

# Localised Ag<sup>+</sup> vibrations at the origin of ultralow thermal conductivity in layered thermoelectric AgCrSe<sub>2</sub>

F. Damay<sup>1</sup>, S. Petit<sup>1</sup>, S. Rols<sup>2</sup>, M. Braendlein<sup>1</sup>, R. Daou<sup>3</sup>, E. Elkaïm<sup>4</sup>, F. Fauth<sup>5</sup>, F. Gascoin<sup>3</sup>, C. Martin<sup>3</sup> and A. Maignan<sup>3</sup>

## Supplementary material

Table S1: Rietveld refinement results of high resolution synchrotron X-ray powder diffractogram of  $\text{AgCrSe}_2$  at 295 K and 80 K (space group  $R\bar{3}m$  (n°160, H setting) with all atoms on Wyckoff position  $3a$  ( $0, 0, z$ )).

Temperature	295 K	80 K
Cell parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ )		
$a$	3.6836(2)	3.6844(2)
$c$	21.2375(12)	21.11561(10)
Cell volume $V(\text{\AA}^3)$	249.6(2)	248.2(2)
Ag ( $0, 0, z$ )	0.1529(3)	0.1513(2)
Cr ( $0, 0, z$ )	0	0
Se <sub>1</sub> ( $0, 0, z$ )	0.2713(3)	0.2709(3)
Se <sub>2</sub> ( $0, 0, z$ )	0.7337(3)	0.7336(3)
$U_{\text{anisotropic}} (\text{\AA}^2)$		
Ag $U_{11}$	0.081(6)	0.016(7)
Ag $U_{33}$	0.004(2)	0.010(3)
Nb. of reflections	63	63
Nb. of parameters	17	17
Bragg R factor	3.88	4.28
$\chi^2$	2.04	3.18

Table S2: Selected inter-atomic distances and angles in AgCrSe<sub>2</sub> at 295 K and 80 K (from high resolution synchrotron X-ray powder diffractograms).

Temperature	295 K	80 K
Distances (Å)		
Ag-Se <sub>1</sub>	2.5162(1) (x1)	2.5284(1)
Ag-Se <sub>2</sub>	2.8025(4) (x3)	2.7792(4)
Cr-Se <sub>1</sub>	2.4970(5) (x3)	2.5005(3)
Cr-Se <sub>2</sub>	2.5624(5) (x3)	2.5505(5)
Cr-Cr <sub>in</sub>	3.6836(2) (x6)	3.6844(1)
Cr-Cr <sub>out</sub>	7.3918(4) (x6)	7.3530(4)
Cr-Cr <sub>in</sub> (2 <sup>nd</sup> neighbour)	6.380(1) (x6)	6.381(1)
CrSe <sub>2</sub> layer thickness (Å)	2.738(1)	2.721(1)
AgSe <sub>4</sub> height (Å)	4.341(1)	4.317(1)
Angles (°)		
Se-Cr-Se <sub>in</sub>	91.91(3)	92.49(3)
Se-Cr-Se <sub>out</sub>	86.49(3)	86.29(3)
S-Ag-S	130.63(3)	130.06(3)

Figure S1 : (Left) Total (black) and partial (red : Ag, blue : Cr, magenta : Se) simulated structure factors obtained from the ab-initio molecular dynamics calculations at 150 K. (Right) Partial density of state for the Ag atoms, projected along the [110] axis (« in plane » vibrations, in blue), and along the [001] direction (« out of plane » vibrations, in red).

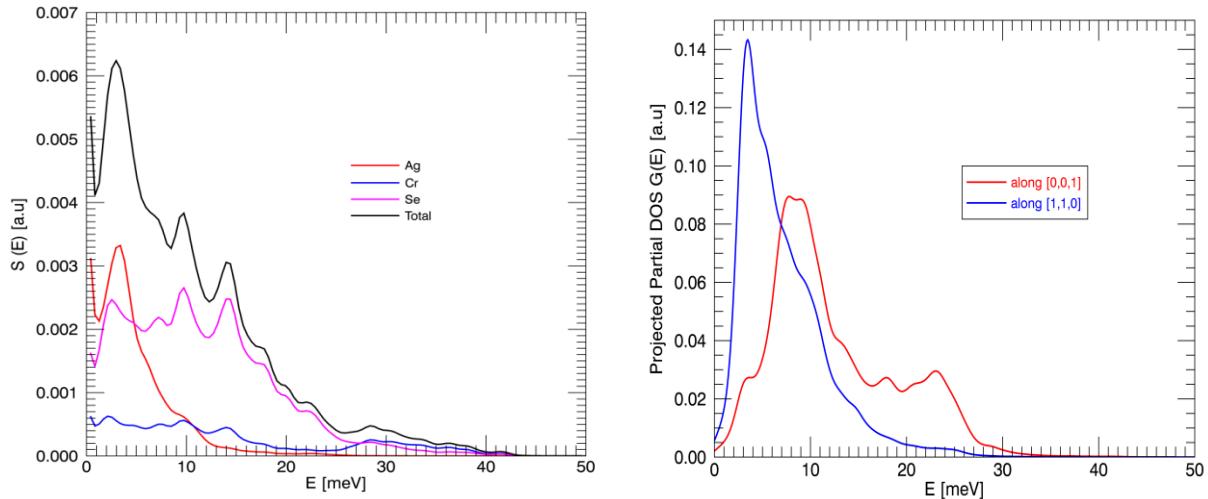


Figure S2 : Temperature evolution of the  $\text{AgCrSe}_2$  cell parameter  $a$  and cell volume  $V$ . The red line is a Debye fit, and the blue line is a guide to the eye.

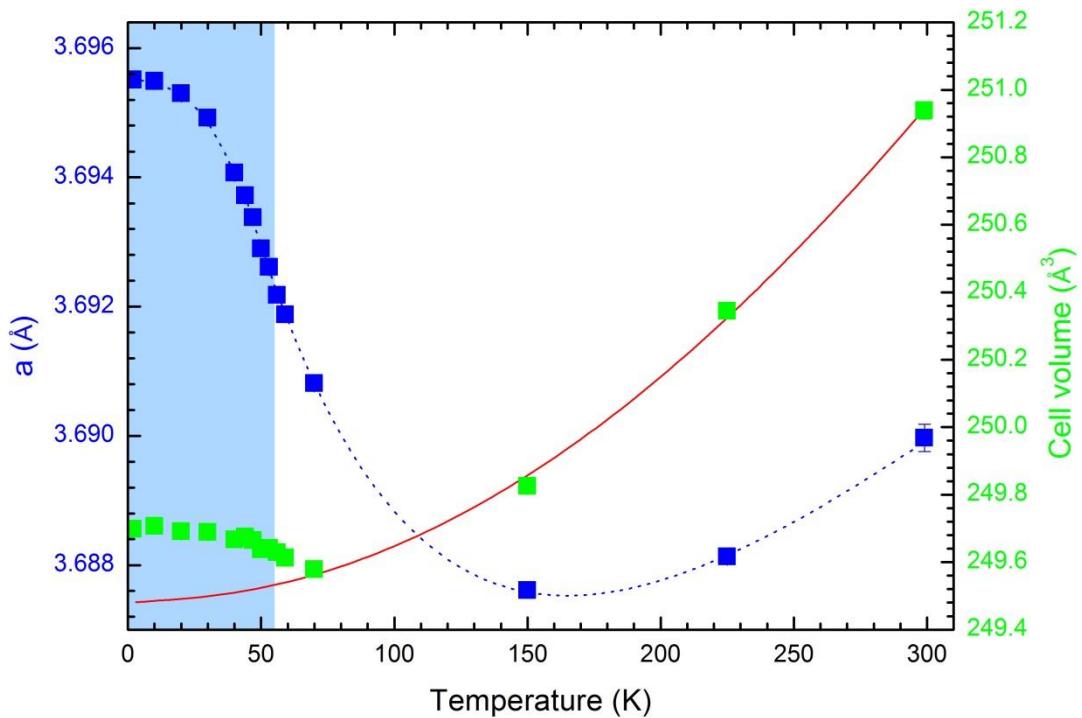


Figure S3 : Spin-wave calculation performed modelling the incommensurate magnetic structure of  $\text{AgCrSe}_2$  at 2 K, with the following magnetic exchange values:  $J_{ab} \sim 2.1$  meV,  $J_{NN} \sim -0.71$  meV and  $J_C \sim -0.09$  meV (see text for definition of  $J$ 's).

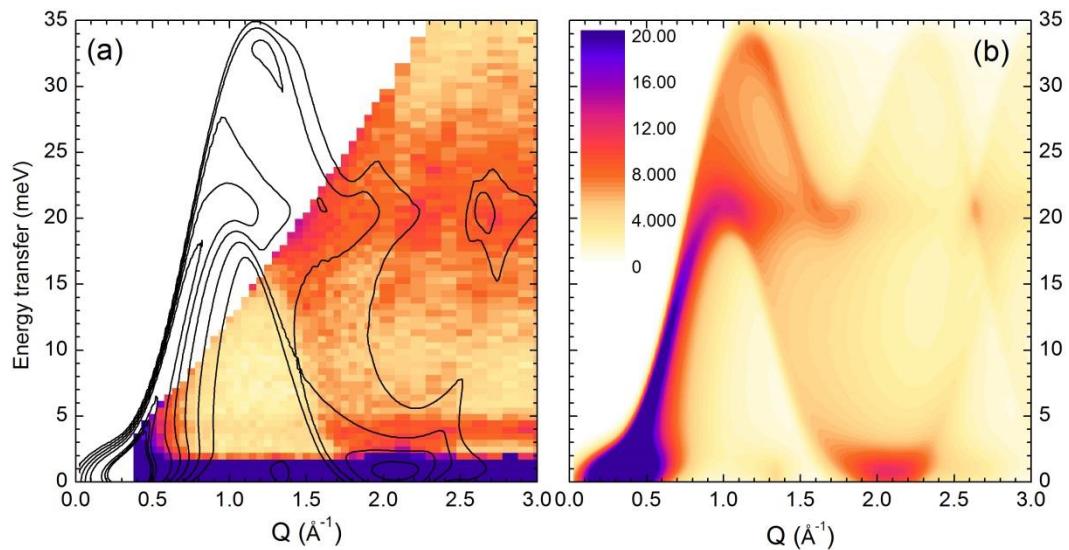
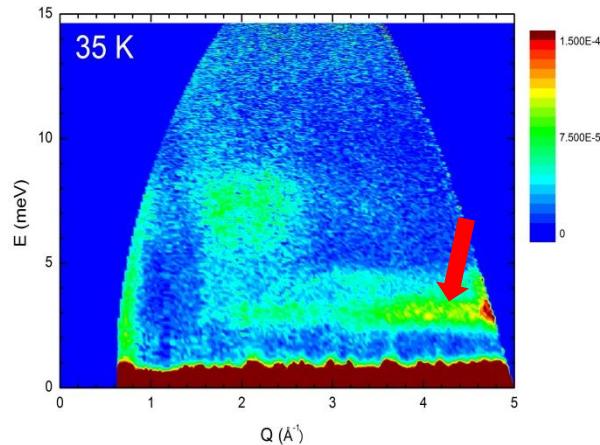


Figure S4 : Dynamical properties of AgCrS<sub>2</sub>. The red arrow indicates the localised mode attributed to the in-plane vibration of Ag<sup>+</sup>.



AgCrS<sub>2</sub>