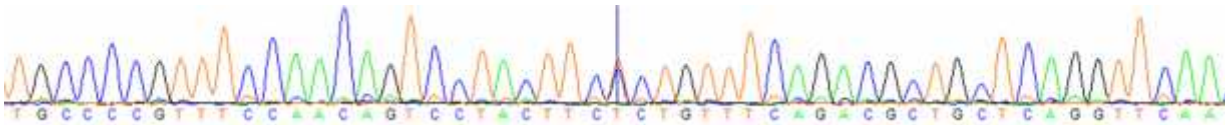

Figure 9. Sanger sequencing chromatogram for patient 09006916, showing a heterozygous intronic variant in the *ABCA4* gene (chr1:94,476,951; *ABCA4* c.5461-10T>C, NM_000350.2). c.5461-10T>C is known to segregate with clinical presentation of IRD,[1-4] but functional mechanism of pathogenesis is unknown.

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