

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Extraembryonic but not embryonic SUMO-specific protease 2 is required for heart development

Eri O Maruyama¹, Heng Lin¹, Shang-Yi Chiu^{1,5}, H-M Ivy Yu¹, George A Porter, Jr.⁴, and Wei Hsu^{1,2,3,6}

¹Department of Biomedical Genetics, Center for Oral Biology, ²Stem Cell and Regenerative Medicine Institute, ³Wilmot Cancer Institute, ⁴Departments of Pediatrics, Pharmacology and Physiology, and Medicine, University of Rochester Medical Center, 601 Elmwood Avenue, Box 611, Rochester, NY 14642

⁶Corresponding Author

Phone 585-275-7802

Email Wei_Hsu@urmc.rochester.edu*

Figure S1. Heart development is not affected by endocardium-specific deletion of SENP2. The efficiency of Tie2-Cre to execute loxP-mediated recombination in the endocardium, including AV cushion, is analyzed by β -gal staining in whole mounts (A, E) and sections (B-D, F-H) of the R26RlacZ heterozygous embryo, negative (A-D) or positive (E-H) for the Cre transgene. The developmental stage of the embryos examined is indicated by the number of somite (S). Whole mount (I, M) and histological (J-L, N-P) evaluations examine heart development affected by Tie2-Cre mediated deletion of SENP2 (genotype for control: SENP2^{Fx/Fx}, genotype for SENP2^{Tie2} mutant: Tie2-Cre⁺; SENP2^{Fx/Fx}). Asterisks indicate AV cushions and enlargements of the inset are shown in C, G, K, O (ventricular myocardium), and D, H, L, P (AV cushions). D, dorsal; V, ventral; R, right; L, left. Scale bars, 1 mm (A, E, I, M); 500 μ m (B, F, J, N); 100 μ m (C-D, G-H, K-L, O-P).

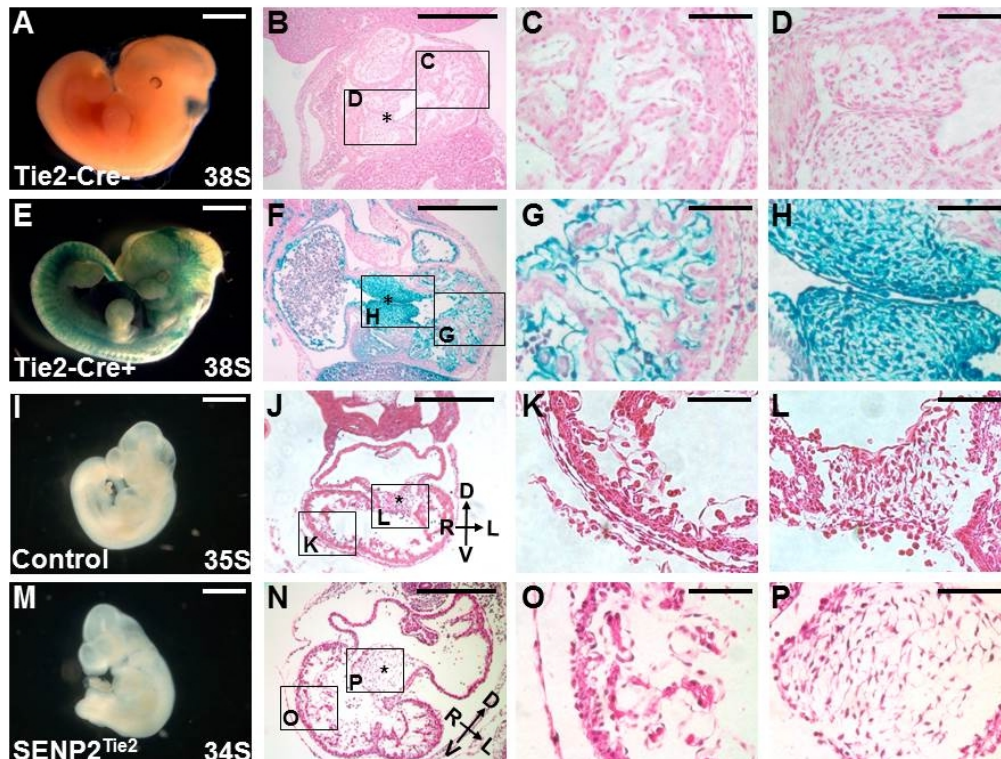


Table S1. Intercross of Tie2Cre⁺; Senp2F_x/+ and Senp2F_x/F_x generates live newborns with endocardium-specific deletion of SENP2.

Genotypes:	Tie2Cre	SENP2	No. Pups
1.	+	F _x /+	4
2.	+	F _x /F _x	5
3.	-	F _x /+	4
4.	-	F _x /F _x	3