

Appendix 4: WINBUGS code for network meta-analysis [posted as supplied by author]

a) Base case analysis

```

# Trial-level data given as treatment differences
# Random effects model for multi-arm trials
model{                                     # *** PROGRAM STARTS
  for(i in 1:ns) {                         # LOOP THROUGH STUDIES
    y[i] ~ dnorm(delta[i],prec[i])          # normal likelihood for trials
    var[i] <- pow(se[i],2)                  # calculate variances
    prec[i] <- 1/var[i]                    # set precisions

    # Trial-specific meandiff distributions
    delta[i] ~ dnorm(md[i],tau)

    #Mean of random effects distributions,with multi-arm trial correct
    md[i] <- d[t[i,2]] - d[t[i,1]]

    #Deviance contribution
    dev[i] <- (y[i]-delta[i])*(y[i]-delta[i])*prec[i]

    #summed residual deviance contribution for this trial
    resdev[i] <- sum(dev[i])
  }
  totresdev <- sum(resdev[])           #Total Residual Deviance
  d[1]<-0      # Treatment effect is zero for reference treatment
  # Vague priors for treatment effects
  for (k in 2:nt){d[k] ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
  }
  between.trial.var ~ dunif(0,5)
  tau<- 1/between.trial.var

  test~dnorm(2,4)I(0.1,)

  #Ranking
  for (k in 1:4) {
    rk[k] <- 5-rank(d[],k)
    best[k] <- equals(rk[k],1)}
  }                                     # *** PROGRAM ENDS

# ns= number of studies;
# nt=number of treatments;

list(ns=12, nt=4, nc=6)
c[]  t[,1] t[,2] y[]   se[]
1    1     3    0.4711  0.1647
2    1     4    2.4499  0.1691
3    2     4    0.7974  0.4078
4    4     4    1.0656  0.1131
2    1     4    2.2700  0.3041
1    1     3    5.4996  1.4148
1    1     3    1.9448  0.8245
2    1     4    2.8740  0.1402
1    1     3    1.3230  0.8183
5    3     3    -1.8738  0.6183
6    2     3    0.6408  0.4910
5    3     3    -0.5222  1.2273
END

Dbar = post.mean of -2logL; Dhat = -2LogL at post.mean of stochastic nodes
      Dbar   Dhat   pD    DIC
test   0.000  0.000 -0.000  0.000
y      13.467 3.074 10.396 23.860
total  13.467 3.074 10.396 23.860

```

b) Sensitivity analysis

Code and results for sensitivity analysis excluding studies where interventions were introduced at multiple time points (Helms et al., Kirkland et al., and Al-Tawfiq et al).

```

# Trial-level data given as treatment differences
# Random effects model for multi-arm trials
model{                                     # *** PROGRAM STARTS
  for(i in 1:ns) {                         # LOOP THROUGH STUDIES
    y[i] ~ dnorm(delta[i],prec[i])          # normal likelihood for trials
    var[i] <- pow(se[i],2)                  # calculate variances
    prec[i] <- 1/var[i]                   # set precisions

    # Trial-specific meandiff distributions
    delta[i] ~ dnorm(md[i],tau)

    #Mean of random effects distributions,with multi-arm trial correct
    md[i] <- d[t[i,2]] - d[t[i,1]]

    #Deviance contribution
    dev[i] <- (y[i]-delta[i])*(y[i]-delta[i])*prec[i]

    #summed residual deviance contribution for this trial
    resdev[i] <- sum(dev[i])
  }
  totresdev <- sum(resdev[])           #Total Residual Deviance
  d[1]<-0      # Treatment effect is zero for reference treatment
  # Vague priors for treatment effects
  for (k in 2:nt){d[k] ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
}
between.trial.var ~ dunif(0,5)
tau<- 1/between.trial.var

  test~dnorm(2,4)I(0.1,)

  #Ranking
  for (k in 1:4) {
    rk[k] <- 5-rank(d[],k)
    best[k] <- equals(rk[k],1)}
  }                                     # *** PROGRAM ENDS

# ns= number of studies;
# nt=number of treatments;

list(ns=9, nt=4, nc=6)
c[]  t[,1] t[,2] y[]   se[]
1    1     3    0.4711  0.1647
3    2     4    0.7974  0.4078
4    4     4    1.0656  0.1131
2    1     4    2.2700  0.3041
2    1     4    2.8740  0.1402
1    1     3    1.3230  0.8183
5    3     3   -1.8738  0.6183
6    2     3    0.6408  0.4910
5    3     3   -0.5222  1.2273
END

Dbar = post.mean of -2logL; Dhat = -2LogL at post.mean of stochastic nodes
  Dbar   Dhat   pD   DIC
test    0.000   0.000  -0.000  0.000
y       6.661  -1.189   7.851  14.512
total   6.661  -1.189   7.851  14.512

```