

Supplementary information

Age-related neurogenesis decline in the subventricular zone is associated with specific cell cycle regulation changes in activated neural stem cells

Mathieu Daynac^{1234*}, Lise Morizur^{1234*}, Alexandra Chicheportiche¹²³⁴, Marc-André Mouchon¹²³⁴, François D. Boussin¹²³⁴

Supplementary Figure Legends

Figure S1. Decrease in total SVZ cell number with aging is associated with a disorganization of the niche.
(A) Evolution of the total number of cells in the SVZ during aging. (B-F) Quantification of the proportion of the main neurogenic populations relative to the total number of cells in the SVZ in mice aged 2 to 12 months. The data are represented as the mean±SEM and were obtained from at least 4 independent mice for each time point.
* p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001

Figure S2. No permanent cell cycle exit at 6 months for activated NSCs and TACs.
Frequency of BrdU-positive LeX⁺EGFR⁺ and EGFR⁺ cells following a 14-day BrdU administration in 2- and 6-month-old mice (n=3, mean±SEM).

Figure S3. Neurosphere formation of activated NSCs and TACs is not altered at 6 months.
The number of primary neurospheres was counted 7 days after plating LeX⁺EGFR⁺ and EGFR⁺ sorted cells from 2- and 6-month-old mice in the presence of EGF and FGF-2 (n=4, mean±SEM).

Supplementary dataset legends (supplementary .xls files)

Table S1: Overrepresentation test and related GO categories of genes enriched in aNSCs from 2 month-old vs 6 months-old mice

Table S2: List of genes enriched in aNSCs from 2 month-old vs 6 months-old mice

Figure S1

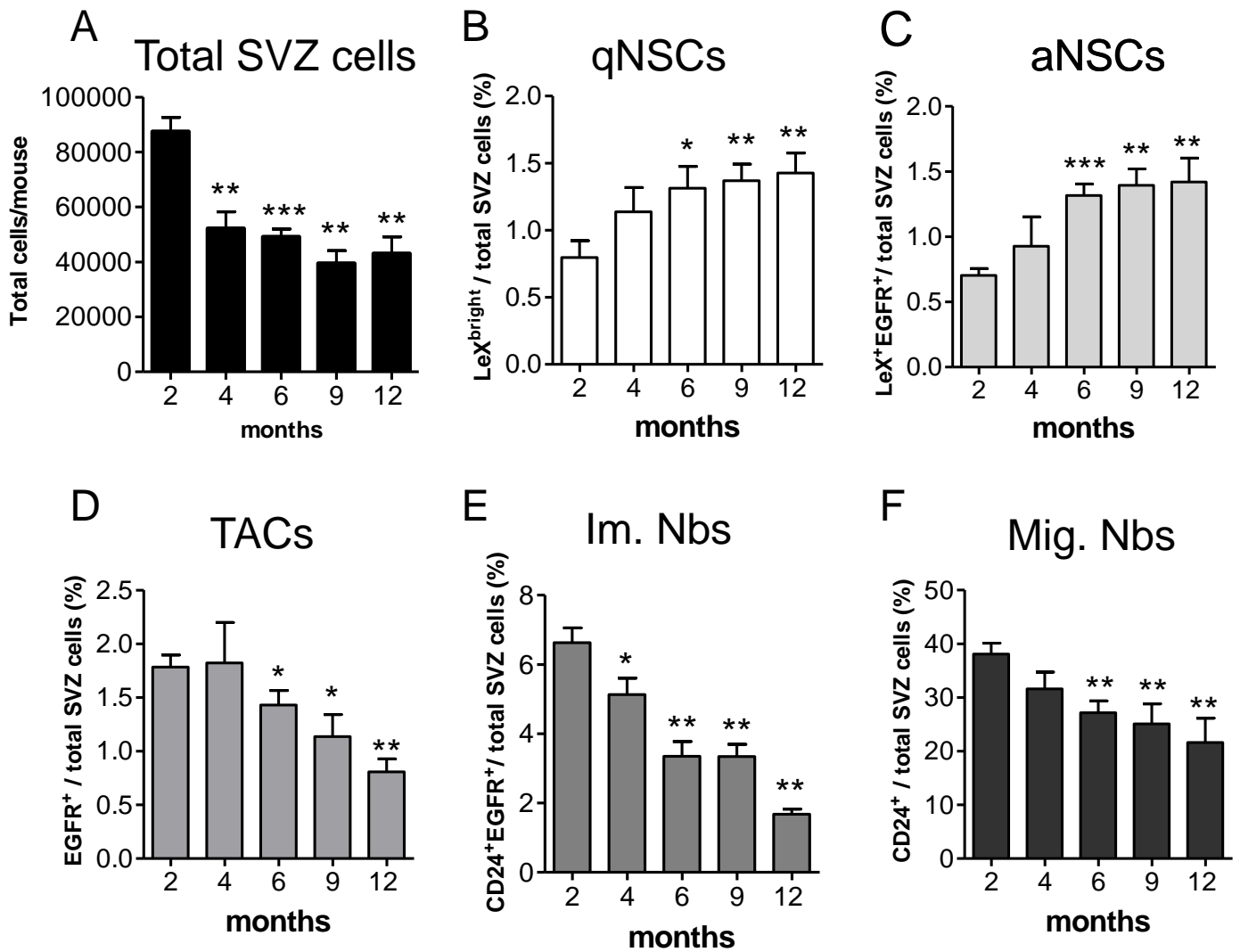


Figure S2

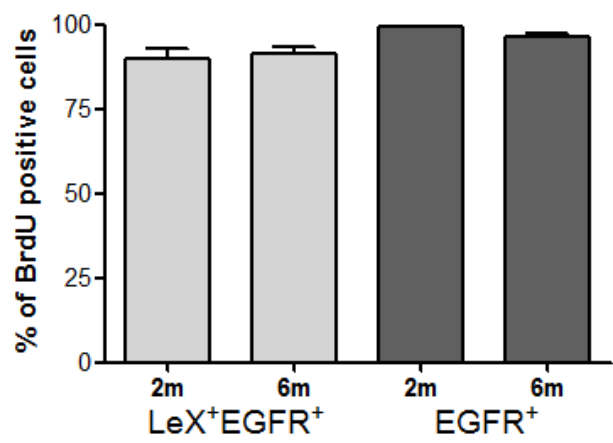


Figure S3

