High activity of the stress promoter contributes to susceptibility to stress in the tree shrew

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Supplementary Figure Legends

Supplementary Fig. 1 Phylogenetic tree analysis of CRHR1, CRHBP, POMC and GR mRNA alignments among human, monkey, tree shrew, hedgehog, rabbit, rat and mice.

Supplementary Fig 2 (A, B) Circular Dichroism Spectrum (CD) detection of human and tree shrew CRH (hCRH and tCRH) secondary structures in dissolved state. (C) Quantitative analysis showed that there were slight but not remarkable conformation changes in secondary structures of dissolved CRH peptides between tree shrew and human with the former had relative lower α -helix and higher β -sheet proportions.

Supplementary Fig 3 RT-PCR analysis of GR mRNA. Low GR expression in N2a cells and much lower expression in CHO cells were identified.

Supplementary Fig 4 Mutant 293T cell line in which aGRE site was introduced to CRH gene locus by Cas9/CRISPR technology. 4 mutations were found out of randomly sequenced 16 clones in the cloned amplicon in homemade T vector from 293T cells guided by two gRNAs targeting the anticipatory site.

Supplementary Figures:

Supplementary Fig. 1

CRHBP mRNA



CRHR1 mRNA



POMC mRNA



GR mRNA



Supplementary Fig. 2



Supplementary Fig. 3



Supplementary Fig. 4

Mutations in 4 out of 16 sequenced alleles(sg1&sg2)	
AATTTAGC <u>CCT<mark>GTAGTCAAGCAGTTTAAGCC</mark>TTTTTCAA<mark>CATAGATTAGGAAGTTAGAA<mark>TGG</mark>ATGCCTCTCATTGAGTTTGC</mark></u>	wild type
AATTTAGCCCTGTAGTCAAGCAGTTTAAGCCTTTTTCAACATAGATTAGGAA <u>TGG</u> ATGCCTCTCATTGAGTTTGC	-7
AATTTAGCCCTGTCACATAGATTAGGAAGTTAGAATTAGGAAGTTAGAATTGGATTTGAGTTTGC	-21
AATTTAGCCCTGTAACATAGATTAGGAAGTTAGAATGGAAGTTAGAATGGATGCCTCTCATTGAGTTTGC	-24
$AATTTAGCCCTGTAGTCAAGCAGTTTAAGCCTTTTTCAACATAGATTAGGAAGTTA {\tt aagcagtttaagccttttttcaacatagattaggaagtta GAA \underline{TGG}$	+36 (-4,+40)