S4 File. Comparison of Prediction Accuracy of Several Outbreak Criteria

For the final prediction model derived, we established predictions and calculated the accuracy of the prediction according to a binary classification of months as outbreaks or non-outbreaks. We compared prediction accuracy according to sensitivity, specificity, and positive and negative predictive values of the final prediction model when it was applied to the following outbreak threshold:

- 1. Constant outbreak threshold: the average of monthly dengue cases during study period (2001-2010), and the incidence rate (>300/100,000)
- 2. Moving outbreak threshold: the definition of a dengue outbreak in Indonesia² and by WHO³

constant outbreak threshold moving outbreak threshold Prediction monthly average cases 2 * dengue lag12 monthly average cases accuracy 2001-2010 IR > 300/100,000 (Badurdeen of the preceding 5 years et al., 2013) + 2 SD (WHO, 2009) = 60 cases Sensitivity 88.9 % outbreak 75.0 % 50.0 % 84.3 % 98.2 % Specificity 81.0 % never existed,

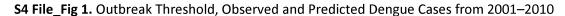
62.1 %

90.8 %

66.7 %

96.5 %

S4 File_Table 1. The Comparison of the Prediction Accuracy



according to the

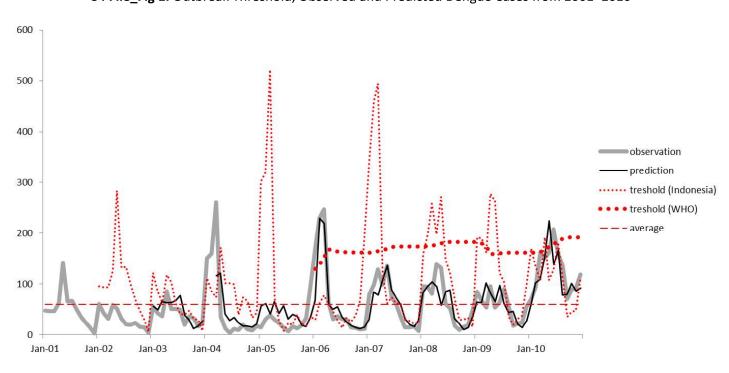
surveillance

74.4 %

92.2 %

PPV

NPV



² Badurdeen S, Valladares DB, Farrar J, Gozzer E, Kroeger A, Kuswara N, et al. Sharing experiences: towards an evidence based model of dengue surveillance and outbreak response in Latin America and Asia. **BMC public** health. 2013;13(1):607

³ World Health Organization. **Dengue: guideline for diagnosis, treatment, prevention and control**. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2009

S4 File_Fig 2. Outbreak Threshold (300 cases per 100.000) and Monthly Incidence (per 100.000) from 2001–2010

