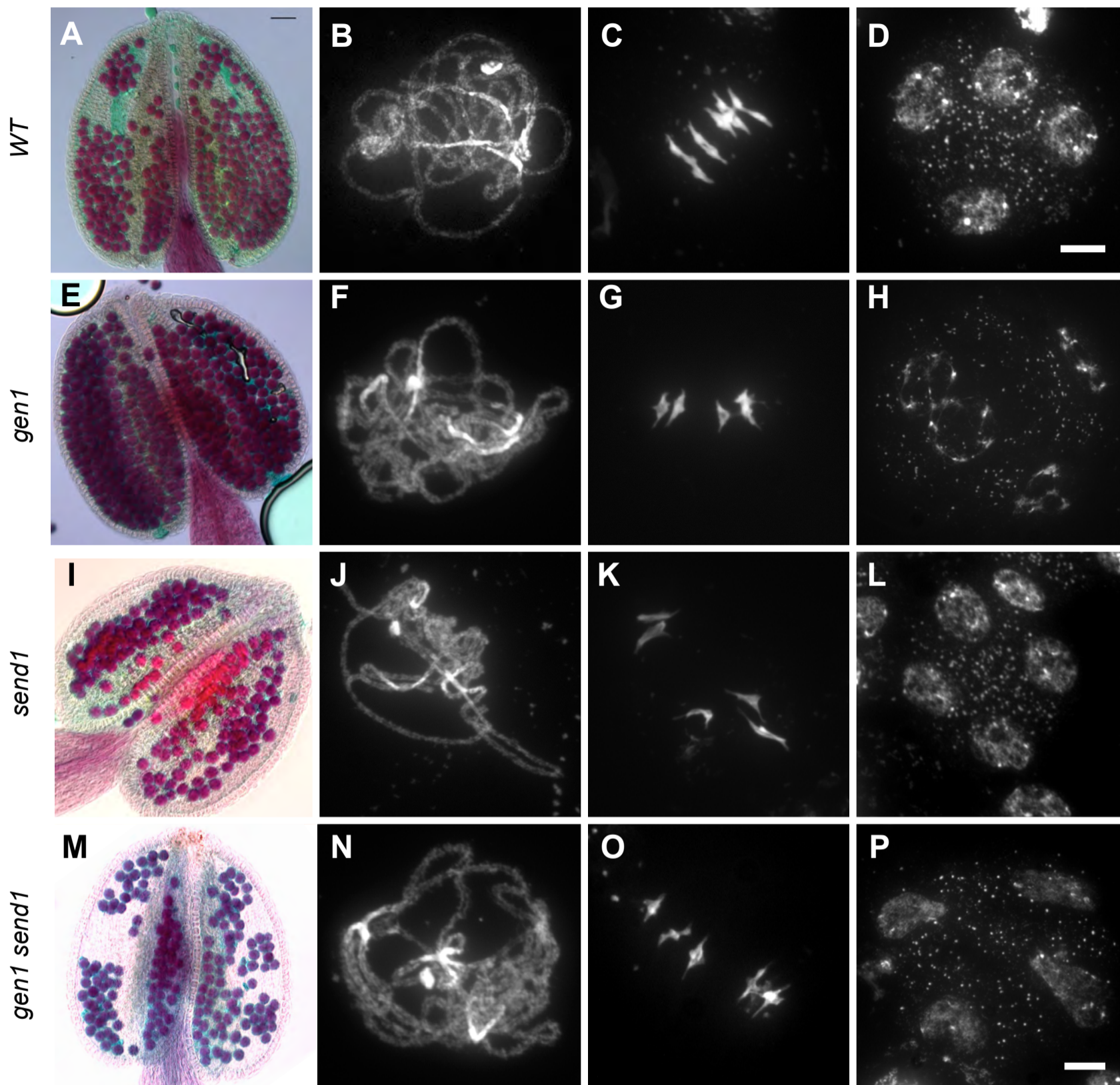


Supplemental Figure 2. Sensitivity of *gen1*, *send1* and *gen1 send1* to DNA damage.

(A) Sensitivities to MMC and gamma-rays. Positive controls are the dominant-negative RAD51-GFP and *ku80 xpf xrcc1* knockout plants. Sensitivities were analysed by counting leaves of two-week old seedlings and scoring those with >3 true leaves as resistant. Data is from scoring 100 plants in each case with 3 replicates of each except for WT+MMC and *send1* +10 Gy gamma-rays (2 replicates each). *RAD51-GFP* and *ku80 xpf xrcc1* controls are from single experiments. HU-treated and UV-treated. Root growth of untreated (B), UV-irradiated (C) and HU treated (D, E) plants. *xpf* and *atr* mutant plants were included as positive controls for sensitivity to UV and HU respectively (B, C, D). Individual plant measurements showing means +SEM from >18 plants in each case (points on graphs are individual plant measurements).

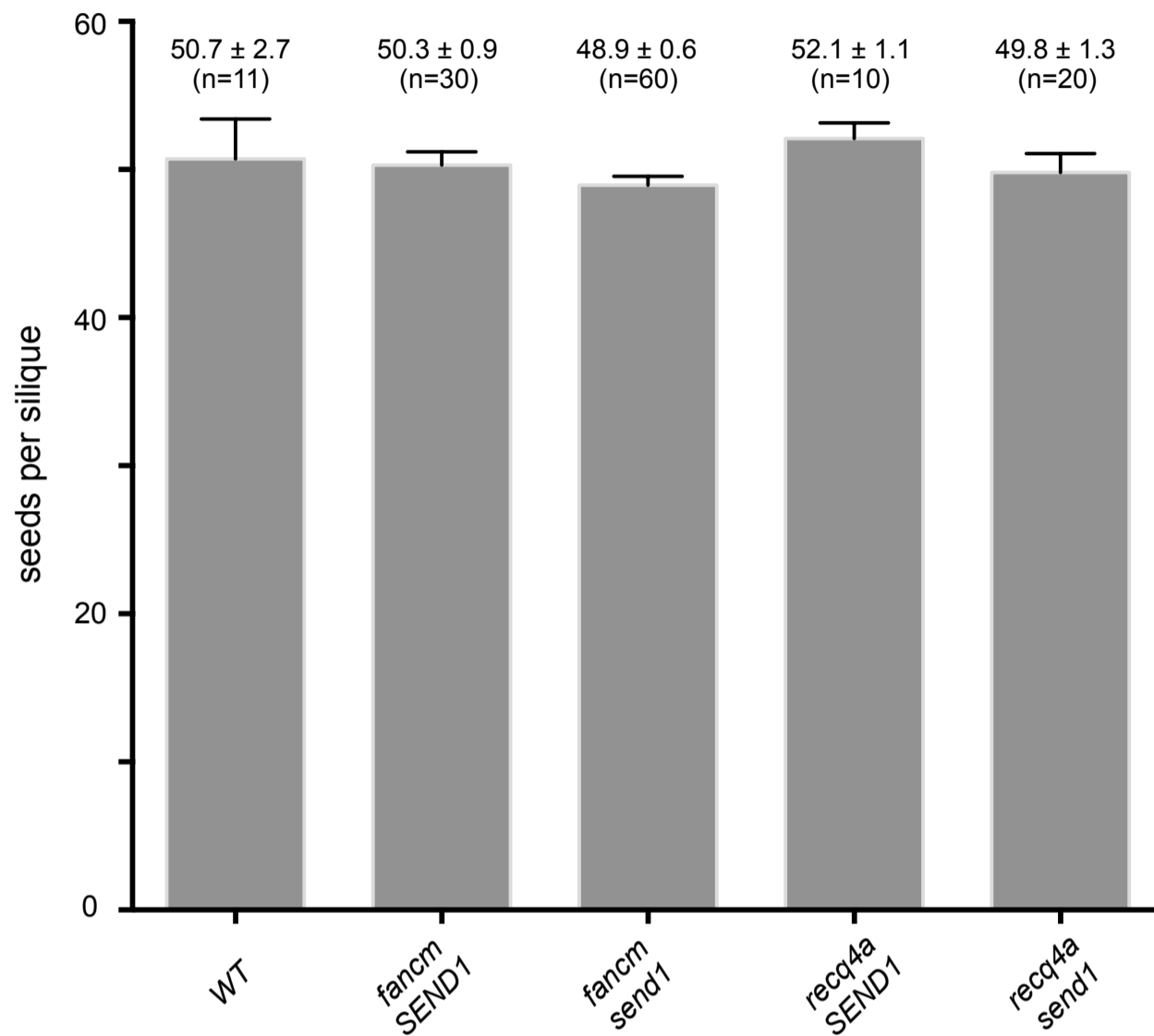


Supplemental Figure 3. Pollen viability and Meiosis in WT and mutant plants. Pollen viability and Meiotic progression in WT (A to D), *gen1* (E to H), *send1* (I to L) and *gen1 send1* (M to P). A, E, I, M: Alexander staining showing viable pollen (purple-red). DAPI staining of pollen mother cell nuclei showing full synapsis at pachytene (B, F, J, N), 5 bivalents at metaphase I (C, G, K, O) and tetrads showing four meiotic products (D, H, L, P). (N = 28 (*gen1*), 36 (*send1*) and 30 (*gen1 send1*)). (Scale Bar: 10 μ m).

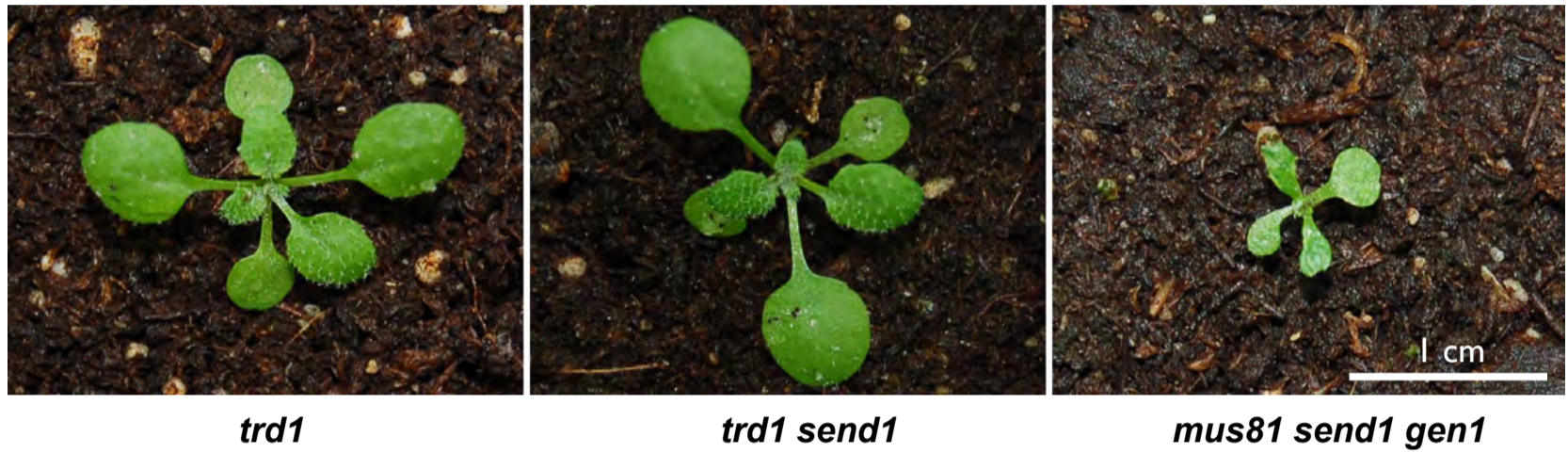


Supplemental Figure 4. Developmental defects in double and triple mutant plants.

The triple *mus81 send1 gen1* mutant shows similar growth defects to *mus81 send1* plants. 3-week-old plants. A 2cm scale bar is shown at the bottom right.

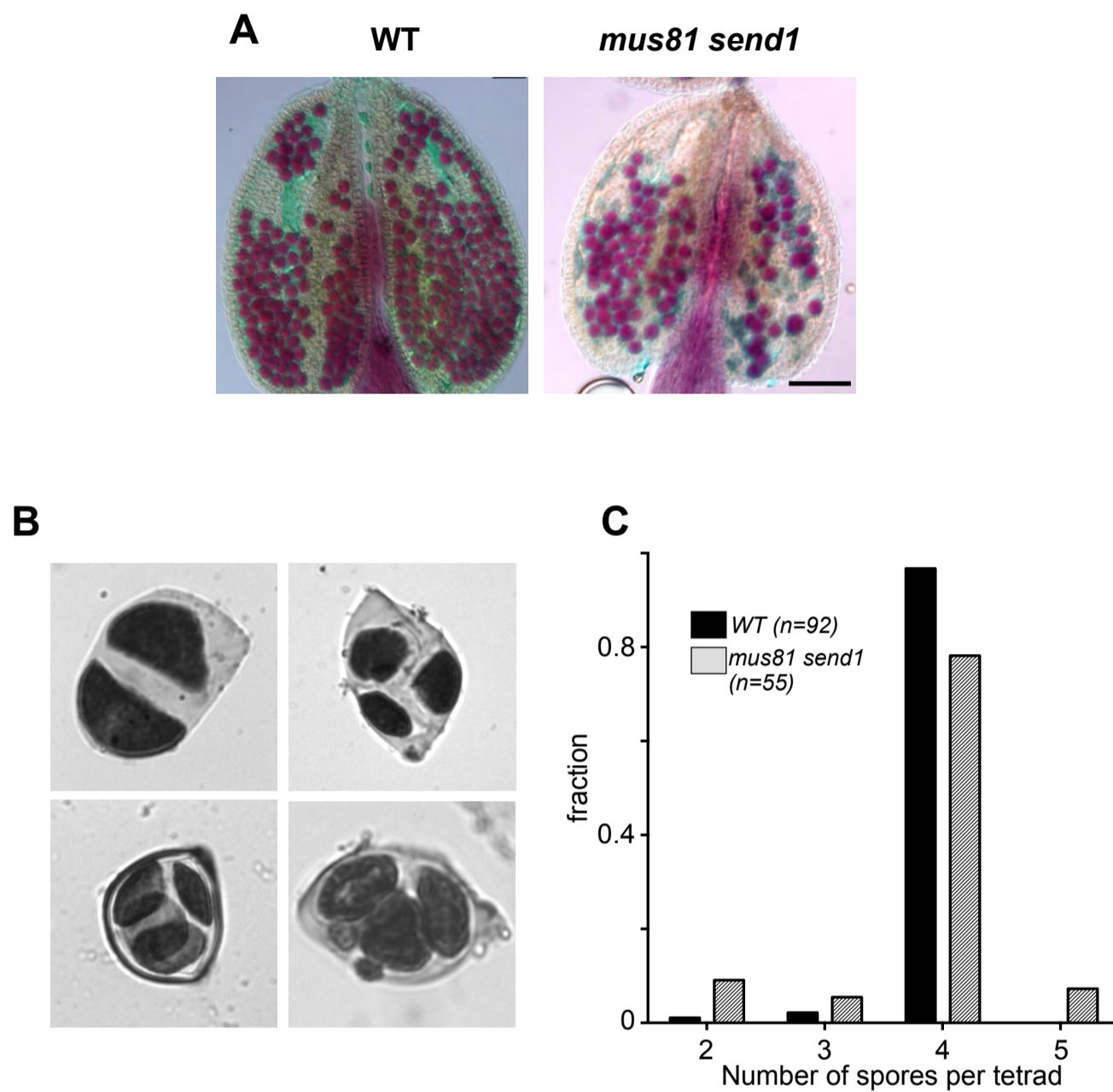


Supplemental Figure 5. Fertility of *fancm send1* and *recq4a send1* mutants. Mean (±SEM) numbers of seeds per silique in wild-type, *fancm*, *fancm send1*, *recq4A*, and *recq4A send1* mutants.



Supplemental Figure 6. Growth of *trd1* and *trd1 send1* mutants.

The single *trd1* and double *trd1 send1* mutants grow normally. The severe growth phenotype of the *mus81 send1 gen1* mutant is shown for comparison. Two-week old plants. A 1cm scale bar is shown at the bottom right.



Supplemental Figure 7. Pollen viability and tetrad analysis in *mus81 send1* mutants
(A) Viable (purple) and inviable (green) Alexander staining of pollen from WT and *mus81 send1* anthers. **(B)** and **(C)** Tetrads resulting from male meiosis in wild-type and *mus81 send1* plants. Meiotic products were stained with toluidine blue and numbers of normal tetrads and aberrant dyads, triads and pentads monitored. A 100 μ m scale bar is included at bottom right.

Supplemental Table 1.PCR primers used for characterising *gen1* and *send1* T-DNA mutants

GEN1	
Primer Name	Sequence
a	TTAAGGGTTTCGTCCTTAAAC
b	TTCAGAAAACCTCACGAACAAT
c	ATGCTTGCATTACTCCTGATA
d	TCGTATTGATCACACAACAAA
TAG6 (T-DNA Left Border)	CACTCAGTCTTTCATCTACGGCA
SEND1	
Primer Name	Sequence
e	AGCCTTGTAAGAAGACTTTCC
f	CGTAGCAAACAACATAACCTC
g	CTCAAAGAAATATGGGGTCT
h	ACTCAAAGAACTGATGGCATA
i (<i>send1-1</i> reverse)	CACCTGCTTGATCTCTTCCAG
j	CAAGATCAACTGAGGTTGAAG
k	TCATAGGATAATGTCTTTCCTGA
l (<i>send1-1</i> forward)	TATGCCTTGGTCAGTGGAAG
Lba1 (SALK T-DNA Left Border)	TGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCG