

## **Supplementary Information**

### **Electrically tunable terahertz metamaterials with embedded large-area transparent thin-film transistor arrays**

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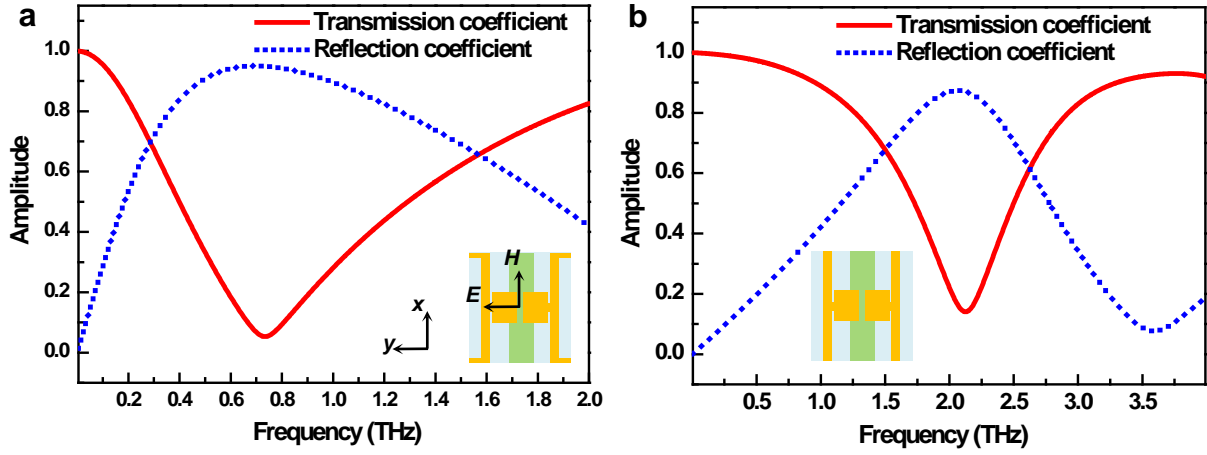
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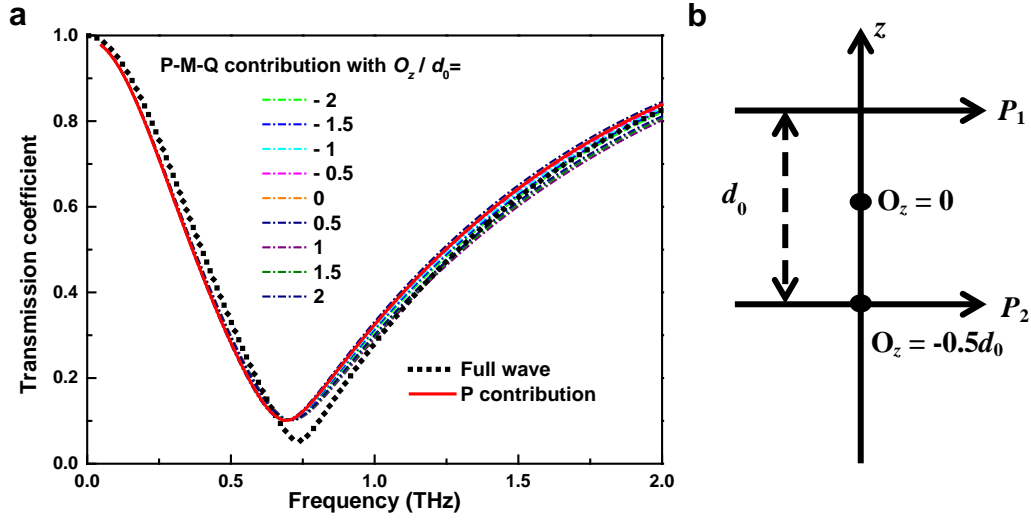
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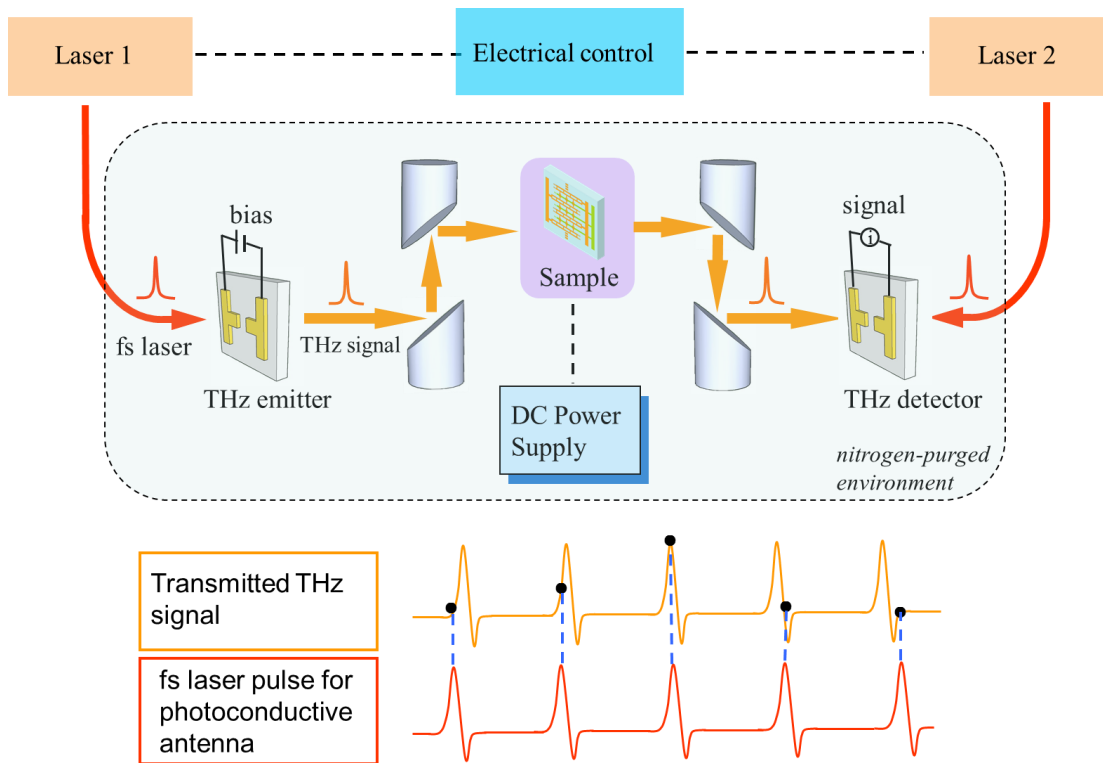
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**Figure S1.** Transmission/reflection coefficient of *a*-IGZO TFT-based metamaterials with (a) connected or (b) unconnected metamaterial design. The resonance frequency red-shifts from 2.1 to 0.75 THz due to the connecting design along *y*-direction in our structure.



**Figure S2.** The choice of coordinate origin for calculating magnetic dipole ( $M$ ) and electric quadrupole ( $Q$ ) moments. (a) The transmission coefficient (amplitude) calculated by fitting the multipolar expansion model with different choice of coordinate origin  $O_z$ . (b) Schematic of the coordinate origin. Here  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  represent the electric dipole moments of source/drain layer and gate layer, respectively. The distance between these two layers is indicated as  $d_0$ . We found that the different choice of coordinate origin  $O_z$  for calculating  $M$  and  $Q$  results only in a small difference to the transmitted field, while the electric dipole moment ( $P$ ) unambiguously remains dominant to the scattered radiation. Therefore, we simply show the results in Figs. 2c-2e by choosing the origin at the middle of these two metal layers.



**Figure S3.** Experimental setup for characterizing the tunable THz metamaterial.