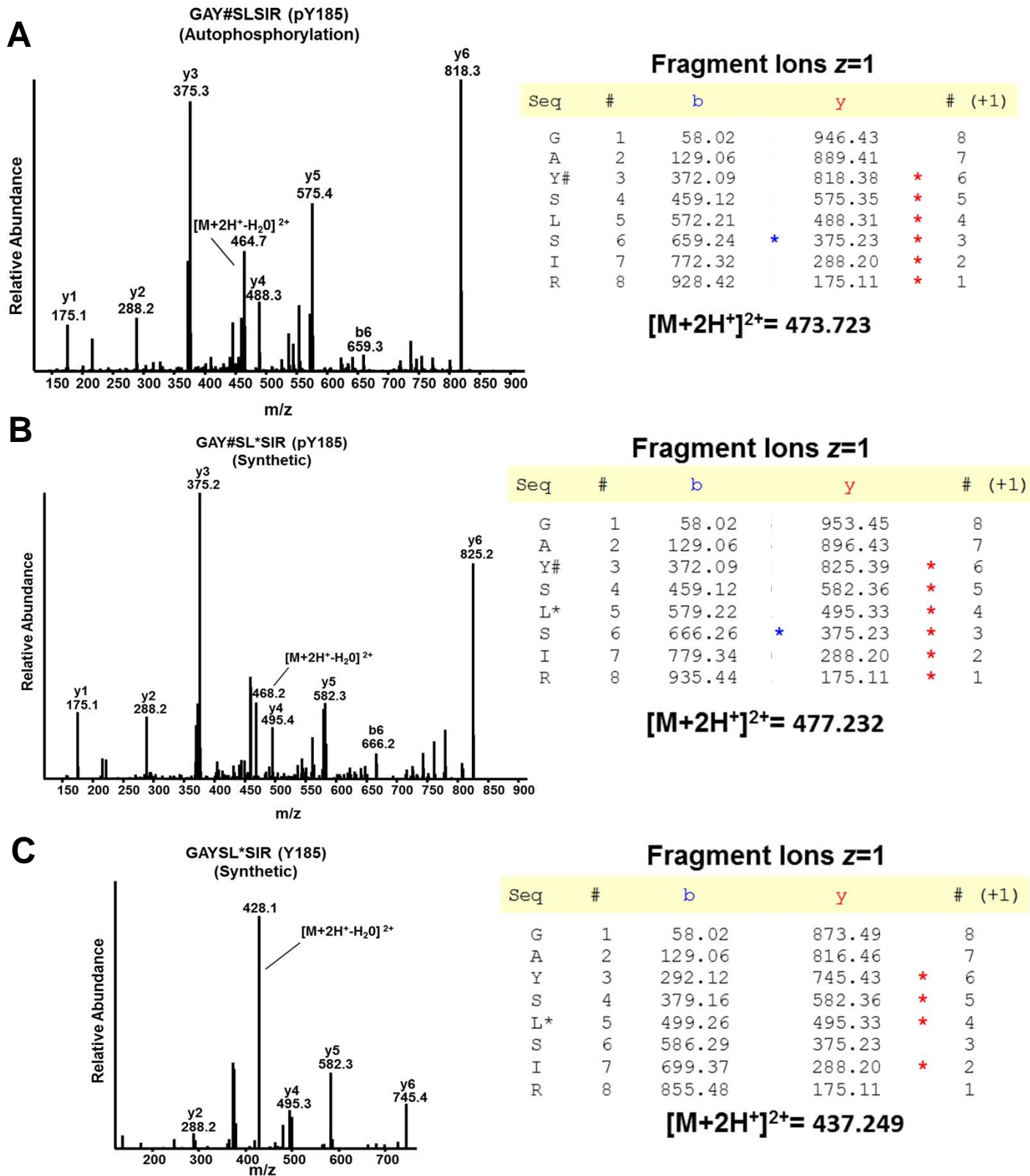
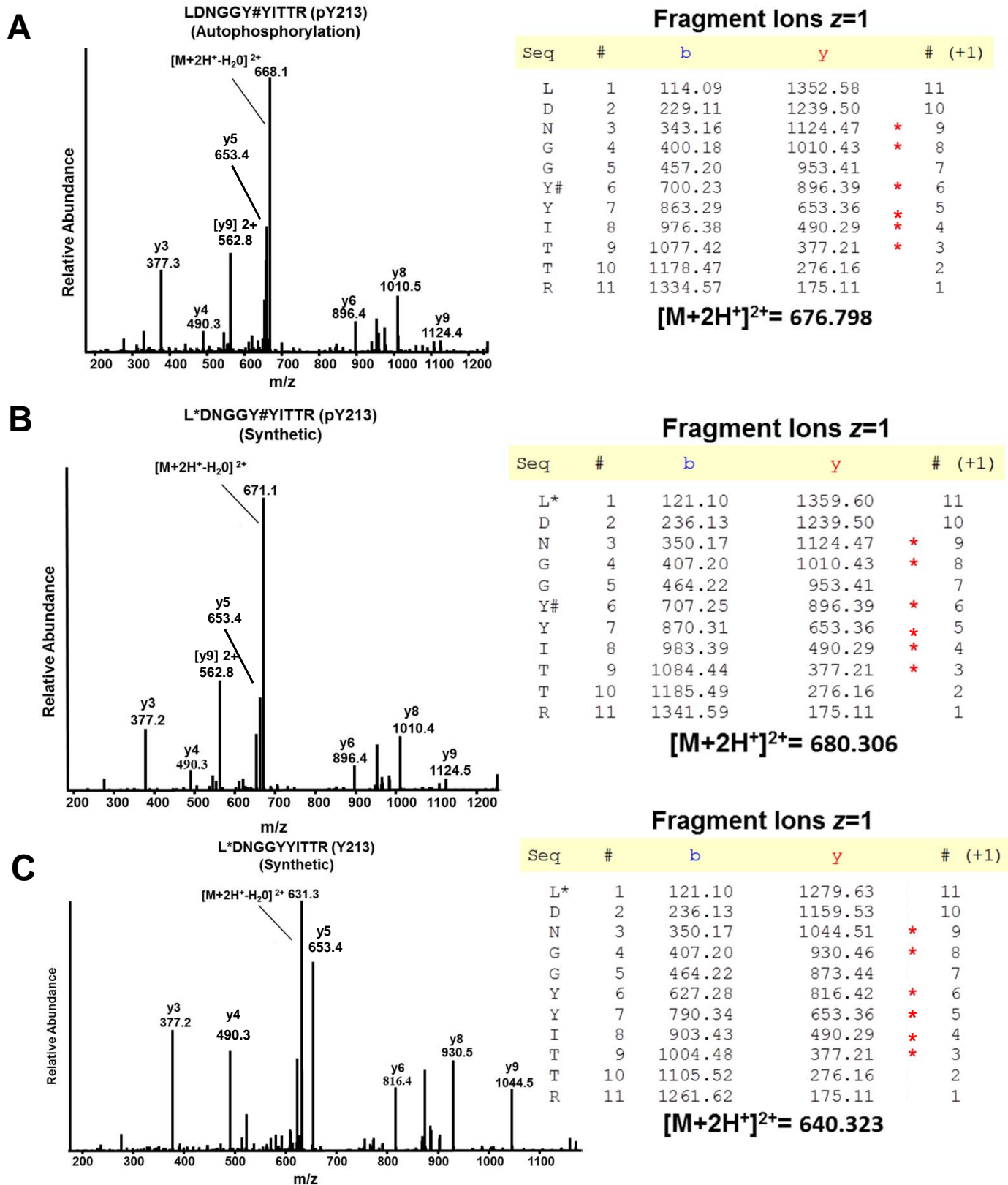


Supplementary Figure 1



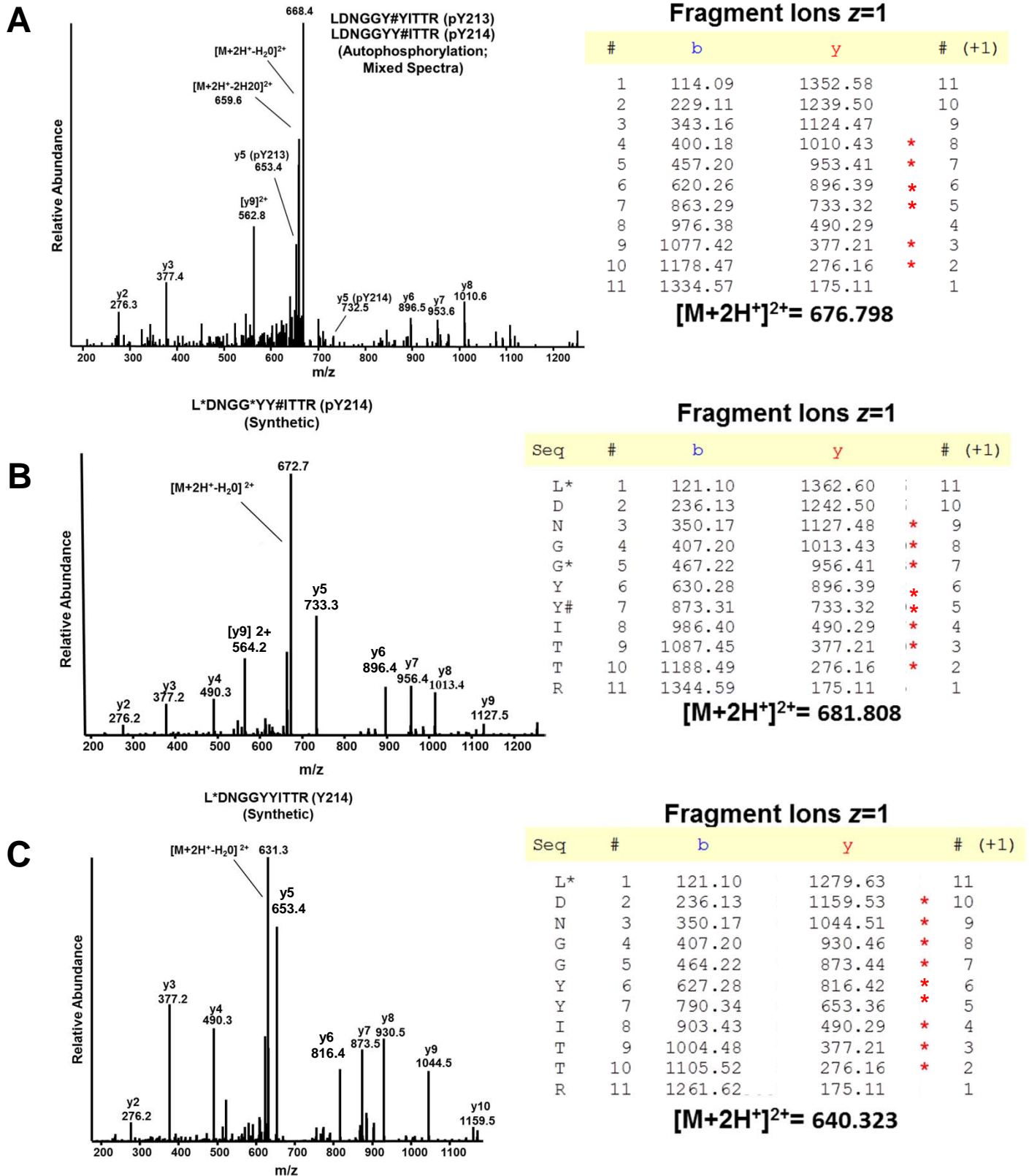
Supplementary Figure 1. Low-energy collision-induced dissociation spectra for (A) the phosphopeptide immunoprecipitated from yeast, (B) the synthetic phosphopeptide and (C) the synthetic unphosphorylated peptide. and their predicted fragment ions. # denotes phosphorylation, * in sequence denotes residue containing ¹³C and ¹⁵N. Red and blue stars indicate select fragment ions specifically labeled in spectra.

Supplementary Figure 2



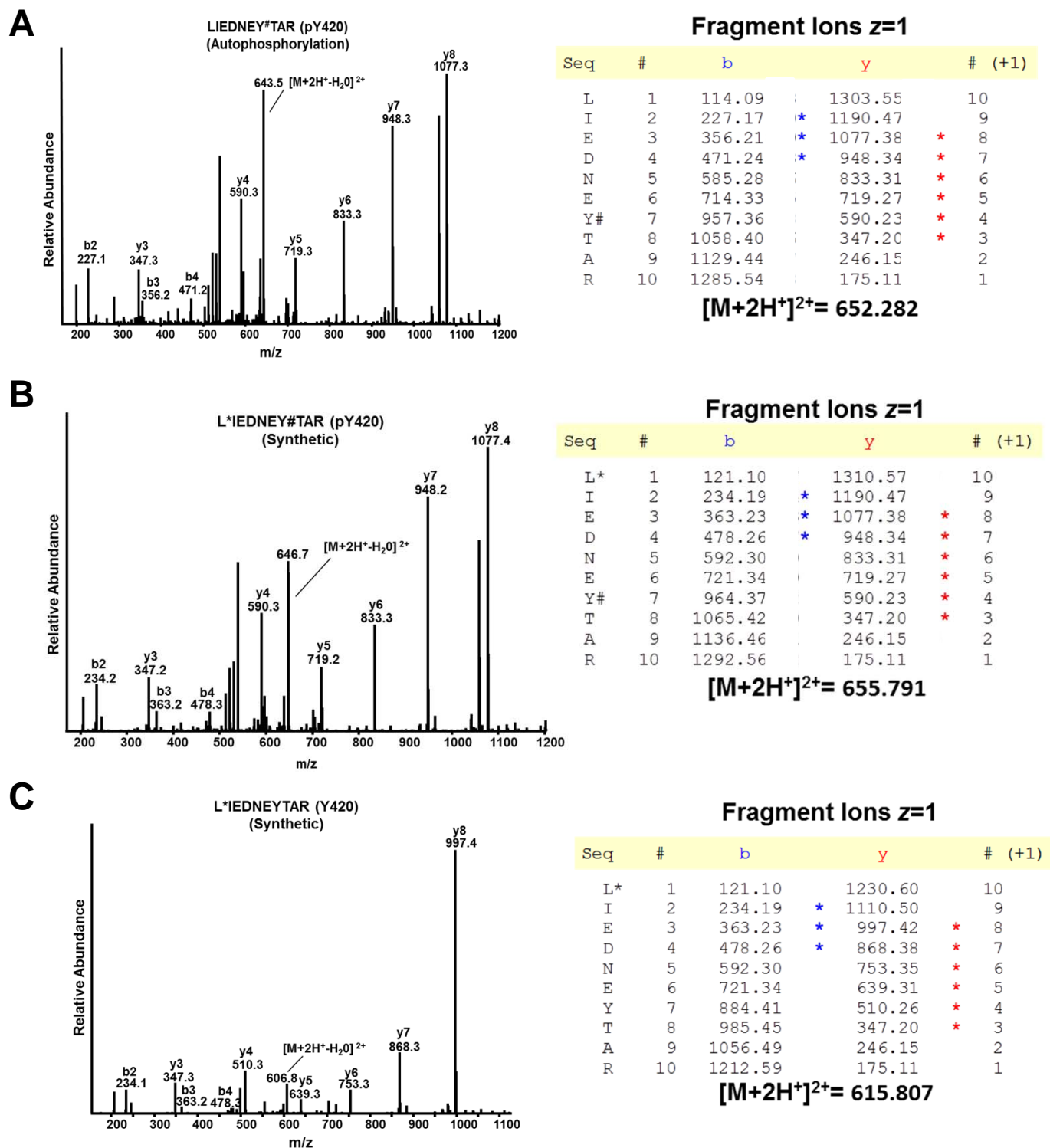
Supplementary Figure 2. Low-energy collision-induced dissociation spectra for (A) the phosphopeptide immunoprecipitated from yeast, (B) the synthetic phosphopeptide and (C) the synthetic unphosphorylated peptide. and their predicted fragment ions. # denotes phosphophorylation, * in sequence denotes residue containing ^{13}C and ^{15}N . Red and blue stars indicate select fragment ions specifically labeled in spectra.

Supplementary Figure 3



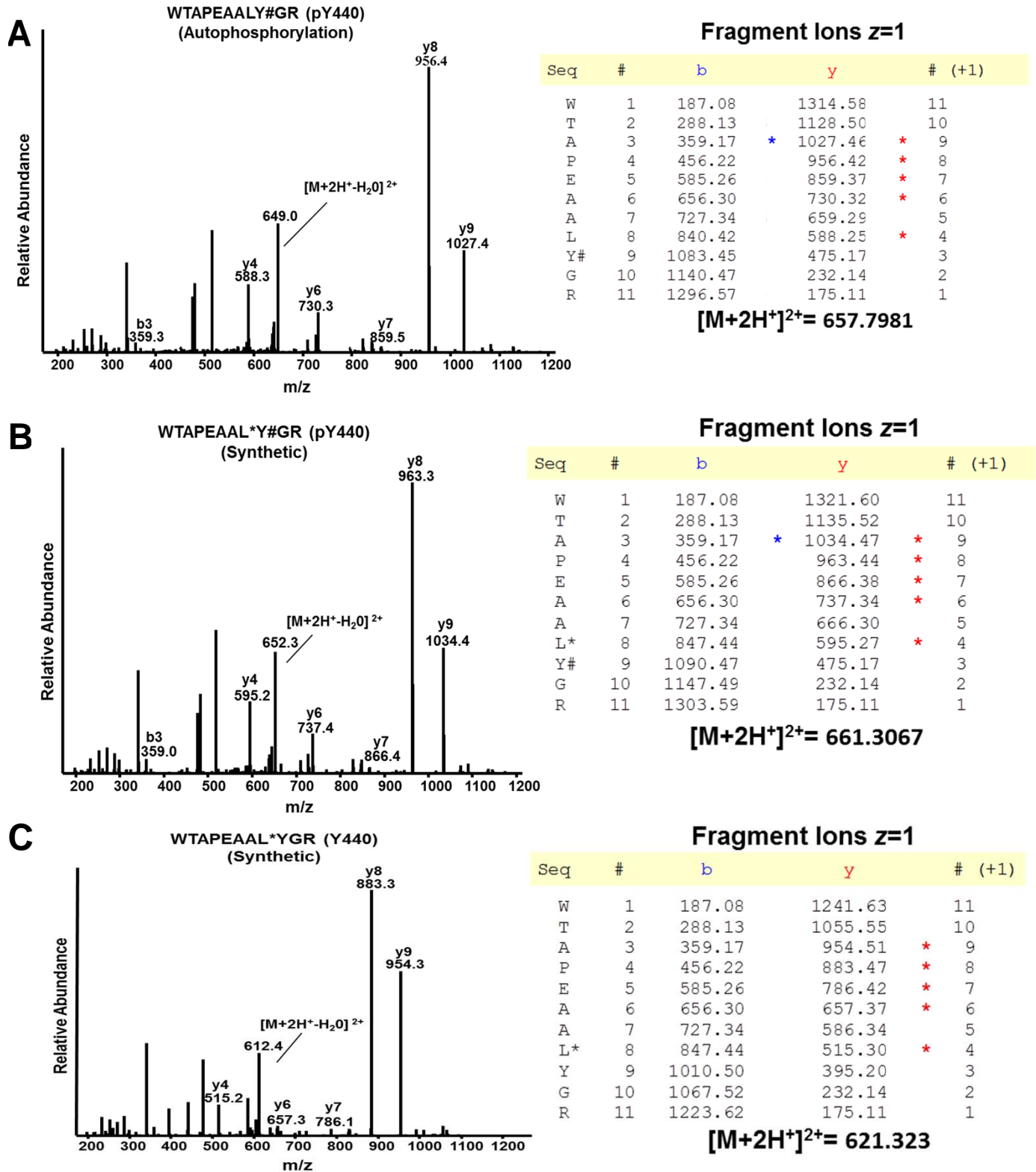
Supplementary Figure 3. Low-energy collision-induced dissociation spectra for (A) the co-eluting phosphopeptides immunoprecipitated from yeast, (B) the synthetic phosphopeptide and (C) the synthetic unphosphorylated peptide. and their predicted fragment ions. # denotes phosphorylation, * in sequence denotes residue containing ¹³C and ¹⁵N. Red and blue stars indicate select fragment ions specifically labeled in spectra.

Supplementary Figure 4



Supplementary Figure 4. Low-energy collision-induced dissociation spectra for (A) the phosphopeptide immunoprecipitated from yeast, (B) the synthetic phosphopeptide and (C) the synthetic unphosphorylated peptide. and their predicted fragment ions. # denotes phosphorylation, * in sequence denotes residue containing ¹³C and ¹⁵N. Red and blue stars indicate select fragment ions specifically labeled in spectra.

Supplementary Figure 5



Supplementary Figure 5. Low-energy collision-induced dissociation spectra for (A) the phosphopeptide immunoprecipitated from yeast, (B) the synthetic phosphopeptide and (C) the synthetic unphosphorylated peptide. and their predicted fragment ions. # denotes phosphorylation, * in sequence denotes residue containing ^{13}C and ^{15}N . Red and blue stars indicate select fragment ions specifically labeled in spectra.

Weir *et al.* Supplementary Figure 6

A

Yes	GIFLVRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDEIRGDNVKHYKIRKLDN ^{red} GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Src	GTFLVRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} CLSVSDFDNAKGLNVKHYKIRKLD ^{red} SGG ^{yellow} FYITSRTQF
Fyn	GTFLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDDMKGDHVKHYKIRKLDN ^{red} GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Fgr	GAFLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDQTRGDHVKHYKIRKLD ^{red} MGG ^{yellow} YYITTRVQF
Lyn	GAFLIRESE ^{blue} TLKGS ^{yellow} F ^{red} SLSVRDFDPVHGDVIKHYKIRSLDN ^{red} GG ^{yellow} YYISPRITF
Hck	GSFMIRDSE ^{blue} TTKGS ^{yellow} V ^{red} SLSVRDYDPRQGDTVKHYKIRTLDN ^{red} GG ^{yellow} FYISPRSTF
Lck	GSFLIRESE ^{blue} STAGS ^{yellow} F ^{red} SLSVRDFDQNQGEVVKHYKIRNLDN ^{red} GG ^{yellow} FYISPRITF
Blk	GSFLIRESE ^{blue} TNKGAF ^{red} SLSVKDVT-TQGELIKHYKIRCLDEGG ^{yellow} YYISPRITF
Frk	GSFLIRESE ^{blue} SQKGE ^{yellow} F ^{red} SLSVLD-----GAVVKHYRIKRLDEGG ^{yellow} FFL ^{red} TRRRIF
Srm	GAFLIRPSE ^{blue} SSLGG ^{yellow} YSLSVR-----AQAKVCHYRVSMADGS ^{yellow} LYLQKGR ^{red} LF
Brk	GAFLIRVSE ^{blue} KPSADY ^{red} VLSVRD-----TQAVRHYKIWRRAGGR ^{yellow} LHLNEAVSF

B

Hs_Fyn	GTFLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDDM-KGDHVKHYKIRKLDN-GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Mm_Fyn	GTFLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDDM-KGDHVKHYKIRKLDN-GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Rn_Fyn	GTFLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDDM-KGDHVKHYKIRKLDN-GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Gg_Fyn	GTFLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDDM-KGDHVKHYKIRKLDN-GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Xt_Fyn	GTYLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIRDWDDM-KGDHVKHYKIRKLDN-GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Dr_Fyn	GTFLIRESE ^{blue} TTKGAY ^{red} SLSIQDWD ^{red} ET-KGDHVKHYKIRKLDN-GG ^{yellow} YYITTRAQF
Ce_Src1	GTFLIREREADTREF ^{yellow} ALTIRD ^{red} TDDQRNGGTVKHYKIRLDHDQGY ^{yellow} FIT ^{red} TRRTF
Dm_Src64B	GTFLVRPSEHNPNGY ^{yellow} SLSVKDWEDGR-GYHVKHYRIKPLDN-GG ^{yellow} YYIATNQT ^{red} F
Ce_Src2	GAFLVRDSESRQHDL ^{red} SLSVRE-----NDSVKHYRIRQLDH-GG ^{yellow} YFIARRRPF
Dm_SRC42	GAFLIRDSESRHNDY ^{red} SLSVRD-----GDTVKHYRIRQLDE-GG ^{yellow} FFIARRTTF
Sl_Srk1	GSFLIRDSE ^{blue} TTPGDF ^{yellow} SLSVKD-----QDRVRHYRVRRL ^{red} ED-GS ^{yellow} LFVTRRSTF
Sl_Srk4	GSFLIRSD ^{blue} TTPGDF ^{yellow} SLSVRD-----IDRVRHYRIKKLEN-GTY ^{yellow} FVTRRLTF

Supplementary Figure 6. Multiple sequence alignment of the region of the SH2 domain harboring the equivalents of Tyr185, Tyr213 and Tyr14 of human Fyn for (A) all human SFKs and (B) vertebrate Fyn orthologues (upper) and the SFKs found in worm (Ce), fly (Dm) and sponge (Sl). Hs=human, Mm=mouse, Rn=rat, Gg=chicken, Xt=frog and Dr=zebrafish. Blue highlight indicates the phosphotyrosine-interacting arginine. Red highlight indicates tyrosine residues and yellow highlight indicates non-tyrosine residues.

Weir *et al.* Supplementary Figure 7

A

Yes	DFGLARLIE-DNE--Y	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Src	DFGLARLIE-DNE--Y	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Fyn	DFGLARLIE-DNE--Y	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Fgr	DFGLARLIK-DDE--Y	NPCQGSKFPIKWT	APEAALF	GRFTIK
Lyn	DFGLARVIE-DNE--Y	TAREGAKFPIKWT	APEAINF	GCFTIK
Hck	DFGLARVIE-DNE--Y	TAREGAKFPIKWT	APEAINF	GSFTIK
Lck	DFGLARLIE-DNE--Y	TAREGAKFPIKWT	APEAINY	GTFTIK
Blk	DFGLARIID-S-E--Y	TAQEGAKFPIKWT	APEAIHF	GVFTIK
Frk	DFGLARVFKVDNEDIY	ESRHEIKLPVKWT	APEAIRS	SNKFSIK
Srm	DFGLARLLK---DDIY	SPSSSKIPVKWT	APEAANY	RVFSQK
Brk	DFGLARLIK---EDVY-	LSHDHNIPYKWT	APEALS	RGHYSTK

B

Hs_Fyn	DFGLARL-IEDNEY	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Mm_Fyn	DFGLARL-IEDNEY	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Rn_Fyn	DFGLARL-IEDNEY	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Gg_Fyn	DFGLARL-IEDNEY	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Xt_Fyn	DFGLARL-IEDNEY	TARQGMKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Dr_Fyn	DFGLARL-IEDNEY	TARQGAKFPIKWT	APEAALY	GRFTIK
Ce_Src1	DFGLARKLMEEDIY	EARTGAKFPIKWT	APEAAT	CGNFTVK
Dm_Src64B	DFGLARV-IADDEY	CPKQGSRFPVKWT	APEAIIY	GKFSIK
Ce_Src2	DFGLARILMKENEY	EARTGARFPIKWT	APEAANY	NRFTTK
Dm_SRC42	DFGLARV-IKEDEY	EARVGARFPIKWT	APEAANY	SKFSIK
Sl_Srk1	DFGLARV-IDEEIY	EAHTGAKFPIKWT	APEAAMY	NRFTIK
Sl_Srk4	DFGLARV-IDEEIY	EAKLGAKFPIKWT	APEAAMY	SRFTIK

Supplementary Figure 7. Multiple sequence alignment of the activation loop region of the kinase domain harboring the equivalent of Tyr420 (green highlight) of human Fyn for (A) all human SFKs and (B) vertebrate Fyn orthologues (upper) and the SFKs found in worm (Ce), fly (Dm) and sponge (Sl). Hs=human, Mm=mouse, Rn=rat, Gg=chicken, Xt=frog and Dr=zebrafish. Blue highlight indicates the conserved activation loop features. Red highlight indicates tyrosine residues and yellow highlight indicates non-tyrosine residues.