

Figure S2. Associations of sports activity and weight status with pain prevalence (n=2403). Significant prevalence ratios (PRs) of (A) pain overall and (B) upper limb pain are indicated with asterisks (*P<0.05). Tertiles of time spent in sports activity within students engaged in organized sports activity and tertiles of body mass index (BMI) within grades were used for cutpoints, and the group of students who did not participate in sports (0 hours/week) and had the lowest BMI served as the reference category.