Identification of E-cadherin signature sites functioning as cleavage sites for Helicobacter pylori HtrA

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Experimental procedures

Cloning and enrichment of hCdh1 deletion mutants. The chimeric construct encoding the extracellular domain (aa 1 – aa 706) of E-cadherin fused to the Fc domain of human IgG is described elsewhere ¹. To delete individual EC domains, *Xho*I restriction sites were inserted in the 5' and 3' flanked regions of EC domains via site directed mutagenesis. After restriction the plasmids were religated, resulting in the deletion of the respective extracellular domains and an insertion of an *Xho*I restriction site (Tab. S1). AGS cells were transfected with Cdh1-Fc constructs and after 2, 3 and 4 days, supernatants containing secreted E-cadherin were collected. The supernatants were cleared by centrifugation at 1000 x g for 10 min and recombinant cadherin-Fc fusion proteins were isolated using sepharose A (GE Healthcare). After incubation with the supernatant, the sepharose was washed and the recombinant E-cadherin was eluted by a pH shift (100 mM glycine-HCl, pH 2.5). The eluate was immediately buffered by addition of 1 M Tris-HCl pH 9.5 and dialyzed in 50 mM Tris (pH 7.5) containing 1 mM CaCl₂.

Transepithelial electrical resistance (TEER). To determine TEER of a confluent MKN-28 cell monolayer, the transwell system (Corning) was pre-incubated with cell culture medium for 1 h. Subsequently, MKN-28 cells were cultured on 1.12 cm² cell culture inserts with 3.0 μm pore size (Corning) and incubated for 14 days at 37°C

in 5% CO₂. TEER was measured with an Electrical Resistance System (EVOM) (World Precision Instruments, Inc.)

and was calculated as Ohms x cm² by subtracting fluid resistance and multiplying by the monolayer surface area.

Table. S1. cDNA constructs used in this study.

Plasmid	Protein		Reference
Cdh1-Fc wt	aa 1 - aa 706 fused to Fc	wildtype	1
Cdh1 ∆EC1-Fc	Deletion of aa 155 – aa 262	Deletion of EC1	This study
Cdh1 ∆EC1-2-Fc	Deletion of aa 155 – aa 375	Deletion of EC1-2	This study
Cdh1 ∆EC1-3-Fc	Deletion of aa 155 – aa 486	Deletion of EC1-3	This study
Cdh1 ∆EC4-5-Fc	Deletion of aa 487 – aa 697	Deletion of EC4-5	This study
Cdh1 ∆EC5-Fc	Deletion of aa 594 – aa 697	Deletion of EC5	This study

Figure legends

Figure S1. Specific detection of Cdh1 fragments. **(A)** Scheme of Cdh1-Fc wt and the isogenic EC1, EC1-2, EC1-3, EC4-5, and EC5 deletion mutants. **(B)** Recombinant Cdh1-Fc proteins were separated by SDS PAGE and blotted on membranes. For the detection of the EC1 domain, the membrane was incubated with the SHE78-7 antibody. The EC2 domain was recognized by the HecD1 antibody, and the EC5 domain was detected by the H108 antibody. **(C)** Different cell lines used in this study were colonized by *H. pylori* at a MOI 100 for 16 h. Cells were extensively washed, scraped into medium and plated on agar plates in different dilutions. Colonies were quantified after 72 h growth under microaerophilic conditions. **(D)** Cells were infected with *H. pylori Hp*26695 for 16 h. Aliquots of supernatants were analyzed by Western blot using an anti-EC5 antibody (H108).

Figure S2. HtrA-mediated fragmentation of E-cadherin. (**A**) Long exposure of images shown in Figure 2A to detect additional Cdh1 fragments.

Figure S3. P1 binding to HtrA. (A) MS analytics of peptide P1. (**B, C**) SPR sensorgrams for P1 peptide binding to immobilized HtrA. P1 peptide was applied with (**B**) carboxyl (C1-COOH) or (**C**) amide (C1-NH2) C-terminus.

Figure S4. Analysis of the P1 peptide. (**A**) Synthesized peptides based on the most frequent detected peptide during label-free mass spectrometry-based proteomic analysis. Underlined amino acid residues indicate the cadherin consensus sequence. Bold amino acids indicate exchanged amino acids. (**B**) 50 ng recombinant E-cadherin (rCdh1) was incubated with 200 ng recombinant HtrA (rHtrA) for 16 h at 37°C. As indicated, 100 μ M of the peptides were added. (**C**) 50 ng rCdh1 was incubated with 200 ng rHtrA for 16 h at 37°C. As indicated, 100 μ M or 50 μ M of the peptides were included. DMSO was added as a control. The cleavage fragments were analyzed by Western blot and detected using an antibody against the EC5. (**D**) Quantitative analysis of the relative amount of β-actin in whole cell lysates (WCL) of the *H. pylori*-infected cells by blot densitometry from the three independent experiments as shown in Fig. 5B.

Figure S5. Transepithelial resistance (TEER) characteristics of polarized MKN-28 cells using a transwell filter system. MKN-28 cells were grown as a monolayer in a transwell filter system. The cells were then differentiated and TEER was allowed to establish over 14 days as indicated (A). MKN-28 cells were incubated over a 24 hour time course in the presence or absence of HtrA inhibitor P1 and infected with *H. pylori* (**B**). TEER measurement was performed as described in the Materials and Methods section.

Figure S6. Original Western blots as shown in Fig. 4B. Analysis of rCdh1 cleavage by HtrA in the presence of P1, P3, P4, P5 (dotted lines) or test compounds t1-t14 (not part of this study). Separate sections of the same membrane are shown in Fig. 4B.

References

1 Niessen, C. M. & Gumbiner, B. M. Cadherin-mediated cell sorting not determined by binding or adhesion specificity. *The Journal of cell biology* **156**, 389-399, doi:10.1083/jcb.200108040 (2002).

A rec. CDH1 (D₁₅₅-Q₇₀₆)

Fc-Tag	wt
Fc-Tag	$\Delta EC1$
Fc-Tag	$\Delta EC1-2$
Fc-Tag	$\Delta EC1-3$
Fc-Tag	Δ EC4-5
Fc-Tag	$\Delta EC5$
	Fc-Tag Fc-Tag Fc-Tag Fc-Tag Fc-Tag Fc-Tag

D



С







αEC1

A





A

P1	TGTLL <u>LILSDVNDNAP</u> IPEPR
P2	L <u>LILSDVNDNAP</u> IPEPR
P3	I <u>LSDVNDNAP</u> IPEPR
P4	<u>LSDVNDNAP</u> IPEPR
P5	<u>NDN</u> A <u>P</u> IPEPR
P1_NT	TGTLLLI
P1_NT (TG)	TGT GTGT
P1_NT (GT)	GTGTGTG
$P1_CT_{mut}$	TGTLLILS G V GGG A G IPEPR

P1_NT _{mut}	TGTL GGG LSDVNDNA G IPEPR	
P1 _{mut}	TGTL GGG LS G V GGG A G IPEPR	synthesis failed





A



B





H.pylori wt

- *H.pylori* wt + 100 μM P1
- *H.pylori* wt + 200 μM P1
- _____ *H.pylori* wt + 500 μM P1

