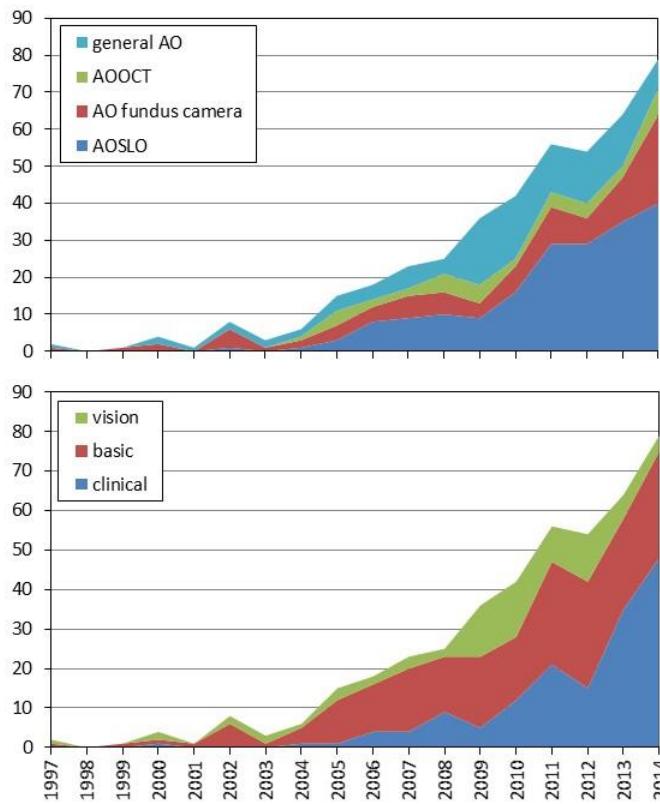


## Supplemental information



Supplemental Figure 1: These charts plot eye and vision related AO papers published to the end of 2014. General AO papers are those whose results are generally applicable to any AO modality (e.g.: use of woofer tweeter deformable mirrors to optimize AO correction). Papers reporting combined technologies (e.g. AOSLO and AAOCT) were divided equally between their respective categories. Clinical science papers were defined as those that report AO retinal images or AO data acquired from patients with disease. Basic science papers are those that report a new AO-based technology, a new imaging target, a novel AO image analysis, or report on a basic property of retinal structure or physiology (e.g. mapping of the trichromatic cone mosaic). Vision applications include those studies that use AO to study how optics and blur affect vision, but do not involve retinal imaging in any form.

Supplemental Table 1: AO clinical publications tabulated by disease and retinal location imaged

### ***Inner Retinal Disease and Neuropathies***

Glaucoma:

Nerve fiber layer: ([Chen et al 2015](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#), [Takayama et al 2012](#))

Lamina cribrosa: ([Akagi et al 2012](#), [Lombardo et al 2013c](#), [Sredar et al 2013](#))

Cones: ([Choi et al 2008](#), [Werner et al 2011](#))

Epiretinal membrane: ([Lombardo et al 2013b](#), [Ooto et al 2011b](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Gunn's dots: ([Paques et al 2015](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Optic nerve drusen with non arteric ischemic optic neuropathy (cone imaging): ([Choi et al 2008](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Optic atrophy: ([Gochi et al 2013a](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Optic neuritis: ([Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Multiple sclerosis: ([Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Parkinson's disease: ([Scoles et al 2014a](#))

### ***Retinal Vasculature Disease***

Diabetes

Vasculature: ([Arichika et al 2014a](#), [Burns et al 2014](#), [Chui et al 2014](#), [Deak & Schmidt-Erfurth 2013](#), [Dubow et al 2014](#), [Lombardo et al 2013a](#), [Pinhas et al 2014](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#), [Stepushina & Bol'shunov 2011](#), [Tam et al 2012](#), [Tam et al 2011](#))

Hard exudates: ([Burns et al 2014](#), [Roorda et al 2006](#))

Cones: ([Lombardo et al 2014](#), [Tam et al 2012](#))

Hypertension: ([Arichika et al 2014b](#), [Chui et al 2014](#), [Koch et al 2014](#), [Pinhas et al 2014](#), [Stepushina & Bol'shunov 2011](#))

Branch retinal vein occlusion: ([Akagi-Kurashige et al 2014](#), [Chui et al 2014](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Central vein occlusion: ([Chui et al 2014](#))

Central macular arteriovenous malformation: ([Telander et al 2010](#))

Retinal vasculitis: ([Errera et al 2014](#))

Hyperlipidemia: ([Pinhas et al 2014](#))

Sickle cell disease: ([Pinhas et al 2014](#))

### ***Ocular Toxicity and Trauma***

Ocular siderosis: ([Faure et al 2014](#))

Hydroxychloroquine retinal toxicity: ([Jacob et al 2015](#), [Stepien et al 2009](#))

Chloroquine maculopathy: ([Bae et al 2014](#))

Response to surgeries

Laser photocoagulation for hemiretinal vein occlusion and proliferative diabetic retinopathy: ([Han et al 2012](#))

Macular translocation for AMD: ([Muthiah et al 2014](#))

Retinal detachment surgery: ([Saleh et al 2014](#))

Ocular trauma

Blunt force: ([Flatter et al 2014](#), [Langlo et al 2014](#), [Stepien et al 2012](#))

Solar retinopathy: ([Roorda et al 2006](#))

Laser injury: ([Kitaguchi et al 2009](#))

Macular holes: ([Debellemaniere et al 2014](#), [Hansen et al 2015](#), [Kitaguchi et al 2008](#), [Ooto et al 2012](#), [Ooto et al 2014](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#), [Yokota et al 2013](#))

## **Outer retinal disease (not including inherited retinal degenerations with known gene mutations)**

Age-related macular degeneration (AMD)

Photoreceptors and/or drusen: ([Boretsky et al 2012](#), [Godara et al 2010c](#), [Land et al 2014](#),  
[Meadway et al 2014](#), [Mrejen et al 2014b](#), [Obata & Yanagi 2014](#), [Querques et al 2014](#),  
[Querques et al 2012](#), [Zayit-Soudry et al 2013](#), [Zhang et al 2014](#))

Retinal pigment epithelium: ([Rossi et al 2013b](#))

Geographic atrophy: ([Gochi et al 2013b](#), [Zayit-Soudry et al 2013](#))

Inner retina: ([Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Macular telangiectasia type 2: ([Jacob et al 2015](#), [Massamba et al 2011](#), [Ooto et al 2011a](#), [Ooto et al 2013](#),  
[Scoles et al 2014a](#), [Wang et al 2015](#))

Albinism: ([Godara et al 2010a](#), [Marmor et al 2008](#), [McAllister et al 2010](#), [Wilk et al 2014](#))

Central serous chorioretinopathy: ([Ooto et al 2010](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Birdshot choroidoretinopathy: ([Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Rubella retinopathy: ([Scoles et al 2014a](#))

Inflammatory retinopathies

AZOOR: ([Merino et al 2011](#), [Mkrtyan et al 2012](#), [Nakao et al 2014](#))

Acute macular neuroretinopathy: ([Garnier et al 2015](#), [Hansen et al 2013](#), [Mrejen et al 2014a](#))

Acute posterior multifocal placoid pigment epitheliopathy: ([Hong et al 2014](#), [Jacob et al 2015](#),  
[Mrejen et al 2013](#))

Unilateral acute idiopathic maculopathy: ([Ooto et al 2011c](#))

Multiple evanescent white dot syndrome: ([Boretsky et al 2013](#))

Other maculopathies

Bilateral maculopathy: ([Godara et al 2010b](#))

Central ring scotoma: ([Joeres et al 2008](#))

Bull's eye maculopathy: ([Bessho et al 2008](#))

## **Inherited retinal degenerations**

*RHO* (autosomal dominant retinitis pigmentosa): ([Choi et al 2006](#), [Duncan et al 2007](#), [Menghini et al 2015](#),  
[Park et al 2014](#))

*CNBA3*, *CNGB3*, *GNAT2*, *PDE6C* (achromatopsia): ([Carroll et al 2008](#), [Dubis et al 2014](#), [Genead et al 2011](#),  
[Merino et al 2011](#), [Scoles et al 2014b](#), [Sundaram et al 2014](#), [Vincent et al 2013b](#))

*OPN1LW*/*OPN1MW* / *OPN1SW*

(blue cone monochromacy): ([Carroll et al 2010](#), [Cideciyan et al 2013](#), [Rossi et al 2013a](#))

(red-green color vision defects): ([Carroll et al 2009](#), [Carroll et al 2012](#), [Carroll et al 2004](#), [Makous  
et al 2006](#), [McClements et al 2013](#), [Rha et al 2010](#), [Wagner-Schuman et al 2010](#))

(tritan defects): ([Baraas et al 2007](#))

*REP1* (Choroideremia): ([Morgan et al 2014](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#), [Syed et al 2013](#))

*RS1* (X-linked retinoschisis): ([Duncan et al 2011a](#))

*CLRN1* (Ushers type III): ([Ratnam et al 2013](#))

*CDHR1* (autosomal recessive retinal degeneration): ([Duncan et al 2012](#))

*FAM161A* (autosomal recessive retinal degeneration): ([Duncan et al 2014](#))

*SNRNP200* (autosomal dominant retinitis pigmentosa): ([Bowne et al 2013](#))

*CYP4V2* (Bietti crystalline dystrophy): ([Gochi et al 2014](#))

*NR2E3* (enhanced S-cone syndrome): ([Park et al 2013](#))

*KCNV2* (cone dystrophy): ([Vincent et al 2013a](#))

*GRM6* (congenital stationary night blindness): ([Godara et al 2012](#))  
*GRK1* (Oguchi disease): ([Godara et al 2012](#))  
*Peripherin/RDS* (retinal degeneration): ([Duncan et al 2011b](#))  
*RLBP1* (retinitis punctata albescens): ([Dessalces et al 2013](#))  
*RDH5* (fundus albipunctatus): ([Makiyama et al 2014](#), [Song et al 2014](#))  
Mitochondrial DNA T8993C (NARP): ([Gelfand et al 2011](#), [Yoon et al 2009](#))  
*ABCA4* (Stargardt's disease): ([Chen et al 2011](#), [Pang et al 2015](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#), [Xue et al 2007](#))  
*BEST1* (Best's vitelliform dystrophy): ([Kay et al 2013](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#))  
*RPGR* (cone rod dystrophy) ([Duncan et al 2007](#))  
*RPGR* (X-linked retinitis pigmentosa): ([Menghini et al 2015](#))  
*ABCA4* (autosomal recessive retinitis pigmentosa): ([Menghini et al 2015](#))  
*RPGR and RP2* (female carriers of XLRP): ([Pyo et al 2013](#))  
*CEP290* (Leber's congenital amaurosis): ([Scoles et al 2014a](#))  
Cone-rod dystrophy: ([Choi et al 2006](#), [Duncan et al 2007](#), [Scoles et al 2014a](#), [Wolfing et al 2006](#))  
Rod-cone dystrophy: ([Choi et al 2006](#))  
Occult macular dystrophy: ([Kitaguchi et al 2011](#), [Tojo et al 2013](#))  
Oligocone trichromacy: ([Michaelides et al 2011](#))

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