Manuscript Title: Birth mode-dependent association between pre-pregnancy maternal weight status and the neonatal intestinal microbiome

Authors: Noel T Mueller^{1,*}, PhD; Hakdong Shin², PhD; Aline Pizoni³; Isabel C Werlang³, PhD; Ursula Matte⁵, PhD; Marcelo Z Goldani^{4,6}, MD, PhD; Helena AS Goldani^{3,4,6} MD, PhD; Maria Gloria Dominguez-Bello^{2*}

Affiliations:

¹Department of Epidemiology, Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Baltimore, MD

²New York University School of Medicine, New York, NY

³Post-Graduate Program Sciences in Gastroenterology and Hepatology, Faculty of Medicine, Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre – RS, Brazil.

⁴Laboratory of Translational Pediatrics, Hospital de Clínicas de Porto Alegre, Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre – RS, Brazil

⁵Department of Genetics, Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre – RS, Brazil

⁶Department of Pediatrics, Faculty of Medicine, Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre – RS, Brazil

Corresponding authors:

Noel Theodore Mueller

Address: 2024 E. Monument St., Suite 2-600, Baltimore, MD, 21287

Email: nmuelle4@jhu.edu Phone: 410-614-7628

Maria Gloria Dominguez-Bello

Address: 462 First Avenue, New York, NY 10016 Email: Maria.Dominguez-Bello@nyumc.org

Phone: 646-501-0703

SUPPLEMENTARY FILES

Legends:

- **Table S1**. Summary of analyzed 16S rRNA sequence data.
- **Table S2**. Comparing the relative abundance of *Bacteroides* operational taxonomic units in the stool of neonates using BLASTN.
- **Figure S1**. Bacterial beta diversity in newborn feces according to mode of delivery. Weighted (left) and unweighted (right) UniFrac distances were used to evaluate beta diversity. PERMANOVA was used to test dissimilarity.
- **Figure S2**. Phylogenetic diversity (**A**), observed species (**B**), and species richness (**C**) plots for bacterial operating taxonomic units (OTUs) in newborn feces according to mode of delivery. All communities were rarefied up to 1,634 reads per sample to calculate bacterial diversity (means \pm 1 SE).
- **Figure S3**. Phylogenetic diversity (**A**), observed species (**B**), and species richness (**C**) plots for bacterial operating taxomonic units (OTUs) in neonatal feces according to mode of delivery and maternal pre-pregnancy BMI. All communities were rarefied up to 1,634 reads per sample to calculate bacterial diversity (means \pm 1 SE).
- **Figure S4**. Differences in relative abundance of bacterial taxa in newborn feces according to mode of delivery. **A**. Bacterial taxonomic plots are shown at the phylum and genus levels. Each taxon representing >1% of the average relative abundance in study groups is indicated by a different color. Taxa are reported at the lowest identifiable level, indicated by the letter preceding the underscore: f, family; g, genus. **B**. Histogram of significant bacterial taxonomic biomarkers in each group; LDA Effect Size (>3.0-fold) was used to determine significant biomarkers.
- **Figure S5**. Differences in relative abundance of bacterial taxa in newborn feces by prepregnancy maternal BMI according to delivery mode. Bacterial taxonomic plots at the phylum (**A**) and genus (**B**) levels for each newborn. Each taxon representing >1% of the average relative abundance is indicated by a different color. Taxa are reported at the lowest identifiable level, indicated by the letter preceding the underscore: f, family; g, genus.
- **Figure S6**. Bacterial beta diversity in the feces of Cesarean (C-section) delivered newborns according to whether their (**A**) mothers were treated or were not treated with prenatal antibiotics, or whether (**B**) they were or were not breastfed in first 24 hours after birth. Weighted UniFrac distances were used to evaluate diversity and PERMANOVA was used to test dissimilarity.

Table S1. Summary of analyzed 16S rRNA sequence data.

Vaginally delivered

Cesarean delivered

		es (n = 56)	neona			
	Maternal pre-pregnancy BMI status					
Characteristics	Normal weight	Overweight or Obese	Normal weight	Overweight or Obese	Total	
Number of samples	30	26	13	5	74	
Total number of sequences	261,408	266,333	144,133	53,215	725,089	
Mean number of sequences (± SEM)	8,714 ± 662	10,244 ± 863	11,087 ± 926	10,643 $\pm 2,209$	9,799 ± 474	
Total number of sequences yielding OTUs	250,004	258,927	125,657	47,326	681,914 (6.0% loss)	
Mean number of sequences yielding OTUs (± SEM)	8,333 ± 639	9,959 ± 832	9,666 ± 1,018	9,465 ± 2,453	9215 ± 468	
Number of observed OTU types	2,353	1,822	1,219	531	3,717	

Table S2. Comparing the relative abundance of *Bacteroides* operational taxonomic units in the stool of neonates using BLASTN.

Differences, according to maternal pre-pregnancy BMI, in the (mean) relative abundance of operational taxonomic units (OTU) within the *Bacteroides*

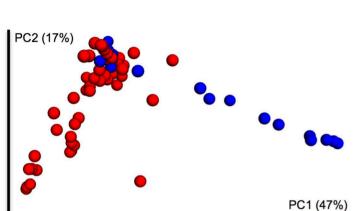
		و	genus (g) among stools from neonates deliv	ered vagina	<u>lly.</u>			
					Maternal BMI <25 kg/m ²	Maternal BMI ≥25 kg/m ²		
Predicted taxonomy	OTU ID	Query length (nt)	Best hit (BLASTN)	Identities	Mean	Mean	Test Statistic	P value
g_Bacteroides;s_caccae	196664	204	Bacteroides caccae strain JCM 9498	100%	2.92	3.60	4.40	0.04
g_Bacteroides	1992	253	Bacteroides caccae strain JCM 9498	99%	0.00	4.80	5.51	0.02
g_Bacteroides	161423	253	Bacteroides dorei strain 175	98%	22.85	127.80	8.83	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	172777	253	Bacteroides dorei strain 175	98%	4.62	12.00	7.19	0.01
g_Bacteroides	177222	253	Bacteroides dorei strain 175	98%	1.77	2.60	5.32	0.02
g_Bacteroides	4447950	253	Bacteroides stercoris strain JCM 9496	100%	0.00	4.80	5.51	0.02
g_Bacteroides	2875735	198	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	100%	14.15	156.60	9.26	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	3426658	205	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	100%	15.69	252.40	9.26	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	3439403	213	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	100%	6.62	84.80	9.51	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	3563235	219	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	100%	19.54	263.40	9.26	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	3600504	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	100%	215.38	3212.60	8.06	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	157327	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.46	8.80	12.84	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	182255	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.62	4.00	8.56	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	183662	246	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.31	2.20	5.35	0.02
g_Bacteroides	184209	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.31	3.00	8.61	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	211706	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.15	3.20	5.00	0.03
g_Bacteroides	844375	207	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.23	28.20	8.59	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	1508541	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.69	9.60	6.37	0.01

g_Bacteroides	1749079	192	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	1.00	20.80	10.59	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	1919007	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.00	2.60	5.51	0.02
g_Bacteroides	2134452	198	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	1.92	35.00	9.56	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	2137001	201	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	5.15	94.80	10.19	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	3256931	219	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	1.77	25.00	9.86	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	3272632	205	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	4.69	69.80	7.81	0.01
g_Bacteroides	3588390	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	38.69	545.20	8.77	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	3887769	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.23	2.00	7.94	< 0.01
g_Bacteroides	4232045	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	2.92	165.60	4.46	0.03
g_Bacteroides	4357811	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	0.62	2.60	5.52	0.02
g_Bacteroides	4468234	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	99%	39.54	396.40	6.55	0.01
g_Bacteroides	270094	253	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	98%	0.69	22.20	4.24	0.04
g_Bacteroides	4256470	253	Bacteroides xylanisolvens strain XB1A	100%	0.00	9.40	5.51	0.02

Differences, according to maternal pre-pregnancy BMI, in the (mean) relative abundance of operational taxonomic units (OTU) within the *Bacteroides* genus (g) among stools from neonates **delivered by C-section.**

					Maternal BMI <25 kg/m ²	Maternal BMI ≥25 kg/m ²		
		Query length			Kg/III	Kg/III	Test	P
Predicted taxonomy	OTU ID	(nt)	Best hit (BLASTN)	Identities	Mean	Mean	Statistic	value
g_Bacteroides	3563235	219	Bacteroides vulgatus strain ATCC 8482	100%	3.53	0.00	4.66	0.03

Weighted UniFrac Distance



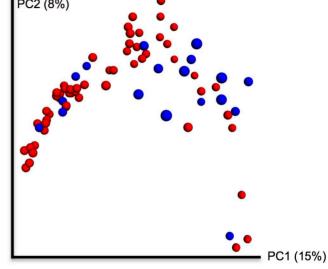


C-section Delivered Neonatal Stool Microbiota VS. Vaginally Delivered Neonatal Stool Microbiota

p < 0.001

PC2 (8%)

Unweighted UniFrac Distance



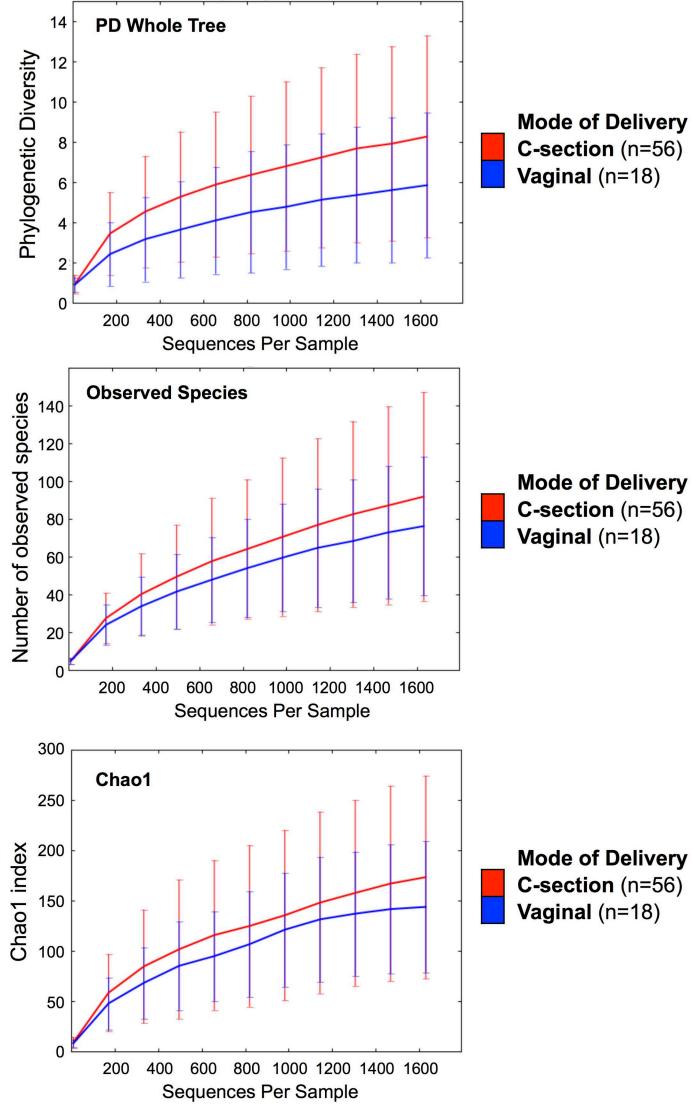
PERMANOVA

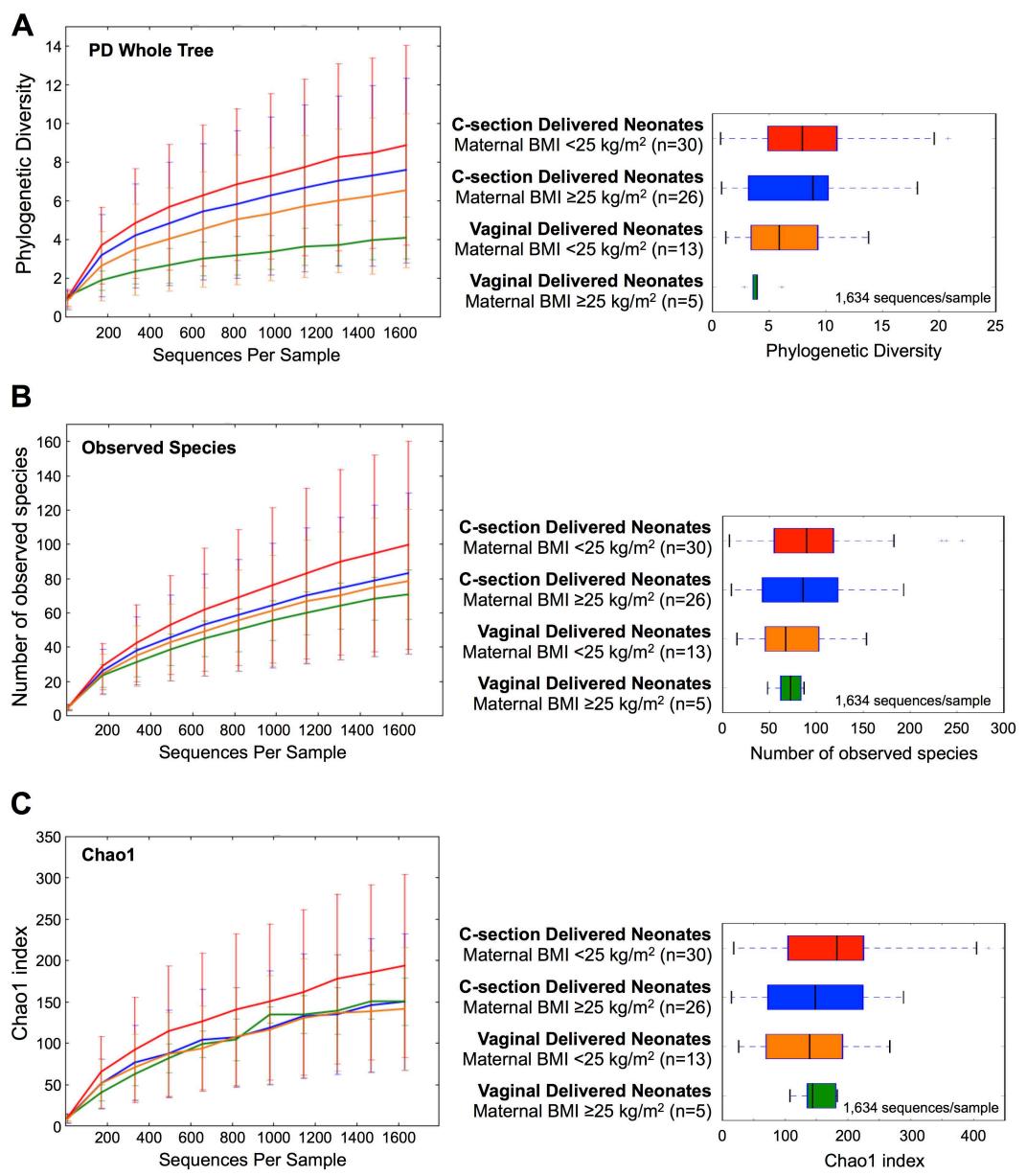
C-section Delivered Neonatal Stool Microbiota VS. Vaginally Delivered Neonatal Stool Microbiota p < 0.001

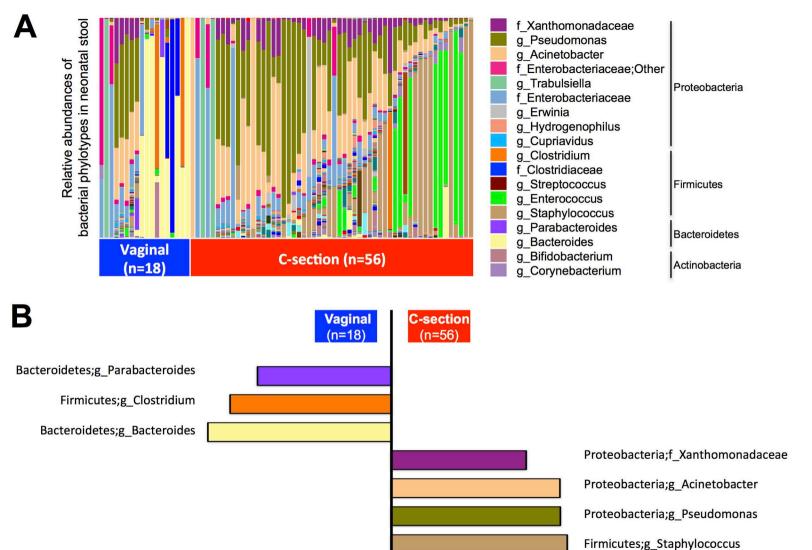


Mode of Delivery C-section (n=56)

Vaginal (n=18)







LDA score

2

6

-2

-4

-6

