Vaccination and All Cause Child Mortality 1985-2011: Global Evidence from the Demographic and Health Surveys

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Web Appendix

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DHS Survey: Year	DHS Survey: Year
Albania Year: 2008-2009	Central African Republic Vear: 1994-1995
Bangladesh Vear: 1993-1994	Chad Year: 1996-1997
Bangladesh Year: 1996-1997	Chad Year: 2004
Bangladesh Year: 1999-2000	Colombia Year: 1990
Bangladesh Year: 2004	Colombia Year: 1995
Bangladesh Year: 2004 Bangladesh Year: 2007	Colombia Year: 2000
Benin Vear: 1996	Colombia Year: 2005
Benin Year: 2001	Colombia Year: 2010
Benin Vear: 2006	Comoros Vear: 1006
Bolivia Vear: 100/	Congo Democratic Benublic Vear: 2007
Bolivia Vear: 1994	Congo (Brazzaville) Vear: 2005
Bolivia Year: 2003	Cote d'Ivoire Year: 1994
Bolivia Year: 2008	Cote d'Ivoire Vear: 1998-1999
Brazil Year: 1996	Dominican Republic Year: 1996
Burkina Faso Year: 1993	Dominican Republic Year: 1999
Burkina Faso Year: 1998-1999	Dominican Republic Year: 2002
Burkina Faso Year: 2003	Dominican Republic Year: 2002
Burkina Faso Year: 2010	Egypt Year: 1995
Burundi Year: 2010	Egypt Year: 2000
Cambodia Year: 2000	Egypt Year: 2005
Cambodia Year: 2005	Egypt Year: 2008
Cambodia Year: 2010	Ethiopia Year: 2000
Cameroon Year: 1991	Ethiopia Year: 2005
Cameroon Year: 1998	Ethiopia Year: 2011
Cameroon Year: 2004	Gabon Year: 2000
Cameroon Year: 2011	Ghana Year: 1993
Ghana Year: 1998	Lesotho Year: 2009
Ghana Year: 2003	Liberia Year: 2007
Ghana Year: 2008	Madagascar Year: 1997
Guatemala Year: 1995	Madagascar Year: 2003-2004
Guinea Year: 1999	Madagascar Year: 2008-2009
Guinea Year: 2005	Malawi Year: 1992
Guyana Year: 2009	Malawi Year: 2000
Haiti Year: 1994	Malawi Year: 2004
Haiti Year: 2000	Malawi Year: 2010
Haiti Year: 2005-2006	Maldives Year: 2009
Honduras Year: 2005-2006	Mali Year: 2001
India Year: 1992-1993	Mali Year: 2006
India Year: 1998-1999	Moldova Year: 2005
Table $1 - Contin$	ued on the Next Page

Web Table 1: Demographic and Health Surveys Included in the Analysis

DHS Survey: Year

India Year: 2005-2006 Indonesia Year: 1997 Indonesia Year: 2002-2003 Indonesia Year: 2007 Jordan Year: 1990 Jordan Year: 1997 Jordan Year: 2002 Jordan Year: 2007 Kenya Year: 1993 Kenya Year: 1998 Kenya Year: 2003 Kenva Year: 2008-2009 Lesotho Year: 2004 Niger Year: 2006 Nigeria Year: 1990 Nigeria Year: 2003 Nigeria Year: 2008 Pakistan Year: 1990 Pakistan Year: 2006-2007 Paraguay Year: 1990 Peru Year: 1991-1992 Peru Year: 1996 Peru Year: 2000 Philippines Year: 1993 Philippines Year: 1998 Philippines Year: 2003 Philippines Year: 2008 Rwanda Year: 1992 Rwanda Year: 2000 Rwanda Year: 2005 Rwanda Year: 2010 Sao Tome and Principe Year: 2008-2009 Senegal Year: 2005 Senegal Year: 2010-2011 Sierra Leone Year: 2008 South Africa Year: 1998 Swaziland Year: 2006-2007 Tanzania Year: 1996 Tanzania Year: 1999

Morocco Year: 1992 Morocco Year: 2003-2004 Mozambique Year: 1997 Mozambique Year: 2003 Namibia Year: 1992 Namibia Year: 2006-2007 Nepal Year: 1996 Nepal Year: 2001 Nepal Year: 2006 Nepal Year: 2011 Nicaragua Year: 1998 Nicaragua Year: 2001 Niger Year: 1998 Tanzania Year: 2004-2005 Tanzania Year: 2010 Timor Leste Year: 2009-2010 Togo Year: 1998 Turkey Year: 1993 Turkey Year: 1998 Uganda Year: 1995 Uganda Year: 2000-2001 Uganda Year: 2006 Uganda Year: 2011 Vietnam Year: 1997 Vietnam Year: 2002 Zambia Year: 1996 Zambia Year: 2001-2002 Zambia Year: 2007 Zimbabwe Year: 1994 Zimbabwe Year: 1999 Zimbabwe Year: 2005-2006 Zimbabwe Year: 2010-2011

Note: Demographic and Health Survey data are available from www.dhsprogram.com.

Web Appendix 1

We excluded data from the first round of the Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), as in the first wave vaccination status was typically recorded from vaccination cards alone, resulting in a high proportion of missing values, whereas later surveys include the mother's report of their children's vaccination status. Overall, 13% of children in the sample are reported as not having a card, while a further 30% do not have their card presented to the interviewer. If the vaccination card is not available, mothers are asked to report vaccination status. Langsten and Hill show that maternal reporting of Bacille Calmette-Guérin (BCG) status in Egypt is 98% accurate, compared to 83% for DPT3 (1). More recently, Murray and colleagues do not find any evidence that maternal recall bias affects coverage estimates in the DHS (2). However, the mother-reported information is an important limitation of the data (3).

World Health Organization (WHO) recommendations for vaccination have changed over time, in part reflecting updated evidence on the effectiveness of vaccines, and changing priorities from variation in coverage rates. For example, initially the Expanded Program on Immunization (EPI) recommended one dose of measles containing vaccine (MCV1), however two doses are now standard in many countries as vaccination failure typically occurs in 10-15% of infants receiving the first dose at 9 months (4). Failure rates are likely to be even higher if immunization occurs before 9 months due to immaturity of the immune system. The WHO recommends prioritizing the first measles dose until 80% coverage of MCV1 for three consecutive years has been achieved (4). Regarding Polio, in high risk countries an Oral Polio Vaccine (OPV) birth dose (Polio 0) followed by a primary series of three OPV doses and at least one Inactivated Poliovirus Vaccine (IPV) dose is now recommended (5). As relatively few DHS surveys include information on Polio 0 or a second measles containing vaccination (MCV2), we are restricted to the five types (BCG, DPT 1-3, Polio 1-3, MCV1, and maternal tetanus) if we wish to use all available datasets. Our data does not distinguish between a monovalent measles vaccine and the combined measles, mumps, and rubella (MMR) vaccine, or between IPV and OPV.

Cluster Vaccination Coverage	Median	Mean	SD	Ν
-	Measles			
Base	88.89%	79.77%	25.65%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 1	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 2	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 3	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 4	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 5	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 6	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 7	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 8	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 9	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 10	88.83%	79.64%	25.75%	$68,\!490$

Web Table 2: Corrected Cluster Vaccination Coverage Rates

DPT Polio

Base	88.89%	81.92%	21.22%	68,490
Iteration 1	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 2	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 3	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 4	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 5	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 6	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	68,490
Iteration 7	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 8	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 9	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$
Iteration 10	88.89%	81.91%	21.23%	$68,\!490$

Table 2 – Continued on the Next Page

Cluster Vaccination Covera	ge Median	Mean	SD	Ν

	BCG		
Base	100.00%	87.28%	22.22%
Iteration 1	100.00%	87.30%	22.20%
Iteration 2	100.00%	87.29%	22.21%
Iteration 3	100.00%	87.29%	22.21%
Iteration 4	100.00%	87.29%	22.21%
Iteration 5	100.00%	87.29%	22.21%
Iteration 6	100.00%	87.29%	22.21%

100.00%

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Iteration 7

Iteration 8

Iteration 9

Iteration 10

Mean Vaccination					
Base	81.30%	76.80%	19.34%	68,490	
Iteration 1	81.25%	76.64%	19.45%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 2	81.25%	76.62%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 3	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 4	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 5	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 6	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 7	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 8	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 9	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	$68,\!490$	
Iteration 10	81.25%	76.61%	19.46%	68,490	

The base vaccination coverage rate is the raw cluster vaccination rate in the data which excludes children who have died. The vaccination coverage rate in iterations 1-10 corrects for this missing data using the procedure described in the main text.





Source: Demographic and Health Surveys. For BCG, measles, and maternal tetanus, we construct a binary indicator variable for each child indicating whether they received the relevant vaccine dose. We combine DPT and Polio into a single variable where each dose counts for 1/6. Therefore, receiving a full schedule of DPT and Polio results in a score of 1. Mean vaccination coverage is defined as the average of the BCG, DPT/Polio, measles, and maternal tetanus vaccination rates in the cluster. The data include 68,490 DHS primary sampling unit clusters, based on 149 surveys in 62 countries, and 960,271 children born between 1985 and 2011.





Source: Demographic and Health Surveys. The data include 68,490 DHS primary sampling unit clusters, based on 149 surveys in 62 countries, and 960,271 children born between 1985 and 2011. The corrected vaccination rate adjusts for missing immunization information on children who have died using the procedure described in the main text.

Web Table 3: Poisson Model Results for Cluster Vaccination Coverage and Cluster Under Five Mortality in the Demographic and Health Surveys 1985-2011 (Unadjusted for Covariates other than Country Fixed Effects and Time Trends)

Variables	Relative Risk Cluster Level Under 5 Mortality (95% CI)			
Cluster Vaccination Average Coverage	0.38 (0.36 - 0.40)	0.37 (0.35 - 0.38)		
Cluster BCG Coverage			1.06 (0.98 - 1.14)	1.06 (0.98 - 1.15)
Cluster DPT Polio Coverage			$0.85 \ (0.77 - 0.93)$	0.86 (0.79 - 0.94)
Cluster Measles Coverage			$0.71 \ (0.66 - 0.77)$	$0.70 \ (0.65 - 0.75)$
Cluster Maternal Tetanus Coverage			$0.57 \ (0.53 - 0.58)$	$0.56\ (0.53\ -\ 0.58)$
Corrected for Missing Data on Children who Died	No	Yes	No	Yes
Country Fixed Effects and Country Time Trends Full Set of Control Variables	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
Observations	68,490	68,490	68,490	68,490

Note: Demographic and Health Survey data are available from www.dhsprogram.com. All variables are averages at the level of the DHS primary sampling unit cluster, based on 149 surveys in 62 countries, and 960,271 children born between 1985 and 2011. Coefficients illustrate the relative risk of moving from 0% vaccination coverage to 100% coverage (on the mortality of children born in the 5 years prior to interview). Columns 1 and 3 are based on the raw vaccination coverage in a cluster (defined as the proportion of children one year or older who have received the relevant doses), while columns 2 and 4 adjust the vaccination data for the selection effect due to non-reporting of vaccination status of children who have died. Models control for country fixed effects and country time trends.

Web Table 4: Poisson Model Results for Cluster Vaccination Coverage and Cluster Under Five Mortality in the Demographic and Health Surveys 1985-2011 (Full Results Showing All Covariates)

	Relative Risk	Relative Risk	Relative Risk	Relative Risk
	Cluster Level	Cluster Level	Cluster Level	Cluster Level
	Under 5 Mortality	Under 5 Mortality	Under 5 Mortality	Under 5 Mortality
Variables	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
Cluster Vaccination Average Coverage	0.76 (0.71 - 0.81)	0.73 (0.68 - 0.77)		
Cluster BCG Coverage			$1.04 \ (0.96 - 1.12)$	1.03 (0.96 - 1.11)
Cluster DPT Polio Coverage			0.97 (0.89 - 1.06)	0.97 (0.89 - 1.06)
Cluster Measles Coverage			$0.83 \ (0.77 - 0.89)$	0.83 (0.78 - 0.89)
Cluster Maternal Tetanus Coverage			0.92 (0.86 - 0.97)	0.92 (0.86 - 0.97)
Wealth Index: Omitted=Highest				
Cluster Mean Lowest Quintile	1.12(1.05 - 1.19)	1.11 (1.04 - 1.19)	1.12 (1.05 - 1.19)	1.12(1.05 - 1.19)
Cluster Mean Second Quintile	1.12(1.06 - 1.20)	1.12(1.05 - 1.19)	1.12(1.06 - 1.20)	1.12(1.06 - 1.20)
Cluster Mean Third Quintile	1.06(1.00 - 1.13)	1.06(1.00 - 1.12)	1.06(1.00 - 1.13)	1.06(1.00 - 1.13)
Cluster Mean Fourth Quintile	1.08 (1.02 - 1.15)	1.08 (1.02 - 1.14)	1.08 (1.02 - 1.14)	1.08 (1.02 - 1.14)
Cluster Mean Year of Birth	0.14 (0.13 - 0.16)	0.14 (0.13 - 0.16)	0.14 (0.13 - 0.16)	0.14 (0.13 - 0.16)
Cluster Mean Sex of Child – Female	0.93 (0.90 - 0.95)	0.93 (0.90 - 0.95)	0.92 (0.90 - 0.95)	0.92 (0.90 - 0.95)
Cluster Mean Was not Multiple Birth	0.90 (0.85 - 0.96)	0.90 (0.85 - 0.96)	0.90 (0.85 - 0.96)	0.90 (0.85 - 0.96)
Place of Birth: Omitted= Own Home				
Cluster Mean Other Home	1.01 (0.93 - 1.11)	1.01 (0.93 - 1.11)	$1.01 \ (0.92 - 1.11)$	1.01 (0.92 - 1.11)
Cluster Mean Government Hospital	0.82 (0.78 - 0.87)	0.83 (0.78 - 0.87)	0.83 (0.78 - 0.88)	0.83 (0.78 - 0.88)
Cluster Mean Government Health Center	0.87 (0.82 - 0.91)	0.87 (0.83 - 0.92)	0.87 (0.82 - 0.92)	0.87 (0.82 - 0.92)
Cluster Mean Private Hospital or Clinic	$0.80 \ (0.75 - 0.86)$	0.80 (0.75 - 0.86)	$0.80 \ (0.74 - 0.86)$	0.80 (0.74 - 0.86)
Cluster Mean Other and Unknown	1.97 (1.68 - 2.31)	1.96(1.67 - 2.30)	1.99 (1.69 - 2.33)	1.98 (1.69 - 2.32)
Birth Interval: Omitted=12-17 Months				
Cluster Mean Birth Interval First Birth	$0.14 \ (0.12 - 0.17)$	0.14 (0.12 - 0.17)	0.14 (0.12 - 0.17)	$0.14 \ (0.12 - 0.17)$
Cluster Mean Birth Interval 1-11	5.15(3.79 - 7.00)	5.09(3.75 - 6.92)	5.15 (3.79 - 7.00)	5.15 (3.79 - 7.00)
Cluster Mean Birth Interval 18-23	$0.22 \ (0.19 - 0.26)$	0.22 (0.19 - 0.26)	0.22 (0.19 - 0.26)	0.22 (0.19 - 0.26)
Cluster Mean Birth Interval 24+	0.12 (0.11 - 0.14)	0.12 (0.11 - 0.14)	0.12 (0.11 - 0.14)	0.12 (0.11 - 0.14)
Cluster Mean Number of Siblings	1.07 (1.06 - 1.09)	1.07 (1.05 - 1.09)	1.07 (1.05 - 1.09)	1.07 (1.05 - 1.09)
Mother's Age: Omitted=15-19				
Cluster Mean Mother's Age 20-24	0.77 (0.68 - 0.86)	0.77 (0.68 - 0.86)	0.77 (0.69 - 0.87)	0.77 (0.69 - 0.87)
Cluster Mean Mother's Age 25-29	$0.63 \ (0.56 - 0.71)$	0.63 (0.56 - 0.72)	$0.64 \ (0.56 - 0.72)$	0.63 (0.56 - 0.72)
Cluster Mean Mother's Age 30-34	0.59 (0.52 - 0.67)	0.59 (0.52 - 0.67)	$0.59 \ (0.52 - 0.68)$	0.59 (0.52 - 0.68)
Cluster Mean Mother's Age 35-39	0.59 (0.51 - 0.68)	0.59 (0.51 - 0.68)	$0.59 \ (0.51 - 0.68)$	0.59 (0.51 - 0.68)
Cluster Mean Mother's Age 40-44	$0.61 \ (0.52 - 0.72)$	$0.61 \ (0.52 - 0.73)$	$0.62 \ (0.52 - 0.73)$	0.62 (0.52 - 0.73)
Cluster Mean Mother's Age 45-49	0.70 (0.55 - 0.89)	0.70 (0.55 - 0.89)	0.70 (0.55 - 0.89)	0.70 (0.55 - 0.89)
Cluster Mean Rural Place of Residence	0.95 (0.93 - 0.98)	0.95 (0.93 - 0.98)	0.95 (0.93 - 0.98)	0.95 (0.93 - 0.98)
Mother's Highest Education: Omitted=None				
Cluster Mean Primary	0.97 (0.92 - 1.03)	0.97 (0.92 - 1.03)	0.97 (0.92 - 1.03)	0.97 (0.92 - 1.03)
Cluster Mean Secondary	0.84(0.78 - 0.90)	0.84(0.78 - 0.90)	0.84(0.78 - 0.90)	0.84(0.78 - 0.90)
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	Relative Risk	Relative Risk	Relative Risk	Relative Risk
	Cluster Level	Cluster Level	Cluster Level	Cluster Level
	Under 5 Mortality	Under 5 Mortality	Under 5 Mortality	Under 5 Mortality
Variables	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
Cluster Mean Missing	0.49 (0.11 - 2.06)	0.48 (0.11 - 2.05)	0.48 (0.11 - 2.05)	0.49 (0.11 - 2.06)
Cluster Mean Flush Toilet Access	0.90 (0.86 - 0.95)	0.90 (0.86 - 0.95)	0.90 (0.86 - 0.95)	0.90 (0.86 - 0.95)
Cluster Mean Piped Water in House	0.98 (0.95 - 1.01)	0.98 (0.95 - 1.01)	0.98 (0.95 - 1.01)	0.98 (0.95 - 1.01)
Partner Education: Omitted=None				
Cluster Mean Primary	1.10(1.03 - 1.17)	1.10(1.03 - 1.17)	1.09 (1.03 - 1.16)	1.09 (1.03 - 1.16)
Cluster Mean Secondary	0.99 (0.92 - 1.06)	0.99(0.92 - 1.06)	0.98 (0.92 - 1.05)	0.98 (0.92 - 1.05)
Cluster Mean Higher Education	0.91 (0.80 - 1.02)	0.91 (0.80 - 1.02)	0.91 (0.80 - 1.02)	0.91 (0.80 - 1.02)
Cluster Mean Missing	1.12 (1.00 - 1.25)	1.12 (1.00 - 1.25)	1.12 (1.00 - 1.25)	1.11 (1.00 - 1.24)
Marital Status: Omitted=Married		1 11 (0 00 1 01)	1 11 (0 04 1 01)	1 11 (0 04 1 00)
Cluster Mean Never Married	1.11 (0.93 - 1.31)	1.11 (0.93 - 1.31)	1.11 (0.94 - 1.31)	1.11 (0.94 - 1.32)
Cluster Mean Living Together	1.11(1.04 - 1.17)	1.11(1.04 - 1.17)	1.10(1.04 - 1.17)	1.10(1.04 - 1.17)
Cluster Mean Widowed	1.80(1.44 - 2.24)	1.79(1.44 - 2.23)	1.79 (1.43 - 2.23)	1.79 (1.43 - 2.23)
Cluster Mean Divorced	1.90(1.57 - 2.31)	1.90(1.57 - 2.31)	1.90(1.56 - 2.30)	1.90(1.56 - 2.30)
Cluster Mean Not Living Together	1.67 (1.47 - 1.90)	1.67 (1.47 - 1.90)	1.67 (1.47 - 1.90)	1.67 (1.47 - 1.90)
Religion: Omitted=Christian				
Cluster Mean Religion Muslim	$1.01 \ (0.97 - 1.05)$	$1.01 \ (0.97 - 1.05)$	$1.01 \ (0.97 - 1.05)$	$1.01 \ (0.97 - 1.05)$
Cluster Mean Religion Jewish	0.85 (0.64 - 1.15)	0.86 (0.64 - 1.15)	$0.85 \ (0.64 - 1.15)$	$0.85 \ (0.64 - 1.15)$
Cluster Mean Religion Buddhist	$0.86 \ (0.73 - 1.01)$	0.86 (0.73 - 1.01)	$0.86 \ (0.73 - 1.00)$	$0.86 \ (0.73 - 1.00)$
Cluster Mean Religion Hindu	1.40 (1.30 - 1.51)	1.40 (1.30 - 1.51)	1.40 (1.30 - 1.51)	1.40 (1.30 - 1.51)
Cluster Mean Religion Sikh	1.13 (0.86 - 1.50)	1.14 (0.86 - 1.51)	$1.15 \ (0.87 - 1.52)$	$1.15 \ (0.87 - 1.52)$
Cluster Mean Religion Traditional	1.05 (0.95 - 1.16)	1.04 (0.95 - 1.15)	$1.04 \ (0.95 - 1.15)$	1.04 (0.95 - 1.15)
Cluster Mean Religion Other	1.07 (0.98 - 1.18)	1.07 (0.98 - 1.17)	1.08 (0.98 - 1.18)	1.08 (0.98 - 1.18)
Cluster Mean Religion None	$0.87 \ (0.78 - 0.97)$	0.87 (0.78 - 0.96)	$0.86 \ (0.78 - 0.96)$	0.87 (0.78 - 0.96)
Cluster Mean Unknown/Missing	1.07 (1.02 - 1.14)	1.08 (1.02 - 1.14)	1.07 (1.01 - 1.13)	1.07 (1.01 - 1.13)
Cluster Mean Months Since Birth	0.99 (0.99 - 0.99)	0.99 (0.99 - 0.99)	0.99 (0.99 - 0.99)	0.99 (0.99 - 0.99)
Had Ante-Natal Visit: Omitted=No Visit				
Cluster Mean Had Ante-Natal Visit	0.86 (0.81 - 0.91)	0.87 (0.82 - 0.93)	0.85 (0.80 - 0.91)	0.85 (0.80 - 0.91)
Cluster Mean Ante-Natal Visit Missing	1.32 (1.21 - 1.45)	1.32 (1.21 - 1.45)	1.29 (1.18 - 1.42)	1.29 (1.18 - 1.42)
Corrected for Missing Data on Children who Died	No	Yes	No	Yes
Country Fixed Effects and Country Time Trends	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Number of clusters	68,490	68,490	68,490	68,490

Note: Demographic and Health Survey data are available from www.dhsprogram.com. All variables are averages at the level of the DHS primary sampling unit cluster, based on 149 surveys in 62 countries, and 960,271 children born between 1985 and 2011. Coefficients illustrate the relative risk of moving from 0% vaccination coverage to 100% coverage (on the mortality of children born in the 5 years prior to interview). Columns 1 and 3 are based on the raw vaccination coverage in a cluster (defined as the proportion of children one year or older who have received the relevant doses), while columns 2 and 4 adjust the vaccination data for the selection effect due to non-reporting of vaccination status of children who have died.

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