Example of calculations of outcome continuous variables in a patient

									Difference		
	Preoperative visit (V0)				12 month follow-up (V5)				V5 - V0		
									D5-		
Locations	$\mathbf{A0}$	U0	$\mathbf{D0}$	R0	A5	U5	D5	R5	$\mathbf{D0}$	R5-R0	
20 cm											
15 cm	35	34.8	0.2	101%	39	39	0.0	100%	-0.2	-0.6%	
10 cm	33	33	0.0	100%	38	36	2.0	106%	2.0	5.6%	
5 cm	31	30	1.0	103%	35	33.5	1.5	104%	0.5	1.1%	
Elbow fold	26.2	26.5	-0.3	99%	29	28	1.0	104%	1.3	4.7%	
5 cm	27	27	0.0	100%	29.5	28.5	1.0	104%	1.0	3.5%	
10 cm	24	24	0.0	100%	26	26	0.0	100%	0.0	0.0%	
15 cm	19.5	20.2	-0.7	97%	22	21	1.0	105%	1.7	8.2%	
20 cm	16.5	17.5	-1.0	94%	19	17.5	1.5	109%	2.5	14.3%	
25 cm											
Hand	18.5	18.2	0.3	102%	19.5	19.5	0.0	100%	-0.3	-1.6%	
Maximum difference at 2 adjacent points			0.0				1.5		1.7(a)		
Volumes	2052.6	2050.6	2.0	100%	2573.3	2399.4	173.9	107.2%	171.9	7.2%(b)	

Measurements in each arm: **Locations**: Circumferences of the arm are taken at these locations from the elbow; \mathbf{AX} . = Measurements on affected arm in visit "X"; \mathbf{UX} . = Measurements on unaffected arm in visit "X"; \mathbf{DX} . = Difference $\mathbf{AX} - \mathbf{UX}$; \mathbf{RX} = Ratio \mathbf{AX} / \mathbf{UX} ; $\mathbf{Volumes}$: Hands are excluded from the computation of volumes.

Main outcome is based in these variables: (a) M2CD5 = Maximum difference at two adjacent points in the inter-limb circumferential difference (b) CVR = Change (difference) in Volume Ratio.