

Identification and manipulation of the pleuromutilin gene cluster

from *Clitopilus passeckerianus* for increased rapid antibiotic production

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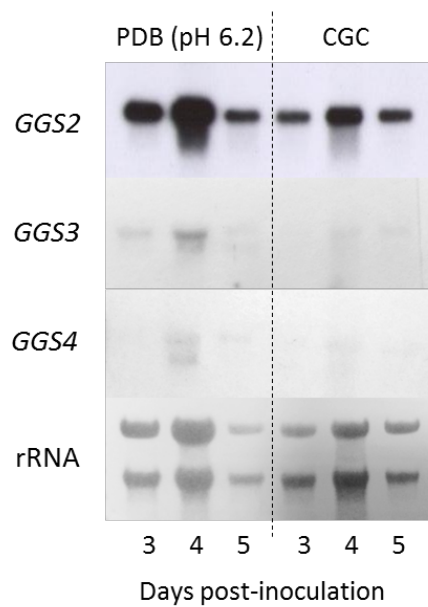
* Author for Correspondence

Contributions

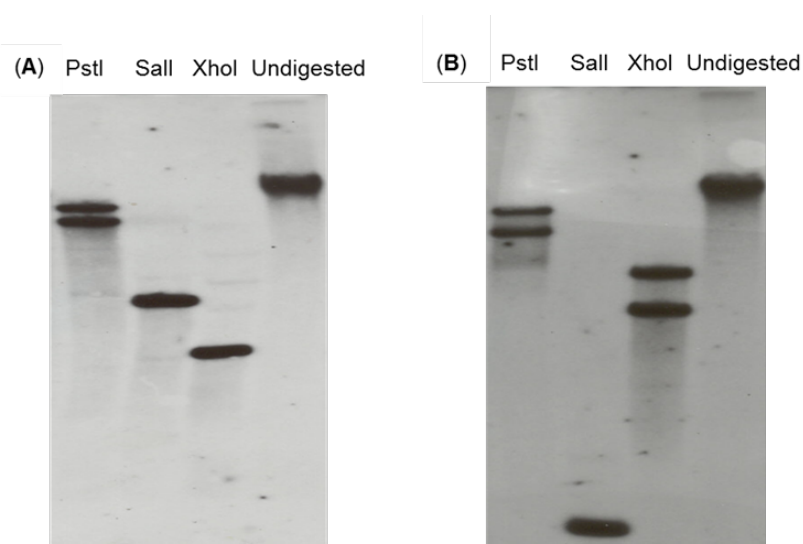
GDF, AMB, DS and K O'D devised the initial project. GDF and AMB lead the Bristol based team; DWS and K O'D at GSK. CLW and RJC contributed to the organic chemistry. CML contributed to design of *Aspergillus* strategy. AMB, FA, K de M-S, SK, CMC, AJH, PH & AG carried out the experiments and analysis, it should be noted that AMB, FA, SK, CMC, K de M-S all contributed equally, and author position does not signify any particular role or seniority. AMB supported all computational and chemical analysis. K de M-S and FA compiled the first drafts of the manuscript, with final version written by GDF with contributions from other members of the team.

Supplementary data

Supplementary Figure 1: Northern blots for three *ggs* genes under pleuromutilin production conditions. *ggs-2* was the only *ggs* highly expressed under production conditions. The *ggs-2* film was exposed for 4 hours. In comparison, it was necessary to expose the films for *ggs-3* and *ggs-4* for 24 hours and 3 days respectively, to achieve a signal.



Supplementary Figure 2: Southern analyses of *ggs-2* (*Pl-ggs*) (A) and *cp-fds* (B) genes. Restriction enzymes used: *Pst*I, *Sal*I, *Xho*I, Undigested genomic DNA. The presence of two bands in some lanes is due to the dikaryotic nature of *C. passeckerianus*.



Supplementary Table 1. Primers sequences. Primers were designed based on the sequence data generated for *C. passeckerianus* ATCC 34646. Italicized bases are homologous to vectors or other DNA fragments so that the amplified product can be used downstream in yeast-based homologous recombination. The non-italicized bases in these primers represent the bases homologous to the target gene.

Primer	Sequence (5'→3')	Description
fdsf2A	CTACTCCTTCTATCTCCCTGTCGC	Amplification of <i>Cp-fds</i> through degenerate PCR
fdsr4	CCA V GAGCAYTTRTTGTC	
fds_Start_NcoI	CCCCCATGGCCTCCGATAAAGCT GCACG	Amplification of <i>Cp-fds</i> gene
fds_end_BamHI	GGGGGATCCTCATTGCTTCGGC CGTAGATC	
ggs27	CAYMGIGGTCARGGTATGGA	Amplification of <i>Pl-ggs</i> through degenerate PCR
ggs29	AACTTCCYTCIGTSARGTCYTC	
p450-3_promoter_f	ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGGGAAGTACAGGAATGT CAAGAC	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-3</i> promoter
p450-3_promoter_r	GGTCGGGCTGTGTGGTGTACTGAC CGCCATAGATGTTGGGAAGACTC TCG	
P450-3_start	CTCCCATCTACACACAACAAGCTTA TCGCCATGGCTCCGTCAACGGAA CGTG	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-3</i> gene
P450-3_end	TTTGATGATTCAGTAACGTTAAGT GGATCCTAGCCACTAGCAGGCTT CGTG	
p450-3_intron_start	CGACCGCGTGCTGACTTCGCTTTC CAGGCCATGGCTCCGTCAACGGAA ACGTG	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-3</i> gene with 30bp overlap to an intron
P450-3 FF	cccaacatctatggctccgcaacg	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-3</i> with UTRs
P450-3 RR	acatgtgatctagccactagcagg	
P450-3 START FF	ATGGCTCCGTCAACGGAACGTGC TC	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-3</i> coding sequence
P450-3 STOP RR	CTAGCCACTAGCAGGCTTCGTGA AC	
Peno-P450-3 FF	GTCGACTGACCAATTCCGCAGCTC GTCAA	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-3</i> to be used in yeast homologous recombination
P450-3-Teno RR	ATGGCTCCGTCAACGGAACG GGTTGGCTGGTAGACGTCATATAAT CATAC CTAGCCACTAGCAGGCTTCG	
ATF_promoter_f	ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGTATGGCTAGTTCGGTA GAATATAC	Amplification of <i>Pl-atf</i> promoter
ATF_promoter_r	GGTCGGGCTGTGTGGTGTACTGAC CGCCATGGTGGTATCAGTCCAAG GAGG	
ATF_start	CTCCCATCTACACACAACAAGCTTA TCGCCATGAAGCCCTTCTACCA	Amplification of <i>Pl-atf</i> gene

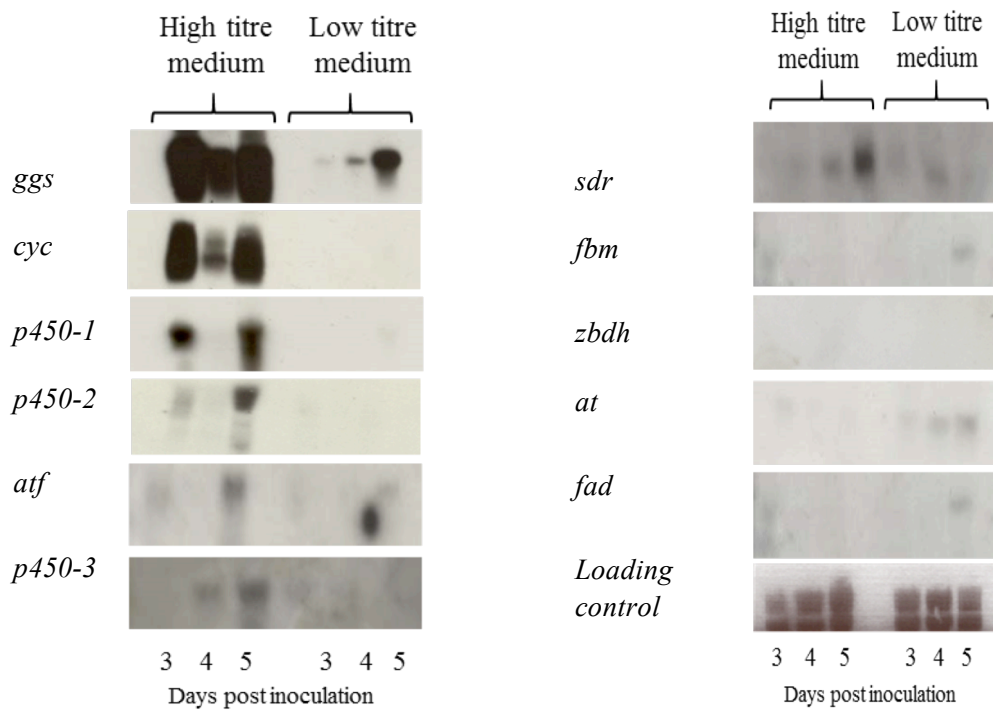
	GA	
ATF_end	<i>TTTGATGATTTTCAGTAACGTTAAGT</i> <i>GGATCTCATGTATTGCCGCCGCC</i> AT	
ATF FF	tgataccaccatgaagcccttctca	Amplification of <i>Pl-atf</i> with UTRs
ATF RR	acgggcgtgcctactgtgctacag	
ATF START FF	ATGAAGCCCTTCTCACCAGAACT TC	Amplification of <i>atf</i> coding sequence
ATF STOP RR	CTACTGTGCTACACGAGGGGGAT TC	
Padh-ATF FF	<i>TTTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAG</i> <i>TCAA</i> ATGAAGCCCTTCTCACCAGA	Amplification of <i>Pl-atf</i> to be used in yeast homologous recombination
ATF-TgpdA RR	<i>ACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCA</i> <i>TGACCCTACTGTGCTACACGAGG</i> GG	
ATF Southern RR	GTTAGAGCCAGACTTCAAGCCTA GA	Amplification of probe for <i>Pl-atf</i> to be used in Southern blot
Cyclase_promoter_f	<i>ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG</i> <i>GTGACAGCGTATGAATTTAGGGA</i> GGTAA	Amplification of <i>Pl-cyc</i> promoter
Cyclase_promoter_r	<i>GGTCGGGCTGTGTGGTGTACTGAC</i> <i>CGCCATAGTGAAGATGAGAGCGC</i> AGC	
Cyclase_start	<i>CTCCCATCTACACACAACAAGCTTA</i> <i>TCGCCATGGGTCTATCTGAAGAT</i> CT	Amplification of <i>Pl-cyc</i> gene
Cyclase_end	<i>TTTGATGATTTTCAGTAACGTTAAGT</i> <i>GGATCCTAATAAACACAATCATT</i> CATGT	
Cyclase_intron_start	<i>CGACCGCGTGCTGACTTCGCTTTC</i> <i>CAGGCCATGGGTCTATCTGAAGA</i> TCT	Amplification of <i>Pl-cyc</i> gene with 30bp overlap to an intron
Cyclase_antisense_f	<i>TTTGATGATTTTCAGTAACGTTAAGT</i> <i>GGATC</i> ATGGGTCTATCTGAAGATCT	Amplification of <i>cyc</i> gene to be used in antisense construct
Cyclase_antisense_r	<i>CTCCCATCTACACACAACAAGCTTA</i> <i>TCGCCCTAGCGATATCAATGGTG</i> GA	
Cyclase FF	ctctcatcttcaactatgggtctatc	Amplification of <i>Pl-cyc</i> with UTRs
Cyclase RR	actagccatatcaatgggtgattcc	
Cyclase START FF	ATGGGTCTATCTGAAGATCTTCA TG	Amplification of <i>Pl-cyc</i> coding sequence
Cyclase STOP RR	TCAATGGTGGATTCCATTGCTCC CG	
CYCLASE internal FF1	CCACTCACGACGCTGACATGAGC TC	Internal sequencing of <i>Pl-cyc</i>
CYCLASE internal RR1	ACCTCGCTGAGGGTCGAGAACG ACT	
Peno-CYCLASE FF	<i>GTCGACTGACCAATTCCGCAGCTC</i> <i>GTCAA</i> ATGGGTCTATCTGAAGATCT	Amplification of <i>Pl-cyc</i> to be used in yeast homologous recombination
CYCLASE-Teno RR	<i>GGTTGGCTGGTAGACGTCATATAAT</i> <i>CATACTCAATGGTGGATTCCATTG</i>	

	C	
Cyc Southern RR	AGCAGGCGATGGACACCCTGGA CAG	Amplification of probe for <i>Pl-cyc</i> to be used in Southern blot
GGs_Start_BspHI	CCCTCATGAGAATACCTAACCCG GTC	Amplification of <i>Pl-ggs</i> gene
GGs_end_NcoI	GGGGGATCCCTACTCTGCGATGT ACAAC	
GGs_promoter_f	ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGAGTGAAGATGAGAGCG CAGC	Amplification of <i>Pl-ggs</i> promoter-gene
GGs_end	TTTGATGATTCAGTAACGTTAAGT GGATCCTACTCTGCGATGTACAA CTT	
GGsstart_BamHI	CCCGGATCCATGAGAATACCTAA CGTC	Amplification of <i>ggs</i> gene to be used in antisense construct
GGSend_NcoI	GGGCCATGGCTACTCTGCGATGT ACAAC	
GGs FF	aattcatagatgagaataactaac	Amplification of <i>Pl-ggs</i> with UTRs
GGs RR	agattcttatctactctgcatgta	
GGs START FF	ATGAGAATACCTAACGTCTTTCT CT	Amplification of <i>Pl-ggs</i> coding sequence
GGs STOP RR	CTACTCTGCGATGTACAACCTTT CC	
Padh-GGS FF	TTTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAG TCAAAATGAGAATACCTAACGTC TT	Amplification of <i>Pl-ggs</i> to be used in yeast homologous recombination
GGs-TgpdA RR	ACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCA TGACCCTACTCTGCGATGTACAAC T	
p450-1_promoter_f	ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCG GGTGACAGATAGGGGGATTGCCG ACGTT	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-1</i> promoter
p450-1_promoter_r	GGTCGGGCTGTGTGGTGTACTGA CCGCCATTGCGTGAATAAAGCTCG AGC	
p450-1_start	CTCCCATCTACACACAACAAGCTTA TCGCCATGCTGTCCGTCGACCTC	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-1</i> gene
p450-1_complete_end	TTTGATGATTCAGTAACGTTAAGT GGATCCTACAACGCAGCGAACGC T	
p450-1_intron_start	CGACCGCGTGCTGACTTCGCTTTC CAGGCCATGCTGTCCGTCGACCT C	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-1</i> gene with 30bp overlap to an intron
P450-1 FF	tattcacgcaatgctgtccgctgac	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-1</i> with UTRs
P450-1 RR	tgtaggaggctacaacgcagcgaa	
P450-1 START FF	ATGCTGTCCGTCGACCTCCCGTC TG	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-1</i> coding sequence
P450-1 STOP RR	CTACAACGCAGCGAACGCTTCCT TA	
Padh-P450-1 FF	TTTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAG TCAAAATGCTGTCCGTCGACCTCC C	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-1</i> to be used in yeast homologous recombination
P450-1-Tadh RR	TTCATTCTATGCGTTATGAACAT GTTCCCTCTACAACGCAGCGAAC	

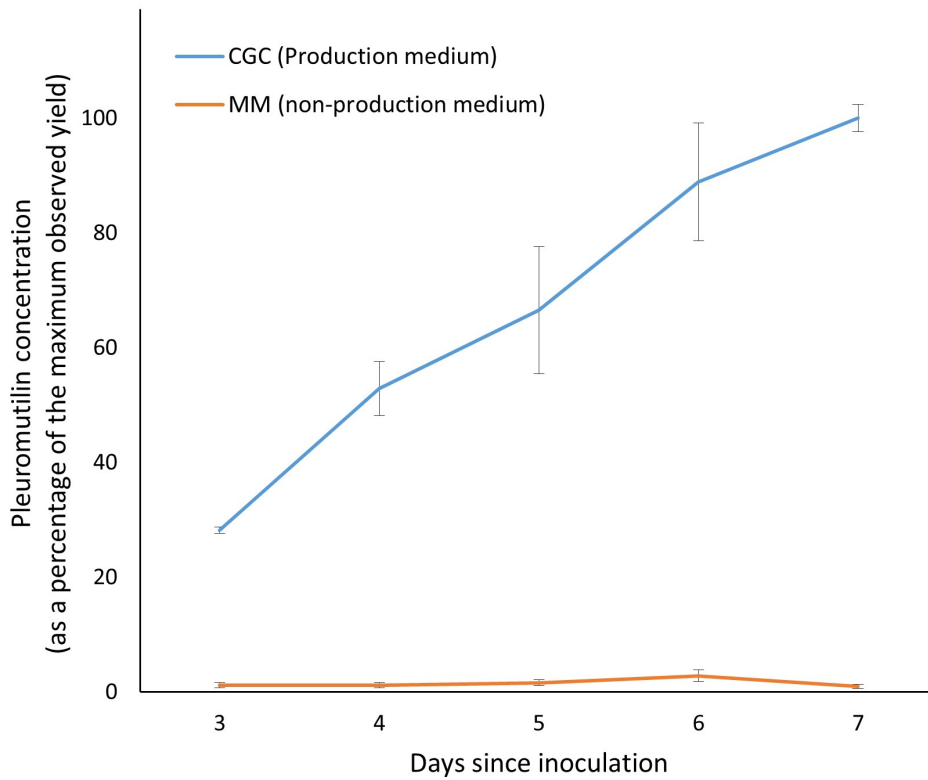
	GCTT	
p450-2_promoter_f	<i>ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGGGTCACTGCTGCGTAT TGC</i>	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-2</i> promoter
p450-2_promoter_r	<i>GGTCGGGCTGTGTGGTGTACTGAC CGCCATAGTCGTCCGAAAGTCTA GAC</i>	
p450-2_start	<i>CTCCCATCTACACACAACAAGCTTA TCGCCATGAATCTTTCTGCTCTGA AGG</i>	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-2</i> gene
p450-2_end	<i>TTTGATGATTCAGTAACGTTAAGT GGATCCTAATAGTCTGCAACATC GTG</i>	
p450-2_intron_start	<i>CGACCGCGTGCTGACTTCGCTTTC CAGGCCATGAATCTTTCTGCTCT GAAGG</i>	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-2</i> gene with 30bp overlap to an intron
P450-2 FF	tggagcactatgaatcttctgct	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-2</i> with UTRs
P450-2 RR	atccccctatctaagtctgcaac	
P450-2 START FF	ATGAATCTTTCTGCTCTGAAGGC TG	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-2</i> coding sequence
P450-2 STOP RR	CTAATAGTCTGCAACATCGTGGA TC	
PgpdA-P450-2 FF	<i>AACAGCTACCCCGCTTGAGCAGAC ATCACCATGAATCTTTCTGCTCTG AA</i>	Amplification of <i>Pl-p450-2</i> to be used in yeast homologous recombination
P450-2-TgpdA RR	<i>ACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCA TGACCCTAATAGTCTGCAACATC GT</i>	
SDR_promoter_f	<i>ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGAGTCGTCCGAAAGTCT AGAC</i>	Amplification of <i>Pl-sdr</i> promoter
SDR_promoter_r	<i>GGTCGGGCTGTGTGGTGTACTGAC CGCCATGGTCACTGCTGCGTATT GCT</i>	
SDR_start	<i>CTCCCATCTACACACAACAAGCTTA TCGCCATGGAAGGCAAGGTCGTG CT</i>	Amplification of <i>Pl-sdr</i> gene
SDR_end	<i>TTTGATGATTCAGTAACGTTAAGT GGATCCTAAATGACTCCACCC GTT</i>	
SDR FF	agcagtgaccatggaaggcaaggtc	Amplification of <i>Pl-sdr</i> with UTRs
SDR RR	atacggcgacctaataatgactcca	
SDR START FF	ATGGAAGGCAAGGTCGCAATCG TCA	Amplification of <i>Pl-sdr</i> coding sequence
SDR STOP RR	CTAAATGACTCCACCCGTTAT CG	
Peno-SDR FF	<i>GTCGACTGACCAATTCCGCAGCTC GTCAAAATGGAAGGCAAGGTCGC AAT</i>	Amplification of <i>Pl-sdr</i> to be used in yeast homologous recombination
SDR-Teno RR	<i>GGTTGGCTGGTAGACGTCATATAAT CATACCTAAATGACTCCACCCG T</i>	
SDR Southern FF	TGTGTCCGGCTCCAAGGACGCCT TT	Amplification of probe for <i>Pl- sdr</i> to be used in Southern blot

FBM_promoter_f	<i>ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGTGACATAGTATGACCT CTGAA</i>	Amplification of <i>Cp-fbm</i> promoter-gene
FBM_end	<i>TTTGATGATTCAGTAACGTTAAGT GGATCTTAGTTGGGTAAAGTGGC AAC</i>	
pJET1.2 FF	<i>CGACTCACTATAGGGAGAGCGG C</i>	Sequencing of inserts from pJET1.2
pJET1.2 RR	<i>AAGAACATCGATTTTCCATGGCA G</i>	
beta-tub RIB40 FF	<i>CCAAGAACATGATGGCTGCT</i>	Amplification and qPCR of <i>beta-tubulin</i> from <i>A. oryzae</i>
beta-tub RIB40 RR	<i>CTTGAAGAGCTCCTGGATGG</i>	
Fragment1_f	<i>ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGAGCTTCGTAAGGCGG ATTC</i>	Amplification of fragment 1 of pleuromutilin gene cluster
Fragment1_r	<i>CTGTGGCATGGTTCGTCTAC</i>	
Fragment2_f	<i>CTCTACACGTGGCGACAGCA</i>	Amplification of fragment 2 of pleuromutilin gene cluster
Fragment2_r	<i>TTGGCACCGCGAATCCGACT</i>	
Fragment3_f	<i>CTTGAGAGCGACAAGGCAGG</i>	Amplification of fragment 3 of pleuromutilin gene cluster
Fragment3_r	<i>GAGCTCGACATTGGTGAAGG</i>	
Fragment4_f	<i>GCCACATCTTCGTCATGAGAT</i>	Amplification of fragment 4 of pleuromutilin gene cluster
Fragment4_r	<i>CACACATGGGGTGTGGGAG</i>	
Fragment5_f	<i>CTATCTCGCCTTCATCATCG</i>	Amplification of fragment 5 of pleuromutilin gene cluster
Fragment5_r	<i>ATGCCAGAATTCCATGCACAATCAG CAGATTGACATAGTATGACCTCT GAA</i>	
Yeast_AgaricusgpdII_promf	<i>ACGGATTAGAAGCCGCCGAGCGG GTGACAGGAAGAAGAATTCAGAG GTCCG</i>	Amplification of <i>cbx</i> cassette
Yeast_Aspergillustrp_C_termr	<i>ATGCCAGAATTCCATGCACAATCAG CAGATTGGAGATGTGGAGTGGGC G</i>	
Yeast_Coprinustub_promf	<i>GCAAATTAAGCCTTCGAGCGTCC CAAACCTTTCATTTAAACGGCTT CACGG</i>	Amplification of <i>hph</i> cassette
Yeast_Coprinustub_termr	<i>ATCTGCTGATTGTGCATGGAATTCT GGCATCAATATTCATCTCTCCATC GAA</i>	

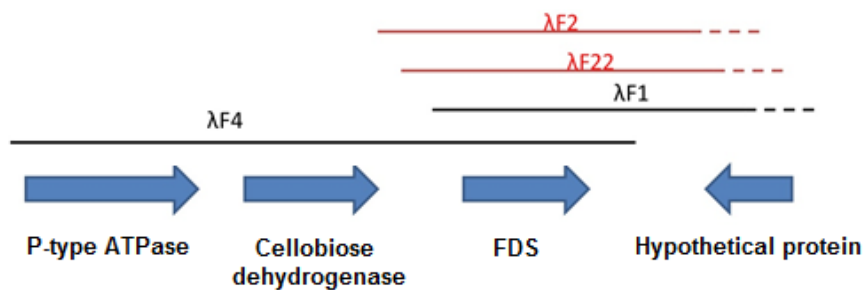
Supplementary Figure 3: A Northern blot analysis of genes present in the putative pleuromutilin gene cluster. Differential expression between production and non-production conditions suggests that the true cluster c contains *Pl-ggs*, *Pl-cyc*, *Pl-p450-1*, *Pl-p450-2*, *Pl-atf*, *Pl-p450-3* and *Pl-sdr*, and that *Cp-fbm* represents the edge of the pleuromutilin gene cluster.



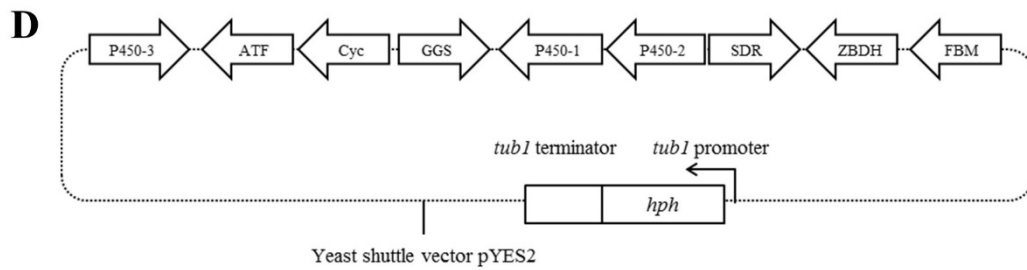
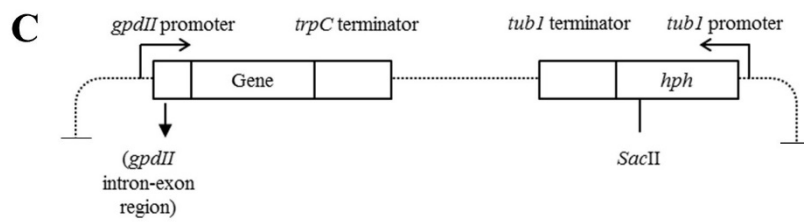
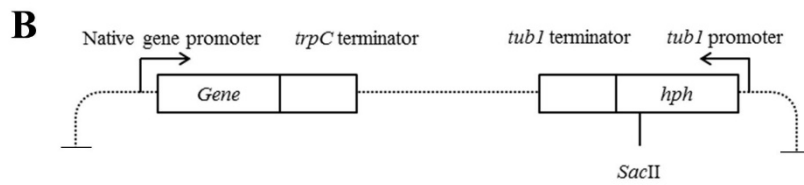
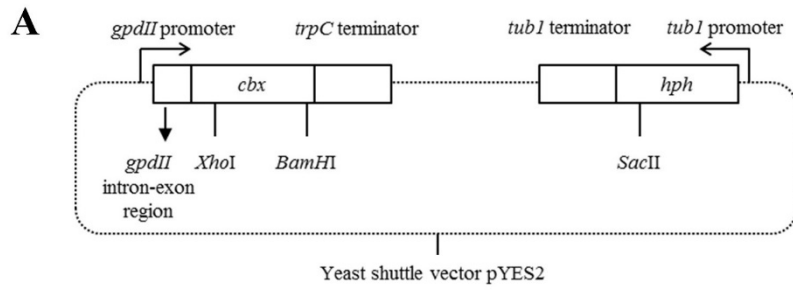
Supplementary Figure 4: A time-course for pleuromutilin production in *C. passeckerianus* when grown on CGC (a high-production medium) and MM (a non-production medium). Three flasks were analyzed for each day, with yields expressed as a percentage of maximum and standard deviation bars are shown.



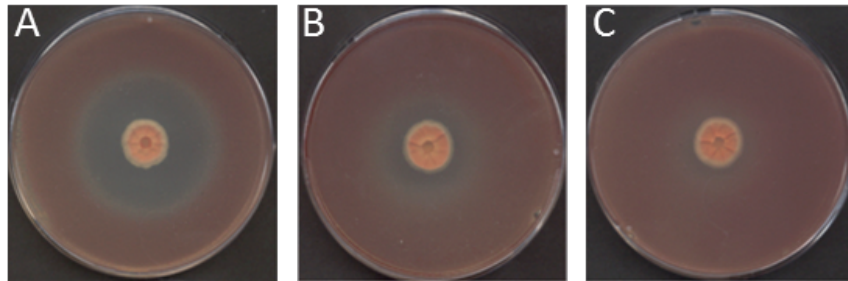
Supplementary Figure 5: An FDS (farnesyl diphosphate synthase) encoding gene (*Cp-fds*) was identified and sequenced. Adjacent genes have been identified as encoding a putative ATPase (*Cp-ATPase*), a cellobiose dehydrogenase (*Cp-cbd*) and a hypothetical protein. These genes are unlikely to belong to a secondary metabolite gene cluster.



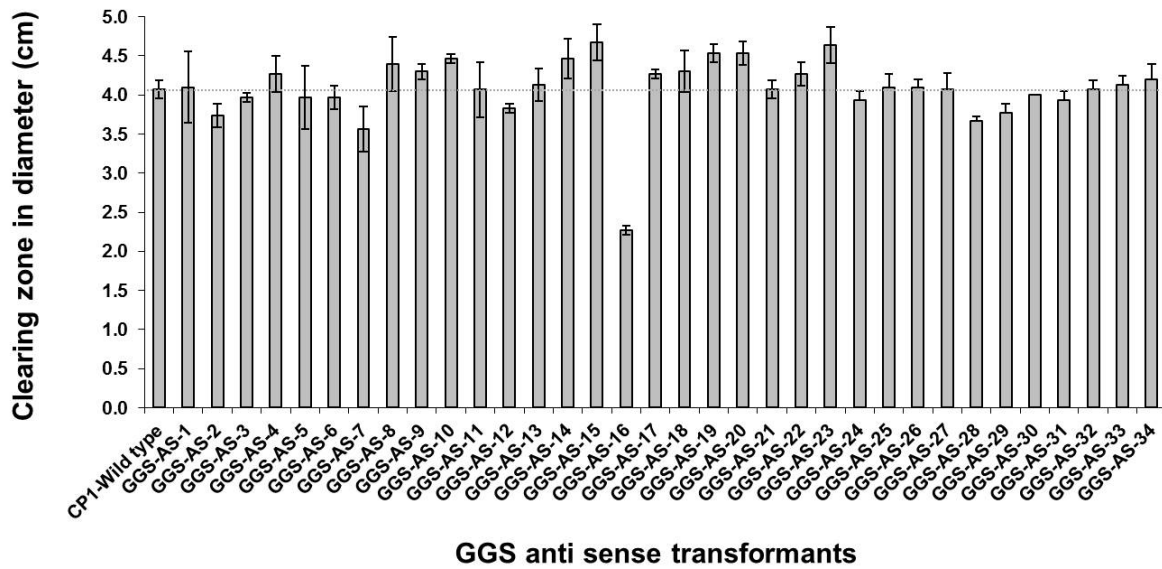
Supplementary Figure 6: A: Structure of plasmids pYES-hph-cbxgene and pYES-hph-icbxgene, which contain dual selectable marker genes. Hygromycin (*hph*) cassette, amplified from plasmid pPHT1¹, and carboxin (*cbx*) cassette, amplified from plasmid p004icbx², were cloned into yeast shuttle vector pYES2 (Invitrogen, UK) using yeast-based homologous recombination. *gpdII* promoter: glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase promoter from *A. bisporus* was used to drive gene expression. A *gpdII* intron-exon region: 64 bp intron-exon region of *A. bisporus gpdII* gene was introduced only in pYES-hph-icbxgene. The *trpC* terminator: indole-3-glycerol phosphate synthase terminator from *A. nidulans* as well as *tub1* promoter and terminator: promoter and terminator from the tubulin gene of *Coprinus cinereus* were also used in plasmid construction. This plasmid was used as the backbone for producing the plasmids shown in B-D. B: General structure of plasmids pYES-hph-native_gene, containing individual genes from the pleuromutilin gene cluster (*Pl-p450-3*, *Pl-atf*, *Pl-cyc*, *Pl-ggs*, *Pl-p450-1*, *Pl-p450-2*, *Pl-sdr* or *Pl-fbm*) with their native promoter. C: General structure of plasmids pYES-hph-gene, containing individual genes from the pleuromutilin gene cluster controlled by the promoter sequence of *A. bisporus gpdII* gene (with or without 64 bp intron-exon region of *A. bisporus gpdII* at the 5' of the coding sequence of the gene). D: Structure of plasmid pYES-hph-pleurocluster. Here, the *cbx* cassette of pYES-hph-cbxgene has been replaced with 25 kb of the predicted pleuromutilin gene cluster.



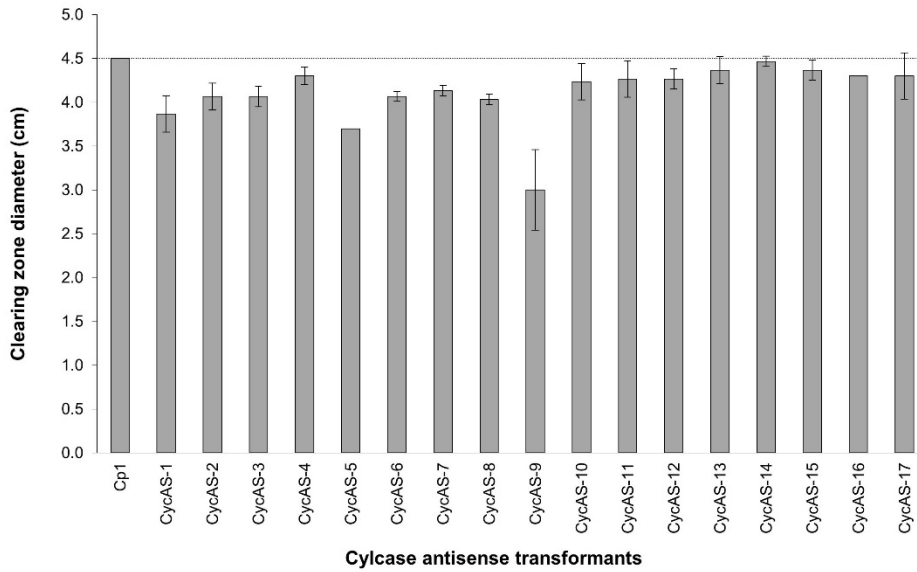
Supplementary Figure 7: Antibacterial activities of silenced *C. passeckerianus* transformants on Tryptic Soy Agar (TSA). Clearing zones surrounding the fungal colony, due to an absence of *B. subtilis* growth, indicate the bactericidal action of pleuromutilin. **A:** Wild-type *C. passeckerianus*. **B:** A transformant containing the *Pl-ggs* silencing cassette. **C:** A transformant containing the *Pl-cyc* silencing cassette.



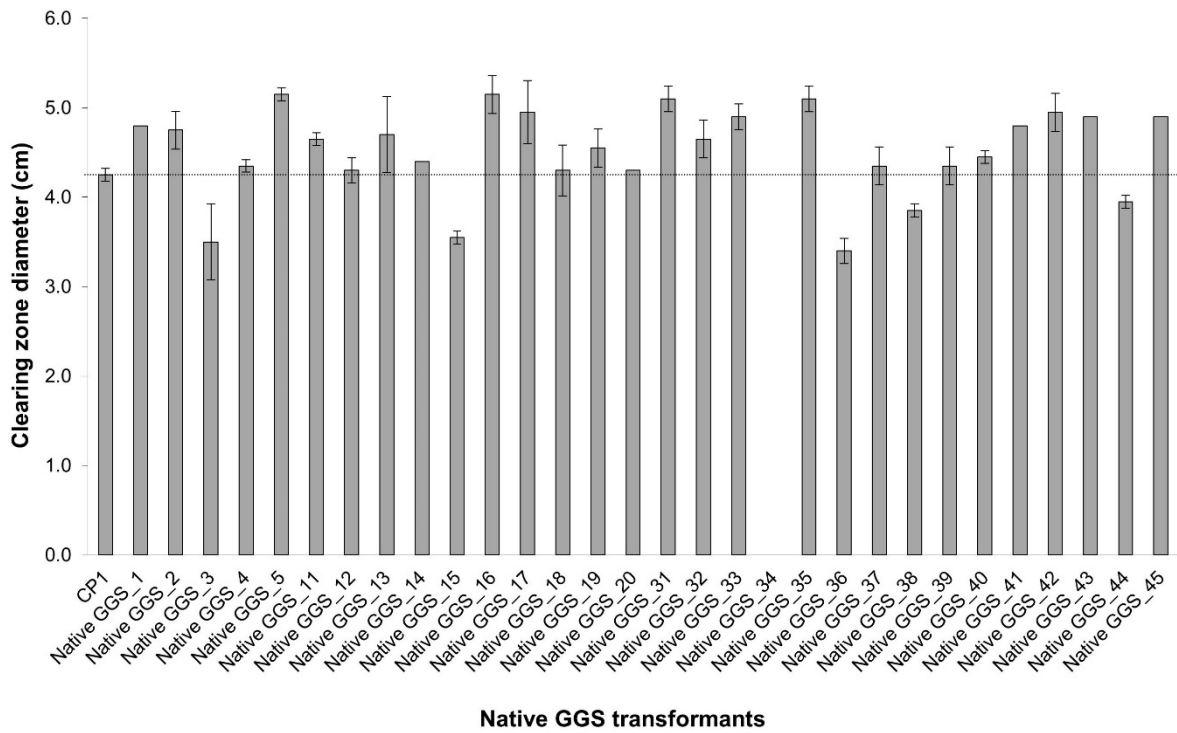
Supplementary Figure 8. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid p004GGSantigene.



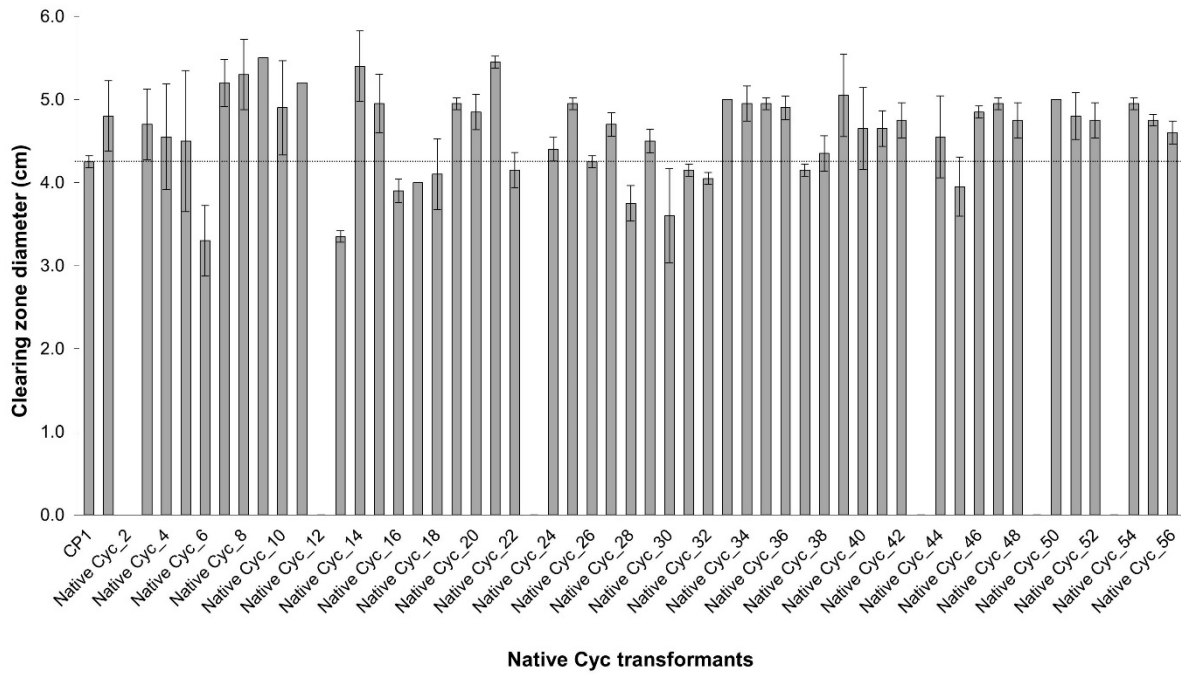
Supplementary Figure 9. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-CYCAntigene



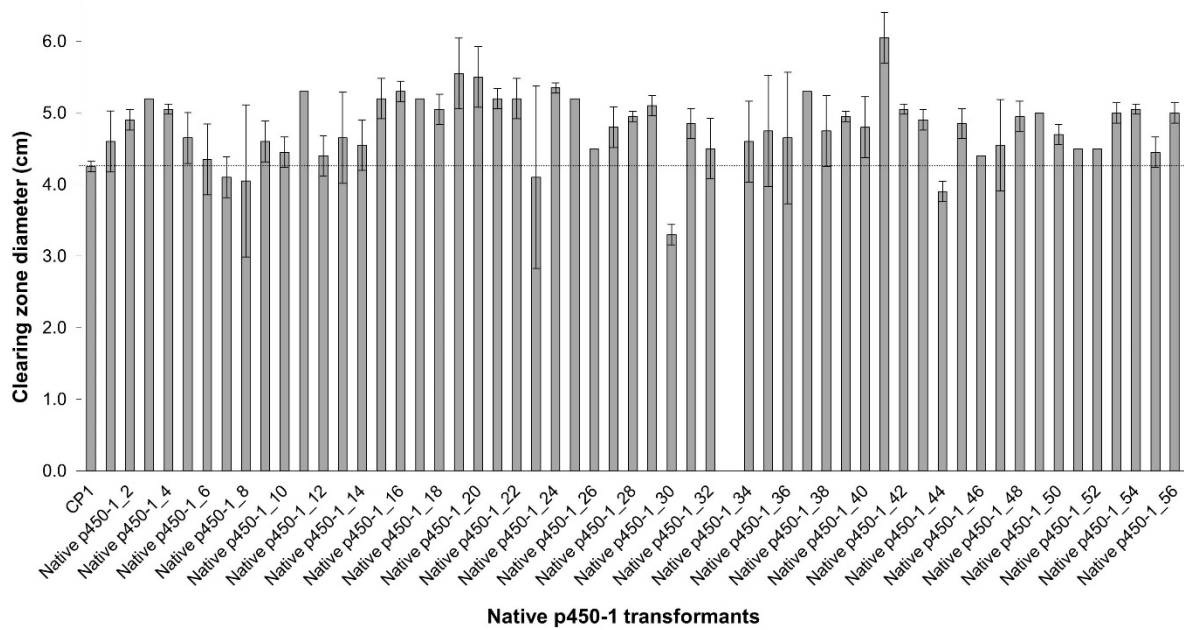
Supplementary Figure 10. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativeGGSGene.



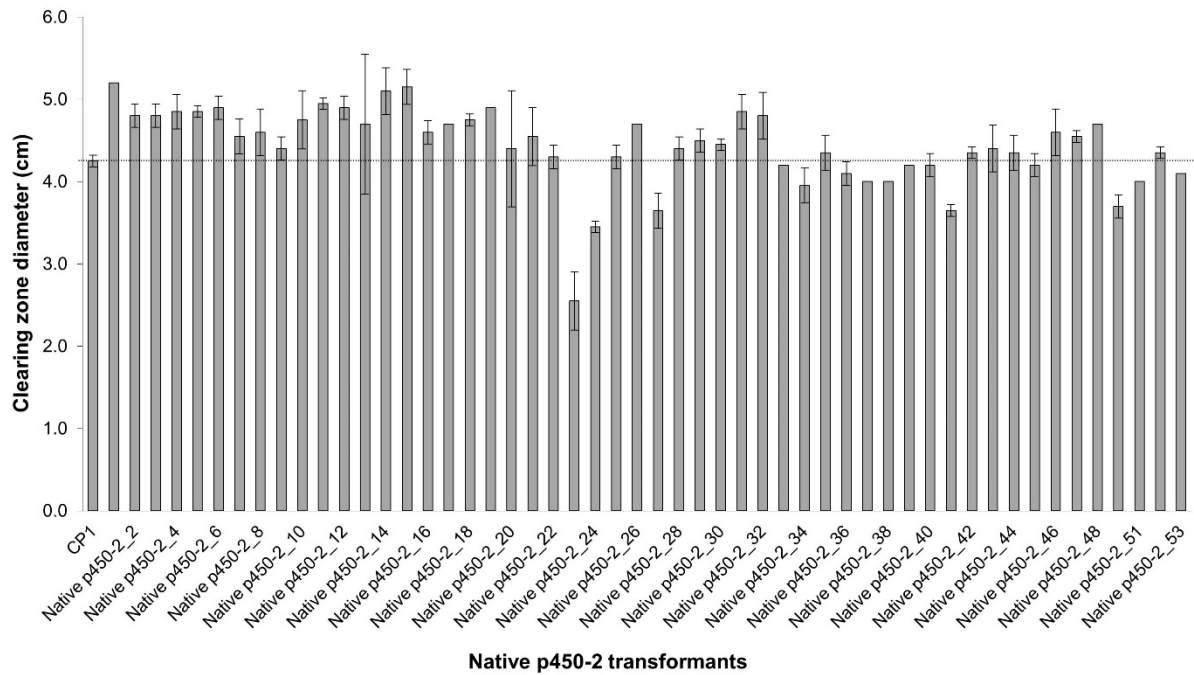
Supplementary Figure 11. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativeCycgene.



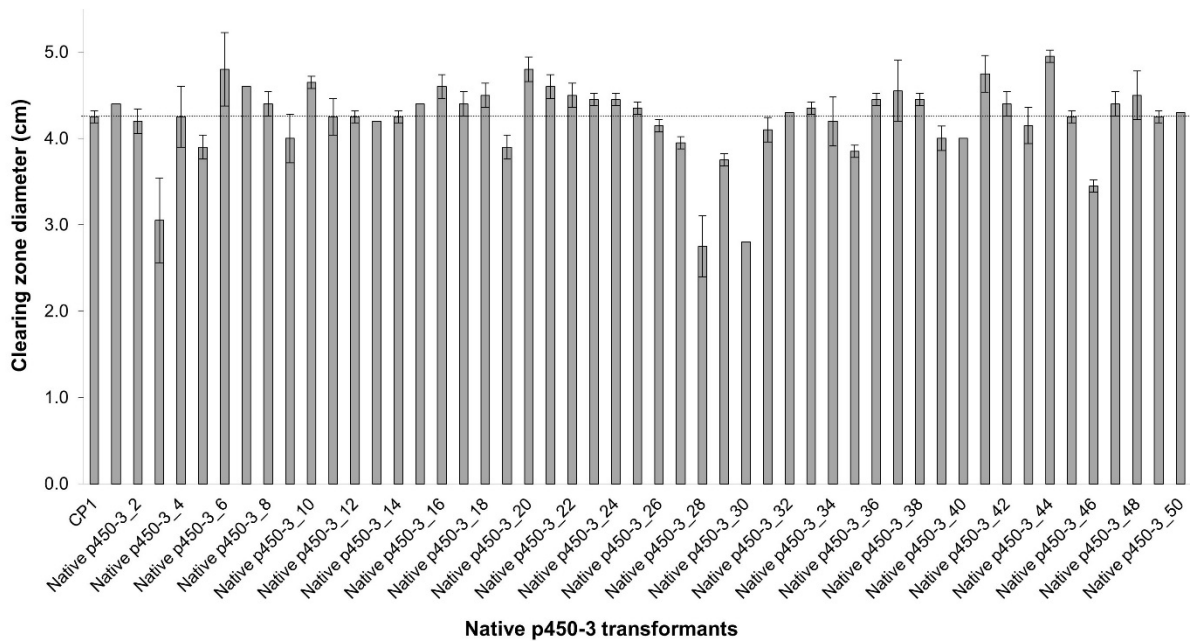
Supplementary Figure 12. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativep450-1 gene.



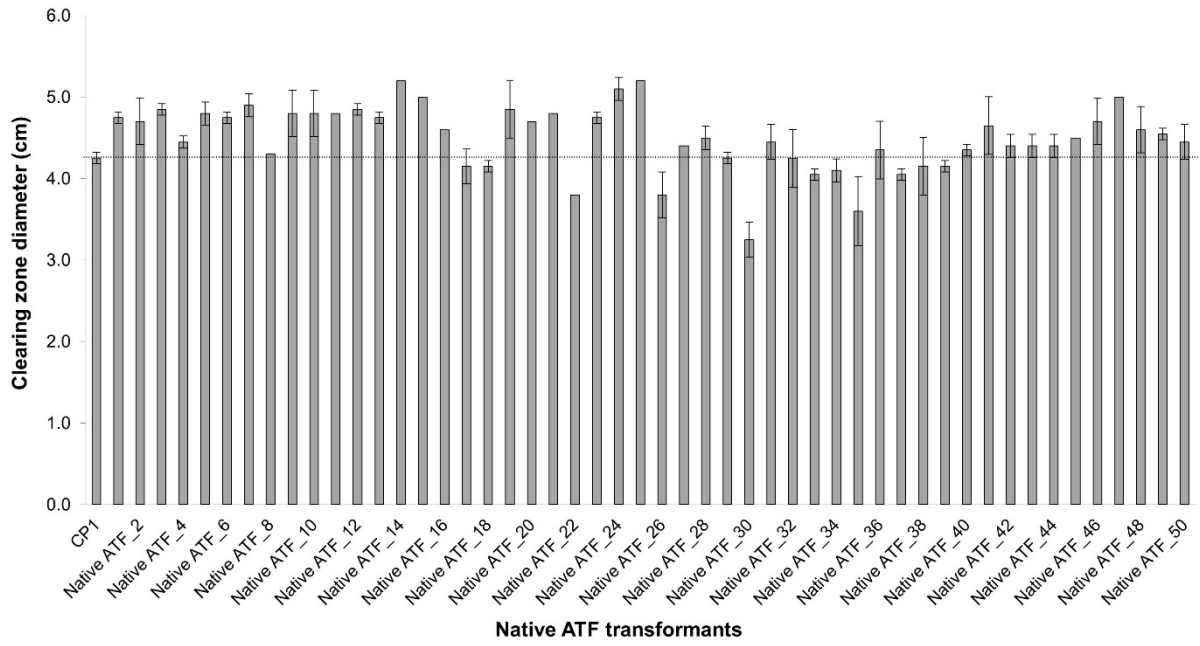
Supplementary Figure 13. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativep450-2gene.



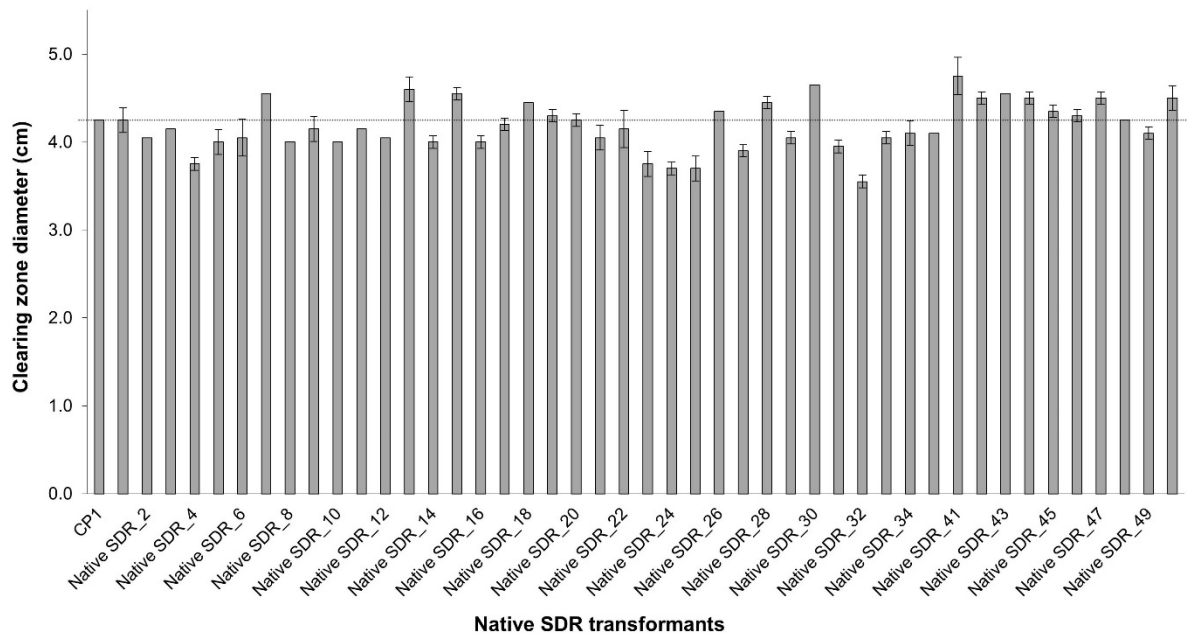
Supplementary Figure 14. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativep450-3gene.



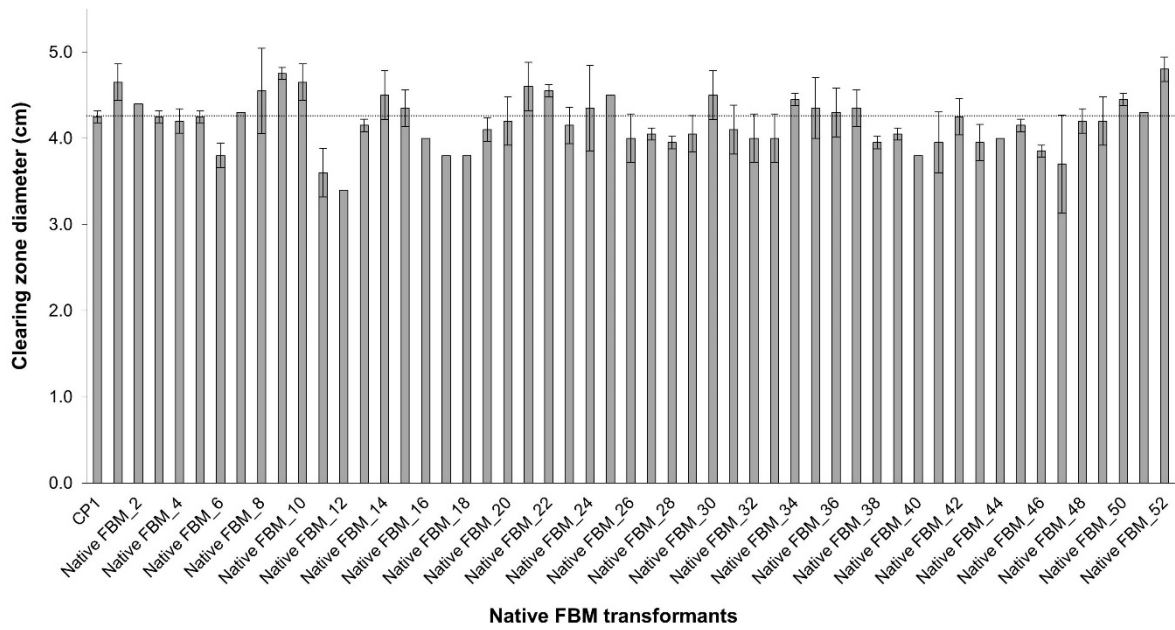
Supplementary Figure 15. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativeATF gene.



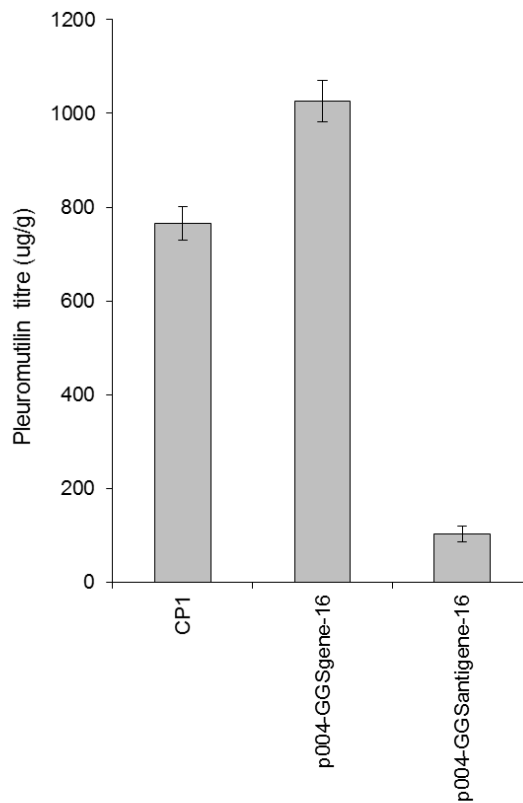
Supplementary Figure 16. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativeSDR gene.



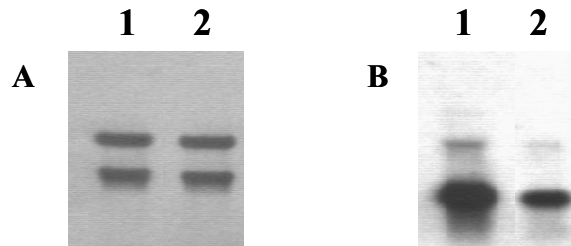
Supplementary Figure 17. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-nativeFBMgene.



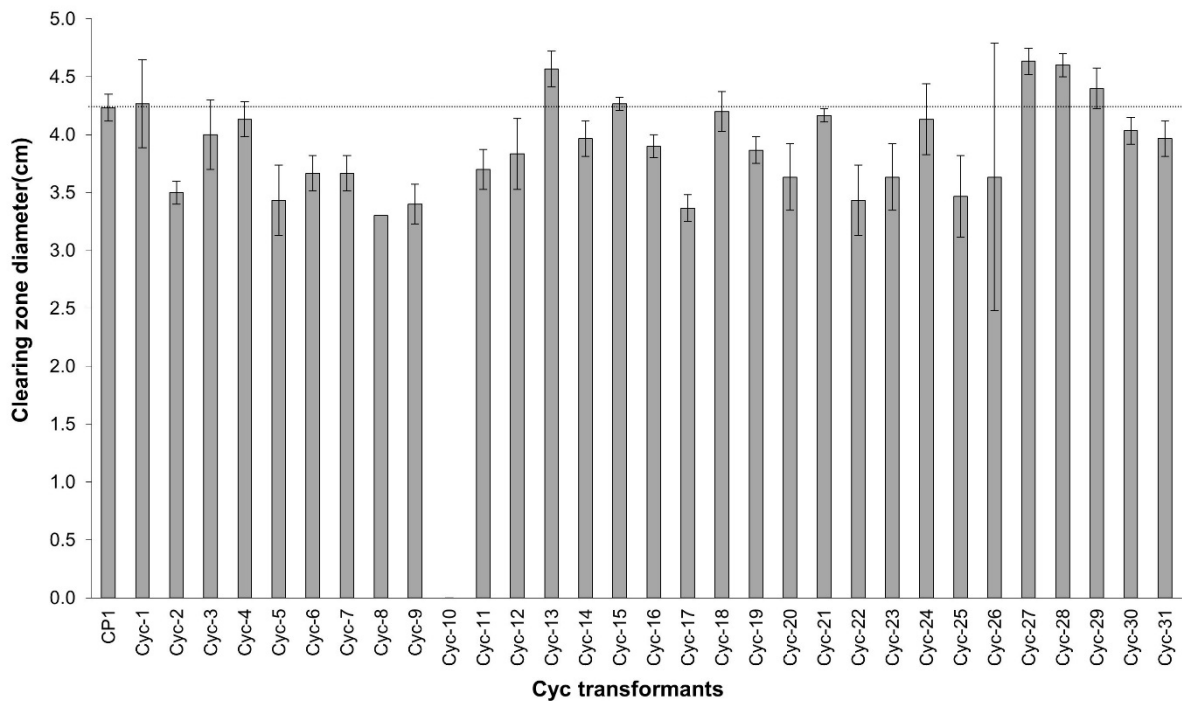
Supplementary Figure 18. Pleuromutilin titers ($\mu\text{g/g}$ of mycelia) of *C. passeckerianus* wild type, ggs sense transformant 16 and antisense transformant 16.



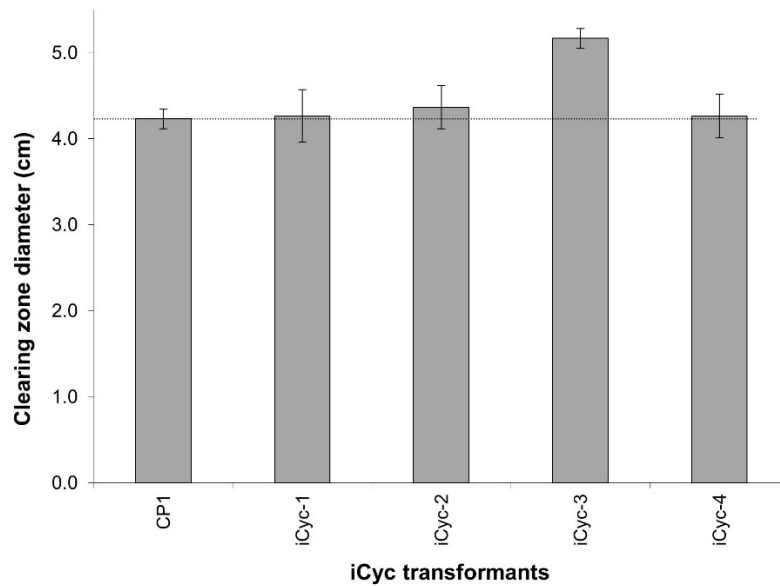
Supplementary Figure 19. Northern analysis of cultures obtained from pYES-hph-GGSgene transformant-16 (lane 1) and *C. passeckerianus* wild type (lane 2). (A) Total RNA stained with methylene blue (B) Blot was hybridized with *ggs* probe.



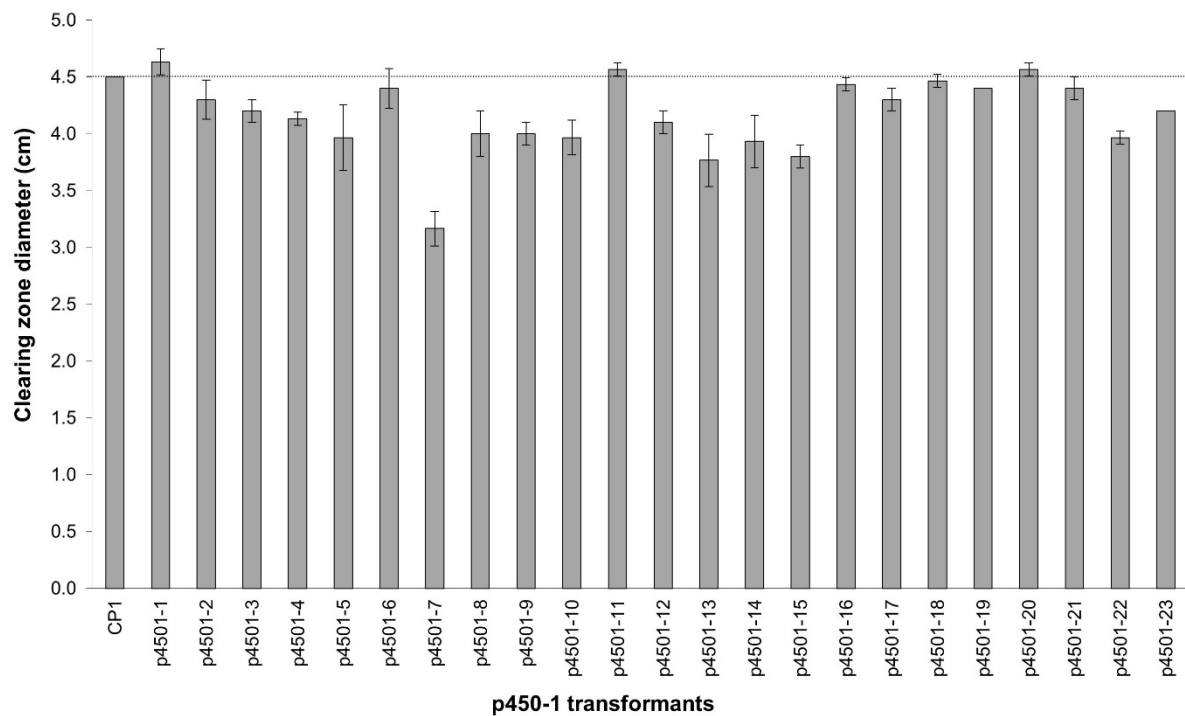
Supplementary Figure 20. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-Cycgene.



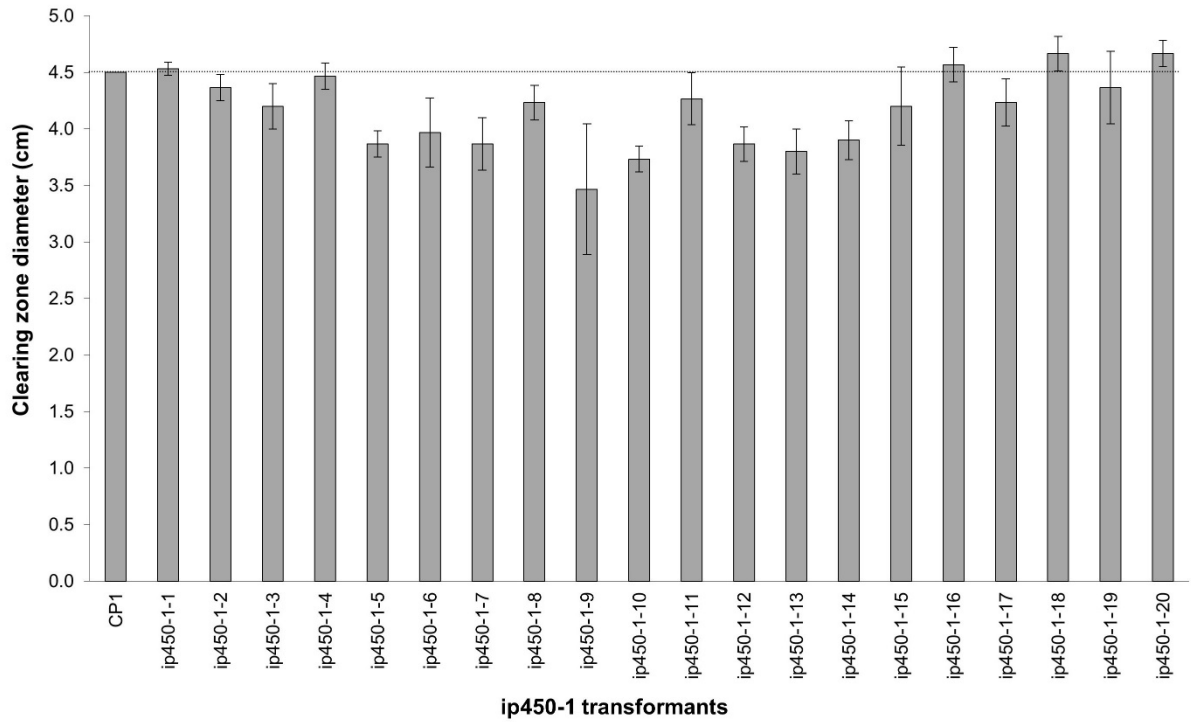
Supplementary Figure 21. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-iCycgene.



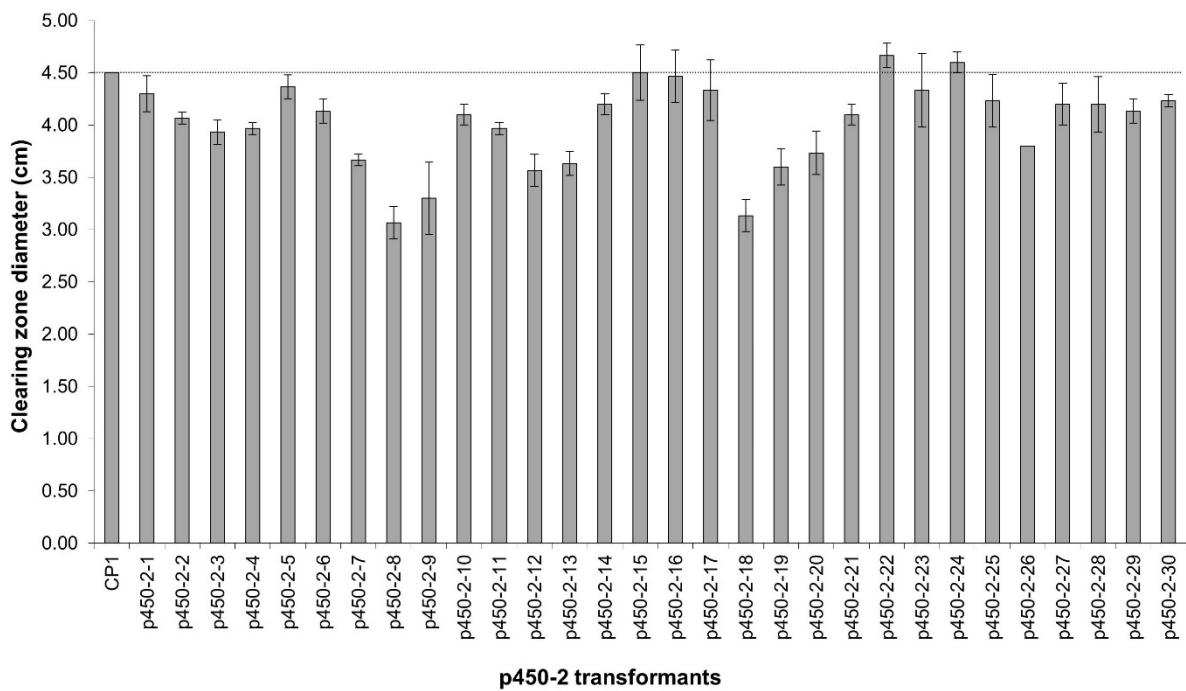
Supplementary Figure 22. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-p450-1.



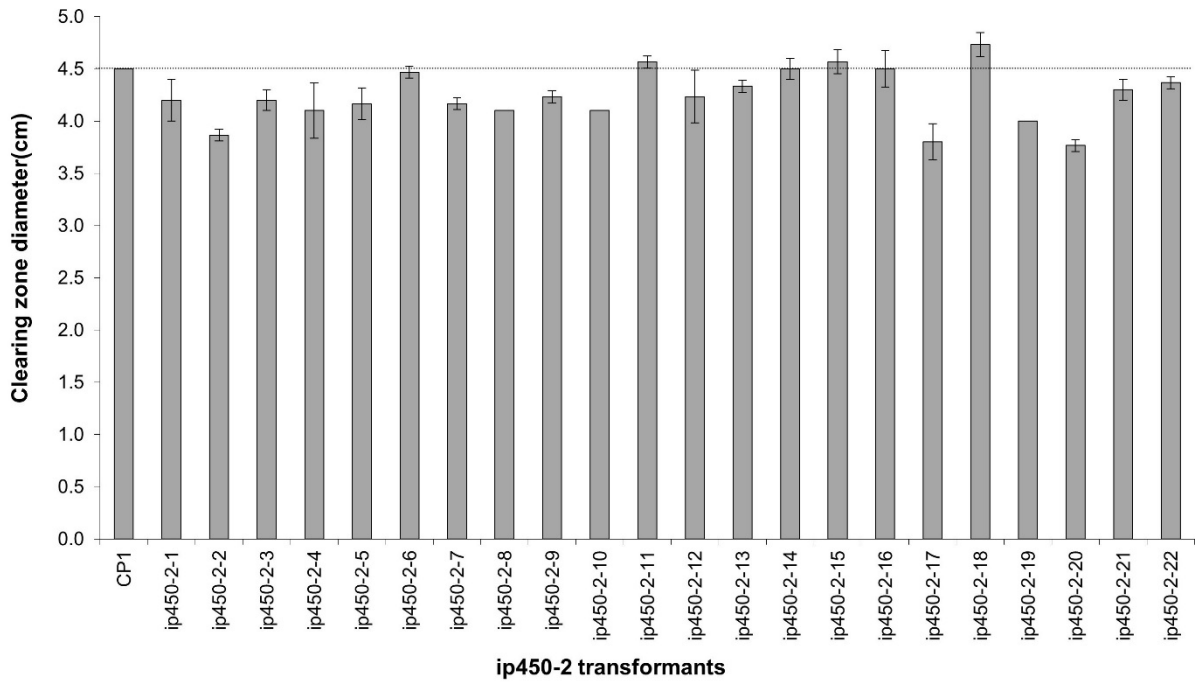
Supplementary Figure 23. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-ip450-1.



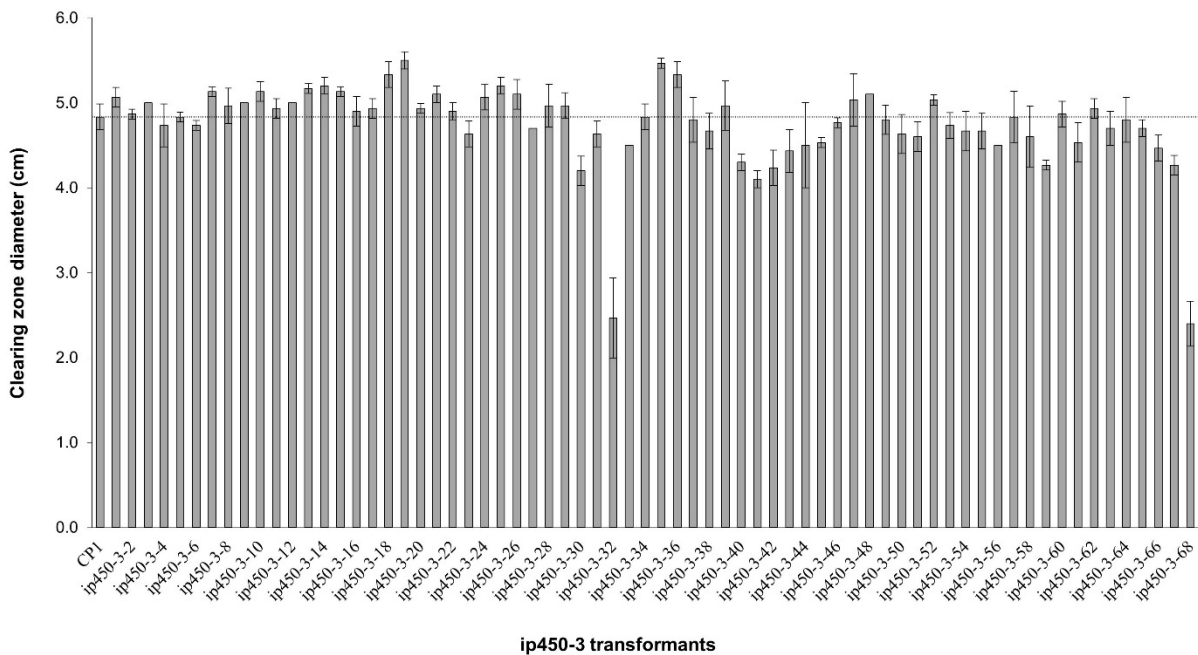
Supplementary Figure 24. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-p450-2.



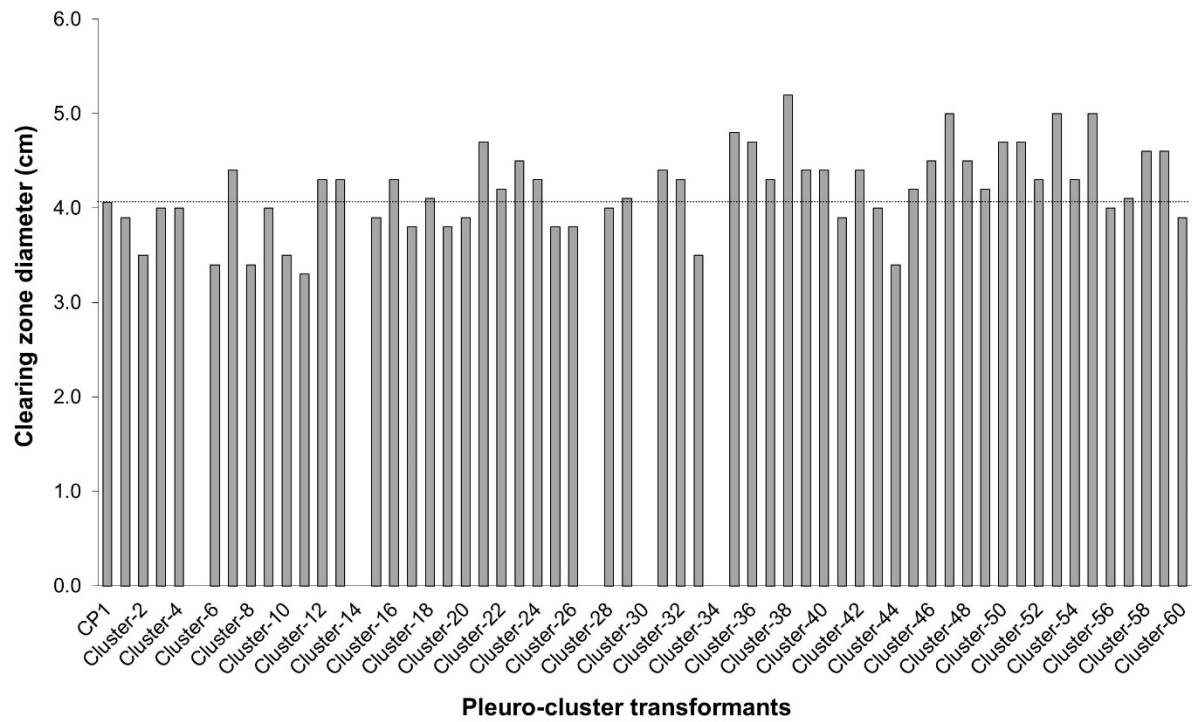
Supplementary Figure 25. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-ip450-2.



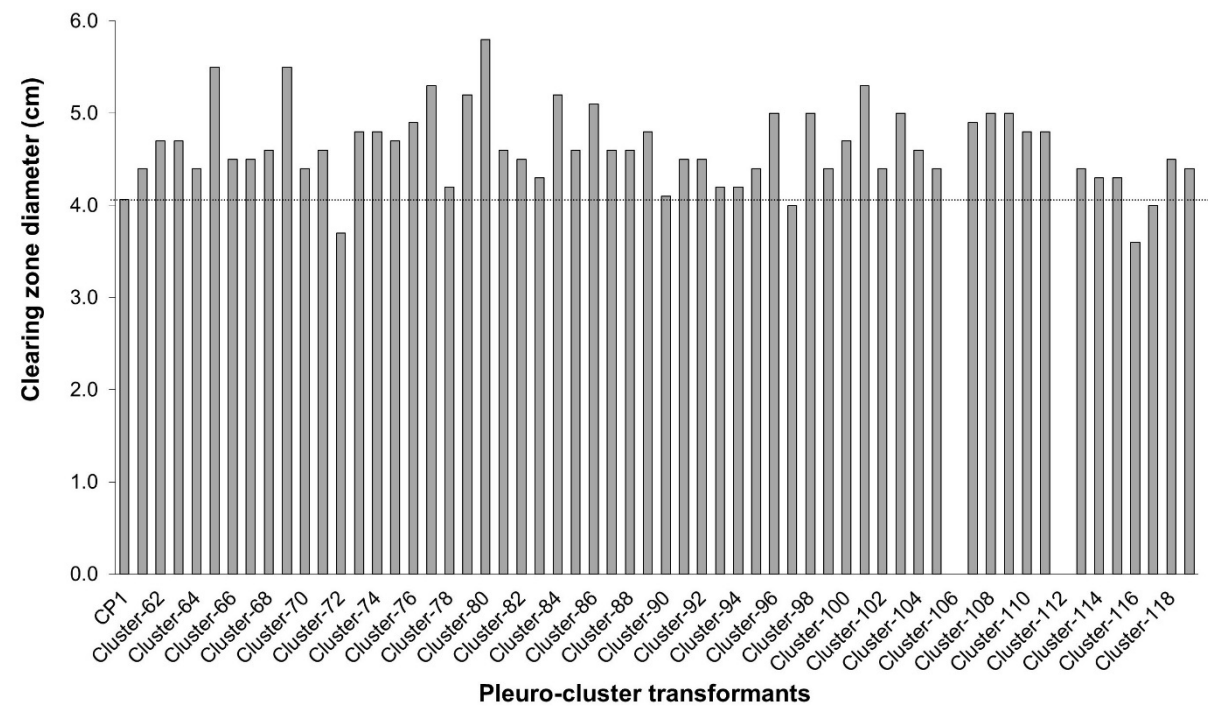
Supplementary Figure 26. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES-hph-ip450-3.



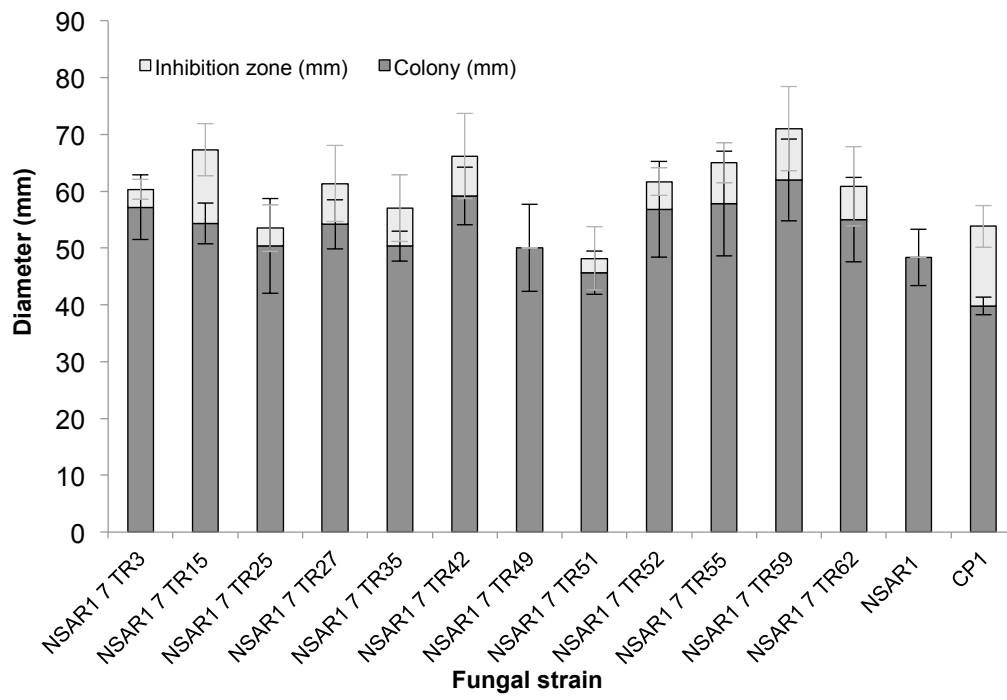
Supplementary Figure 27. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES2-hph-pleurocluster (Strains from 1 to 60).



Supplementary Figure 28. Clearing zones recorded on plate-based bioassays for *C. passeckerianus* strains transformed with plasmid pYES2-hph-pleurocluster (Strains from 61 to 119).

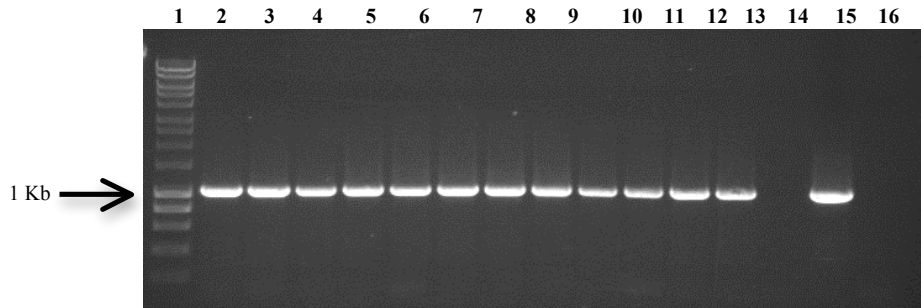


Supplementary Figure 29. Bioassays to evaluate antimicrobial activity of *A. oryzae* seven-gene transformants. *A. oryzae* NSAR1 and *C. passeckerianus* CP1 were included as respectively negative and positive controls. Error bars show the standard deviation of triplicate measurements for both colony diameter (bar in black) and inhibition zone diameter (bar in grey).

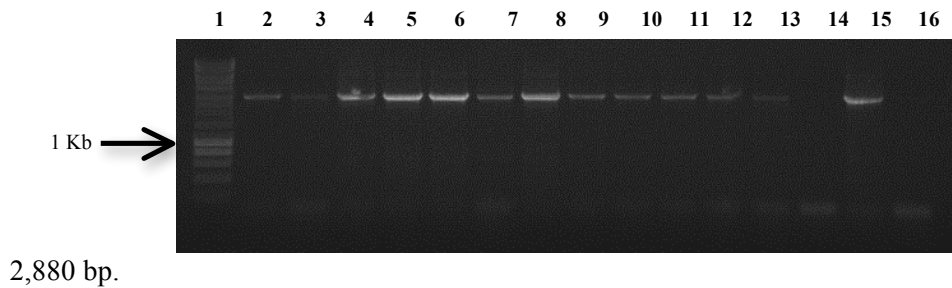


Supplementary Figure 30. RT-PCR analysis on *A. oryzae* seven-gene transformants for expression of the genes of the pleuromutilin cluster: *Pl-ggs* (i), *Pl-cyc* (ii), *Pl-p450-1* (iii), *Pl-p450-2* (iv), *Pl-p450-3* (v), *Pl-atf* (vi), *Pl-sdr* (vii). For each gel, lane 1: 5 μ L of hyperladder I (Bioline); lanes 2-13: cDNA from *A. oryzae* seven-gene transformants; lane 14: cDNA from *A. oryzae* NSAR1; lane 15: plasmid used for transformation of *A. oryzae* containing the respective gene tested in RT-PCR (pTYGSargGGSCyc, pTYGSadeP450s, or pTYGSbarATFSDR); lane 16: water as template.

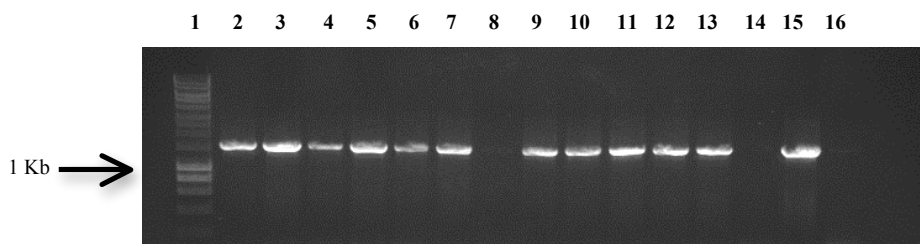
- i. Gene amplified: *Pl-ggs*. Primers used: GGS FF/GGS RR. Expected amplicon size: 1,053 bp.



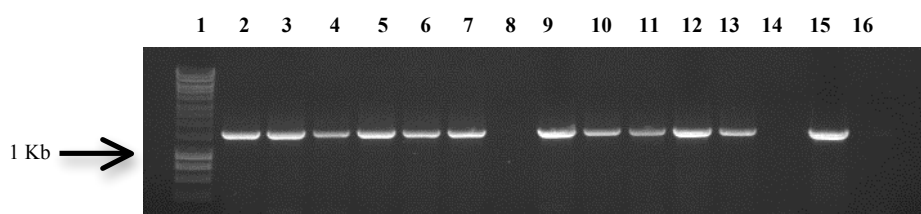
- ii. Gene amplified: *Pl-cyc*. Primers used: Cyclase FF/Cyclase RR. Expected amplicon size:



- iii. Gene amplified: *Pl-p450-1*. Primers used: P450-1 FF/P450-1RR. Expected amplicon size: 1,572 bp.

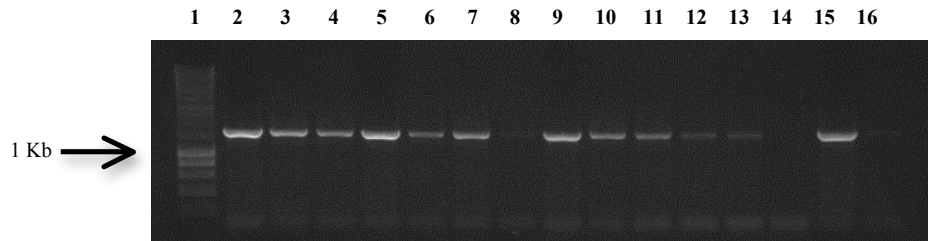


- iv. Gene amplified: *Pl-p450-2*. Primers used: P450-2 FF/P450-2RR. Expected amplicon size:



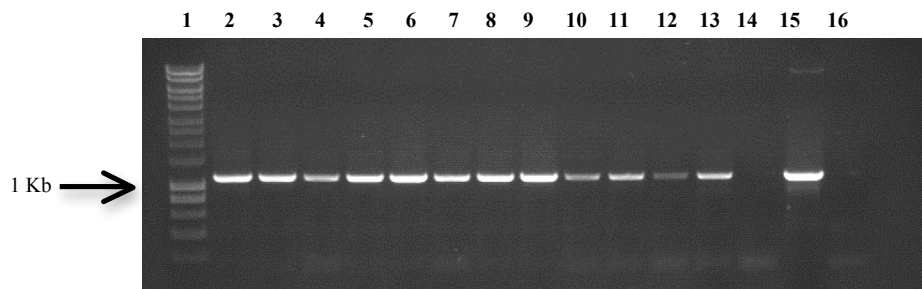
1,578 bp.

- v. Gene amplified: *Pl-p450-3*. Primers used: P450-3 FF/P450-3RR. Expected amplicon size:

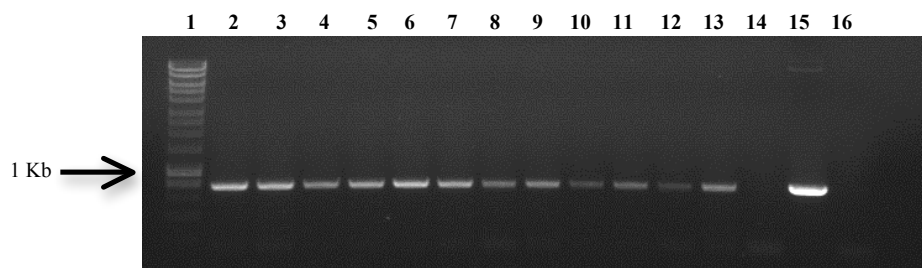


1,589 bp.

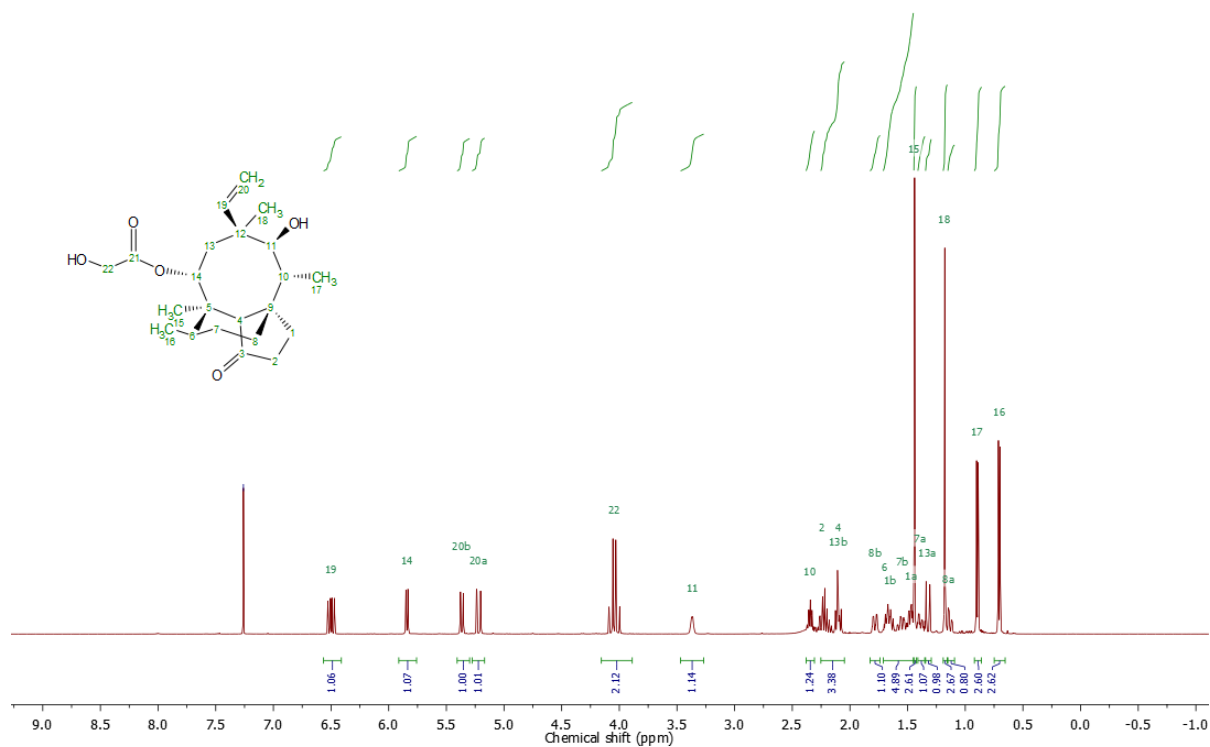
- vi. Gene amplified: *Pl-atf*. Primers used: ATF FF/ATF RR. Expected amplicon size: 1,134 bp.



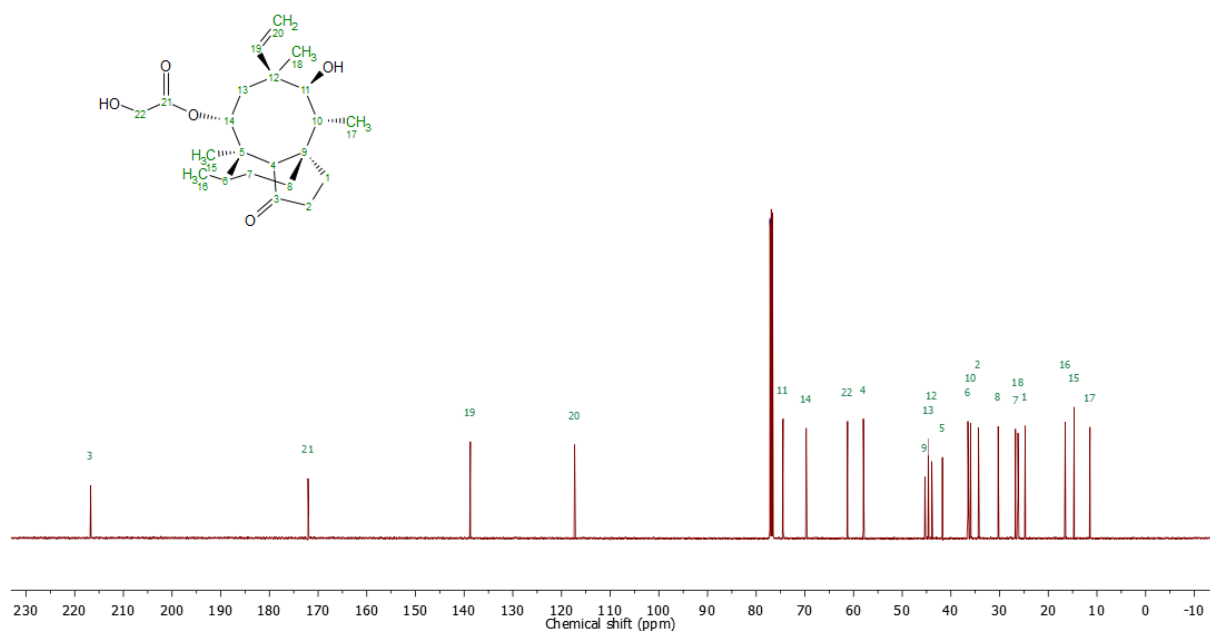
- vii. Gene amplified: *Pl-sdr*. Primers used: SDR FF/SDR RR. Expected amplicon size: 782 bp.



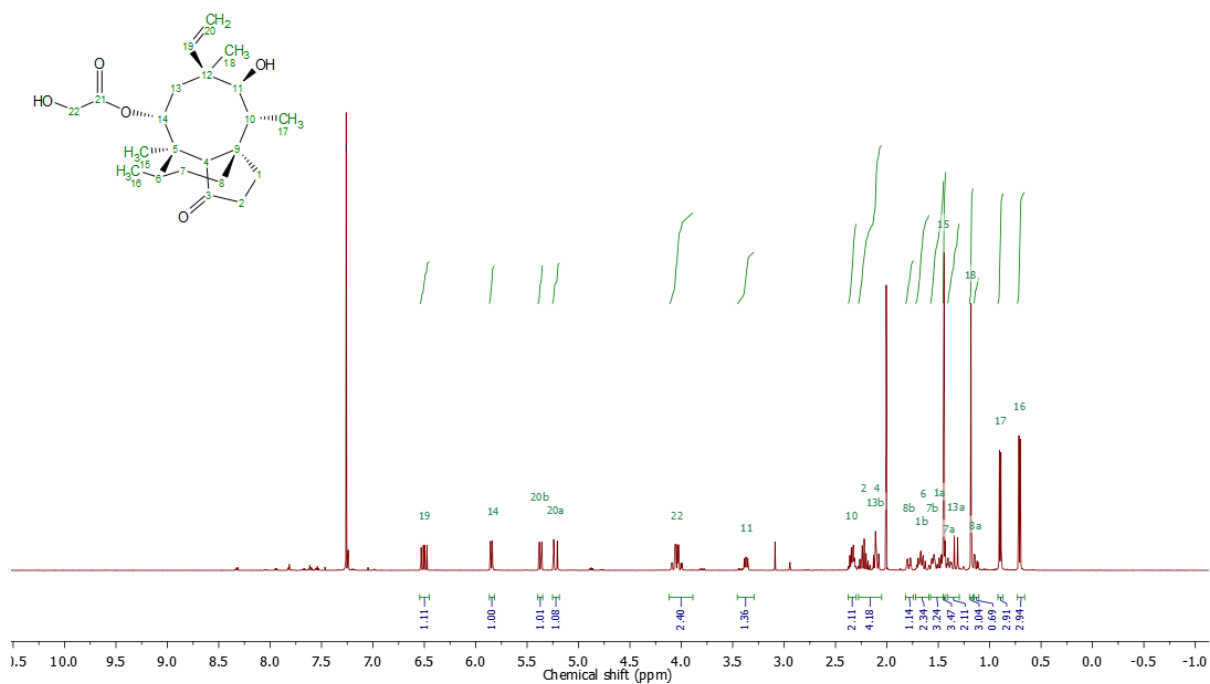
Supplementary Figure 31. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of **1** in CDCl_3 (500 MHz). The signal observed at 7.26 ppm is from hydrogens contained in CDCl_3 .



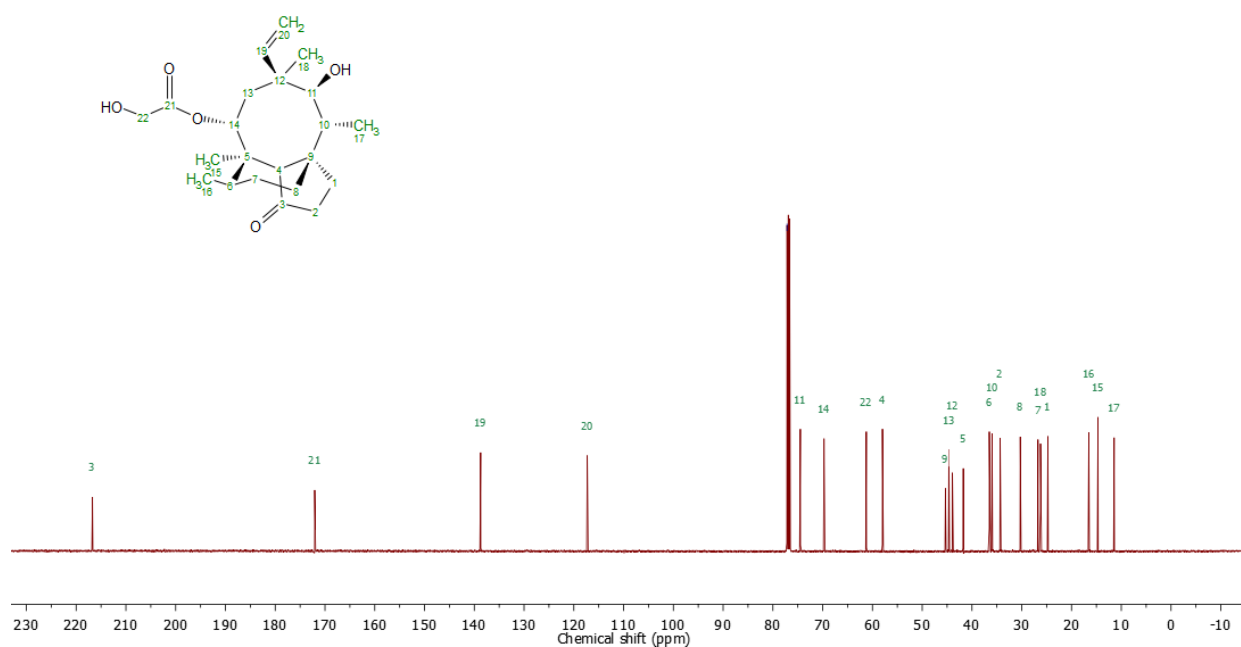
Supplementary Figure 32. $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum of **1** in CDCl_3 (125 MHz). The signal observed at 77.16 ppm is from the carbon contained in CDCl_3 .



Supplementary Figure 33. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of authentic pleuromutilin in CDCl_3 (500 MHz). The signal observed at 7.26 ppm is from hydrogens contained in CDCl_3 .



Supplementary Figure 34. $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectrum of authentic pleuromutilin in CDCl_3 (125 MHz). The signal observed at 77.16 ppm is from the carbon contained in CDCl_3 .



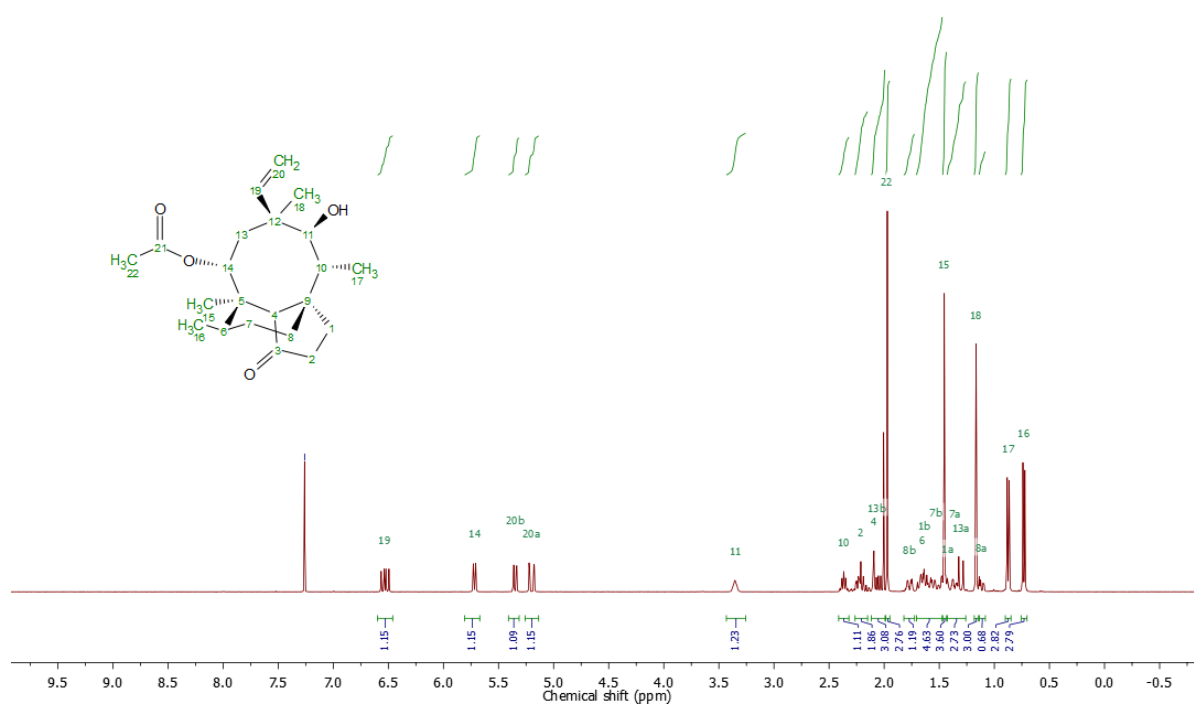
Supplementary Table 2. NMR data of **1** in CDCl₃. Experimental data for **1** (isolated from *A. oryzae* transformants) are reported in the left part of the table, whereas the reference data³ are reported in the right part of the table. The molecular formula of **1** was established by high-resolution mass spectrometry (ESIHRMS: *m/z* 401.2291 [M+Na]⁺, calculated for C₂₂H₃₄O₅Na⁺: 401.2298, Δ = 0.7 mmu).

Experimental data for 1					Reference data for pleuromutilin			
#	¹³ C(δ)	¹ H(δ)	<i>J</i> Coupling (Hz)	Protons	¹³ C(δ)	¹ H(δ)	<i>J</i> Coupling (Hz)	Protons
1	24.8	1.47	m	1	24.8	1.37-1.74	m	2
		1.67	m	1				
2	34.4	2.16-2.29	m	2	34.4	2.19-2.30	m	2
3	216.8				216.9			
4	58.1	2.07-2.15	m	1	58.1	2.07-2.18	m	1
5	41.8				41.8	-	-	-
6	36.6	1.68	m	1	36.6	1.37-1.74	m	1
7	26.8	1.37-1.43	m	1	26.8	1.37-1.74	m	2
		1.55	m	1				
8	30.4	1.11-1.17	m	1	30.4	1.14	dd, 13.8, 4.5	1
		1.80	dq, 14.5, 3.1	1		1.80	dd, 14.3, 3.0	1
9	45.4				45.4			
10	36.0	2.36	p, 7.0	1	36.0	2.31-2.41	m	1
11	74.6	3.38	d, 6.4	1	74.6	3.38	d, 6.5	1
12	44.0				44.0			
13	44.7	1.34	d, 16.1	1	44.7	1.34	d, 16.3	1
		2.07-2.15	m	1		2.07-2.18	m	1
14	69.8	5.85	d, 8.5	1	69.8	5.86	d, 8.5	1
15	14.8	1.45	s	3	14.8	1.45	s	3
16	16.6	0.72	d, 7.1	3	16.6	0.72	d, 6.8	3
17	11.5	0.91	d, 7.0	3	11.5	0.91	d, 7.0	3
18	26.3	1.19	s	3	26.3	1.19	s	3
19	138.8	6.51	dd, 17.4, 11.0	1	138.8	6.51	dd, 17.3, 11.0	1
20	117.4	5.23	dd, 17.4, 1.5	1	117.4	5.23	dd, 17.3, 1.3	1

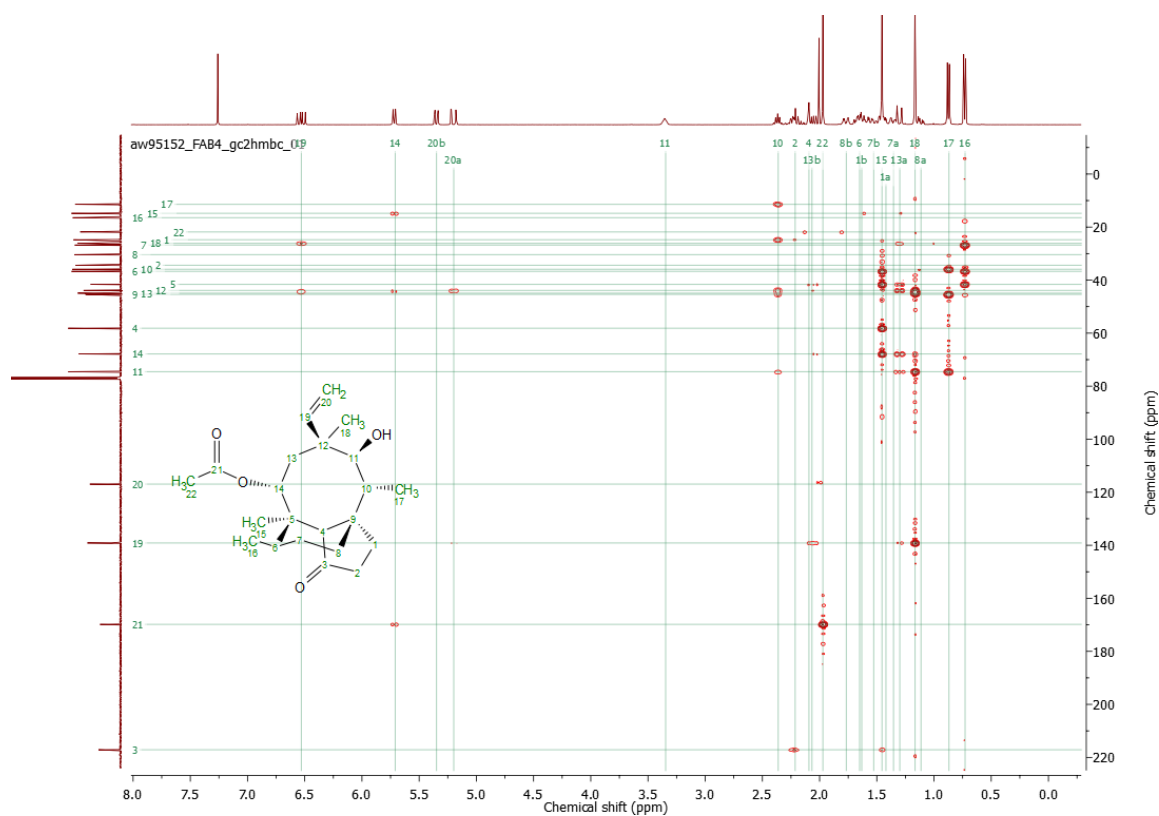
	5.38		dd, 11.0, 1.5	1		5.38		dd, 11.0, 1.3	1
21	172.2					172.2			
22	61.3	4.05	dd, 29.3, 16.3	2	61.3	3.89-4.20	m		2

NMR spectroscopy was used to confirm the identity of **2**. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (**Supplementary Fig. 35**) and $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (**Supplementary Fig. 36**) spectra were obtained from purified **2** from engineered *A. oryzae*. No reference was found in literature for 14-O-acetyl-mutilin, therefore a full-range of NMR analyses was carried out on **2**, including HSQC (**Supplementary Fig. 37**), HMBC (**Supplementary Fig. 38**) and 2D-COSY (**Supplementary Fig. 39**).

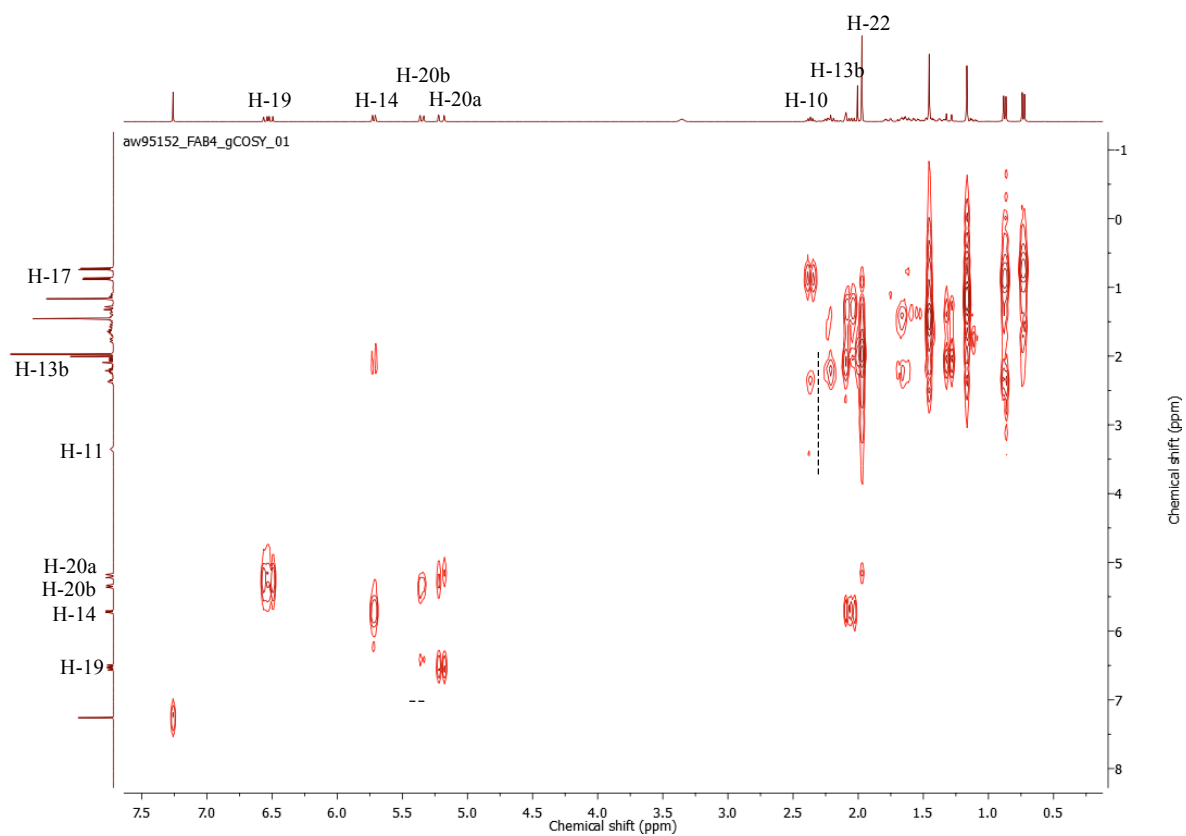
Supplementary Figure 35. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of **2** in CDCl_3 (500 MHz). The signal observed at 7.26 ppm is from hydrogens contained in CDCl_3 .

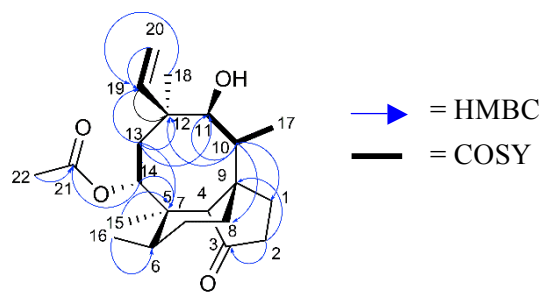


Supplementary Figure 38. HMBC spectrum of **2** in CDCl₃ (500 MHz).



Supplementary Figure 39. 2D-COSY spectrum of **2** in CDCl₃ (500 MHz).





14-O-acetyl-mutilin (2)

Supplementary Table 3. NMR data of **2** in CDCl₃. The molecular formula of **2** was established by high-resolution mass spectrometry (ESIHRMS: m/z 385.2346 [M+Na]⁺, calculated for C₂₂H₃₄O₄Na⁺: 385.2349, Δ = 0.3 mmu).

#	¹³ C(δ)	HSQC	¹ H(δ)	J Coupling (Hz)	Protons	HMBC	COSY
1	24.9	CH ₂	1.45	m	1		
			1.64	m	1	C-2, C-8	
2	34.5	CH ₂	2.23	m	2	C-1, C-3, C-4, C-9	
3	217.2						
4	58.2	CH	2.07	m	1	C-3, C-5, C-8, C-14	
5	41.7						
6	36.8	CH	1.64	m	1	C-7, C-8	
7	26.9	CH ₂	1.34	m	1		
			1.53	m	1		
8	30.5	CH ₂	1.12	m	1		
			1.77	m	1	C-22	
9	45.5						
10	36.0	CH	2.37	p, 7.0	1		H-17
11	74.6	CH	3.36	m	1	C-1, C-8, C-11, C-12, C-13, C-17	H-10
12	44.0						
13	45.0	CH ₂	1.30	d, 16.0	1	C-5, C-11, C-12, C-14, C-18, C-19	
			2.07	m	1	C-5, C-18, C-19	H-14
14	67.9	CH	5.72	d, 8.5	1	C-5, C-6, C-13, C-15	
15	14.9	CH ₃	1.45	s	3	C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6, C-14,	
16	16.6	CH ₃	0.73	d, 7.3	3	C-5, C-6, C-7	
17	11.5	CH ₃	0.87	d, 7.0	3	C-9, C-10, C-11	H-10
18	26.2	CH ₃	1.17	s	3	C-11, C-13, C-19	
19	139.2	CH	6.53	dd, 17.4, 11.0	1	C-11, C-12, C-18	H20a, H-20b
20	117.0	CH ₂	5.20	dd, 17.4, 1.6	1	C-12, C-19	H-19
			5.35	dd, 11.0, 1.6	1	C-12	H-19

21	169.6					
22	21.9	CH ₃	1.97	s	3	C-21

Supplementary Table 4. Summary of transgene copy number through Southern Blot analysis.

*= Interpretation of copy number not confident due to non-specific binding.

Strain	Gene probed (genes present on the same plasmid)			
	<i>Cyclase</i> (<i>ggs</i>)	<i>P450-2</i> (<i>p450-1</i> , <i>p450-3</i>)	<i>SDR</i>	<i>ATF</i>
<i>A. oryzae</i> NSARI 7 TR27	1	1	1	1
<i>A. oryzae</i> NSARI 7 TR51	1	2	4	3
<i>A. oryzae</i> NSARI 7 TR52	1	3	1	-*

1. Cummings, W.J., Celerin, M., Crodian, J., Brunick, L.K. & Zolan, M.E. Insertional mutagenesis in *Coprinus cinereus*: use of a dominant selectable marker to generate tagged, sporulation-defective mutants. *Curr Genet* **36**, 371-382 (1999).
2. Kilaru, S., Collins, C.M., Hartley, A.J., Bailey, A.M. & Foster, G.D. Establishing molecular tools for genetic manipulation of the pleuromutilin-producing fungus *Clitopilus passeckerianus*. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology* **75**, 7196-7204 (2009).
3. Fazakerley, N.J., Helm, M.D. & Procter, D.J. Total Synthesis of (+)-Pleuromutilin. *Chemistry – A European Journal* **19**, 6718-6723 (2013).