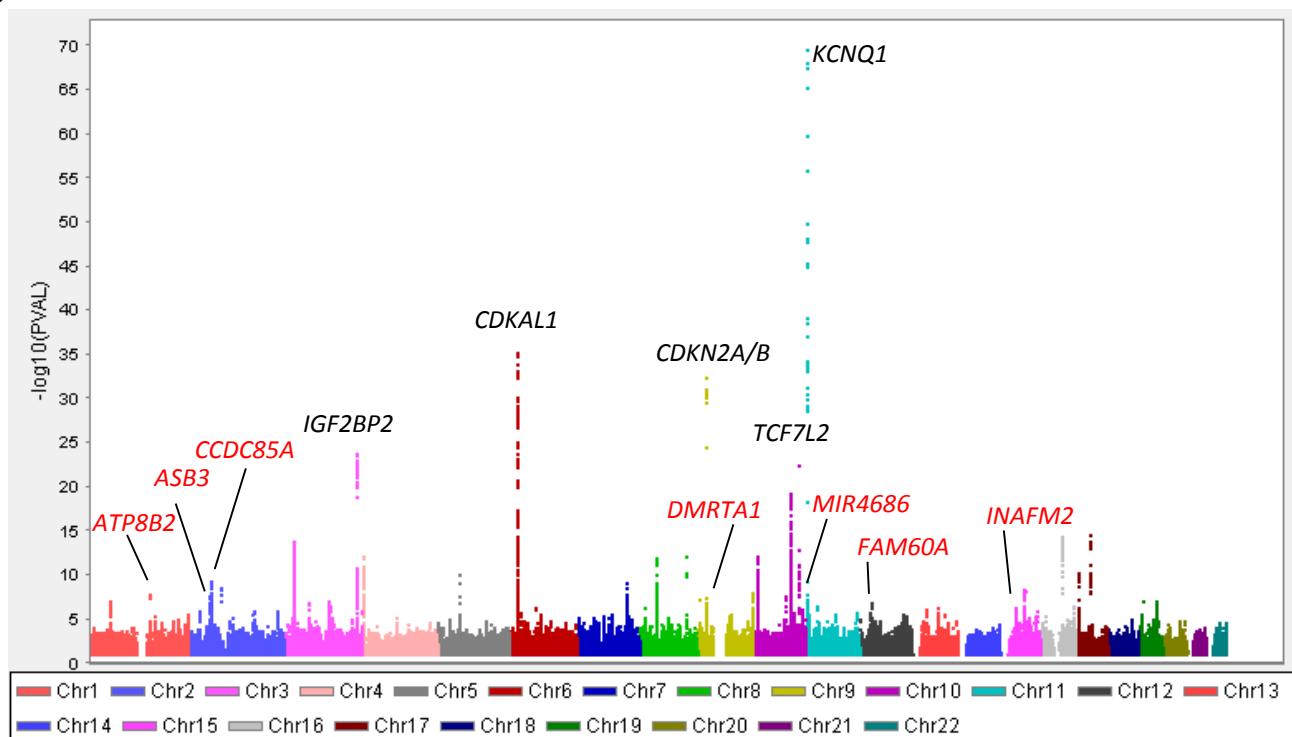


B

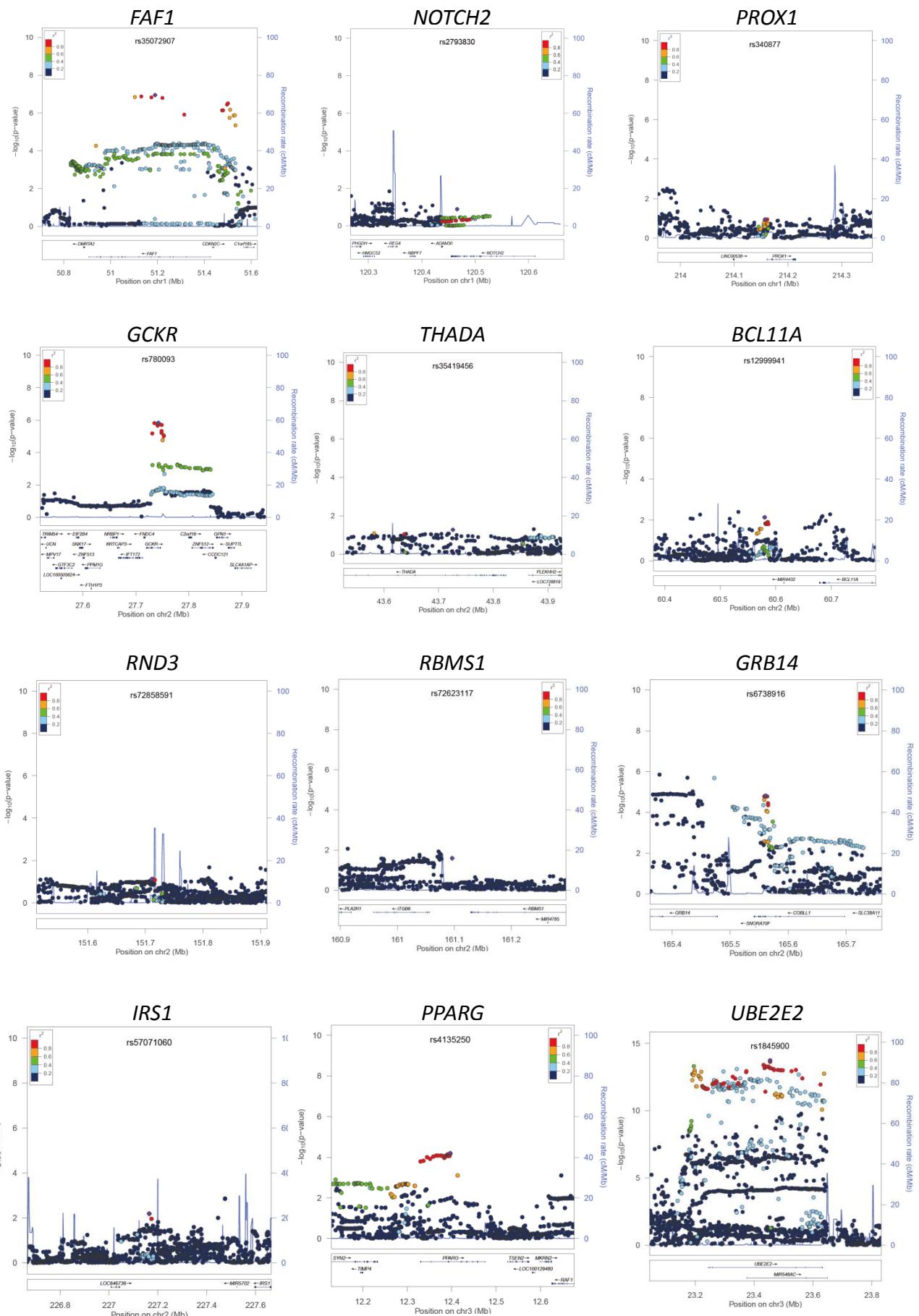
Stage-1, set-2



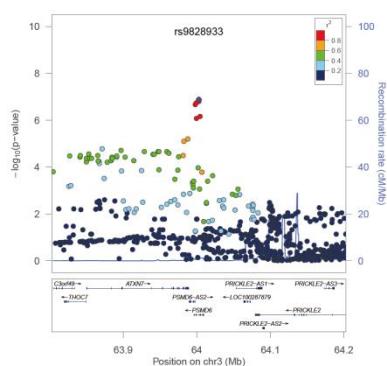
C

**Supplementary Figure 1. QQ plots and Manhattan plot in the discovery stage.****A. QQ plot for the Stage-1, set-1 GWAS.** Association p-values on imputed genotype data for 6,000,198 SNPs ($RSQ \geq 0.7$) were plotted.**B. QQ plot for the Stage-1, set-2 GWAS.** Association p-values on imputed genotype data for 5,893,968 SNPs ($RSQ \geq 0.7$) are plotted.**C. Manhattan plot from the GWAS meta-analysis (set-1 + set-2).** The seven novel loci are indicated in red type.

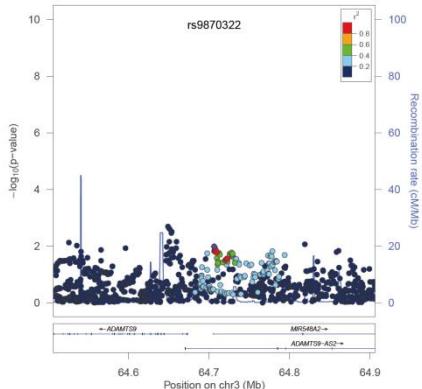
Supplementary Figure 2



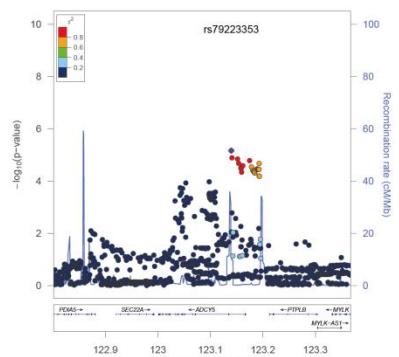
PSMD6



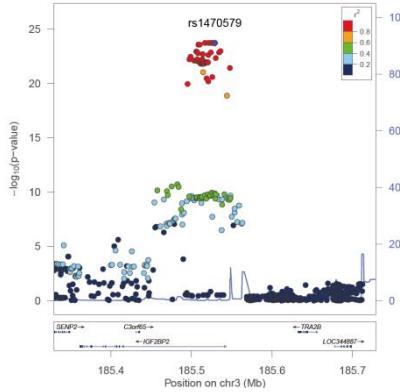
ADAMTS9



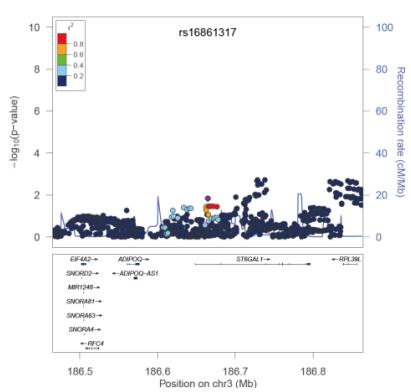
ADCY5



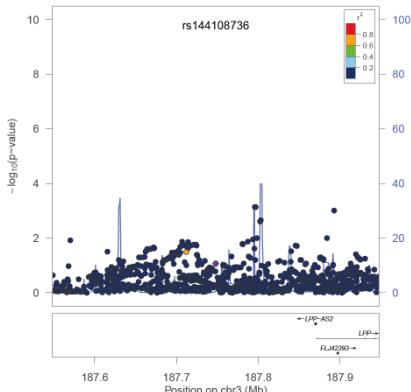
IGF2BP2



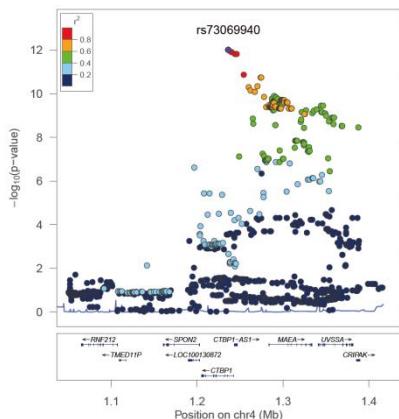
ST6GAL1



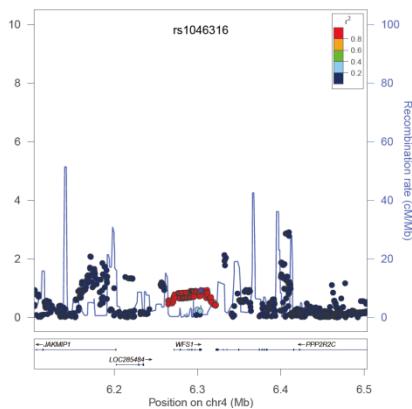
LPP



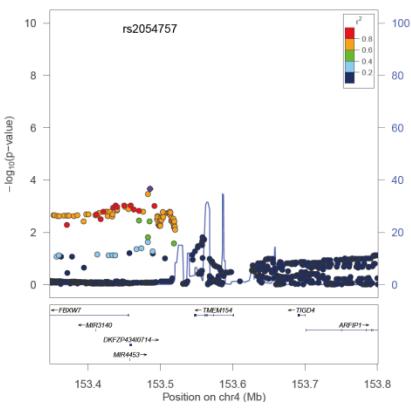
MAEA



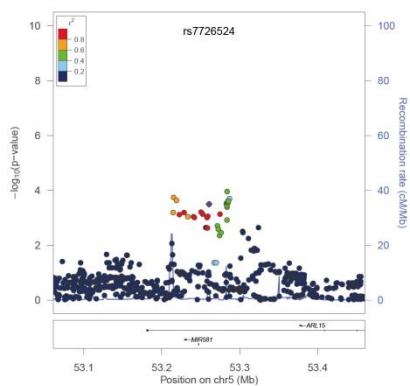
WFS1



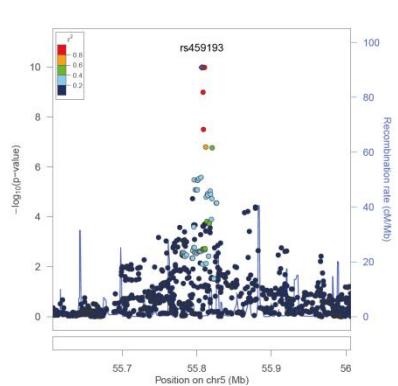
TMEM154



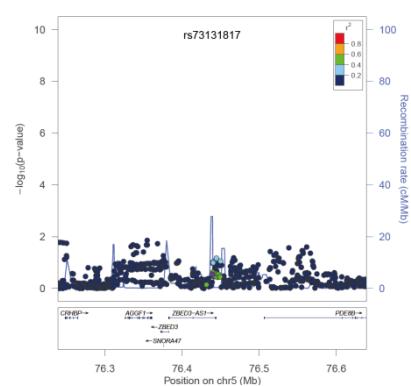
ARL15

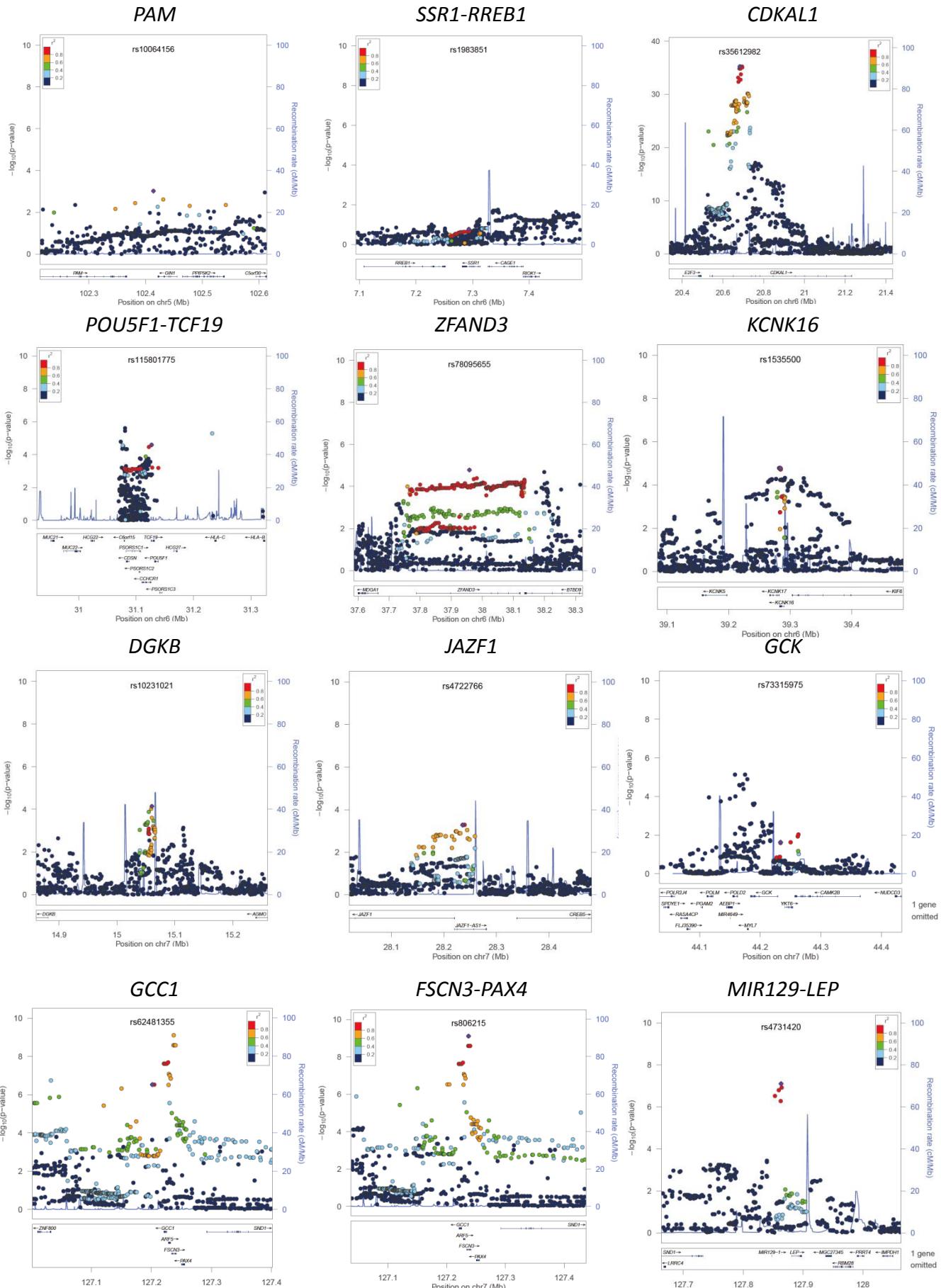


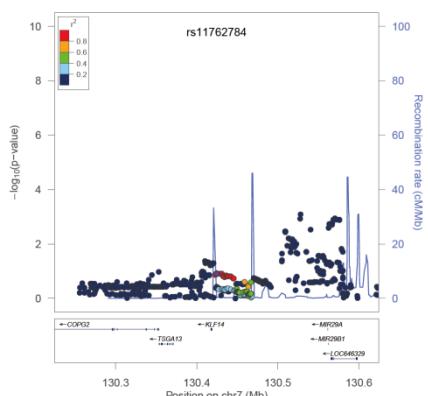
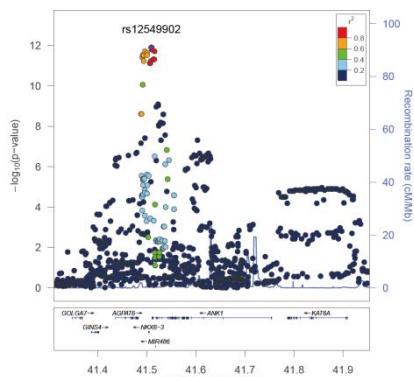
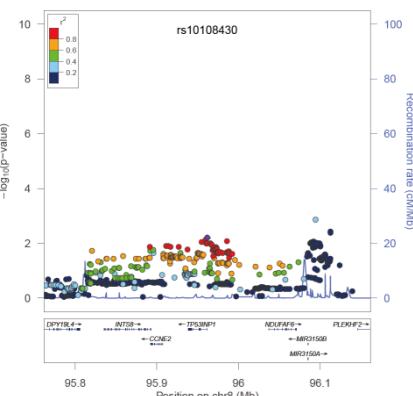
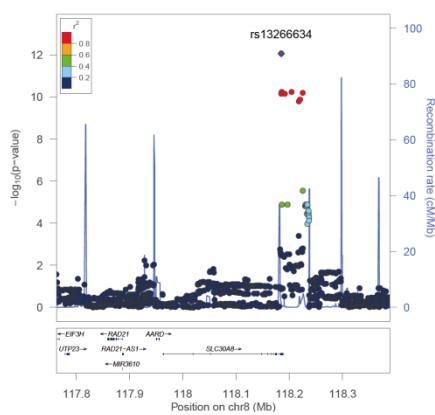
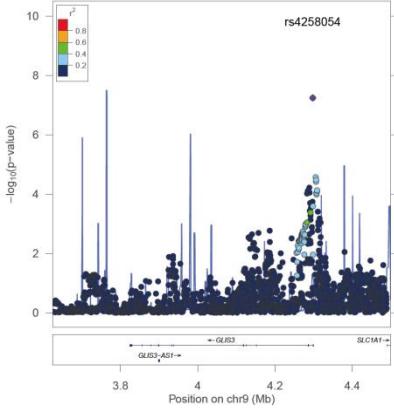
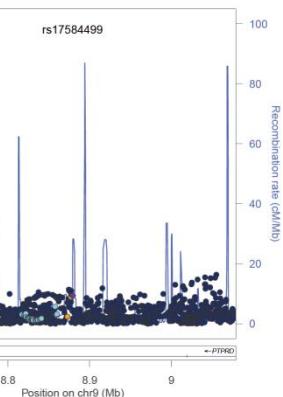
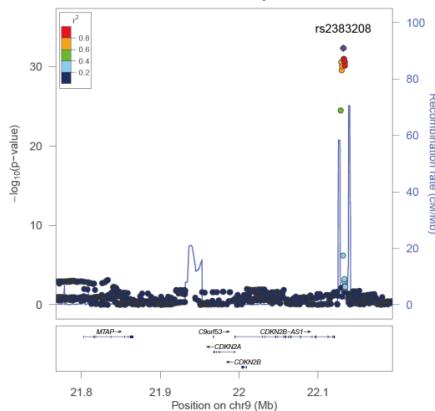
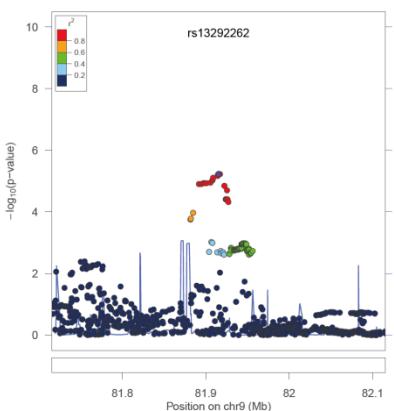
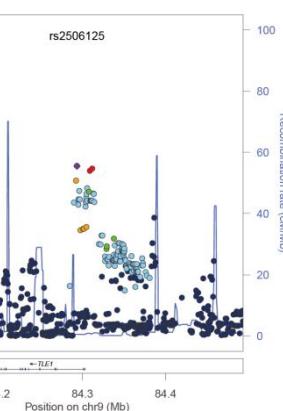
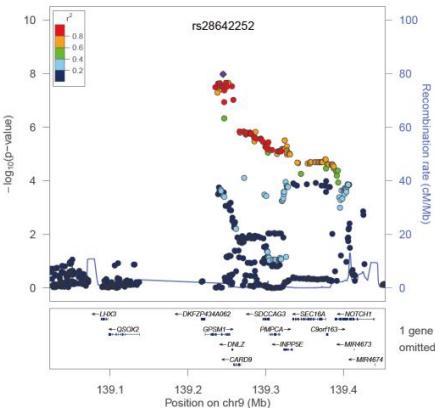
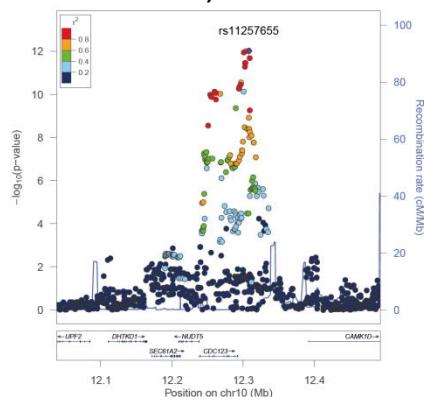
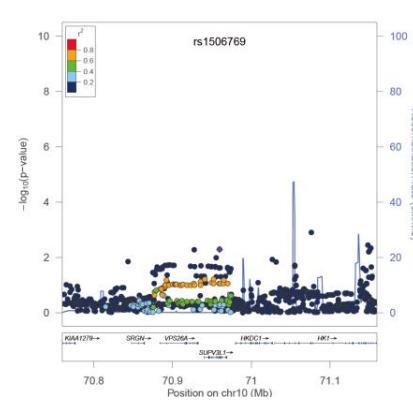
ANKRD55

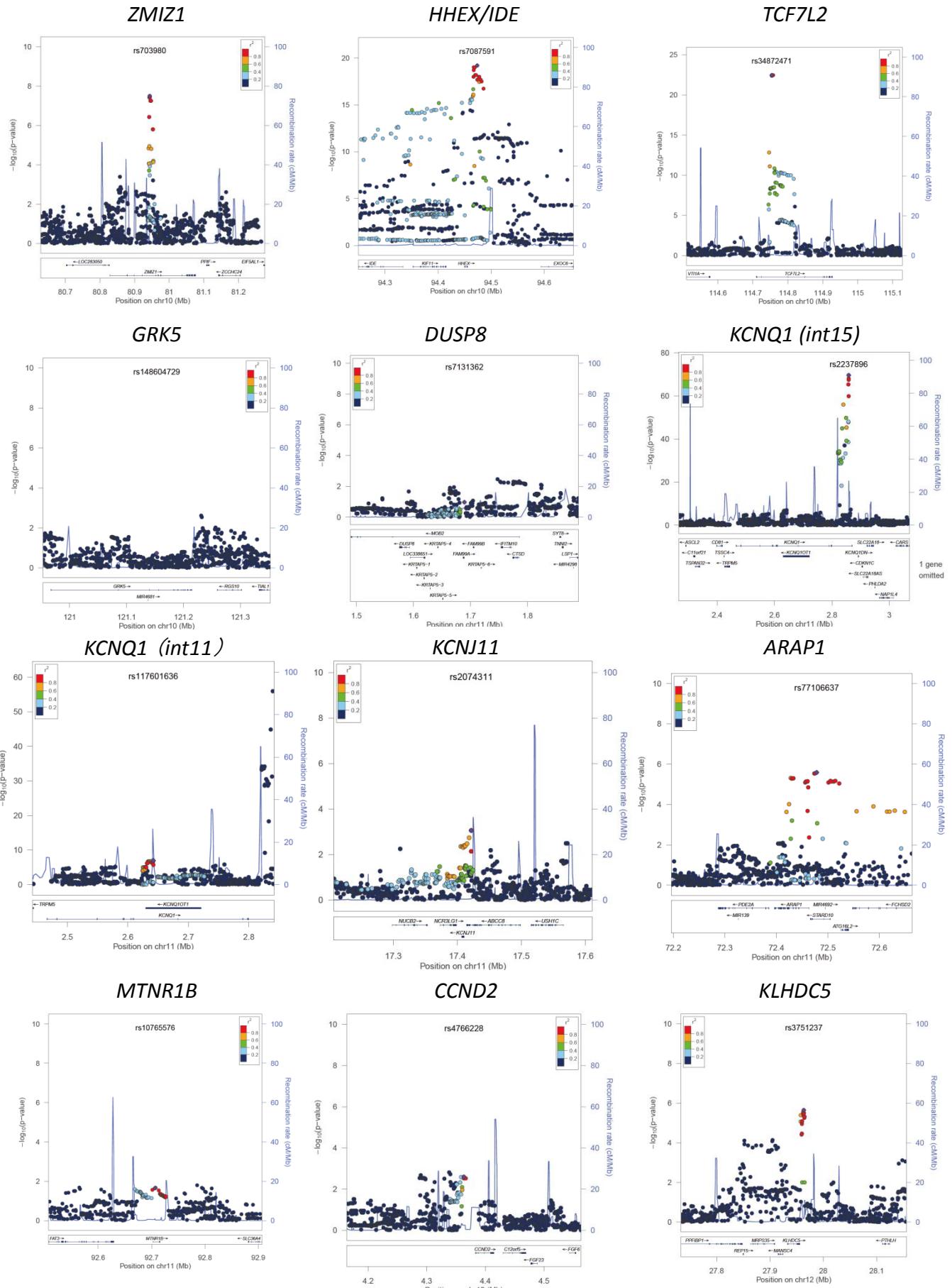


ZBED3

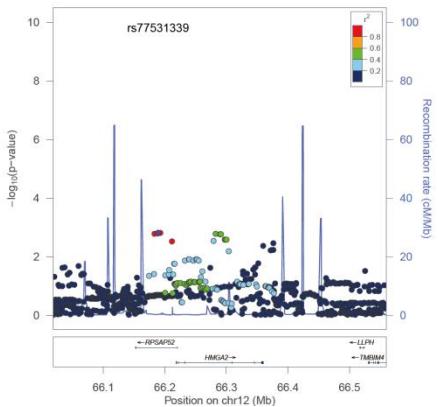




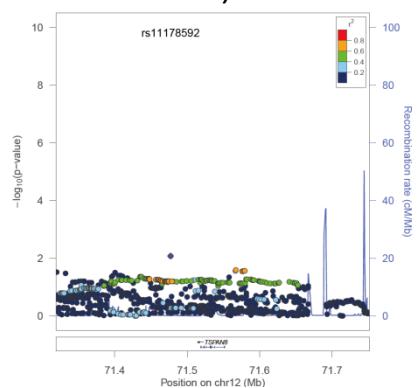
KLF14**ANK1****TP53INP1****SLC30A8****GLIS3****PTPRD****CDKN2A/B****TLE4****TLE1****GPSM1****CDC123/CAMK1D****VPS26A**



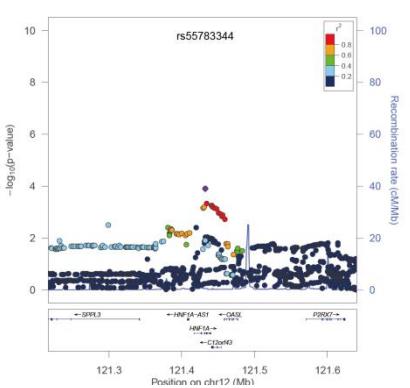
HMGA2



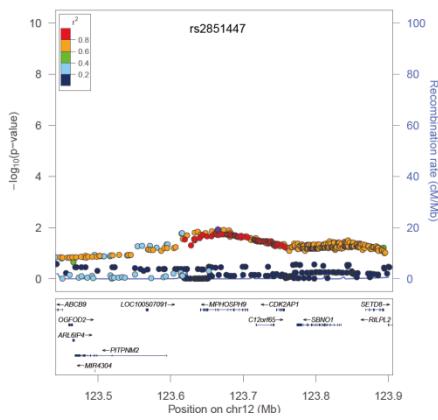
TSPAN8/LGR5



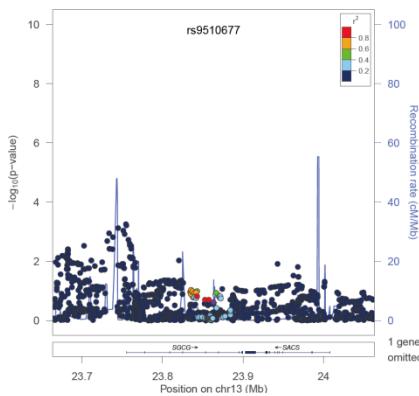
HNF1A



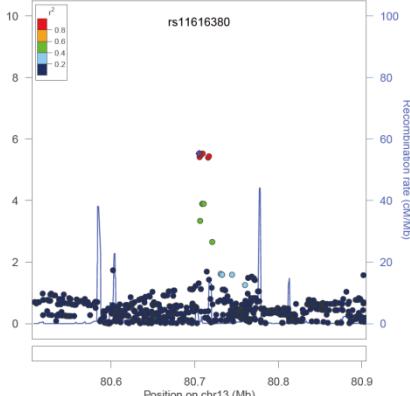
MPHOSPH9



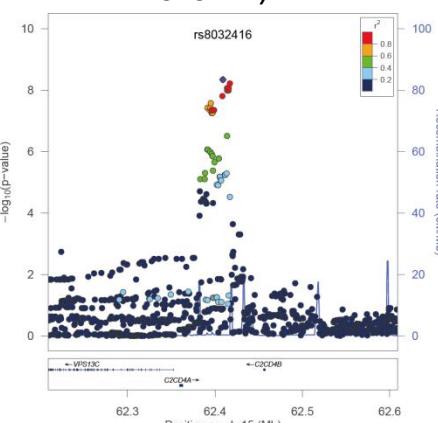
SGCG



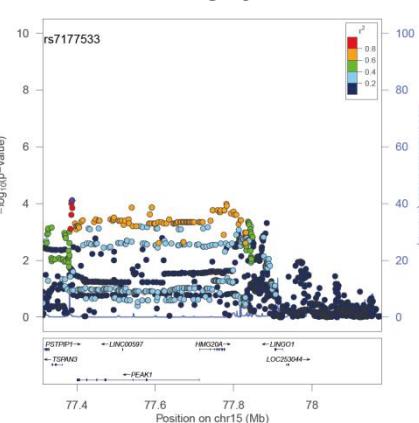
SPRY2



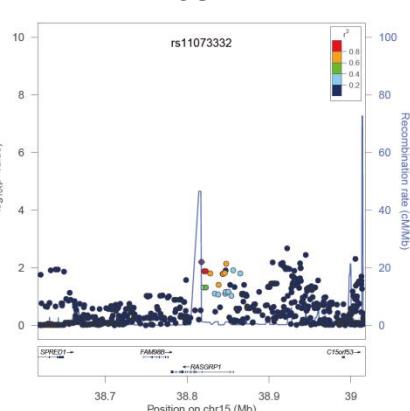
C2CD4A/B



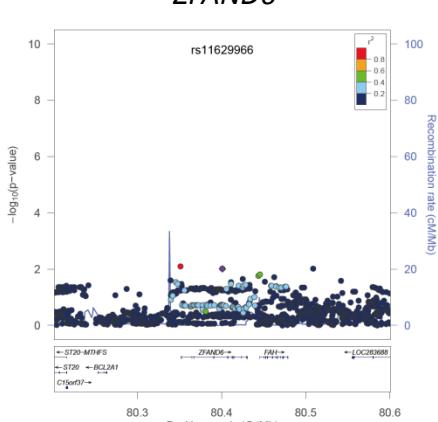
HMG20A



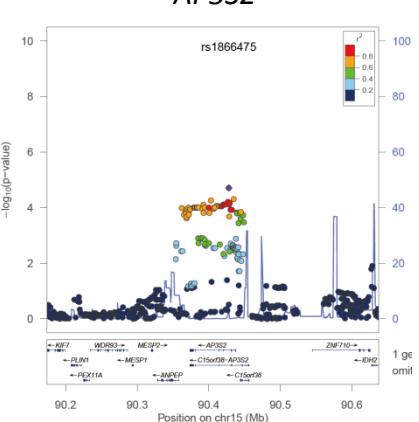
RASGRP1



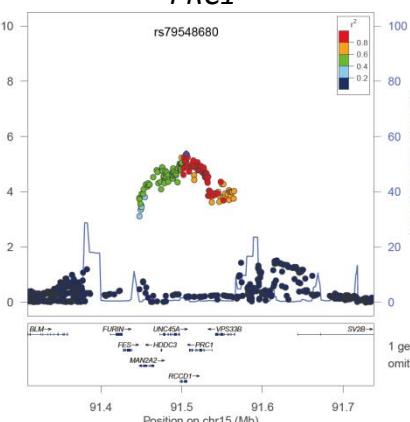
ZFAND6

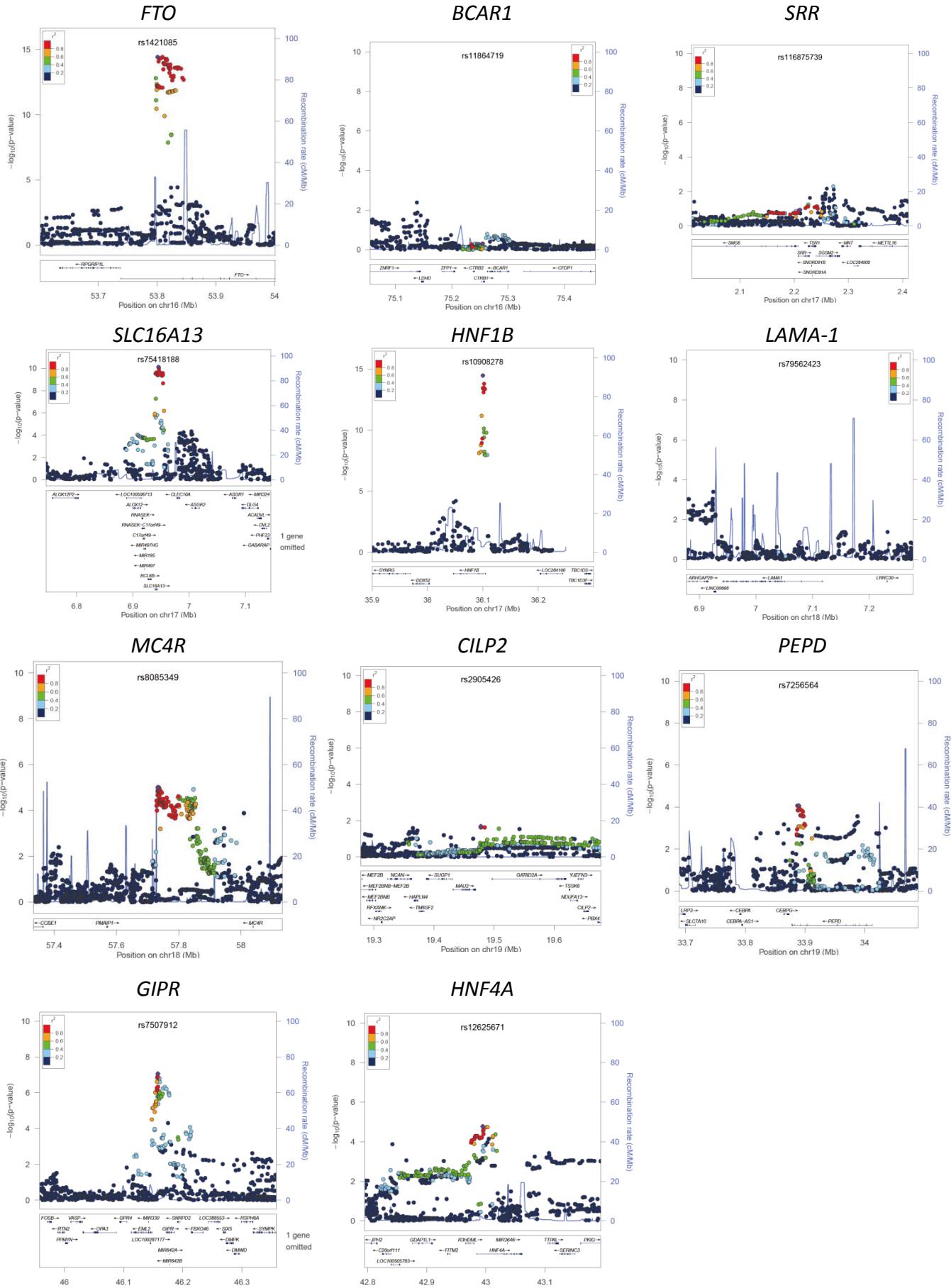


AP3S2



PRC1



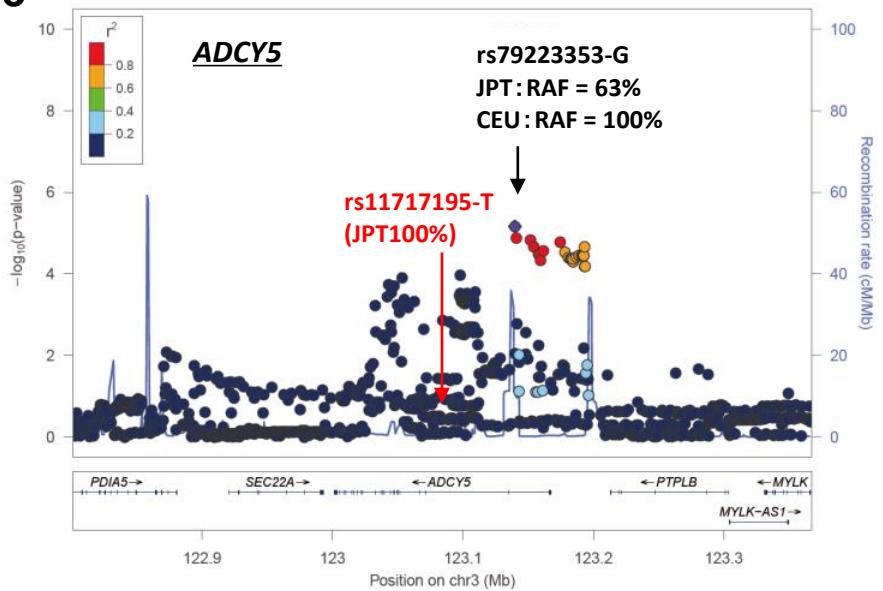


Supplementary Figure 2. Regional association plots of the discovery stage GWAS meta-analysis (Stage-1: set-1 and set-2) for 83 established T2D susceptibility loci.

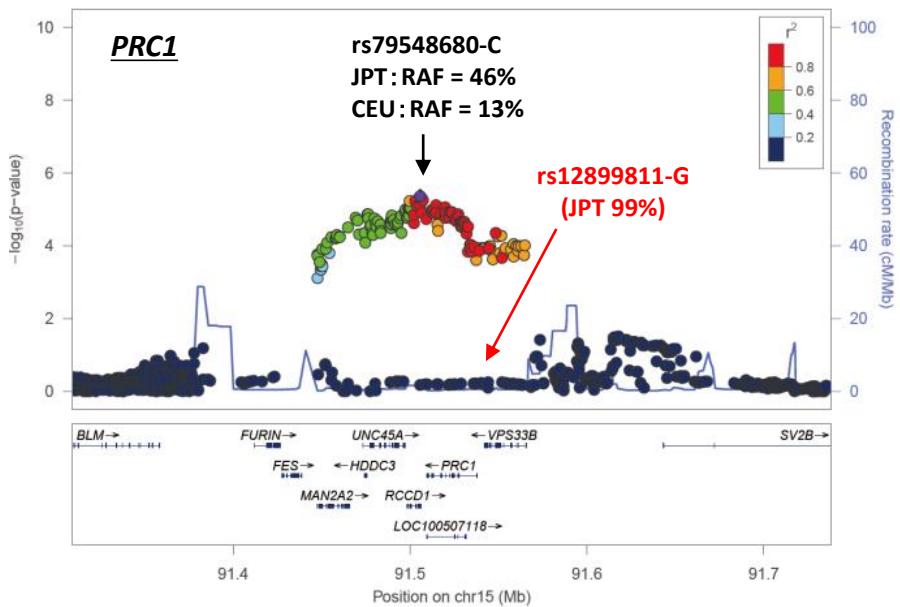
Each plot shows $-\log_{10} P$ values against the chromosomal positions of SNPs in the specific region. The SNP with the strongest association signal (lead SNP) in each locus is represented as a purple diamond; the other SNPs are colored according to the extent of LD with the lead SNP. Estimated recombination rates from the hg19/1000 Genomes Project March 2012 East Asian reference are shown as light-blue lines

Supplementary Figure 3

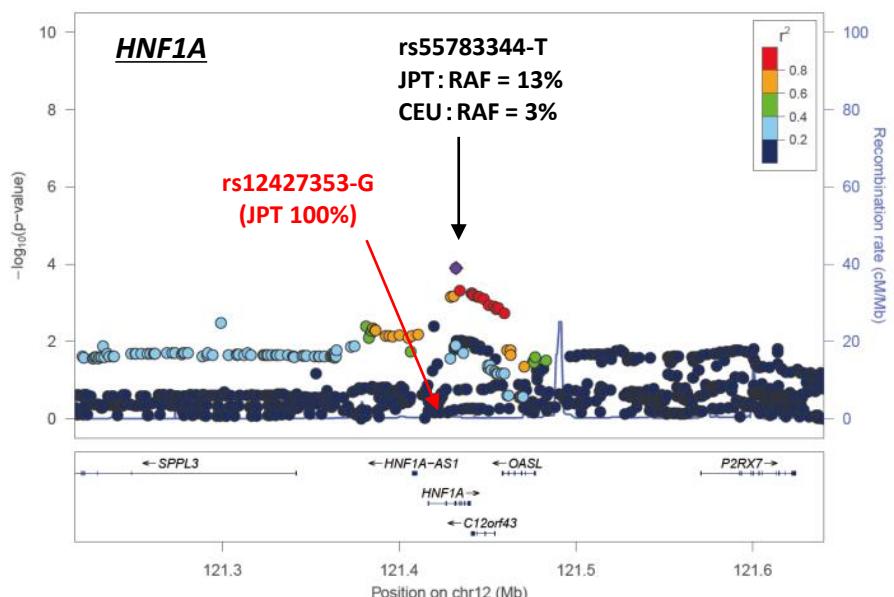
A



B

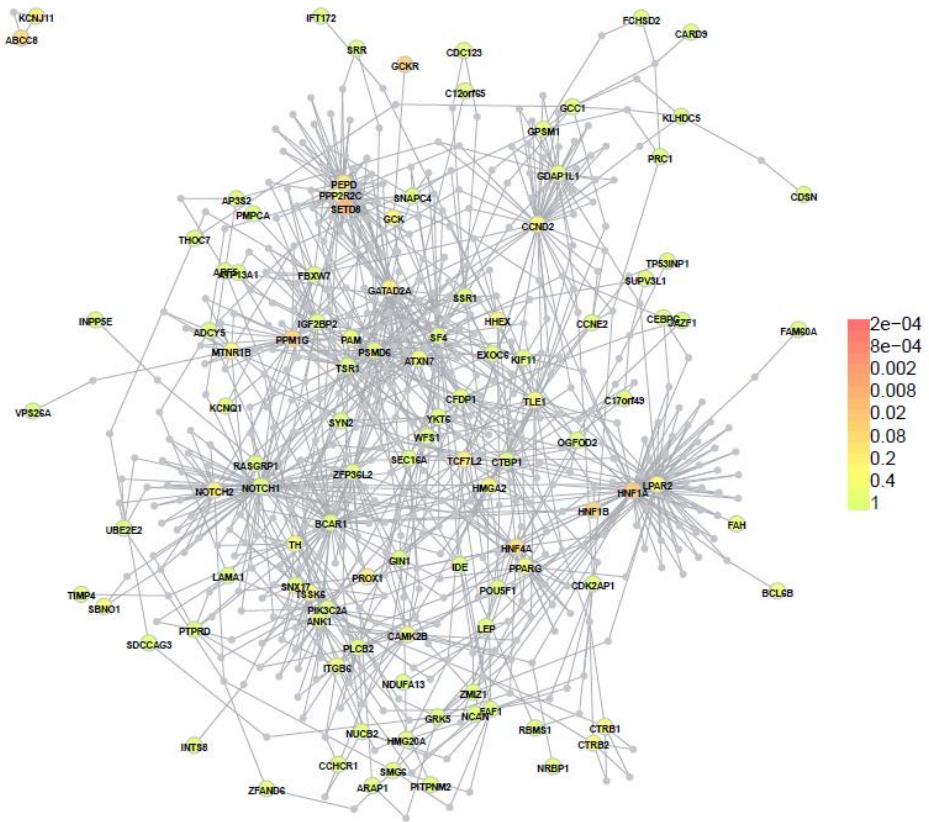


C



Supplementary Figure 3. Regional association plots for *ADCY5*, *HNF1A* and *PRC1* in the discovery stage GWAS meta-analysis (Stage-1:set-1 and set-2) Each plot shows $-\log_{10} P$ values against the chromosomal positions of SNPs in the specific region. The SNP with the strongest association signal in each locus is represented as a purple diamond; the other SNPs are colored according to the extent of LD with this SNP. Estimated recombination rates from the hg19/1000 Genomes Project March 2012 East Asian reference are shown as light-blue lines.

Supplementary Figure 4. Genes prioritized by PPI network



GENE	P_corrected
<i>SETD8</i>	0.006299
<i>HNF1A</i>	0.014667
<i>GCKR</i>	0.025077
<i>HNF1B</i>	0.029226
<i>PPM1G</i>	0.043676
<i>HNF4A</i>	0.066165
<i>ABCC8</i>	0.066165
<i>PEPD</i>	0.088387
<i>GATA2D</i>	0.100395
<i>KCNJ11</i>	0.106369
<i>PROX1</i>	0.132027
<i>TCF7L2</i>	0.155379
<i>NOTCH2</i>	0.172684
<i>PPP2R2C</i>	0.203007
<i>CCND2</i>	0.20863
<i>MTNR1B</i>	0.20863
<i>HMGA2</i>	0.229075
<i>GCK</i>	0.236444
<i>HHEX</i>	0.252893
<i>TSSK6</i>	0.26376

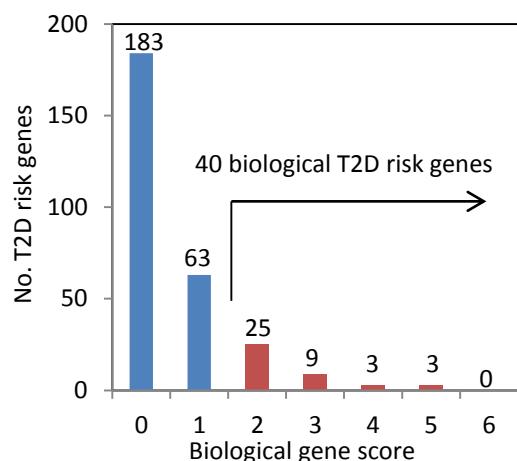
We used DAPPLE ver2.0 (<http://www.broadinstitute.org/mpg/dapple/dappleTMP.php>) to identify genes prioritized by PPI network. We entered 90 T2D regions defined in the supplementary method section (± 25 kb or $r^2 > 0.50$) as inputs and defined the number for cutoff of Common Interactor binding degree as 2. We defined the genes with corrected $p < 0.05$ as PPI network genes.

A

Biological T2D risk gene prioritization criteria

- 1) T2D risk missense variant (n = 20)
- 2) Monogenic diabetes (n = 11)
- 3) Protein-protein interaction (n = 5)
- 4) knockout mouse phenotype (n = 46)
- 5) Pubmed text mining (n = 30)
- 6) cis-eQTL (n = 55)

B

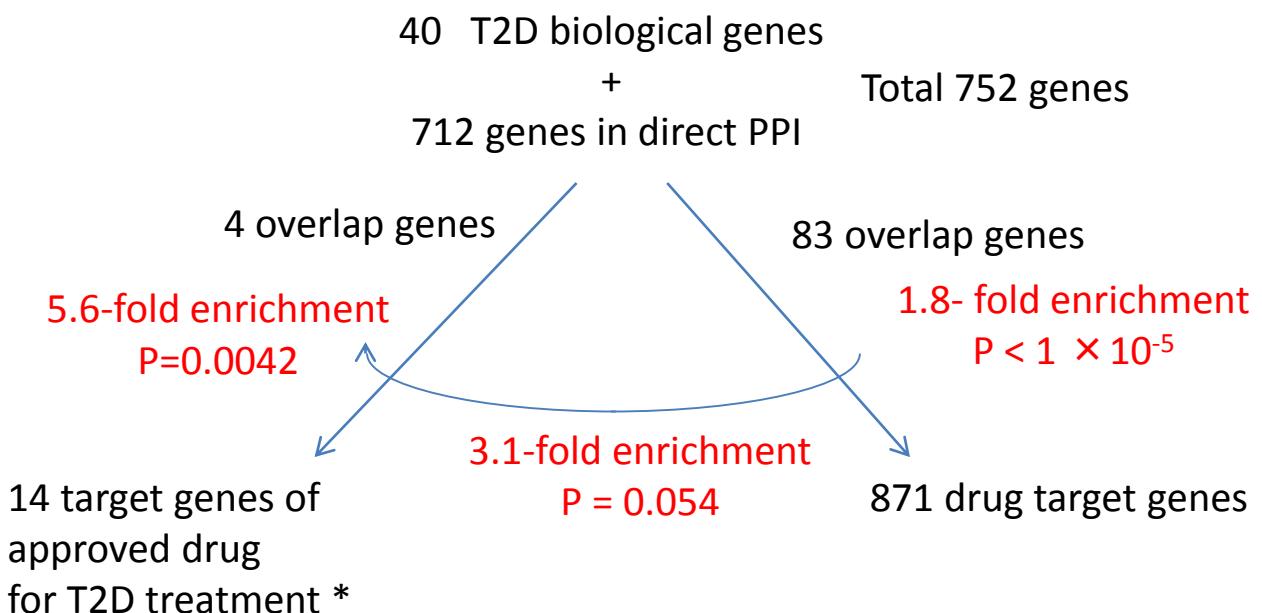


C

Correlation of prioritization criteria of biological genes from T2D risk loci (R^2)	T2D risk missense variant	Monogenic diabetes	Protein-protein interaction	knockout mouse phenotype	Pubmed text mining	cis-eQTL
T2D risk missense variant	-	0.0531	0.0046	0.0045	0.0482	0.0016
Monogenic diabetes	0.0531	-	0.0629	0.166	0.3414	0.0076
Protein-protein interaction	0.0046	0.0629	-	0.0255	0.0465	0.005
knockout mouse phenotype	0.0045	0.166	0.0255	-	0.2224	0.0223
Pubmed text mining	0.0482	0.3414	0.0465	0.2224	-	0.0042
cis-eQTL	0.0016	0.0076	0.005	0.0223	0.0042	-

Supplementary Figure 5. Prioritization of biological candidate genes from T2D risk loci.

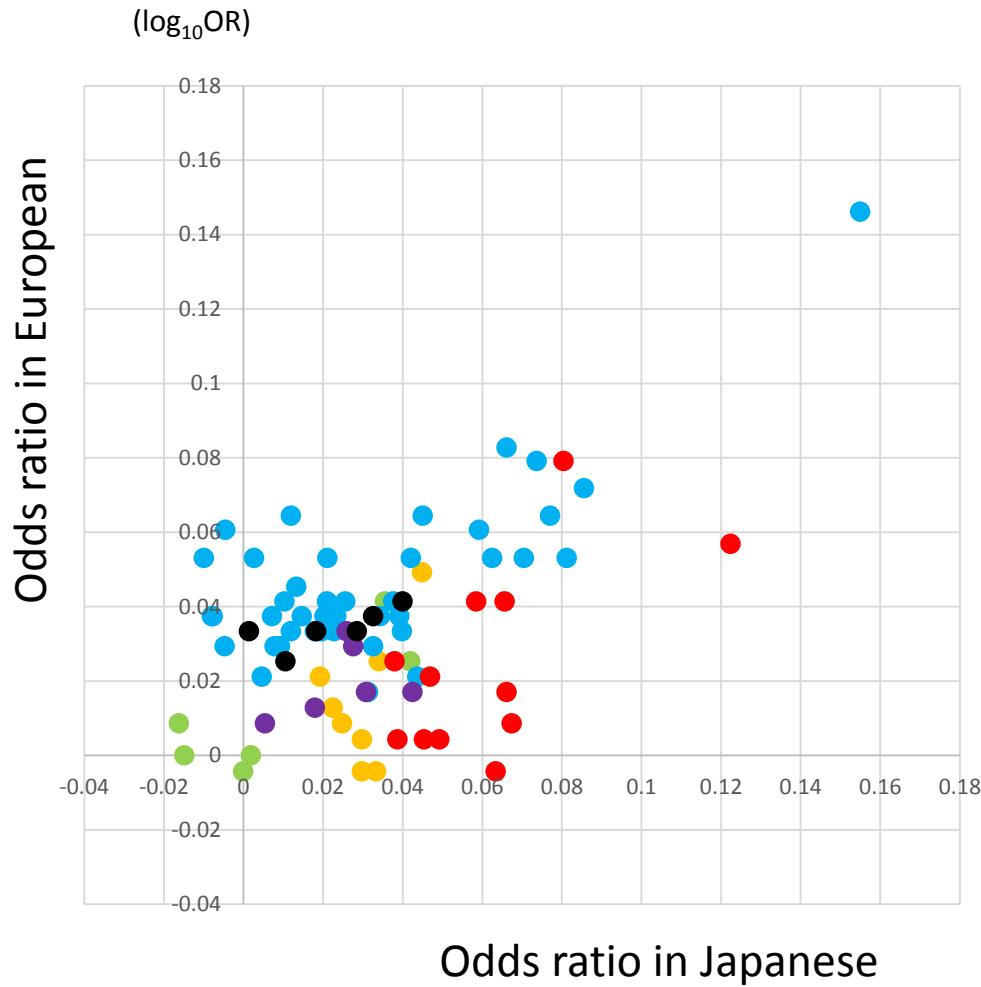
A, Prioritization criteria of biological candidate genes from T2D risk loci. **B**, Histogram distribution of gene scores. The 40 genes with Score ≥ 2 (red) were defined as ‘biological T2D risk genes’. **C**, Correlations between every 2 biological candidate gene prioritization criteria.



Supplementary Figure 6. Overlap enrichment analysis

Overlap and relative enrichment between the biological T2D risk genes or genes in direct PPI with the biological T2D risk genes and the drug target genes was assessed by permutation procedure, as previously reported by Okada Y et al (*Nature* **20**, 376-381,2014) .

* See supplementary Table 22



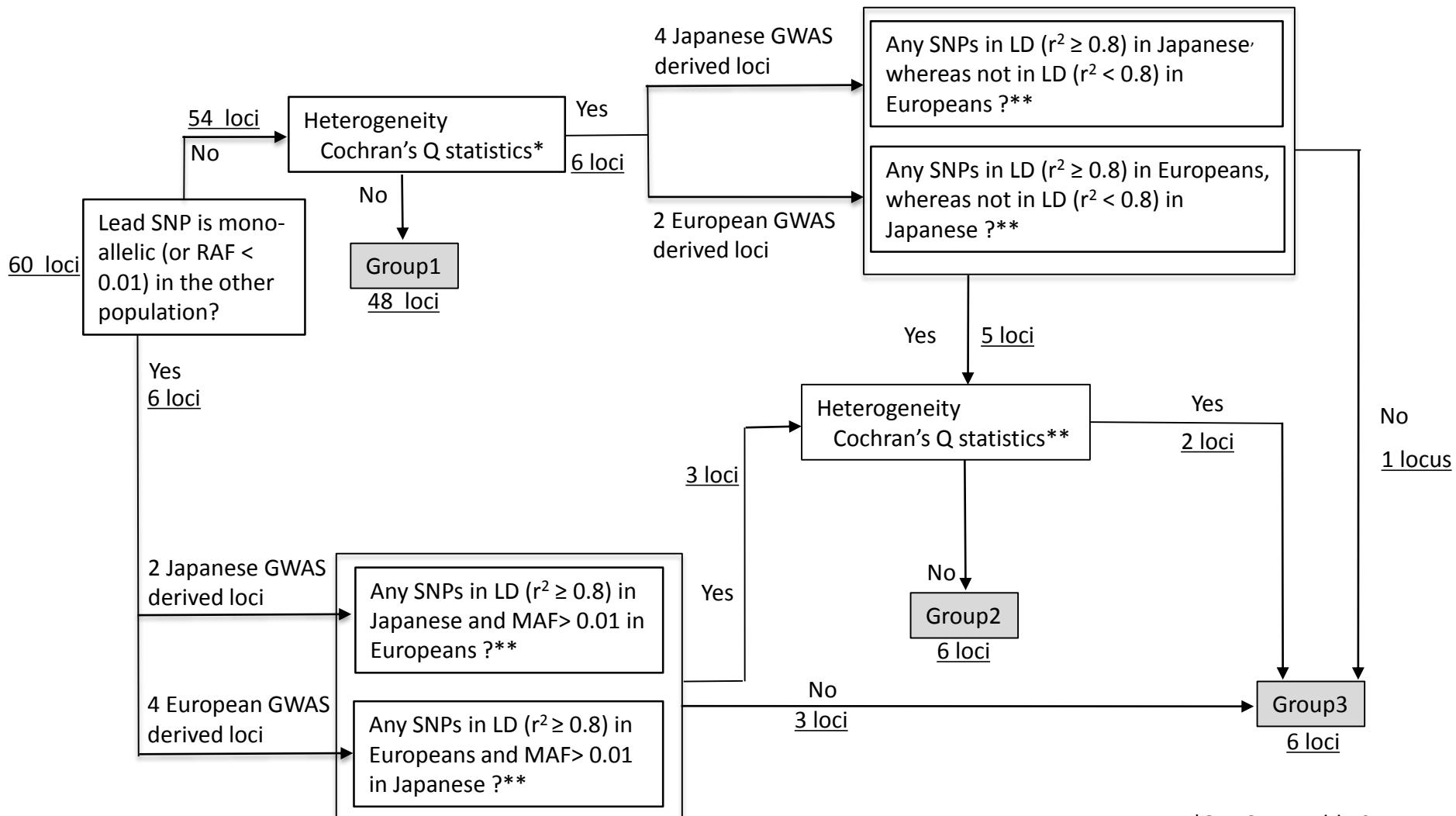
- Populations in original GWAS
- Japanese
 - Chinese
 - East Asian
 - European
 - South Asian
 - Trans ethnic

Ethnicity of original study	Effect size	
	JPN > Euro	JPN < Euro
Japanese	12	0
Chinese	3	3
East Asian	6	2
European	11	31
South Asian	3	3
Trans ethnic	0	6

Supplementary Figure 7 :Effect sizes for established and novel T2D loci; direct comparison between Japanese and European populations

Effect sizes in Japanese GWAS data (GWAS set1+set2: 14,463 cases and 26,183 controls) and European data (DIAGRAM3 12,171 cases and 56,862 controls <http://diagram-consortium.org/downloads.html>) are shown across 6 novel and 74 established T2D loci of which both of the Japanese and European association data are available. Lead SNPs in each locus in the population of original reports were selected.

Supplementary Figure 8. Systematic evaluation for effect sizes and LD in 60 loci identified in Japanese or European GWAS



*See Supp Table 25

**See Supp Table 26

Supplementary Table 1. Twenty-five already established type 2 diabetes SNP loci with $p < 1 \times 10^{-6}$ in Stage-1 GWAS meta-analysis

locus	SNPID for lead SNP	chr	Chr.loc (Build 37 bp)	Risk	Non Risk	OR	95% CI	P for association	p for hetero
<i>KCNQ1</i> (intron 15)	rs2237896	11	2,858,440	G	A	1.33	(1.28 - 1.37)	2.81.E-70	0.078
<i>CDKAL1</i>	rs35612982	6	20,682,622	C	T	1.21	(1.17 - 1.25)	5.91.E-36	0.237
<i>CDKN2A/B</i>	rs2383208	9	22,132,076	A	G	1.22	(1.18 - 1.26)	4.88.E-33	0.618
<i>IGF2BP2</i>	rs1470579	3	185,529,080	C	A	1.18	(1.14 - 1.21)	1.99.E-24	0.233
<i>TCF7L2</i>	rs34872471	10	114,754,071	C	T	1.43	(1.33 - 1.53)	3.47.E-23	0.901
<i>HHEX</i>	rs7087591	10	94,473,629	G	A	1.19	(1.14 - 1.23)	6.35.E-20	0.612
<i>HNF1B</i>	rs10908278	17	36,099,952	T	A	1.14	(1.1 - 1.18)	3.57.E-15	0.241
<i>FTO</i>	rs1421085	16	53,800,954	C	T	1.16	(1.12 - 1.21)	3.94.E-15	0.116
<i>UBE2E2</i>	rs1845900	3	23,454,565	A	G	1.18	(1.13 - 1.23)	1.87.E-14	0.594
<i>SLC30A8</i>	rs13266634	8	118,184,783	C	T	1.12	(1.09 - 1.16)	8.65.E-13	0.245
<i>CDC123/CAMK1D</i>	rs11257655	10	12,307,894	T	C	1.12	(1.08 - 1.15)	9.65.E-13	0.607
<i>MAEA</i>	rs73069940	4	1,236,502	C	G	1.13	(1.09 - 1.17)	1.00.E-12	0.86
<i>ANK1</i>	rs12549902	8	41,509,259	A	G	1.11	(1.08 - 1.15)	1.28.E-12	0.669
<i>SLC16A13</i>	rs75418188	17	6,945,483	T	C	1.2	(1.13 - 1.27)	7.89.E-11	0.9
<i>ANKRD55</i>	rs459193	5	55,806,751	G	A	1.11	(1.07 - 1.14)	1.04.E-10	0.115
<i>FSCN3-PAX4</i>	rs806215	7	127,237,312	C	T	1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)	7.79.E-10	0.444
<i>C2CD4A/B</i>	rs8032416	15	62,409,070	G	C	1.1	(1.06 - 1.13)	4.58.E-09	0.33
<i>GPSM1</i>	rs28642252	9	139,245,289	G	A	1.16	(1.1 - 1.22)	1.06.E-08	0.416
<i>ZMIZ1</i>	rs703980	10	80,943,841	G	A	1.09	(1.06 - 1.12)	3.23.E-08	0.139
<i>GLIS3</i>	rs4258054	9	4,297,892	T	C	1.1	(1.07 - 1.15)	5.76.E-08	0.978
<i>MIR129-LEP</i>	rs4731420	7	127,863,295	C	G	1.16	(1.1 - 1.22)	7.90.E-08	0.941
<i>GIPR</i>	rs7507912	19	46,157,916	G	A	1.11	(1.07 - 1.16)	8.61.E-08	0.266
<i>KCNQ1</i> (intron 11)	rs117601636	11	2,642,037	A	G	1.16	(1.1 - 1.22)	1.14.E-07	0.421
<i>FAF1</i>	rs35072907	1	51,189,556	C	G	1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)	1.14.E-07	0.055
<i>PSMD6</i>	rs9828933	3	63,942,897	T	C	1.09	(1.06 - 1.13)	1.33.E-07	0.047

Chr:chromosome

Risk: risk allele in the present Japanese study.

non-risk: alternative allele in the present Japanese study.

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

Supplementary Table 2. Seventeen suggestive SNP loci for type 2 diabetes with $p < 1 \times 10^{-6}$ in Stage-1 GWAS meta-analysis

nearby gene	chr	Chr,loc (Build 37 bp)	SNPID	Risk	non-risk	OR	95% CI	P-for association	P-for hetero	R ²	
				For lead SNP						set-1	set-2
<i>CCDC85A</i>	2	57,287,411	rs1116357	G	A	1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)	6.88E-10	0.68	1.00	1.00
<i>ATP8B2</i>	1	154,336,716	rs67156297	A	G	1.16	(1.1 - 1.23)	1.44E-08	0.193	0.97	0.95
<i>MIR4686</i>	11	2,196,424	rs4930045	T	C	1.17	(1.11 - 1.23)	2.08E-08	0.734	0.78	0.76
<i>ASB3</i>	2	53,397,048	rs9309245	G	C	1.12	(1.08 - 1.17)	3.23E-08	0.407	1.00	1.00
<i>DMRTA1</i>	9	22,289,853	rs12000501	A	G	1.2	(1.13 - 1.29)	4.25E-08	0.361	0.92	0.88
<i>SALL4P5</i>	3	23,077,761	rs2688419	T	C	1.1	(1.06 - 1.14)	5.10E-08	0.795	0.91	0.92
<i>FDX1L</i>	19	10,423,876	rs187060802	A	G	1.4	(1.24 - 1.58)	8.10E-08	1.65E-08	0.97	0.93
<i>ZBTB20</i>	3	114,850,836	rs73230612	T	C	1.09	(1.06 - 1.12)	8.90E-08	0.148	0.99	1.00
<i>FAM60A</i>	12	31,466,613	rs147538848	A	G	1.11	(1.07 - 1.16)	1.88E-07	0.903	0.87	0.91
<i>OR2BH1P</i>	11	29,169,913	rs1965305	T	C	1.09	(1.05 - 1.12)	3.36E-07	0.306	0.98	0.99
<i>C16orf74</i>	16	85,735,652	rs377457	A	G	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	4.45E-07	0.564	0.99	0.89
<i>MIR4704</i>	13	66,805,708	rs4884660	T	C	1.1	(1.06 - 1.14)	4.65E-07	0.393	0.99	0.99
<i>INAFM2</i>	15	40,619,724	rs67839313	C	T	1.09	(1.06 - 1.13)	4.79E-07	0.572	1.00	0.88
<i>KIAA1456</i>	8	12,811,580	rs2946504	T	G	1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)	5.00E-07	0.9	0.99	0.94
<i>ADH5P4</i>	6	66,618,657	rs79976124	A	G	1.18	(1.1 - 1.26)	5.45E-07	4.03E-04	0.95	0.98
<i>RPL19P16</i>	10	122,849,667	rs35668226	A	G	1.1	(1.06 - 1.14)	9.86E-07	0.111	0.96	0.98
<i>TOMM22P3</i>	13	33,556,228	rs56252704	A	G	1.11	(1.07 - 1.16)	9.95E-07	0.264	0.98	0.96

Chr: chromosome

Risk: risk allele in the present Japanese study.

non-risk: alternative allele in the present Japanese study.

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

R²: r-square value for imputation accuracy

Supplementary Table 3. Association data of 17 suggestive loci for type 2 diabetes in Stage1+2 meta-analysis

nearby gene	Chr.	SNP ID	Allele		Risk Allele			Association for type 2 diabetes				Meta analysis	
			Risk	Non-risk	Study	Case	Control	R ²	OR	95%CI	P value	p-for association	p-for hetero
<i>CCDC85A</i>	2	rs1116357	G	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.292	0.269	0.9999	1.12	(1.07 - 1.17)	6.55.E-06	6.97.E-10	0.21
					Stage-1, set-2	0.299	0.279	0.9996	1.10	(1.05 - 1.15)	2.61.E-05		
					Stage-2	0.294	0.284		1.05	(0.99 - 1.11)	8.65.E-02		
					combined				1.09	(1.06 - 1.12)			
<i>FAM60A</i>	12	rs147538848	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.205	0.19	0.867	1.11	(1.05 - 1.18)	5.81.E-04	7.83.E-10	0.99
					Stage-1, set-2	0.199	0.184	0.912	1.12	(1.06 - 1.18)	1.15.E-04		
					Stage-2	0.21	0.193		1.11	(1.04 - 1.18)	1.10.E-03		
					combined				1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)			
<i>DMRTA1</i>	9	rs1575972 *	T	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.947	0.935	0.979	1.24	(1.13 - 1.36)	8.64.E-06	1.50.E-09	0.62
					Stage-1, set-2	0.943	0.935	0.883	1.17	(1.07 - 1.29)	1.13.E-03		
					Stage-2	0.95	0.942		1.16	(1.04 - 1.29)	7.60.E-03		
					combined				1.19	(1.13 - 1.26)			
<i>ASB3</i>	2	rs9309245	G	C	Stage-1, set-1	0.178	0.164	0.997	1.10	(1.04 - 1.17)	1.57.E-03	1.25.E-08	0.30
					Stage-1, set-2	0.186	0.168	0.998	1.14	(1.08 - 1.20)	3.43.E-06		
					Stage-2	0.181	0.172		1.06	(0.998 - 1.14)	5.95.E-02		
					combined				1.10	(1.07 - 1.14)			
<i>ATP8B2</i>	1	rs67156297	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.102	0.086	0.966	1.21	(1.12 - 1.30)	1.28.E-06	1.95.E-08	0.10
					Stage-1, set-2	0.097	0.087	0.955	1.13	(1.05 - 1.21)	1.34.E-03		
					Stage-2	0.092	0.087		1.07	(0.98 - 1.16)	1.33.E-01		
					combined				1.14	(1.09 - 1.19)			
<i>MIR4686</i>	11	rs7107784 *	G	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.099	0.089	0.833	1.16	(1.07 - 1.26)	4.91.E-04	2.07.E-08	0.42
					Stage-1, set-2	0.101	0.09	0.821	1.18	(1.09 - 1.27)	3.88.E-05		
					Stage-2	0.093	0.086		1.09	(0.998 - 1.19)	5.58.E-02		
					combined				1.14	(1.09 - 1.20)			
<i>INAFM2</i>	15	rs67839313	C	T	Stage-1, set-1	0.28	0.261	0.999	1.10	(1.05 - 1.16)	7.87.E-05	2.42.E-08	0.73
					Stage-1, set-2	0.278	0.264	0.883	1.08	(1.03 - 1.14)	1.75.E-03		
					Stage-2	0.281	0.267		1.07	(1.01 - 1.13)	1.36.E-02		
					combined				1.09	(1.06 - 1.12)			
<i>RPL19P16</i>	10	rs35668226	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.805	0.795	0.962	1.07	(1.01 - 1.13)	2.55.E-02	2.67.E-07	0.18
					Stage-1, set-2	0.812	0.792	0.977	1.13	(1.07 - 1.19)	4.15.E-06		
					Stage-2	0.814	0.805		1.06	(0.996 - 1.13)	6.43.E-02		
					combined				1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)			
<i>C16orf74</i>	16	rs377457	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.708	0.687	0.987	1.10	(1.05 - 1.15)	7.48.E-05	6.11.E-07	0.25
					Stage-1, set-2	0.711	0.697	0.894	1.08	(1.03 - 1.13)	1.93.E-03		
					Stage-2	0.705	0.697		1.04	(0.98 - 1.10)	1.80.E-01		
					combined				1.08	(1.05 - 1.11)			
<i>ADH5P4</i>	6	rs79976124	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.068	0.053	0.953	1.34	(1.22 - 1.48)	1.53.E-09	1.78.E-06	3.68.E-04
					Stage-1, set-2	0.066	0.063	0.976	1.06	(0.97 - 1.16)	1.70.E-01		
					Stage-2	0.066	0.062		1.05	(0.95 - 1.17)	3.17.E-01		
					combined				1.14	(1.08 - 1.21)			
<i>ZBTB20</i>	3	rs73230612	T	C	Stage-1, set-1	0.644	0.631	0.99	1.06	(1.02 - 1.11)	9.63.E-03	3.25.E-06	0.01
					Stage-1, set-2	0.658	0.634	0.999	1.11	(1.07 - 1.16)	1.86.E-06		
					Stage-2	0.642	0.642		1.003	(0.95 - 1.06)	9.01.E-01		
					combined				1.07	(1.04 - 1.09)			
<i>KIAA1456</i>	8	rs2946504	T	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.413	0.393	0.986	1.09	(1.04 - 1.14)	3.68.E-04	3.97.E-06	0.11
					Stage-1, set-2	0.418	0.401	0.938	1.08	(1.04 - 1.13)	5.54.E-04		
					Stage-2	0.397	0.393		1.02	(0.97 - 1.07)	5.39.E-01		
					combined				1.06	(1.04 - 1.09)			
<i>SALL4P5</i>	3	rs2688419	T	C	Stage-1, set-1	0.667	0.647	0.914	1.10	(1.05 - 1.16)	5.43.E-05	4.74.E-06	0.01
					Stage-1, set-2	0.671	0.652	0.923	1.09	(1.04 - 1.15)	1.32.E-04		
					Stage-2	0.662	0.662		1.0001	(0.95 - 1.05)	9.97.E-01		
					combined				1.07	(1.04 - 1.10)			
<i>OR2BH1P</i>	11	rs2933170 *	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.677	0.662	0.9999	1.07	(1.02 - 1.12)	5.29.E-03	9.83.E-06	0.031
					Stage-1, set-2	0.695	0.674	0.998	1.11	(1.06 - 1.16)	1.47.E-05		
					Stage-2	0.683	0.682		1.01	(0.95 - 1.06)	8.35.E-01		
					combined				1.06	(1.04 - 1.09)			
<i>FDX1L</i>	19	rs187060802 **	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.022	0.010	0.973	2.17	(1.79 - 2.64)	2.46.E-16	N/A	N/A
					Stage-1, set-2	0.020	0.019	0.931	1.05	(0.90 - 1.23)	5.09.E-01		
					Stage-2								
					failed								
<i>MIR4704</i>	13	rs4884660 **	T	C	Stage-1, set-1	0.225	0.206	0.991	1.12	(1.06 - 1.18)	4.43.E-05	N/A	N/A
					Stage-1, set-2	0.227	0.214	0.991	1.08	(1.03 - 1.14)	2.15.E-03		
					Stage-2								
					failed								
<i>TOMM22P3</i>	13	rs56252704 **	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.149	0.139	0.982	1.08	(1.02 - 1.15)	1.14.E-02	N/A	N/A
					Stage-1, set-2	0.155	0.140	0.963	1.14	(1.07 - 1.21)	2.15.E-05		
					Stage-2								
					failed </td								

Supplementary Table 4. Association data of 7 novel type 2 diabetes susceptible loci with adjustment for age, sex and BMI

nearby gene	Chr.	SNP ID	Allele		Risk Allele		Association for type 2 diabetes				Meta analysis		
			Risk	Non-risk	Study	Case	Control	R ²	OR	95%CI	P value	p-for association	p-for hetero
<i>CCDC85A</i>	2	rs1116357	G	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.292	0.271	1	1.09	(1.03 - 1.15)	2.14.E-03	6.03.E-07	0.148
					Stage-1, set-2	0.300	0.278	1	1.11	(1.06 - 1.16)	2.03.E-05		
					Stage-2	0.291	0.283		1.03	(0.97 - 1.09)	3.95.E-01		
					combined				1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)			
<i>FAM60A</i>	12	rs147538848	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.205	0.192	0.867	1.11	(1.04 - 1.19)	1.89.E-03	6.73E-11	0.668
					Stage-1, set-2	0.199	0.184	0.912	1.13	(1.07 - 1.19)	4.66.E-05		
					Stage-2	0.209	0.193		1.16	(1.08 - 1.24)	3.88.E-05		
					combined				1.13	(1.09 - 1.17)			
<i>DMRTA1</i>	9	rs1575972	T	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.947	0.935	0.979	1.29	(1.16 - 1.43)	1.85.E-06	1.72E-09	0.237
					Stage-1, set-2	0.943	0.934	0.883	1.19	(1.08 - 1.31)	4.17.E-04		
					Stage-2	0.949	0.943		1.13	(0.995 - 1.28)	5.92.E-02		
					combined				1.21	(1.14 - 1.29)			
<i>ASB3</i>	2	rs9309245	G	C	Stage-1, set-1	0.178	0.166	0.997	1.09	(1.02 - 1.17)	8.73.E-03	2.10E-07	0.278
					Stage-1, set-2	0.186	0.168	0.998	1.14	(1.08 - 1.21)	7.08.E-06		
					Stage-2	0.181	0.173		1.06	(0.98 - 1.14)	1.22.E-01		
					combined				1.10	(1.06 - 1.15)			
<i>ATP8B2</i>	1	rs67156297	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.103	0.087	0.966	1.21	(1.11 - 1.32)	8.52.E-06	2.22E-08	0.239
					Stage-1, set-2	0.097	0.087	0.955	1.15	(1.06 - 1.24)	4.89.E-04		
					Stage-2	0.092	0.087		1.09	(0.99 - 1.20)	9.69.E-02		
					combined				1.15	(1.10 - 1.21)			
<i>MIR4686</i>	11	rs7107784	G	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.100	0.089	0.833	1.16	(1.05 - 1.27)	2.17.E-03	2.72E-07	0.590
					Stage-1, set-2	0.102	0.090	0.821	1.17	(1.08 - 1.27)	1.52.E-04		
					Stage-2	0.093	0.086		1.10	(0.99 - 1.21)	6.87.E-02		
					combined				1.15	(1.09 - 1.21)			
<i>INAFM2</i>	15	rs67839313	C	T	Stage-1, set-1	0.281	0.261	0.999	1.11	(1.05 - 1.17)	1.58.E-04	2.02E-07	0.570
					Stage-1, set-2	0.278	0.264	0.883	1.09	(1.03 - 1.14)	1.59.E-03		
					Stage-2	0.280	0.268		1.06	(0.998 - 1.13)	5.72.E-02		
					combined				1.09	(1.05 - 1.12)			

Chr:chromosome

Risk: risk allele in the present Japanese study.

non-risk: alternative allele in the present Japanese study.

R² : r-square value for the imputation accuracy

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

Stage-1, set-1; Case n = 9,052, Control n = 5,677, whose clinical information for age, sex and BMI are complete

Stage-1, set-2; Case n = 5,582, Control n = 18,102, whose clinical information for age, sex and BMI are complete

Stage-2; Case n = 7,102, Control n = 5,253, whose clinical information for age, sex and BMI are complete

(total n = 50,768)

Supplementary Table 5 Conditional analysis for *DMRTA1* locus in the Japanese populations

SNP ID	Covariates	CHR	POS (Build37)	Risk	Non-risk	CASE RAF	CTRL RAF	R ²	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-het
										(1.13 - 1.36)	8.64.E-06	
rs1575972	-	9	22,301,092	T	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.947	0.935	0.979	1.24	(1.13 - 1.36)	8.64.E-06
						Stage-1, set-2	0.943	0.935	0.883	1.17	(1.07 - 1.29)	1.13.E-03
						Stage-2	0.950	0.942		1.16	(1.04 - 1.30)	7.37.E-03
						combined			1.19	(1.13 - 1.26)	1.43.E-09	0.64
rs1575972		9	22,301,092	T	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.947	0.935	0.979	1.23	(1.12 - 1.35)	1.40.E-05
rs10811661		9	22,134,094	T	C	Stage-1, set-2	0.943	0.935	0.883	1.17	(1.07 - 1.29)	8.19.E-04
						Stage-2	0.950	0.942		1.16	(1.04 - 1.30)	8.52.E-03
						combined			1.19	(1.12 - 1.26)	2.45.E-09	0.68

RAF; risk allele frequency , R²; r-square value for imputaion accuracy, OR; odds ratio , 95%CI; 95% confidence interval

P-het; P-value of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

Stage-1, set-1; 9,817 cases and 6,763 controls, imputed

Stage-1, set-2 ; 5,646 cases and 19,420 controls, imputed

Stage-2; 7,637 cases and 5,093 controls with complete *denovo* genotyped data for rs1575972 and rs10811661

Supplementary Table 6. Conditional analysis for *MIR4686* locus in the Japanese populations

SNP ID	Covariates	CHR	POS (Build37)	Risk	Non-risk	CASE RAF	CTRL RAF	R ²	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-het
rs7107784	-	11	2,215,089	G	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.099	0.089	0.833	1.16 (1.07 - 1.26)	4.91.E-04	
						Stage-1, set-2	0.101	0.090	0.821	1.18 (1.09 - 1.27)	3.88.E-05	
						Stage-2	0.095	0.084		1.14 (1.01 - 1.28)	3.11.E-02	
						combined			1.16 (1.11 - 1.22)	5.77.E-09	0.89	
rs7107784		11	2,215,089	G	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.099	0.089	0.833	1.15 (1.06 - 1.25)	1.04.E-03	
	rs2237897	11	2,837,316	C	T	Stage-1, set-2	0.101	0.090	0.821	1.17 (1.08 - 1.26)	6.97.E-05	
						Stage-2	0.095	0.084		1.13 (1.01 - 1.27)	3.86.E-02	
						combined			1.16 (1.10 - 1.22)	2.75.E-08	0.88	

RAF; risk allele frequency , R²; r-square value for imputaion accuracy, OR; odds ratio , 95%CI; 95% confidence interval

P-het; P-value of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

Stage-1, set-1; 9,817 cases and 6,763 controls, imputed

Stage-1, set-2; 5,646 cases and 19,420 controls, imputed

Stage-2; 6,692cases and 2,516 controls with complete *denovo* genotyped data for rs7107784 and rs2237897

Supplementary Table 7. Association of 7 novel T2D loci with quantitative traits in non-diabetic controls

Locus	Chr	SNPID	Risk	FPG ^a			HOMA-β ^a			HOMA-IR ^a			covariates
				β	s.e.	p-value	β	s.e.	p-value	β	s.e.	p-value	
<i>CCDC85A</i>	2	rs1116357	G	0.031	0.020	0.113	0.032	0.025	0.197	0.041	0.025	0.093	-
				0.029	0.019	0.123	0.024	0.022	0.277	0.034	0.021	0.100	age, sex and logeBMI
<i>FAM60A</i>	12	rs147538848	A	0.016	0.022	0.459	0.019	0.029	0.518	0.018	0.028	0.522	-
				0.014	0.021	0.509	0.023	0.026	0.373	0.023	0.024	0.341	age, sex and logeBMI
<i>DMRTA1</i>	9	rs1575972	T	0.021	0.036	0.567	-0.023	0.045	0.616	0.020	0.045	0.650	-
				0.014	0.035	0.687	-0.012	0.041	0.770	0.027	0.038	0.483	age, sex and logeBMI
<i>ASB3</i>	2	rs9309245	G	-0.025	0.022	0.256	0.075	0.029	0.009	0.050	0.029	0.078	-
				-0.030	0.021	0.163	0.065	0.026	0.012	0.038	0.024	0.116	age, sex and logeBMI
<i>ATP8B2</i>	1	rs67156297	A	-0.004	0.031	0.910	-0.025	0.041	0.540	-0.027	0.041	0.507	-
				0.007	0.030	0.821	0.001	0.037	0.972	0.014	0.034	0.679	age, sex and logeBMI
<i>MIR4686</i>	11	rs7107784	G	0.083	0.032	0.009	0.024	0.041	0.555	0.087	0.040	0.031	-
				0.065	0.030	0.032	0.030	0.036	0.409	0.082	0.034	0.015	age, sex and logeBMI
<i>INAFM2</i>	15	rs67839313	C	0.018	0.019	0.360	-0.008	0.025	0.756	-0.002	0.025	0.925	-
				0.019	0.018	0.312	-0.014	0.023	0.548	-0.006	0.021	0.766	age, sex and logeBMI

FPG: Fasting Plasma Glucose, HOMA-β:homeostatic model assessment for beta cell function, HOMA-IR: HOMA for insulin resistance

Risk: risk allele for type 2 diabetes in the present study

a values are log-transformed for the analyses

β: β-coefficient , s.e.: standard error, p-value: p-value for the association

n = 1,744 for FPG, n = 1,324 for HOMA-β, n = 1,324 for HOMA-IR,

Supplementary Table 8. Association look-up data for novel 7 T2D loci in a meta analysis of quantitative glycaemic traits in non-diabetic individuals of European decent from MAGIC Investigators

1) Fasting Plasma Glucose(FPG) and 2h-glucose in up to 133,010 and 42,854 non-diabetic individuals from Metabochip replication data sets*

						FPG			2h glucose		
SNPID	Risk	Other	Proxy SNP	Risk	Other	β	s.e.	P-value	β	s.e.	P-value
rs1116357	G	A	N/A								
rs147538848	A	G	N/A								
rs1575972	T	A	rs11791293	C	T	1.30.E-02	6.50.E-03	0.052	-4.20.E-03	3.60.E-02	0.91
rs9309245	G	C	N/A								
rs67156297	A	G	N/A								
rs7107784	G	A	rs7111341	T	C	2.20.E-03	2.50.E-03	0.373	4.00.E-04	1.40.E-02	0.98
rs67839313	C	T	N/A								

2) Fasting Plasma Insulin (FPI) and FPI adjusted for BMI in up to 108,557 individuals from Metabochip replication data sets*

						FPI			FPI adjusted for BMI		
SNPID	Risk	Other	Proxy SNP	Risk	Other	β	s.e.	P-value	β	s.e.	P-value
rs1116357	G	A	N/A								
rs147538848	A	G	N/A								
rs1575972	T	A	rs11791293	C	T	-2.20.E-02	7.70.E-03	0.0039	-2.00.E-02	6.80.E-03	0.0027
rs9309245	G	C	N/A								
rs67156297	A	G	N/A								
rs7107784	G	A	rs7111341	T	C	7.80.E-03	2.90.E-03	0.0066	4.10.E-03	2.40.E-03	0.0888
rs67839313	C	T	N/A								

3) Fasting Plasma Glucose(FPG) and FPG adjusted for BMI in up to 58,074 individuals **

						FPG			FPG adjusted for BMI		
SNPID	Risk	Other	Proxy SNP	Risk	Other	β	s.e.	P-value	β	s.e.	P-value
rs1116357	G	A	N/A			1.80.E-03	3.10.E-03	0.56	1.00.E-03	3.20.E-03	0.74
rs147538848	A	G	N/A								
rs1575972	T	A				1.20.E-02	9.90.E-03	0.21	1.10.E-02	1.00.E-02	0.28
rs9309245	G	C				-2.40.E-03	3.20.E-03	0.45	5.00.E-04	3.30.E-03	0.89
rs67156297	A	G	rs12025518	c	a	-8.00.E-04	3.70.E-03	0.84	-2.40.E-03	3.80.E-03	0.53
rs7107784	G	A	rs7111341	t	c	-2.00.E-03	3.90.E-03	0.61	-4.90.E-03	3.90.E-03	0.21
rs67839313	C	T	rs4924456	g	c	3.00.E-04	3.80.E-03	0.95	8.00.E-04	3.90.E-03	0.84

4) Fasting Plasma Insulin (FPI) and FPI adjusted for BMI in up to 51,750 individuals**

						FPI			FPI adjusted for BMI		
SNPID	Risk	Other	Proxy SNP	Risk	Other	β	s.e.	P-value	β	s.e.	P-value
rs1116357	G	A	N/A			5.40.E-03	3.10.E-03	0.084	6.00.E-03	2.70.E-03	0.02436
rs147538848	A	G	N/A								
rs1575972	T	A				-2.50.E-02	1.10.E-02	0.019	-2.60.E-02	9.30.E-03	0.004821
rs9309245	G	C				-3.00.E-04	3.30.E-03	0.94	-2.90.E-03	2.80.E-03	0.2943
rs67156297	A	G	rs12025518	c	a	3.90.E-03	3.70.E-03	0.30	3.40.E-03	3.20.E-03	0.2869
rs7107784	G	A	rs7111341	t	c	5.40.E-03	3.90.E-03	0.17	1.20.E-03	3.30.E-03	0.7157
rs67839313	C	T	rs4924456	g	c	4.00.E-04	3.80.E-03	0.92	1.00.E-04	3.30.E-03	0.9739

5) HbA1c association results in up to 46,368 individuals***

						HbA1c		
SNPID	Risk	Other	Proxy SNP	Risk	Other	β	s.e.	P-value
rs1116357	G	A	N/A			3.00.E-04	3.40.E-03	0.93
rs147538848	A	G	N/A					
rs1575972	T	A				1.35.E-02	1.04.E-02	0.19
rs9309245	G	C				8.10.E-03	3.50.E-03	0.022
rs67156297	A	G	rs12025518	c	a	4.10.E-03	4.00.E-03	0.31
rs7107784	G	A	rs7111341	t	c	2.00.E-03	4.70.E-03	0.67
rs67839313	C	T	rs4924456	g	c	-1.60.E-03	4.80.E-03	0.73

FPG; Fasting plasma glucose, FPI; Fasting plasma insulin

β ;beta-coefficient, s.e.; standard error

Data on glycaemic traits have been contributed by MAGIC investigators and have been downloaded from www.magicinvestigators.org

* Scott RA et al. Nature genetics 2012;44;9;991-1005

**Manning AK et al. Nature genetics 2012;44;6;659-69

***Soranzo N et al. Diabetes 2010;59;12;3229-39

Best proxy SNPs used in the analysis

rs1575972-T ; rs11791293-C (*CEU* $r^2 = 1$)

rs67156297-A; rs12025518-C (*CEU* $r^2 = 1$)

rs7107784-G; rs7111341-T (*CEU* $r^2 = 0.84$)

rs67839313-C; rs4924456-G (*JPT* $r^2 = 0.84$)

Supplementary Table 9.Information on each analysis and Sample

Sample	Ethnicity	Sample size			Genotyping			SNP imputation				Association test	
		Case	Control	Total	Platform	QC (SNP)	QC (Sample)	covariate	Method	Reference panel	QC1	QC2	
Stage-1, set-1 (BBI)	Japanese	9,817	6,763	16,580	Omni express exome	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.98	none	MACH and Minimac	1000 Genomes Phase 1 (March 2012) (CHB+CHS+JPT)	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	mach2dat
Stage-1, set-2 (BBJ)	Japanese	5,646	19,420	25,066	Illumina humanhap 610Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.98	none	MACH and Minimac	1000 Genomes Phase 1 (March 2012) (CHB+CHS+JPT)	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	mach2dat
Stage-2	Japanese	7,936	5,539	13,475	Multiplex PCR invader assay	Call rate > 0.95	NA	none	NA	NA	NA	NA	SAS-JMP
SDIID/SDS	Chinese	3,341	3,353	6,694	MassARRAY	Call rate > 0.95	NA	none	NA	NA	NA	NA	SAS
HK1 (HK GWAS)	Chinese	99	99	198	Illumina Hap550	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	MACH 1.0	1000 G(March 2010 release) 60 CHB+JPT	$r^2 \geq 0.5$	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	mach2dat
HK2 (HN GWAS)	Chinese	388	659	1,047	Illumina humanhap 610Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	MACH 1.0	1000 G(March 2010 release) 60 CHB+JPT	$r^2 \geq 0.5$	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	mach2dat
SDGS	Chinese	1,425	3,764	5,189	Affymetrix 6.0	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	age, study	Minimac	1000G Phase I, 1092 samples	$r^2 \geq 0.3$	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	mach2dat
SCES	Chinese	302	1,090	1,392	Illumina humanhap 610Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	IMPUTE ver 2	1000G Phase I v3 (March 2012), 1092 samples	info ≥ 0.5	info ≥ 0.7	SNPTEST
SIMES	Malay	794	1,240	2,034	Illumina humanhap 610Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	IMPUTE ver 2	1000G Phase I v3 (March 2012), 1092 samples	info ≥ 0.5	info ≥ 0.7	SNPTEST
sp1M	Chinese	928	939	1,867	Illumina humanhap 1Mduv03	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	IMPUTE ver 2	1000G Phase I v3 (March 2012), 1092 samples	info ≥ 0.5	info ≥ 0.7	SNPTEST
sp610	Chinese	1,082	1,006	2,088	Illumina humanhap 610Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	IMPUTE ver 2	1000G Phase I v3 (March 2012), 1092 samples	info ≥ 0.5	info ≥ 0.7	SNPTEST
KARE	Korean	1,042	2,943	3,985	Affymetrix 5.0	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, area	Minimac	1000G Phase I v3 Shapeit2, 1092 samples	-	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	mach2dat
H2T2DS	Korean	1,183	1,305	2,488	Affymetrix 6.0	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex	Minimac	1000G Phase I v3 Shapeit2, 1092 samples	-	$r^2 \geq 0.7$	mach2dat
SNUH	Korean	1,970	985	2,955	Affymetrix Axiom® Biobank Plus	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	NA	NA	NA	NA	PLINK
Danish studies 1*	Danish	1,859*	6,922*	8,781*	Metabochip	Call rate > 0.95	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, BMI	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Danish studies 2**	Danish	4,107**	5,627**	9,734**	LGC Genomics	Call rate > 0.95	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, BMI	NA	NA	NA	NA	R 3.1.1
DIAGRAM3	European	12,171	56,862	69,033	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
DIAGRAM Metabochip	European #	22,669	58,119	80,788	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
SINDI	Indian	977	1,169	2,146	Illumina humanhap 610Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	none	IMPUTE ver 2	1000G Phase I v3 (March 2012), 1092 samples	info ≥ 0.5	info ≥ 0.7	SNPTEST
PROMIS1	Indian	2,718	6,326	9,044	Illumina Omniexpress	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, PCs1-5	IMPUTE ver 2	1000 G(March 2010 release)	info ≥ 0.9	info ≥ 0.9	SNPTEST
PROMIS2	Indian	4,365	3,984	8,349	Illumina 660 Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, PCs1-5	IMPUTE ver 2	1000 G(March 2010 release)	info ≥ 0.9	info ≥ 0.9	SNPTEST
RACE1	Indian	602	598	1,200	Illumina 660 Quad	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, PCs1-5	IMPUTE ver 2	1000 G(March 2010 release)	info ≥ 0.9	info ≥ 0.9	SNPTEST
RACE2	Indian	1,084	1,527	2,611	IlluminaOmnixpress	Call rate > 0.99	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, PCs1-5	IMPUTE ver 2	1000 G(March 2010 release)	info ≥ 0.9	info ≥ 0.9	SNPTEST
AIDHS/SDS	Punjabi Sikh	841	774	1,615	Illumina 660W Quad Beadchip	Call rate > 0.95	Call rate > 0.95	age, sex, BMI, 5 PC age and BMI as liability covariates; sex, PC1 adn PC2, as fixed covariates	IMPUTE ver 2	1000G Phase I, V3 Shapeit2, 1092 samples	info > 0.8	info > 0.8	SNPTEST V 2.3.0
SIGMA	Mexican	3,848	4,366	8,214	Illumina OMNI 2.5 array	Call rate > 0.98	Call rate > 0.98	IMPUTE v2.2	1000 Genomes Phase I integrated variant set (build 37 and haplotype release date in August, 2012)	info ≥ 0.6	info ≥ 0.7	LTSOFT v1 and Plink v1.08p	

* Information on analyses for rs1575972 and rs7107784 in Inter99, Health2006 and SDC

** Information on analyses for rs1116357, rs67156297, rs67839313, rs9309245 and rs147538848 in Inter99, Vejle Biobank, ADDITION and SDC

*** Please refer to the original article (Morris, A.P. et al. Nat. Genet. 44, 981–990, 2012)

QC1: Information on quality control criteria for imputation accuracy in each cohort is shown

QC2: Association data with lower imputation quality, $r^2 < 0.7$ or info < 0.7 , were not used for the further meta-analyses.

primarily from European descent, but including 1,178 T2D and 2,472 controls of Pakistani descent

Supplementary Table 10. Association of novel 7 SNP loci with type 2 diabetes risk in the population other than Japanese

	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
East Asian	rs1116357	1.03 (0.99 - 1.07)	++++-+---+	2.06.E-01	9.81.E-01
	rs147538848	1.13 (1.05 - 1.20)	?++?++++++?	3.58.E-04	8.82.E-01
	rs1575972	1.14 (1.02 - 1.26)	+--?++++++	1.62.E-02	2.77.E-02
	rs9309245	1.04 (0.99 - 1.09)	?---+----+	1.64.E-01	4.01.E-01
	rs67156297	1.05 (0.99 - 1.12)	++-----+?	1.22.E-01	2.60.E-01
	rs7107784	1.001 (0.91 - 1.10)	?--?---??-	9.83.E-01	9.74.E-03
	rs67839313	1.09 (1.04 - 1.15)	?++?++++++	1.93.E-04	5.00.E-01
European	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
	rs1116357	1.01 (0.98 - 1.04)	++?	5.45.E-01	9.84.E-01
	rs147538848	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	rs1575972	1.14 (1.07 - 1.21)	+++	5.58.E-05	5.61.E-01
	rs9309245	1.01 (0.98 - 1.04)	++?	4.74.E-01	7.99.E-01
	rs67156297	1.04 (0.999 - 1.08)	++?	5.90.E-02	8.80.E-01
	rs7107784	1.04 (1.02 - 1.07)	+++	4.39.E-04	4.31.E-01
South Asian	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
	rs1116357	1.02 (0.98 - 1.05)	+++++	4.18.E-01	3.45.E-01
	rs147538848	1.07 (0.97 - 1.17)	++?++?	1.59.E-01	3.45.E-01
	rs1575972	1.13 (1.03 - 1.24)	+++++	1.21.E-02	4.47.E-01
	rs9309245	0.996 (0.96 - 1.04)	++---	8.21.E-01	6.27.E-01
	rs67156297	0.98 (0.94 - 1.03)	--??-	4.79.E-01	9.94.E-01
	rs7107784	1.09 (1.03 - 1.15)	++?++?	1.60.E-03	2.04.E-01
Mexican/Latino	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
	rs1116357	0.99 (0.93 - 1.05)	-	5.96.E-01	N/A
	rs147538848	1.01 (0.74 - 1.37)	+	8.98.E-01	N/A
	rs1575972	1.004 (0.83 - 1.21)	+	9.92.E-01	N/A
	rs9309245	0.96 (0.90 - 1.03)	-	2.31.E-01	N/A
	rs67156297	1.08 (0.995 - 1.18)	+	8.19.E-02	N/A
	rs7107784	1.15 (1.05 - 1.25)	+	6.00.E-04	N/A
All populations	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
	rs1116357	1.01 (0.99 - 1.03)	+++-+-+---+?+---+-	1.99.E-01	9.58.E-01
	rs147538848	1.10 (1.05 - 1.16)	?++?++++++????-++?++	2.25.E-04	8.15.E-01
	rs1575972	1.13 (1.08 - 1.18)	+--?+++++-----+-----	2.26.E-07	1.26.E-01
	rs9309245	1.01 (0.99 - 1.03)	?-+-----+?+---+---	5.50.E-01	5.75.E-01
	rs67156297	1.03 (1.001 - 1.05)	++-----+?++?---??-	4.08.E-02	3.83.E-01
	rs7107784	1.05 (1.03 - 1.08)	?--?---??-+----+??-	7.05.E-07	7.92.E-03
All populations including Japanese	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
	rs1116357	1.04 (1.02 - 1.06)	++++-+---+----+?+---+	5.03.E-06	8.13.E-02
	rs147538848	1.11 (1.08 - 1.14)	++?++?++++++????-++?++	7.65.E-13	9.40.E-01
	rs1575972	1.15 (1.11 - 1.19)	++++-?++-+-----+-----	5.55.E-15	1.35.E-01
	rs9309245	1.03 (1.01 - 1.05)	++?--+-----+?+---+---	4.42.E-04	9.64.E-03
	rs67156297	1.05 (1.03 - 1.08)	++++-+----+?++?---??-	4.53.E-06	9.74.E-03
	rs7107784	1.07 (1.05 - 1.09)	++?--?---??-+----+??-	1.16.E-11	7.63.E-04
Meta-analysis for 4 ethnic groups	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
	rs1116357	1.01 (0.99 - 1.03)	+++	1.99.E-01	7.60.E-01
	rs147538848	1.10 (1.05 - 1.16)	+?++	2.29.E-04	5.75.E-01
	rs1575972	1.13 (1.08 - 1.18)	++++	2.24.E-07	6.75.E-01
	rs9309245	1.01 (0.99 - 1.03)	+++	5.48.E-01	3.46.E-01
	rs67156297	1.03 (1.00 - 1.05)	++++	4.07.E-02	1.27.E-01
	rs7107784	1.05 (1.03 - 1.08)	++++	7.11.E-07	8.10.E-02
Meta-analysis for 4 ethnic groups	SNP	OR (95%CI)	Direction	p-value	P het
	rs1116357	1.04 (1.02 - 1.06)	+++	5.54.E-06	3.33.E-03
	rs147538848	1.11 (1.08 - 1.14)	+?++	8.21.E-13	5.94.E-01
	rs1575972	1.15 (1.11 - 1.19)	++++	5.47.E-15	3.68.E-01
	rs9309245	1.03 (1.01 - 1.05)	+++	4.25.E-04	1.85.E-04
	rs67156297	1.05 (1.03 - 1.08)	+++	4.34.E-06	7.92.E-04
	rs7107784	1.07 (1.05 - 1.09)	+++	1.11.E-11	1.34.E-02
	rs67839313	1.06 (1.04 - 1.08)	+++	1.82.E-10	2.72.E-02

RAF: risk allele frequency , R²; r-square value for imputaion accuracy, OR; odds ratio , 95%CI; 95% confidence interval

P-het; P-value of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

Best proxy SNPs used in the analysis

rs1575972-T ; rs7030811-T (HK1 and HK2 CHB $r^2 = 1$), rs11791293-C (UCPH, DIAGRAM3 and DIAGRAM Metabochip CEU $r^2 = 1$)rs67156297-A; rs6687971-C (HK1 and HK2 CHB $r^2 = 1$), rs12025518-C (DIAGRAM3 CEU $r^2 = 1$)rs7107784-G; rs7111341-T (HK1, HK2, UCPH, DIAGRAM3 and DIAGRAM Metabochip CHB $r^2 = 0.83$, CEU $r^2 = 0.84$)rs67839313-C; rs11856877-G (HK1 and HK2 CHB $r^2 = 1$), rs4924456-G (DIAGRAM3 JPT $r^2 = 0.84$)

Supplementary Table 11. BMI-differentiated analysis for established T2D loci; heterogeneity p-value < 0.05

Nearby gene	Chr	position (build 37)	SNP	risk allele	non- risk allele	BMI < 25			BMI ≥ 25			BMI < 25, BMI ≥ 25 combined			
						OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-hetero
<i>KCNQ1</i>	11	2,858,546	rs2237897	C	T	1.43	(1.37 - 1.49)	1.28.E-63	1.22	(1.15 - 1.31)	9.94.E-10	1.37	(1.32 - 1.41)	2.07.E-68	8.89.E-05
<i>KCNQ1</i>	11	2,858,440	rs2237896	G	A	1.41	(1.36 - 1.47)	5.22.E-62	1.22	(1.14 - 1.30)	1.46.E-09	1.35	(1.31 - 1.40)	1.06.E-66	1.07.E-04
<i>IGF2BP2</i>	3	185,529,080	rs1470579	C	A	1.25	(1.20 - 1.30)	1.08.E-26	1.11	(1.04 - 1.18)	2.75.E-03	1.21	(1.17 - 1.25)	1.53.E-26	1.88.E-03
<i>IGF2BP2</i>	3	185,530,290	rs6769511	C	T	1.25	(1.20 - 1.30)	1.81.E-26	1.10	(1.03 - 1.18)	3.32.E-03	1.21	(1.17 - 1.25)	2.68.E-26	2.17.E-03
<i>IGF2BP2</i>	3	185,511,687	rs4402960	T	G	1.25	(1.20 - 1.30)	5.19.E-26	1.10	(1.03 - 1.18)	3.73.E-03	1.21	(1.16 - 1.25)	7.19.E-26	2.61.E-03
<i>ADCY5</i>	3	123,139,863	rs79223353	G	A	1.13	(1.08 - 1.18)	8.73.E-08	0.99	(0.93 - 1.07)	8.81.E-01	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	9.59.E-06	2.59.E-03
<i>HMG20A</i>	15	77,747,190	rs7178572	A	G	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	1.93.E-05	1.00	(0.94 - 1.06)	9.93.E-01	1.06	(1.03 - 1.10)	3.00.E-04	2.27.E-02
<i>CDC123</i>	10	12,307,894	rs11257655	T	C	1.16	(1.12 - 1.21)	1.60.E-14	1.07	(1.01 - 1.14)	3.42.E-02	1.14	(1.10 - 1.17)	2.23.E-14	2.35.E-02
<i>CDC123</i>	10	12,314,997	rs10906115	A	G	1.13	(1.09 - 1.18)	2.07.E-10	1.05	(0.99 - 1.12)	1.08.E-01	1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)	4.89.E-10	3.91.E-02
<i>POU5F1-TCF19</i>	6	31,127,037	rs115801775	C	T	1.18	(1.10 - 1.26)	1.26.E-06	1.02	(0.92 - 1.14)	6.51.E-01	1.13	(1.07 - 1.20)	1.41.E-05	2.80.E-02
<i>POU5F1-TCF19</i>	6	31,136,453	rs115164593	G	A	1.11	(1.06 - 1.17)	2.40.E-05	1.01	(0.94 - 1.09)	7.63.E-01	1.08	(1.04 - 1.13)	1.94.E-04	4.43.E-02
<i>TCF7L2</i>	10	114,758,349	rs7903146	T	C	1.58	(1.45 - 1.72)	2.54.E-24	1.30	(1.12 - 1.51)	7.22.E-04	1.50	(1.39 - 1.62)	8.64.E-26	2.94.E-02
<i>TCF7L2</i>	10	114,754,071	rs34872471	C	T	1.58	(1.45 - 1.73)	4.63.E-24	1.30	(1.12 - 1.51)	7.52.E-04	1.50	(1.39 - 1.62)	1.63.E-25	2.97.E-02
<i>SLC16A11/13</i>	17	6,945,483	rs75418188	T	C	1.29	(1.20 - 1.38)	7.45.E-13	1.12	(1.00 - 1.26)	5.21.E-02	1.24	(1.17 - 1.32)	8.57.E-13	4.42.E-02

Chr:chromosome

Risk allele: risk allele in the present Japanese study

non-risk allele: alternative allele in the present Japanese study

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-value: p-value for association with type 2 diabetes

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

All association data are adjusted for age, sex and loge-transformed BMI

This analysis includes Stage-1(set-1 + set-2) participants whose clinical information for age, sex and BMI are complete (total n= 38,413)

BMI < 25 ; total Case n = 9,841, Control n = 18,818, Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 6,105, Control n = 4,476, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 3,736, Control n = 14,342

BMI ≥ 25 ; total Case n = 4,793, Control n = 4,961, Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 2,947, Control n = 1,201, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 1,846, Control n = 3,760

Supplementary Table 12. Sex-differentiated analysis for previously reported T2D loci

1) heterogeneity between male and female ; $p < 0.05$

Nearby Gene	Chr	position	SNP	risk allele	non-risk allele	R² set-1	R² set-2	male			female			male, female combined			
								OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-hetero
GCKR	2	27,741,237	rs780094	C	T	1.00	1.00	1.12	(1.07 - 1.17)	9.70.E-08	1.02	(0.97 - 1.08)	4.18.E-01	1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)	1.99.E-06	1.09.E-02
ANK1	8	41,509,259	rs12549902	A	G	1.00	1.00	1.15	(1.11 - 1.20)	9.01.E-12	1.08	(1.02 - 1.14)	8.32.E-03	1.13	(1.09 - 1.16)	2.03.E-12	4.45.E-02
HNF4A	20	42,989,267	rs4812829	A	G	0.99	1.00	1.05	(1.01 - 1.09)	1.96.E-02	1.13	(1.07 - 1.19)	1.35.E-05	1.08	(1.04 - 1.11)	7.62.E-06	3.68.E-02
SLC30A8	8	118,185,025	rs3802177	G	A	1.00	1.00	1.08	(1.04 - 1.13)	2.45.E-04	1.20	(1.14 - 1.27)	1.21.E-10	1.12	(1.09 - 1.16)	1.27.E-11	2.65.E-03
UBE2E2	3	23,454,565	rs1845900	A	G	0.95	0.95	1.14	(1.08 - 1.21)	7.22.E-06	1.28	(1.19 - 1.39)	4.96.E-10	1.19	(1.13 - 1.24)	3.01.E-13	1.77.E-02

2) Known T2D loci which heterogeneity between male and female have been reported*

Nearby Gene	Chr	position	SNP	risk allele	non-risk allele	R² set-1	R² set-2	male			female			male, female combined			
								OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-hetero
CCND2	12	4,374,373	rs11063069	G	A	0.99	0.33	1.17	(0.98 - 1.39)	8.52.E-02	0.93	(0.74 - 1.16)	5.05.E-01	1.07	(0.93 - 1.23)	3.43.E-01	1.13.E-01
CCND2	12	4,363,420	rs4766228	A	G	0.97	0.98	1.07	(1.03 - 1.12)	1.61.E-03	1.01	(0.95 - 1.06)	8.18.E-01	1.05	(1.01 - 1.08)	7.97.E-03	8.52.E-02
GIPR	19	46,158,513	rs8108269	G	T	1.00	1.00	1.07	(1.03 - 1.12)	1.34.E-03	1.13	(1.07 - 1.20)	2.55.E-05	1.09	(1.06 - 1.13)	3.67.E-07	1.43.E-01
KCNQ1	11	2,847,069	rs163184	G	T	1.00	1.00	1.23	(1.18 - 1.29)	1.37.E-23	1.24	(1.18 - 1.32)	2.10.E-14	1.24	(1.20 - 1.28)	2.29.E-36	8.32.E-01
KCNQ1	11	2,858,546	rs2237897	C	T	0.96	0.94	1.37	(1.31 - 1.44)	3.76.E-45	1.34	(1.26 - 1.42)	1.25.E-22	1.36	(1.31 - 1.41)	5.84.E-66	5.30.E-01
DGKB	7	14,898,282	rs17168486	T	C	0.99	0.99	1.05	(1.01 - 1.10)	1.45.E-02	1.07	(1.01 - 1.13)	1.81.E-02	1.06	(1.02 - 1.10)	7.40.E-04	6.67.E-01
GRB14	2	165,501,849	rs3923113	A	C	0.67	0.99	1.08	(1.00 - 1.16)	3.74.E-02	1.18	(1.06 - 1.31)	1.96.E-03	1.11	(1.05 - 1.18)	5.03.E-04	1.77.E-01
GRB14	2	165,528,876	rs13389219	C	T	1.00	0.99	1.11	(1.03 - 1.20)	4.88.E-03	1.19	(1.07 - 1.33)	1.13.E-03	1.14	(1.07 - 1.21)	2.98.E-05	2.97.E-01
BCL11A	2	60,568,745	rs243088	T	A	1.00	1.00	1.02	(0.98 - 1.07)	2.96.E-01	1.05	(0.99 - 1.11)	1.31.E-01	1.03	(1.00 - 1.07)	8.16.E-02	5.62.E-01

Chr: chromosome

Risk allele: risk allele in the present Japanese study.

non-risk allele: alternative allele in the present Japanese study.

 R^2 : r-square value for imputation accuracy

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-value: p-value for association with type 2 diabetes

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

All association data are adjusted for age, sex and loge-transformed BMI

This analysis includes participants whose clinical information for age, sex and BMI are complete (total n= 38,413)

male ; total Case n = 13,947, Control n = 15,634, Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 5,749, Control n = 3,302, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 3,823, Control n = 9,164

female ; total Case n = 7,806, Control n = 14,315, Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 3,303, Control n = 2,375, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 1,759, Control n = 8,938

* Morris, A.P. et al. Nat. Genet. 44, 981–990 (2012).

Supplementary Table 13. BMI-differentiated analysis for novel 7 SNP loci

					BMI < 25 Stage1+2 meta-analysis			BMI ≥ 25 Stage1+2 meta-analysis			BMI < 25, BMI ≥25 combined			
Nearby Gene	Chr	SNP	risk allele	non-risk allele	OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-hetero
<i>CCDC85A</i>	2	rs1116357	G	A	1.08	(1.04 - 1.12)	1.75.E-05	1.08	(1.02 - 1.14)	1.33.E-02	1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)	7.39.E-07	0.86
<i>FAM60A</i>	12	rs147538848	A	G	1.14	(1.09 - 1.19)	6.99.E-09	1.10	(1.03 - 1.18)	6.80.E-03	1.13	(1.09 - 1.17)	2.29.E-10	0.47
<i>DMRTA1</i>	9	rs1575972	T	A	1.26	(1.17 - 1.36)	1.48.E-09	1.11	(0.99 - 1.24)	7.47.E-02	1.21	(1.14 - 1.29)	1.55.E-09	0.07
<i>ASB3</i>	2	rs9309245	G	C	1.10	(1.05 - 1.15)	4.13.E-05	1.11	(1.04 - 1.19)	1.93.E-03	1.10	(1.06 - 1.14)	2.98.E-07	0.69
<i>ATP8B2</i>	1	rs67156297	A	G	1.15	(1.09 - 1.22)	1.94.E-06	1.15	(1.05 - 1.26)	3.81.E-03	1.15	(1.09 - 1.21)	2.46.E-08	0.96
<i>MIR4686</i>	11	rs7107784	G	A	1.16	(1.09 - 1.23)	2.38.E-06	1.12	(1.01 - 1.24)	2.70.E-02	1.15	(1.09 - 1.21)	2.29.E-07	0.56
<i>INAFM2</i>	15	rs67839313	C	T	1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)	8.48.E-08	1.04	(0.98 - 1.10)	2.30.E-01	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	2.02.E-07	0.07

Chr:chromosome

Risk allele: risk allele in the present Japanese study.

non-risk allele: alternative allele in the present Japanese study.

R² : r-square value for the imputation accuracy

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-value: p-value for association with type 2 diabetes

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

All association data are adjusted for age, sex and loge-transformed BMI

This analysis includes participants whose clinical information for age, sex and BMI are complete (total n= 50,768)

BMI < 25 ; total Case n = 14,366, Control n = 22,992, Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 6,105, Control n = 4,476, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 3,736, Control n = 14,342, Stage-2: Case n = 4,525, Control n = 4,174

BMI ≥ 25 ; total Case n = 7,370, Control n = 6,040, Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 2,947, Control n = 1,201, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 1,846, Control n = 3,760, Stage-2: Case n = 2,577, Control n = 1,079

Supplementary Table 14. Sex-differentiated analysis for novel 7 SNP loci

				male Stage1+2 meta-analysis			female Stage1+2 meta-analysis			male, female combined				
Nearby Gene	Chr	SNP	risk allele	non-risk allele	OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-hetero
<i>CCDC85A</i>	2	rs1116357	G	A	1.10	(1.06 - 1.14)	2.00.E-06	1.05	(0.997 - 1.10)	6.41.E-02	1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)	1.01.E-06	0.15
<i>FAM60A</i>	12	rs147538848	A	G	1.12	(1.07 - 1.18)	1.42.E-06	1.14	(1.08 - 1.21)	1.38.E-05	1.13	(1.09 - 1.17)	8.95.E-11	0.67
<i>DMRTA1</i>	9	rs1575972	T	A	1.19	(1.10 - 1.29)	1.19.E-05	1.21	(1.10 - 1.34)	1.88.E-04	1.20	(1.13 - 1.28)	8.49.E-09	0.84
<i>ASB3</i>	2	rs9309245	G	C	1.08	(1.03 - 1.13)	1.06.E-03	1.14	(1.07 - 1.21)	3.15.E-05	1.10	(1.06 - 1.14)	2.67.E-07	0.21
<i>ATP8B2</i>	1	rs67156297	A	G	1.19	(1.12 - 1.27)	3.98.E-08	1.08	(0.996 - 1.17)	6.13.E-02	1.15	(1.09 - 1.21)	4.13.E-08	0.06
<i>MIR4686</i>	11	rs7107784	G	A	1.11	(1.04 - 1.18)	2.29.E-03	1.21	(1.11 - 1.32)	9.65.E-06	1.14	(1.09 - 1.21)	3.21.E-07	0.10
<i>INAFM2</i>	15	rs67839313	C	T	1.10	(1.05 - 1.14)	8.41.E-06	1.07	(1.01 - 1.13)	1.43.E-02	1.09	(1.05 - 1.12)	5.33.E-07	0.42

Chr:chromosome

Risk allele: risk allele in the present Japanese study.

non-risk allele: alternative allele in the present Japanese study.

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-value: p-value for association with type 2 diabetes

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

All association data are adjusted for age, sex and loge-transformed BMI

This analysis includes participants whose clinical information for age, sex and BMI are complete (total n= 50,768)

male ; total Case n = 13,937, Control n = 14,956 Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 5,749, Control n = 3,302, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 3,823, Control n = 9,164, Stage-2 Case n = 4,365, Control n = 2,490

female ; total Case n = 7,799, Control n = 14,076 Stage-1, set-1: Case n = 3,303, Control n = 2,375, Stage-1, set-2: Case n = 1,759, Control n = 8,938, Stage-2 Case n = 2,737, Control n = 2,763

Supplementary Table15. Association of *ADCY5*, *PRC1* and *HNF1A* with type 2 diabetes in the Japanese populations

locus	Chr.	SNP	Allele		Study	Risk Allele Frequency		Association for type 2 diabetes			Meta analysis		
			Risk	Non-risk		Case	Control	R ²	OR	95%CI	p-value	p-for association	p-for hetero
<i>PRC1</i>	15	rs79548680	C	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.494	0.476	0.906	1.09	(1.04 - 1.14)	4.11.E-04	3.64E-08	0.83
					Stage-1, set-2	0.490	0.475	0.903	1.07	(1.02 - 1.11)	4.50.E-03		
					Stage-2	0.501	0.482		1.08	(1.03 - 1.13)	2.40.E-03		
					combined				1.08	(1.05 - 1.11)			
<i>ADCY5</i>	3	rs79223353	G	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.656	0.636	0.837	1.11	(1.05 - 1.16)	5.93.E-05	4.20E-08	0.47
					Stage-1, set-2	0.649	0.638	0.811	1.06	(1.01 - 1.11)	1.87.E-02		
					Stage-2	0.671	0.652		1.09	(1.03 - 1.15)	1.70.E-03		
					combined				1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)			
<i>HNF1A</i>	12	rs55783344	T	C	Stage-1, set-1	0.239	0.222	0.991	1.10	(1.04 - 1.16)	4.30.E-04	5.18E-06	0.49
					Stage-1, set-2	0.237	0.228	0.988	1.05	(1.00 - 1.10)	4.55.E-02		
					Stage-2	0.239	0.226		1.08	(1.02 - 1.14)	1.36.E-02		
					combined				1.07	(1.04 - 1.11)			

Chr:chromosome

Risk: risk allele in the present Japanese study.

non-risk: alternative allele in the present Japanese study.

R²: r-square value for the imputation accuracy

OR: odds ratio

95%CI: 95% confidence interval

P-for hetero: p-values of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

Supplementary Table 16. Conditional analysis for *IDE-HHEX* locus in the Japanese populations

SNP ID	Covariates	CHR	POS (Build37)	Risk	Non-risk	CASE	CTRL	R ²	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-het
						RAF	RAF					
rs78627331	-	10	94,812,254	C	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.042	0.030	0.89	1.43	(1.26 - 1.62)	2.10.E-08
						Stage-1, set-2	0.039	0.032	0.84	1.25	(1.11 - 1.42)	3.08.E-04
						Stage-2	0.043	0.032		1.33	(1.16 - 1.52)	3.19.E-05
						combined			1.33	(1.24 - 1.44)	1.65.E-14	0.34
rs78627331	rs1111875	10	94,812,254	C	A	Stage-1, set-1	0.042	0.030	0.89	1.33	(1.16 - 1.51)	1.69.E-05
						Stage-1, set-2	0.039	0.032	0.84	1.17	(1.03 - 1.32)	1.67.E-02
						Stage-2	0.043	0.032		1.21	(1.07 - 1.38)	1.33.E-03
						combined			1.24	(1.15 - 1.34)	1.49.E-08	0.37
SNP ID	Covariates	CHR	POS (Build37)	Risk	Non-risk	CASE	CTRL	R ²	OR	95%CI	P-value	P-het
						RAF	RAF					
rs34773007	-	10	94,658,207	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.052	0.039	0.99	1.36	(1.22 - 1.51)	1.59.E-08
						Stage-1, set-2	0.046	0.040	0.98	1.18	(1.07 - 1.31)	1.50.E-03
						Stage-2	0.049	0.037		1.35	(1.19 - 1.53)	3.89.E-06
						combined			1.28	(1.20 - 1.37)	1.72.E-14	0.13
rs34773007	rs1111875	10	94,658,207	A	G	Stage-1, set-1	0.052	0.039	0.99	1.28	(1.14 - 1.43)	1.60.E-05
						Stage-1, set-2	0.046	0.040	0.98	1.11	(1.00 - 1.23)	5.86.E-02
						Stage-2	0.049	0.037		1.28	(1.12 - 1.46)	2.23.E-04
						combined			1.21	(1.13 - 1.29)	2.20.E-08	0.13

RAF; risk allele frequency , R²; r-square value for imputaion accuracy, OR; odds ratio , 95%CI; 95% confidence interval

P-het; P-value of Cochran's Q-test for heterogeneity

Stage-1, set-1; 9,817 cases and 6,763 controls, imputed

Stage-1, set-2; 5,646 cases and 19,420 controls, imputed

Stage-2; 7,802 cases and 5,090 controls for rs78627331, 7,752 cases and 5,038 controls for rs34773007, *de novo* typed

Supplementary Table 17. Missense variant genes

T2D risk SNP		LD		gene	Missense variants
Lead SNP	population		r^2		
rs780094	European		0.906	<i>CEU</i>	<i>GCKR</i> Leu446Pro
rs10203174	European		1	<i>CEU</i>	<i>THADA</i> Thr1187Ala
rs1801282	European		1	<i>CEU</i>	<i>PPARG</i> Pro12Ala
rs4458523	European		0.881	<i>CEU</i>	<i>WFS1</i> Arg611His
rs35658696	European		1	<i>CEU</i>	<i>PAM</i> Asp563Gly
			1	<i>CEU</i>	<i>PPIP5K2</i> Ser1228Gly
rs115801775	Japanese		1	<i>JPT</i>	<i>CCHCR1</i> Arg155Gln
			0.817	<i>JPT</i>	<i>PSORS1C1</i> Pro133Leu
			0.95	<i>JPT</i>	<i>CDSN</i> Ser453Asn
			0.95	<i>JPT</i>	<i>C6orf15</i> Val5Met
rs3130501(rs115164593)	European		1	<i>CEU</i>	<i>TCF19</i> Met211Val
rs1535500	East Asian		1	<i>JPT</i>	<i>KCNK16</i> Ala277Glu, Pro254His
			1	<i>JPT</i>	<i>KCNK17</i> Ser21Gly
rs13266634	Japanese		1	<i>JPT</i>	<i>SLC30A8</i> Arg276Trp
rs28642252	Japanese		0.946	<i>JPT</i>	<i>GPSM1</i> Ser391Leu
rs5215	European		1	<i>CEU</i>	<i>KCNJ11</i> Val337Ile, Lys23Glu
			0.95	<i>CEU</i>	<i>ABCC8</i> Ala1369Ser
rs391300	Chinese		1	<i>CHB</i>	<i>SMG6</i> Ala972Thr
rs75418188	Japanese		1	<i>JPT</i>	<i>SLC16A11</i> Gly340Ser, Pro443Thr, Val113Ile
rs10401969	European		1	<i>CEU</i>	<i>TM6SF2</i> Glu167Lys

r^2 ; r -square value for Linkage Disequilibrium between T2D risk SNP and missense variants

Genes include missense variants, which were in linkage disequilibrium ($r^2 \geq 0.80$) to T2D risk lead SNPs, were listed.

Supplementary Table 18. A list of monogenic diabetes genes

1) pancreatic β-cell function		2) Insulin resistance	
gene	type	gene	type
<i>ABCC8</i>	PNDM	<i>AGPAT2</i>	CGL
<i>BLK</i>	MODY11	<i>AKT2</i>	FPL, insulin signalling defects
<i>CEL</i>	MODY8	<i>ALMS1</i>	Astrom synd
<i>CISD2</i>	Wolfram syndrome (w/o insipidus)	<i>BLM</i>	Bloom synd
<i>EIF2AK3</i>	PNDM	<i>BSCL2</i>	CGL
<i>GATA4</i>	pancreatic agenesis	<i>CAV1</i>	CGL
<i>GATA6</i>	pancreatic agenesis	<i>CIDEc</i>	FPL
<i>GCK</i>	MODY2, PNDM	<i>INSR</i>	Type A insulin resistance
<i>GLIS3</i>	PNDM	<i>LEP</i>	SEO
<i>HNF1A</i>	MODY3, PNDM	<i>LMNA</i>	FPL
<i>HNF1B</i>	MODY5, PNDM	<i>MC4R</i>	SEO
<i>HNF4A</i>	MODY1, PNDM	<i>PCNT</i>	MOPDII
<i>IER3IP1</i>	PNDM	<i>PLIN1</i>	FPL
<i>INS</i>	MODY10, PNDM, TNDM	<i>POMC</i>	SEO
<i>KCNJ11</i>	PNDM	<i>PPARG</i>	FPL, insulin signalling defects
<i>KLF11</i>	MODY7, PNDM	<i>PPP1R3A</i>	insulin signalling defects
<i>MNX1</i>	PNDM	<i>PTRF</i>	CGL
<i>NEUROD1</i>	MODY6, PNDM	<i>SH2B1</i>	SEO
<i>NGN3</i>	PNDM	<i>TBC1D4</i>	insulin signalling defects
<i>PAX4</i>	MODY9, PNDM	<i>WRN</i>	Werner synd
<i>PAX6</i>	PNDM	<i>ZMPSTE24</i>	FPL
<i>PDX1/IPF1</i>	MODY4, PNDM	<i>DMPK</i>	Myotonic dystrophy
<i>PTF1A</i>	pancreatic agenesis		
<i>RFX6</i>	PNDM		
<i>SLC19A2</i>	PNDM		
<i>SLC29A3</i>	autoantibody negative insulin dependet diabetes		
<i>SLC2A2</i>	PNDM(fanconi Bickel syndrome), TNDM		
<i>WFS1</i>	Wolfram syndrome		
<i>PLAGL1</i>	TNDM		
<i>ZFP57</i>	TNDM		

PNDM; Permanent neonatal diabetes mellitus

TNDM ; Transient neonatal diabetes mellitus

MODY; Maturity onset diabetes of the young

CGL; Generalized lipodystrophy

FPL ;Familial partial lipodystrophy

SEO;severe obesity

Eleven genes annotated as monogenic diabetes genes (see supplementary information) are indicated by bold letters

Supplementary Table 19. Overlap of T2D risk genes with mouse phenotypes

knockout mouse phenotype category	No. knockout mouse genes with human ortholog	No. overlap with T2D genes	P-value
liver/biliary system phenotype	1004	21	0.00022
homeostasis/metabolism phenotype	3475	52	0.00052
endocrine/exocrine gland phenotype	1480	27	0.00055
embryogenesis phenotype	1518	27	0.00091
mortality/aging	4023	57	0.0013
growth/size/body phenotype	3163	47	0.0013
renal/urinary system phenotype	1017	19	0.0030
cardiovascular system phenotype	2021	31	0.0069
digestive/alimentary phenotype	1155	19	0.017
adipose tissue phenotype	656	12	0.024
normal phenotype	1693	25	0.028
nervous system phenotype	2840	37	0.055
muscle phenotype	1234	18	0.075
integument phenotype	1522	21	0.10
taste/olfaction phenotype	125	3	0.11
behavior/neurological phenotype	2478	29	0.29
craniofacial phenotype	1010	13	0.30
vision/eye phenotype	1197	15	0.32
limbs/digits/tail phenotype	774	5	0.34
respiratory system phenotype	1158	14	0.41
pigmentation phenotype	362	5	0.43
tumorigenesis	805	10	0.44
cellular phenotype	2825	31	0.48
immune system phenotype	2667	28	0.68
other phenotype	274	3	0.84
hematopoietic system phenotype	2475	25	0.86
skeleton phenotype	1494	14	0.87
reproductive system phenotype	1581	15	0.90
hearing/vestibular/ear phenotype	529	5	0.94

Out of 286 T2D biological candidate genes, 169 mouse orthologs existed in the database. Overlap with 169 genes implicated in knockout mouse phenotypes (categorized in 29 phenotypes) was evaluated. Knockout mouse phenotypes that satisfied significant enrichment with T2D risk genes are indicated in bold (P for chi-square test < 0.05/29 = 0.0017)

Supplementary Table 20. Pubmed text-mining

<i>GENE</i>	GRAIL p-value
<i>GCK</i>	1.9.E-09
<i>GCKR</i>	4.4.E-08
<i>HNF1A</i>	8.2.E-08
<i>PAX4</i>	1.4.E-07
<i>HNF1B</i>	2.7.E-06
<i>HNF4A</i>	7.8.E-06
<i>GIPR</i>	1.6.E-05
<i>NOTCH1</i>	9.1.E-04
<i>NOTCH2</i>	1.3.E-03
<i>TLE1</i>	1.9.E-03
<i>ABCC8</i>	2.1.E-03
<i>CCNE2</i>	3.2.E-03
<i>TCF7L2</i>	5.1.E-03
<i>FAH</i>	7.6.E-03
<i>WFS1</i>	7.6.E-03
<i>HHEX</i>	1.2.E-02
<i>KCNJ11</i>	1.2.E-02
<i>CDK2AP1</i>	1.3.E-02
<i>SBNO1</i>	1.5.E-02
<i>CCND2</i>	1.5.E-02
<i>POU5F1</i>	1.6.E-02
<i>GLIS3</i>	2.2.E-02
<i>ARL15</i>	2.4.E-02
<i>LEP</i>	2.5.E-02
<i>PPARG</i>	3.2.E-02
<i>SYN2</i>	3.2.E-02
<i>THADA</i>	3.7.E-02
<i>PAM</i>	4.2.E-02
<i>HKDC1</i>	4.4.E-02
<i>FBXW7</i>	4.6.E-02

Keywords Describing Functional Connections

'diabetes', 'notch', 'glucose', 'cyclin', 'pancreatic', 'insulin', 'beta',
 'hepatocyte', 'mutations', 'leptin', 'type', 'repressor', 'pancreas',
 'laminin', 'mice', 'transcription', 'differentiation', 'development',

A list of genes prioritized by PubMed text mining using GRAIL with gene-based p < 0.05, to search for text similarity in PubMed abstracts (connectivity) across the 286 T2D risk genes

Supplementary Table 21. A list of direct interaction between T2D biological genes and drug target genes

biological T2D genes	drug target genes which interact with T2D genes
<i>ABCC8</i>	<i>KCNJ8</i>
<i>ABCC8</i>	<i>KCNJ11</i>
<i>GCK</i>	<i>None</i>
<i>KCNJ11</i>	<i>KCNJ8</i>
<i>KCNJ11</i>	<i>ABCC8</i>
<i>KIF11</i>	<i>AURKA</i>
<i>KIF11</i>	<i>IKBKE</i>
<i>PPARG</i>	<i>HDAC3</i>
<i>PPARG</i>	<i>HDAC4</i>
<i>PPARG</i>	<i>MAPK1</i>
<i>PPARG</i>	<i>MAPK8</i>
<i>PPARG</i>	<i>RXRA</i>
<i>PPARG</i>	<i>RXRG</i>
<i>NOTCH2</i>	<i>GSK3B</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>GSK3B</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>GSK3B</i>
<i>FBXW7</i>	<i>JUN</i>
<i>HHEX</i>	<i>JUN</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>JUN</i>
<i>NOTCH2</i>	<i>ADAM17</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>ADAM17</i>
<i>CCNE2</i>	<i>CDK2</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>CDK2</i>
<i>TCF7L2</i>	<i>CDK6</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>CDK6</i>
<i>SYN2</i>	<i>HSPA8</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>HSPA8</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>STAT3</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>STAT3</i>
<i>TP53INP1</i>	<i>TP53</i>
<i>HNF4A</i>	<i>TP53</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>ABL2</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>ALB</i>
<i>POU5F1</i>	<i>AR</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>CACNA1A</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>CALM1</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>CALM2</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>CALM3</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>CCND1</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>CDK4</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>CLU</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>CNTFR</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>CRP</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>CSF1</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>CSF2RA</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>CSF2RB</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>CSF3R</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>EPOR</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>ERBB3</i>
<i>HNF4A</i>	<i>ESR1</i>
<i>GCKR</i>	<i>GCK</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>GHR</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>HDAC9</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>HIF1A</i>

<i>LEP</i>	<i>IFNAR1</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IFNAR2</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IFNGR1</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IFNGR2</i>
<i>SSR1</i>	<i>IKBKE</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL11RA</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL2RA</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL2RB</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL2RG</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL3RA</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL4R</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL5RA</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL6R</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL6ST</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>IL7R</i>
<i>ANK1</i>	<i>ITPR3</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>KCNMA1</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>LCK</i>
<i>HNF4A</i>	<i>MAPK14</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>MPL</i>
<i>PPM1G</i>	<i>MTNR1B</i>
<i>FBXW7</i>	<i>MYC</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>NFKB1</i>
<i>FBXW7</i>	<i>NFKB2</i>
<i>TCF7L2</i>	<i>PARP1</i>
<i>SYN2</i>	<i>PDE1A</i>
<i>SYN2</i>	<i>PDE1B</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>PIK3CG</i>
<i>PAM</i>	<i>PRKCA</i>
<i>LEP</i>	<i>PRLR</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>PSMB1</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>PYGM</i>
<i>SSR1</i>	<i>SERPINA1</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>SMO</i>
<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>SRC</i>
<i>SYN2</i>	<i>SV2A</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>TGM2</i>
<i>CCND2</i>	<i>TNFRSF10B</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>WEE1</i>
<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>XIAP</i>

Red letters indicate drug targeted genes.

Supplementary Table 22 Target genes of approved T2D drug

<u>Anti-Diabetic agents category</u>	<u>Target genes</u>
insulin analog	<i>INSR</i>
human insulin	<i>INSR</i>
1st generation SU	<i>ABCC8, KCNJ1</i>
2nd generation SU	<i>ABCC8, KCNJ8</i>
3rd generation SU	<i>ABCC8, KCNJ1, KCNJ11</i>
rapid insulin secretagogue	<i>ABCC8</i>
Biguanide	<i>PRKAB1</i>
alpha-glucosidase inhibitor	<i>MGAM, AMY2A, SI, GAA</i>
Thiazolidines	<i>PPARG</i>
DPP-4 inhibitor	<i>DPP4</i>
GLP-1 analog	<i>GLP1R</i>
SGLT2 inhibitor	<i>SLC5A2</i>

Drug target genes manually extracted for genes with approved T2D drugs in Japan in June 2014 by searching DrugBank (<http://www.drugbank.ca/>)

Supplementary Table23. A list for biological T2D genes and their targeted drugs

Targeted genes		Targeted drugs*	Status*	Diseases*
GCK	activators	AMG 151	Phase II	Type 2 diabetes
		AZD1656	Phase II	Type 2 diabetes
		R7201	Phase II	Type 2 diabetes
		GK1-399	Phase I/II	Type 2 diabetes
		AZD6370	Phase I	Type 2 diabetes
		AZD5658	Phase I	Obesity, diabetes
		DS-7309	Phase I	Diabetes
		PSN-101	Phase I	Diabetes Mellitus Type 1 and 2
		TAK-329	Phase I	Diabetes/Type1 diabetes
	inhibitors	TPP355	Phase I	Type 2 diabetes
KIF11	activators	Beta-D-Glucose		
		Lonidamine		
GSK3B	inhibitors	N/A		
		Ispinesib	Phase II	Lung Cancer
		Ispinesib	Phase II	Head and Neck Cancer, Renal Cell Carcinoma, Ovarian Cancer, Solid Tumors
		Ispinesib	Phase I	Pediatric
		SB-743921	Phase I/II	Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma, Cancer/Tumors
		4SC-205	Phase I	Solid tumour and malignant lymphoma
		ARQ 621	Phase I	Hematological malignancies
		ARQ 621	Phase I	Late-stage solid tumors
		ARRY-520	Phase I	Cancer/Tumors
		BQS481	Phase I	Solid Tumors
JUN	activators	N/A		
		Enzastaurin	Phase III	Non Hodgkin Lymphoma
		Enzastaurin	Phase II	Glioblastoma Multiforme
		LY2090314	Phase II	AML APL
		Enzastaurin	Phase I	Brain and Central Nervous System Tumors
JUN	inhibitors	N/A		
		T-5224	Phase I	Rheumatoid Arthritis

* Status in Aug 2014 by searching Therapeutic Target Database (<http://bidd.nus.edu.sg/group/cjtt/>)

Supplementary Table 24. Clinical Characteristics of the present study

	Stage1, set-1		Stage1, set-2		Stage2	
	T2D	Control	T2D	Control	T2D	Control
n = 9,817	n = 6,763	n = 5,646	n = 19,420	n = 7,936	n = 5,539	
male (%)	63.5	58.2	68.5	50.6	61.0	47.1
age ^a	65.7 ± 10.0	61.1 ± 11.3	66.1 ± 9.7	64.2 ± 10.7	64.1 ± 11.1	54.9 ± 16.8
BMI ^a	23.8 ± 3.8	22.4 ± 3.6	23.9 ± 3.8	22.5 ± 3.40	24.1 ± 3.9	22.4 ± 3.6

^a Data are means ± S.D.

Supp Table 25. Direct comparison of effect sizes of novel and established T2D loci between Japanese and Europeans

Locus	Original GWAS	Lead SNPs	Alleles		Japanese** 14,463 cases and 26,183 controls			European*** 12,171 cases and 56,862 controls			Heterogeneity of the effect			
			Risk	non-risk	RAF	OR	95%CI	p-value	RAF	OR	95%CI	p-value	Direction	Cochran's Q p-value
<i>MIR129-LEP</i>	Japanese	rs4731420	C	G	0.09	1.16	(1.10 - 1.22)	7.90.E-08	0.17	0.99	(0.95 - 1.04)	7.60.E-01	+-	1.14.E-05
<i>TSPAN8/LGR5</i>	European	rs7955901	C	T	0.72	0.98	(0.95 - 1.01)	2.55.E-01	0.40	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	3.20.E-06	+-	2.40.E-05
<i>BCAR1</i>	European	rs7202877	T	G	0.79	0.99	(0.95 - 1.03)	5.68.E-01	0.90	1.15	(1.08 - 1.22)	2.30.E-05	+-	3.39.E-05
<i>CCDC85A</i>	Japanese novel	rs1116357	G	A	0.28	1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)	6.88.E-10	0.57	1.01	(0.98 - 1.05)	4.70.E-01	++	1.09.E-04
<i>ASB3</i>	Japanese novel	rs9309245	G	C	0.17	1.12	(1.08 - 1.17)	3.23.E-08	0.37	1.01	(0.98 - 1.05)	5.00.E-01	++	1.33.E-04
<i>MIR4686</i>	Japanese novel	rs7107784*	G	A	0.08	1.17	(1.10 - 1.24)	5.78.E-08	0.31	1.02	(0.97 - 1.07)	3.90.E-01	++	3.71.E-04
<i>HMGAA2</i>	European	rs2261181	T	C	0.12	1.03	(0.98 - 1.07)	2.26.E-01	0.10	1.16	(1.10 - 1.23)	1.00.E-07	++	8.73.E-04
<i>RBMS1</i>	European	rs7569522	A	G	0.38	0.99	(0.96 - 1.02)	5.14.E-01	0.50	1.07	(1.04 - 1.11)	2.50.E-05	+	9.06.E-04
<i>ATP8B2</i>	Japanese novel	rs67156297*	A	G	0.10	1.16	(1.10 - 1.23)	1.44.E-08	0.24	1.04	(0.99 - 1.08)	9.10.E-02	++	1.17.E-03
<i>SSR1-RREB1</i>	Trans ethnic	rs9505118	A	G	0.62	1.00	(0.97 - 1.03)	8.46.E-01	0.60	1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)	6.10.E-06	++	1.25.E-03
<i>KCNQ1 int15</i>	Japanese	rs2237896	G	A	0.60	1.33	(1.28 - 1.37)	2.81.E-70	0.94	1.14	(1.04 - 1.24)	3.70.E-03	++	1.54.E-03
<i>GCC1</i>	East Asian	rs6467136	G	A	0.80	1.07	(1.03 - 1.11)	1.90.E-04	0.52	0.99	(0.95 - 1.02)	5.30.E-01	+	2.04.E-03
<i>KLF14</i>	European	rs13233731	G	A	0.70	1.02	(0.99 - 1.06)	1.55.E-01	0.54	1.10	(1.06 - 1.13)	4.30.E-08	++	2.07.E-03
<i>INAFM2</i>	Japanese novel	rs67839313*	C	T	0.27	1.09	(1.06 - 1.13)	4.79.E-07	0.11	1.01	(0.97 - 1.06)	5.30.E-01	++	5.94.E-03
<i>MTNR1B</i>	European	rs10830963	G	C	0.44	1.03	(1.00 - 1.07)	8.22.E-02	0.26	1.11	(1.07 - 1.16)	7.30.E-07	++	6.25.E-03
<i>DGKB</i>	European	rs17168486	T	C	0.39	1.05	(1.02 - 1.08)	2.29.E-03	0.17	1.13	(1.08 - 1.18)	6.90.E-07	++	7.61.E-03
<i>CLIP2</i>	European	rs10401969	C	T	0.10	1.01	(0.96 - 1.06)	8.12.E-01	0.10	1.13	(1.05 - 1.21)	5.40.E-04	++	8.99.E-03
<i>ANK1</i>	Japanese	rs12549902	A	G	0.52	1.11	(1.08 - 1.15)	1.28.E-12	0.63	1.05	(1.02 - 1.09)	3.00.E-03	++	9.48.E-03
<i>KCNK16</i>	East Asian	rs1535500*	T	G	0.37	1.07	(1.04 - 1.10)	1.68.E-05	0.49	1.01	(0.98 - 1.05)	4.70.E-01	++	1.37.E-02
<i>ZBED3</i>	European	rs6878122	G	A	0.02	0.98	(0.88 - 1.09)	6.80.E-01	0.30	1.13	(1.07 - 1.18)	1.20.E-06	+	1.76.E-02
<i>RASGRP1</i>	Chinese	rs7403531	T	C	0.47	0.96	(0.93 - 0.99)	1.36.E-02	0.28	1.02	(0.98 - 1.06)	3.60.E-01	+	2.26.E-02
<i>ZFAND3</i>	East Asian	rs9470794	C	T	0.22	1.08	(1.04 - 1.12)	8.11.E-05	0.12	0.99	(0.93 - 1.05)	8.00.E-01	+	2.30.E-02
<i>ZFAND6</i>	European	rs11634397	G	A	0.09	1.02	(0.97 - 1.07)	5.05.E-01	0.66	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	1.00.E-05	++	2.48.E-02
<i>BCL11A</i>	European	rs243088	T	A	0.67	1.03	(1.00 - 1.07)	4.33.E-02	0.50	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	1.00.E-05	++	3.55.E-02
<i>ANKRD55</i>	European	rs459193	G	A	0.52	1.11	(1.07 - 1.14)	1.04.E-10	0.74	1.05	(1.01 - 1.09)	2.10.E-02	++	3.79.E-02
<i>LAMA-1</i>	European	rs8090011	G	C	0.71	1.02	(0.98 - 1.05)	3.04.E-01	0.39	1.07	(1.03 - 1.11)	1.20.E-03	++	5.30.E-02
<i>ADAMTS9</i>	European	rs6795735	C	T	0.18	1.02	(0.98 - 1.06)	3.40.E-01	0.52	1.07	(1.03 - 1.10)	2.30.E-04	++	7.42.E-02
<i>DUSP8</i>	European	rs2334499	T	C	0.80	1.02	(0.98 - 1.06)	2.70.E-01	0.46	1.07	(1.03 - 1.11)	7.30.E-04	++	8.37.E-02
<i>GRB14</i>	South Asian	rs3923113	A	C	0.91	1.10	(1.04 - 1.17)	7.59.E-04	0.59	1.04	(1.00 - 1.08)	3.10.E-02	++	9.50.E-02
<i>PROX1</i>	European	rs2075423	G	T	0.87	1.03	(0.98 - 1.08)	2.40.E-01	0.66	1.08	(1.04 - 1.12)	6.70.E-05	++	9.85.E-02
<i>IGF2BP2</i>	European	rs4402960	T	G	0.70	1.18	(1.14 - 1.21)	1.56.E-22	0.69	1.13	(1.09 - 1.17)	2.70.E-11	++	1.03.E-01
<i>UBE2E2</i>	Japanese	rs7612463	C	A	0.86	1.16	(1.12 - 1.21)	4.30.E-13	0.87	1.10	(1.04 - 1.16)	9.80.E-04	++	1.09.E-01
<i>SLC30A8</i>	European	rs3802177	G	A	0.56	1.11	(1.08 - 1.14)	6.96.E-11	0.76	1.16	(1.11 - 1.22)	2.10.E-11	++	1.21.E-01
<i>GCK</i>	European	rs10278336	A	G	0.62	1.01	(0.98 - 1.04)	5.25.E-01	0.57	1.05	(1.01 - 1.09)	2.00.E-02	++	1.35.E-01
<i>PEPD</i>	East Asian	rs3786897	A	G	0.54	1.06	(1.03 - 1.09)	2.48.E-04	0.61	1.02	(0.98 - 1.06)	3.10.E-01	++	1.42.E-01
<i>MPHOSPH9</i>	Trans ethnic	rs4275659	C	T	0.66	1.02	(0.99 - 1.06)	1.44.E-01	0.68	1.06	(1.03 - 1.10)	8.80.E-04	++	1.50.E-01
<i>PRC1</i>	European	rs12899811	G	A	0.99	0.98	(0.86 - 1.13)	7.98.E-01	0.27	1.09	(1.04 - 1.13)	3.30.E-05	+	1.54.E-01
<i>TMEM154</i>	Trans ethnic	rs6813195	C	T	0.52	1.04	(1.01 - 1.08)	7.99.E-03	0.70	1.08	(1.04 - 1.12)	6.10.E-05	++	1.55.E-01
<i>KCNJ11</i>	European	rs5215	C	T	0.33	1.05	(1.01 - 1.08)	4.56.E-03	0.38	1.08	(1.05 - 1.12)	4.40.E-06	++	1.64.E-01
<i>TP53INP1</i>	European	rs7845219	T	C	0.31	1.04	(1.01 - 1.08)	1.70.E-02	0.45	1.08	(1.04 - 1.12)	1.40.E-05	++	1.64.E-01
<i>ARAP1 (CENTD2)</i>	European	rs1552224	A	C	0.96	1.21	(1.11 - 1.31)	5.12.E-06	0.88	1.13	(1.08 - 1.19)	4.90.E-07	++	1.76.E-01
	European	rs780094	C	T	0.42	1.07	(1.04 - 1.11)	2.15.E-06	0.59	1.04	(1.00 - 1.08)	2.50.E-02	++	1.87.E-01
<i>FSCN3-PAX4</i>	Chinese	rs10229583	G	A	0.87	1.10	(1.05 - 1.16)	7.72.E-05	0.75	1.06	(1.02 - 1.10)	2.90.E-03	++	2.20.E-01
<i></i>														

Supplementary Table26.12 loci categorised as Group 2 or 3 in systematic comparison of the effect sizes between Japanese and Europeans

original study (population)	Lead SNPs <i>Locus</i>	Japanese #					Cochran's Q	SNPs in LD	r^2 (JPT)		Japanese #					Cochran's Q	Group**							
		European ##							r^2 (CEU)		European ##													
		RAF	OR	95%CI	p-value	p-value [§]			RAF	OR	95%CI	p-value	p-value [§]											
European	rs7955901	0.72	0.98	(0.95 - 1.01)	2.55.E-01	2.40.E-05		rs7132840	0.27	0.89	1.03 (0.99 - 1.08)	1.77.E-01	1.13.E-01			2								
	<i>TSPAN8/LGR5</i>	0.40	1.09	(1.05 - 1.13)	3.20.E-06				0.83	0.44	1.08 (1.05 - 1.12)	1.30.E-05												
	rs7202877	0.79	0.99	(0.95 - 1.03)	5.68.E-01	3.39.E-05		rs13337397	0.24	0.64	1.02	0.99	1.05	2.57.E-01	2.19.E-03		2							
	<i>BCAR1</i>	0.90	1.15	(1.08 - 1.22)	2.30.E-05				0.94	0.91	1.15	1.07	1.23	7.60.E-05										
	rs10203174	0.99	N/A					No																
	<i>THADA</i>	0.88	1.15	(1.08 - 1.21)	1.50.E-06																			
	rs11717195	1.00	N/A					rs11707746	N/A	0.95	1.05 (0.98 - 1.13)	1.56.E-01	2.98.E-01		2									
	<i>ADCY5</i>	0.78	1.09	(1.05 - 1.14)	9.70.E-06				0.84	0.76	* 1.10 (1.06 - 1.15)	4.30.E-06												
	rs849135	1.00	N/A					rs849134	N/A	0.81	1.04 (1.003 - 1.08)	3.27.E-02	5.87.E-03											
	<i>JAZF1</i>	0.51	1.12	(1.08 - 1.16)	3.40.E-10				1.00	0.51	1.12 (1.08 - 1.16)	3.20.E-10												
	rs12427353	1.00	N/A					No																
	<i>HNF1A (TCF1)</i>	0.84	1.12	(1.07 - 1.17)	1.00.E-06																			
Japanese	rs4731420	0.09	1.16	(1.10 - 1.22)	7.90.E-08	1.14.E-05		rs791597	1.00	0.09	1.16 (1.10 - 1.22)	1.23.E-07	2.60.E-04		3									
	<i>MIR129-LEP</i>	0.17	0.99	(0.95 - 1.04)	7.60.E-01				0.71	0.23	* 1.01 (0.96 - 1.06)	6.90.E-01												
	rs1116357	0.28	1.11	(1.07 - 1.15)	6.88.E-10	1.09.E-04		No																
	<i>CCDC85A</i>	0.57	1.01	(0.98 - 1.05)	4.70.E-01																			
	rs9309245	0.17	1.12	(1.08 - 1.17)	3.23.E-08	1.33.E-04		rs2113821	0.80	0.17	1.12 (1.07 - 1.17)	2.61.E-07	3.98.E-02		2									
	<i>ASB3</i>	0.37	*	1.01 (0.98 - 1.05)	5.00.E-01				0.17	0.09	1.03 (0.96 - 1.10)	4.50.E-01												
	rs7107784	0.08	1.17	(1.10 - 1.24)	5.78.E-08	3.71.E-04		rs11564705	0.93	0.07	1.16 (1.09 - 1.22)	2.92.E-07	1.80.E-02											
	<i>MIR4686</i>	0.31	*	1.02 (0.97 - 1.07)	3.90.E-01				0.76	0.26	1.05 (0.99 - 1.11)	7.90.E-02												
	rs75418188 ^{**}	0.07	1.20	(1.13 - 1.27)	7.89.E-11			rs35489850	1.00	0.07	1.20 (1.13 - 1.27)	2.68.E-10	3.91.E-08		3									
	<i>SLC16A13</i>	0.005	N/A						N/A	0.21	* 0.98 (0.94 - 1.03)	4.80.E-01												
	rs147538848	0.23	1.11	(1.07 - 1.16)	1.88.E-07			No																
	<i>FAM60A</i>	0.00	N/A																					

RAF; risk allele frequency (1000 genomes project phase 3 JPT, CEU) , OR; odds ratio , 95%CI; 95% confidence interval

*Best proxy SNPs used in European populations

rs11707746-C; rs11708067-G ($r^2 = 0.891$, CEU)

rs791597-A;rs791595-A ($r^2 = 0.705$, CEU)

rs35489850-C; rs8078000-A ($r^2 = 0.91$, CEU)

rs67156297-A; rs12025518-C ($r^2 = 1$, CEU)

rs7107784-G; rs7111341-T ($r^2 = 0.84$, CEU)

** see Supplementary Figure8

Stage-1 sample in the present Japanese study ; 14,463 cases and 26, 183 controls

Publicly available GWAS data (DIAGRAM3) ; 12,171 cases and 56,862 controls

§ significant P < 0.0071 =0.05/7

**rs312457($r^2 = 0.82$, JPT, $r^2 = 0.96$, MXL) in *SLC16A13* is also present in Mexican and associated to T2D (P=8.85 x 10e-11), The SIGMA Type 2 Diabetes Consortium Nature 506 2014.

Supplementary Table 27. Systematic evaluation for effect sizes and LD in 7 novel loci

SNP	Heterogeneity *			SNPs in LD			Group #
				**	***	r^2	
rs1116357	East Asian	1.21.E-02	No	No	No	No	1
	European	2.56.E-04	Yes				3
	South Asian	1.80.E-03	Yes				3
	Mexican	3.30.E-03	Yes				3
rs147538848	East Asian	7.38.E-01	No	No	No	No	1
	European	N/A	N/A				3
	South Asian	4.49.E-01	No				1
	Mexican	5.39.E-01	No				1
rs1575972	East Asian	4.21.E-01	No				1
	European	2.85.E-01	No				1
	South Asian	3.24.E-01	No				1
	Mexican	9.01.E-02	No				1
rs9309245	East Asian	4.82.E-02	No	rs2113821	0.802 (JPT) 0.168 (CEU)	N/A	1
	European	2.51.E-04	Yes				2##
	South Asian	9.03.E-05	Yes				N/A
	Mexican	5.28.E-04	Yes				N/A
rs67156297	East Asian	5.59.E-02	No				1
	European	2.88.E-03	Yes				3
	South Asian	1.14.E-05	Yes				3
	Mexican	3.18.E-01	No				1
rs7107784	East Asian	1.40.E-02	No	rs11564705	0.933 (JPT) 0.761 (CEU)	N/A	1
	European	5.79.E-04	Yes				2##
	South Asian	1.85.E-01	No				1
	Mexican	9.92.E-01	No				1
rs67839313	East Asian	8.33.E-01	No				1
	European	1.43.E-02	No				1
	South Asian	5.37.E-02	No				1
	Mexican	5.02.E-01	No				1

* Heterogeneity of the effect size between Japanese (Stage-1+Stage-2) and each populations (replication set in the present study) significant P < 0.0071 = 0.05/7

** SNPs in LD ($r^2 \geq 0.8$) in Japanese whereas not in LD ($r^2 < 0.8$) or in the other population(s)

*** SNPs in LD ($r^2 \geq 0.8$) in Japanese and not monoallelic in European

please note supplementary Figure 8 for the definition

please note supplementary Table 30

Supplementary Notes

The SIGMA (Slim Initiative in Genomic Medicine for the Americas) Type 2 Diabetes Genetics Consortium

Amy L. Williams^{1,2}, Suzanne B. R. Jacobs¹, Hortensia Moreno-Macías³, Alicia Huerta-Chagoya^{4,5}, Claire Churchouse¹, Carla Márquez-Luna⁶, Humberto García-Ortíz⁶, María José Gómez-Vázquez⁷, Stephan Ripke^{1,8}, Alisa K. Manning¹, Benjamin Neale^{1,8}, David Reich^{1,2}, Daniel O. Stram⁹, Juan Carlos Fernández-López⁶, Sandra Romero-Hidalgo⁶, Nick Patterson¹, Suzanne B. R. Jacobs¹, Claire Churchhouse¹, Shuba Gopal¹⁰, James A. Grammatikos¹⁰, Ian C. Smith¹¹, Kevin H. Bullock¹⁰, Amy A. Deik¹⁰, Amanda L. Souza¹⁰, Kerry A. Pierce¹⁰, Clary B. Clish¹⁰, Irma Aguilar-Delfín⁶, Angélica Martínez-Hernández⁶, Federico Centeno-Cruz⁶, Elvia Mendoza-Caamal⁶, Cristina Revilla-Monsalve¹², Sergio Islas-Andrade¹², Emilio Córdova⁶, Eunice Rodríguez-Arellano¹³, Xavier Soberón⁶, María Elena González-Villalpando²², Brian E. Henderson⁹, Kristine Monroe⁹, Lynne Wilkens¹⁴, Laurence N. Kolonel¹⁴, and Loic Le Marchand¹⁴, Laura Riba⁵, María Luisa Ordóñez-Sánchez⁴, Rosario Rodríguez-Guillén⁴, Ivette Cruz-Bautista⁴, Maribel Rodríguez-Torres⁴, Linda Liliana Muñoz-Hernández⁴, Tamara Sáenz⁴, Donají Gómez⁴, Ulises Alvirde⁴, Robert C. Onofrio¹⁵, Wendy M. Brodeur¹⁵, Diane Gage¹⁵, Jacquelyn Murphy¹, Jennifer Franklin¹⁵, Scott Mahan¹⁵, Kristin Ardlie¹⁵, Andrew T. Crenshaw¹⁵, Wendy Winckler¹⁵,

Maria L. Cortes¹⁶, Noël P. Burtt¹, Carlos A. Aguilar-Salinas⁴, Clicerio González-Villalpando²², Jose C. Florez^{1,17,18}, Lorena Orozco⁶, Christopher A. Haiman⁹, Teresa Tusié-Luna^{4,5}, David Altshuler^{1,2,17,18,19,20,21}

1 Program in Medical and Population Genetics, Broad Institute of Harvard and MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA

2 Department of Genetics, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts, USA

3 Universidad Autónoma Metropolitana, Mexico City, Mexico

4 Instituto Nacional de Ciencias Médicas y Nutrición Salvador Zubirán, Mexico City, Mexico

5 Instituto de Investigaciones Biomédicas, UNAM. Unidad de Biología Molecular y Medicina Genómica, UNAM/INCMNSZ, Mexico City, Mexico

6 Instituto Nacional de Medicina Genómica, Mexico City, Mexico

7 Universidad Autónoma de Nuevo León, San Nicolás de los Garza, Nuevo León 66451, México

8 Analytic and Translational Genetics Unit, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, MA, USA 16 Instituto Mexicano del Seguro Social SXXI, Mexico City, Mexico

9 Department of Preventive Medicine, Keck School of Medicine, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, California,, USA

10 The Metabolite Profiling Platform, The Broad Institute of Harvard and MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA

11 Cancer Biology Program, The Broad Institute of Harvard and MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA 24 University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA 25 University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, California, USA 26 Duke-National University of Singapore Graduate Medical School, Singapore, Singapore

12 Instituto Mexicano del Seguro Social SXXI, Mexico City, Mexico

13 Instituto de Seguridad y Servicios Sociales para los Trabajadores del Estado, Mexico City, Mexico

- 14 Epidemiology Program, University of Hawaii Cancer Center, Honolulu, Hawaii, USA
- 15 The Genomics Platform, The Broad Institute of Harvard and MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA
- 16 Broad Institute of Harvard and MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA
- 17 Center for Human Genetic Research and Diabetes Research Center (Diabetes Unit), Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts, USA
- 18 Department of Medicine, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts, USA
- 19 Center for Human Genetic Research, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts, USA
- 20 Department of Molecular Biology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts, USA
- 21 Department of Biology, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA
- 22 Centro de Estudios en Diabetes, Unidad de Investigacion en Diabetes y Riesgo Cardiovascular, Centro de Investigacion en Salud Poblacional, Instituto Nacional de Salud Publica, Mexico City, Mexico

Comparison of effect sizes of T2D SNP loci between Japanese and each of other populations

We have compared the effect sizes in our Japanese GWAS data (14,463 cases and 26,183 controls) and Europeans (DIAGRAM3 12,171 cases and 56,862 controls <http://diagram-consortium.org/downloads.html>) across novel and established T2D lead SNPs in the original reports or their proxies (Supplementary Table 25, Supplementary Figure 7). Out of 90 loci, we successfully obtained the association data of 80 lead SNPs in both populations. Of 80 SNPs examined, 6 SNP loci showed significant heterogeneity (significant p-value = $0.05/80 = 6 \times 10^{-4}$) of the effect between Japanese and Europeans (Supplementary Table 25). Overall there was no systematic difference in effect sizes between Japanese (J) and Europeans (E); effect sizes; J > E 35 SNPs, J < E 45 SNPs, binomial test, $p = 0.31$, although, as expected, the effect sizes of Japanese GWAS derived loci were greater in the Japanese (binomial test, $p = 5.0 \times 10^{-4}$) and vice versa (binomial test, $p = 2.9 \times 10^{-3}$, Supplementary Figure 7).

Next, we categorized 60 loci (14 Japanese GWAS and 46 out of 47 European GWAS derived loci; the association data for rs35658696 in *PAM* locus was not available in either Japanese GWAS data or DIAGRAM3 data) into 3 groups based on

heterogeneity of the effect sizes for the original lead SNPs or their proxies between the populations and on LD in each population as shown in Supplementary Figure 8.

Group1: There is no significant heterogeneity of the effect size of the lead SNP between Japanese and European (significant p-value = $0.05/60 = 8 \times 10^{-4}$), suggesting

it is likely that the causal SNPs are in LD in both of populations or the lead SNP is

the causal SNP, Group2: the significant heterogeneity of the effect sizes is observed

on lead SNPs, but not on SNPs which are in LD ($r^2 \geq 0.8$) with lead SNPs in the

population of original study and not in LD ($r^2 < 0.8$) in the other population; the causal

allele is likely to be in LD with the lead SNP in population-specific manner, Group3:

The significant heterogeneity of the effect size of lead SNP between Japanese and

European is observed. In addition, there is no SNP in LD ($r^2 \geq 0.8$) with lead SNPs in

the population of original study and not in LD ($r^2 < 0.8$) in the other population; the

effect of causal allele might be restricted to certain populations.

Of 60 loci, the lead SNPs of four European and two Japanese GWAS derived loci

were not common ($\text{RAF} < 0.01$) in Japanese or European respectively. Then we

searched variants not only in LD ($r^2 \geq 0.8$) with lead SNPs in the population of original

studies but also common ($\text{RAF} \geq 0.01$) in both of Japanese and Europeans to

categorize them into either Group 2 or 3 (Supplementary Figure 8).

As shown in Supplementary Table 25, 26 and Supplementary Figure 8, 49 loci were categorized as Group1 and another 6 loci were categorized as Group3. Remaining 6 loci were categorized as Group 2, suggesting the causal allele of these loci are likely to be in LD with this SNP in population specific manner, however we could not identify potential causal SNPs in these loci which association for T2D were statistically significant in both of Japanese and Europeans (significant p-value = $0.05/60 = 8 \times 10^{-4}$)

We also evaluated the heterogeneity of the effect for seven novel loci identified in the present study between Japanese and each of East Asians, Europeans, South Asians and Mexicans (Supplementary Table 27).

Method for drug discovery

Prioritization of biological candidate genes from T2D susceptibility loci

We defined 286 T2D risk genes within the 90 known T2D susceptibility loci, which included SNPs with moderate linkage disequilibrium to the lead SNPs ($r^2 > 0.5$), according to data from 1000 genomes in European populations (1000 genomes CEU phase 2), in the Japanese population (1000 genomes JPT phase 2), in the population of original studies, or that were located within 25 kb of lead SNPs. Biological candidate genes were defined from the 286 T2D risk genes by adopting the following 6 selection criteria and calculating the number of satisfied criteria, as previously described¹.

1) Missense variant genes (Supplementary Table 17)

If the genes included missense variants, which were in linkage disequilibrium ($r^2 \geq 0.80$) to T2D risk lead SNPs in European, Japanese or population of original studies, they were annotated as missense variant genes.

2) eQTL genes (Supplementary Data 3)

We assessed cis-eQTL effects using 3 eQTL data sets: the study for lymphoblastoid cell lines (LCLs), adipose tissue obtained from 856 European subjects² (<https://www.sanger.ac.uk/resources/software/genevar/>), and liver tissues obtained from 427 European subjects(<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/gap/eql/index.cgi>)³.

If data for the T2D risk lead SNPs were not available in eQTL data sets, we alternatively utilized the results of proxy SNPs in linkage disequilibrium ($r^2 \geq 0.80$) with the highest r^2 value. The significance threshold was defined as $p < 0.05$. For liver e-QTL, we searched for 3,694 eQTL SNPs with $p < 0.004$, because information of SNPs with p values ≥ 0.004 were not available in the NCBI eQTL database (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/gap/eqtl/index.cgi>).

If gene expression was associated with the T2D risk lead SNPs or their proxy in European, Japanese or population of original studies, they were annotated as eQTL genes.

3) Monogenic diabetes genes (Supplementary Table 18)

We identified monogenic diabetes genes by querying PubMed using “monogenic diabetes” and “review” and selected the latest 6 articles that summarized monogenic diabetes⁴⁻⁹. If genes were shown to be causal for monogenic diabetes, they were annotated as monogenic diabetes genes.

4) Mouse phenotype genes (Supplementary Table 19, Supplementary Data 2)

We acquired knockout mouse phenotype and gene information from the Mouse Genome Informatics (MGI) database 16 on 11 August, 2014 (<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>)¹⁰. Of 286 T2D candidate genes, 169 mouse orthologs existed in the database. Overlap with the 169 genes implicated in knockout mouse phenotypes was evaluated. Among the 29

categories of phenotypes, we observed 6 categories that were significantly enriched with T2D risk genes ($p < 0.05/29 = 0.0017$, Supplementary Table 19). These included homeostasis/metabolism, liver/biliary system, endocrine/exocrine gland, growth/size/body, mortality/aging, and embryogenesis phenotypes. We defined genes for which at least 3 of the associated phenotype labels ($p < 9.2 \times 10^{-5}$) were observed in knockout mouse phenotypes as mouse phenotype genes.

5) PubMed text mining genes (Supplementary Table 20)

We used GRAIL (<https://www.broadinstitute.org/mpg/grail/>)¹¹ to search for text similarity in PubMed abstracts (connectivity) across the 286 T2D risk genes. To reduce confounding cause by already published T2D GWA analyses, we queried only abstracts that were published prior to December 2006. We entered the 90 T2D regions defined in the previous section (± 25 kb or $r^2 > 0.50$) as query regions, and these were set equal to seed regions. Then, genes that were prioritized by PubMed text mining using GRAIL with gene-based $p < 0.05$ were annotated as PubMed text mining genes.

6) Protein-protein interaction (PPI) network genes (Supplementary Figure 4)

We used DAPPLE (<http://www.broadinstitute.org/mpg/dapple/dappleTMP.php>)¹² to identify genes prioritized by PPI network. We entered 90 T2D regions defined in the previous section (± 25 kb or $r^2 > 0.50$) as inputs and defined the cutoff number for Common

Interactor binding degree as 2. We defined the genes with corrected $p < 0.05$ as PPI network genes.

Definition of biological T2D risk genes

Genes included in the T2D risk loci were scored by adopting the 6 selection criteria and calculating the number of the satisfied criteria (Supplementary Data 4). Since these criteria exhibited weak correlations with each other ($r^2 < 0.31$, Supplementary Figure 5), each gene was given a score based on the number of criteria that were met (scores ranged from 0 to 6). Genes with a score of at least 2 were defined as biological T2D risk genes (Figure 3, Supplementary Figure 5).

Drug target gene enrichment analysis

We obtained a list of 871 drug target genes from the previous report by Okada et al¹. Drug target genes were manually extracted for genes with approved T2D drugs in Japan in June 2014 by searching DrugBank (<http://www.drugbank.ca/>)¹³ or Therapeutic Target Database (<http://bidd.nus.edu.sg/group/cjttb/>)¹⁴ (Supplementary Table 22). We also extracted genes in direct PPI with the biological T2D risk genes described above using the InWeb database (<http://www.broadinstitute.org/mpg/dapple/dappleTMP.php>)¹². An

overlap between the biological T2D risk genes or genes in direct PPI with the biological T2D risk genes and the drug target genes was assessed using a permutation procedure, as previously described in Okada et al¹(Supplementary Figure 6).

Supplementary References

1. Okada, Y. *et al.* Genetics of rheumatoid arthritis contributes to biology and drug discovery. *Nature* **20**, 376-381 (2014).
2. Grundberg, E. *et al.* Mapping cis- and trans-regulatory effects across multiple tissues in twins. *Nat. Genet.* **44**, 1084–1089 (2012)
3. Schadt, E.E.*et al.* Mapping the genetic architecture of gene expression in human liver. *PLoS Biol.* **6**, e107. (2008)
4. Schwitzgebel, V.M. Many faces of monogenic diabetes. *J Diabetes Investig.* **5**, 121-133. (2014)
5. Bonnefond, A. *et al.* Highly sensitive diagnosis of 43 monogenic forms of diabetes or obesity through one-step PCR-based enrichment in combination with next-generation sequencing. *Diabetes Care.* **37**, 460-467.(2014)
6. Rubio-Cabezas, O *et al.* Diabetes mellitus in neonates and infants: genetic heterogeneity, clinical approach to diagnosis, and therapeutic options. *Horm. Res. Paediatr.* **80**, 137-146. (2013)
7. Parker, V.E. *et al.* Genetics in endocrinology: genetic forms of severe insulin resistance: what endocrinologists should know. *Eur J Endocrinol.* **169**, R71-80. (2013)

8. Klupa, T. *et al.* Monogenic models: what have the single gene disorders taught us? *Curr Diab Rep.* **12**, 659-666. (2012)
9. Semple, R.K. *et al.* Genetic syndromes of severe insulin resistance. *Endocr Rev.* **32**, 498-514. (2011)
10. Eppig, J.T. *et al.* The Mouse Genome Database (MGD): comprehensive resource for genetics and genomics of the laboratory mouse. *Nucleic Acids Res* **40**, D881-886 (2012)
11. Raychaudhuri, S. *et al.* Identifying relationships among genomic disease regions: predicting genes at pathogenic SNP associations and rare deletions. *PLoS Genet* **5**, e1000534 (2009)
12. Rossin, E.J. *et al.* Proteins encoded in genomic regions associated with immune-mediated disease physically interact and suggest underlying biology. *PLoS Genet* **7**, e1001273 (2011)
13. Wishart, D.S. *et al.* DrugBank: a comprehensive resource for in silico drug discovery and exploration. *Nucleic Acids Res.* **34**:D668-672. (2006)
14. Zhu, F. *et al.* Therapeutic target database update 2012: a resource for facilitating target-oriented drug discovery. *Nucleic Acids Res.* **40**: D1128-1136. (2012)