STARD checklist

" Use of a Chagas Urine Nanoparticle Test (Chunap) to Correlate with Parasitemia Levels in *T.cruzi*/HIV Co-Infected Patients"

Section & Topic	No	Item
TITLE OR ABSTRACT		
p: 1, 4	1	Identification as a study of diagnostic accuracy using at least one measure of accuracy
		(such as sensitivity, specificity, predictive values, or AUC)
ABSTRACT		
p: 4	2	Structured summary of study design, methods, results, and conclusions
		(for specific guidance, see STARD for Abstracts)
INTRODUCTION		
p: 7-10	3	Scientific and clinical background, including the intended use and clinical role of the index test
p: 10	4	Study objectives and hypotheses
METHODS		
Study design	5	Whether data collection was planned before the index test and reference standard
p: 11		were performed (prospective study) or after (retrospective study)
Participants p: 11-12	6	Eligibility criteria
p: 11-12	7	On what basis potentially eligible participants were identified
		(such as symptoms, results from previous tests, inclusion in registry)
p: 11-12	8	Where and when potentially eligible participants were identified (setting, location and dates)
p: 11-12	9	Whether participants formed a consecutive, random or convenience series
Test methods	10a	Index test, in sufficient detail to allow replication
p: 13-16	10b	Reference standard, in sufficient detail to allow replication
p: 13-16	11	Rationale for choosing the reference standard (if alternatives exist)
p: 13-16	12a	Definition of and rationale for test positivity cut-offs or result categories
		of the index test, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory
p: 13-16	12b	Definition of and rationale for test positivity cut-offs or result categories
		of the reference standard, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory
р: 13-16	13a	Whether clinical information and reference standard results were available
		to the performers/readers of the index test
p: 13-16 Analysis p: 16	13b	Whether clinical information and index test results were available
	100	to the assessors of the reference standard
	14	Methods for estimating or comparing measures of diagnostic accuracy
F	15	How indeterminate index test or reference standard results were handled
p: 16	16	How missing data on the index test and reference standard were handled
p: 16	17	Any analyses of variability in diagnostic accuracy, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory
p: 16 p: 11	18	Intended sample size and how it was determined
RESULTS		included sumple size and now it was determined
Participants Participants	19	Flow of participants, using a diagram
p: 17-18	20	Baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of participants
p: 17-18	21a	Distribution of severity of disease in those with the target condition
p: 17-18	21b	Distribution of alternative diagnoses in those without the target condition
_	22	Time interval and any clinical interventions between index test and reference standard
p: 17-18 Test results	23	Cross tabulation of the index test results (or their distribution)
p: 19-28		by the results of the reference standard
p: 19-28	24	Estimates of diagnostic accuracy and their precision (such as 95% confidence intervals)
p: 19-28	25	Any adverse events from performing the index test or the reference standard
DISCUSSION	 _	,
p: 30-33	26	Study limitations, including sources of potential bias, statistical uncertainty, and generalisability
p: 30-33	27	Implications for practice, including the intended use and clinical role of the index test
OTHER INFORMATION	 -'	
	28	Registration number and name of registry
	29	Where the full study protocol can be accessed
	30	Sources of funding and other support; role of funders
	1 30	