## Installing argyle

Andrew P Morgan 2015-10-08

## Dependencies

The following packages are *required* for the core routines (import, quality checks, internal utilities) in **argyle**. From CRAN:

- Rcpp
- data.table (>= 1.9.4)
- digest
- reshape2
- plyr

And from Bioconductor:

```
• preprocessCore
```

The next set of dependencies is *suggested* – the package will install without them, but not all its functions will work. In particular the plotting functions rely on ggplot2 and friends (all available from CRAN):

- ggplot2
- grid
- gridExtra
- gtable
- RColorBrewer

And, finally, the principal components analysis function benefits from the speedups to matrix factorization implemented in corpcor.

## Option 1: pre-compiled binary

First download the pre-compiled binary appropriate for your operating system from the argyle GitHub repository: https://github.com/andrewparkermorgan/argyle. Assume that it's called argyle\_0.1.tgz.

Until **argyle** is available on CRAN, dependencies must be installed by hand. To do this, first tell **R** to look for packages in the United States CRAN mirror (and avoid the "choose a mirror" pop-up window).

```
repos <- c("http://cran.us.r-project.org")</pre>
```

Bioconductor provides a custom installer function, which can be installed with

```
source("http://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
```

Then use install.packages() to get CRAN dependencies (and *their* dependencies, recursively).

```
depends <- c("Rcpp","data.table","digest","reshape2","plyr")
suggests <- c("ggplot2","grid","gridExtra","gtable","RColorBrewer","corpcor")
install.packages( c(depends, suggests), repos = repos )</pre>
```

And the single Bioconductor dependency.

biocLite("preprocessCore")

Finally, install **argyle** from the downloaded bundle.

```
install.packages("~/Dropbox/pmdvlab/argyle_0.1.tgz", repos = NULL)
```

## **Option 2:** from GitHub source

The latest version of argyle can be installed quickly and easily from source code on GitHub using the devtools package. (Installing devtools and its dependencies – particularly the Xcode command-line tools on Mac OSX, or equivalently, Rtools for Windows – may be time-consuming for novice users.)

In any case, installation from GitHub requires a single command:

```
devtools::install_github("andrewparkermorgan/argyle")
```

Building the package from source will involve compiling some C++ code. No promises are made for users with idiosyncratic library paths, etc.