Nursing Home Profile

General Information Inspections and Complaints Staffing Quality Measures	Penalties		
Nursing Home D			
Overall Rating Average			
Quality Measure	ality Measure Much Above Average		
	Nursing Home D	State Average	National Average
LONG-STAY RESIDENTS Current data collection period			
Percent of long-stay residents experiencing one or more falls with major injury. Lower percentages are better.	0.0%	3.4%	3.4%
Percent of long-stay residents with a urinary tract infection. Lower percentages are better.	3.4%	7.1%	7.6%
Percent of long-stay residents who self-report moderate to severe pain. Lower percentages are better.	2.4%	9.2%	11.6%
Percent of long-stay high-risk residents with pressure ulcers. Lower percentages are better.	4.9%	7.7%	6.8%
Percent of long-stay low-risk residents who lose control of their bowels or bladder. Lower percentages are better.	23.1%	34.4%	42.3%
Percent of long-stay residents who have/had a catheter inserted and left in their bladder. Lower percentages are better.	3.0%	4.7%	4.2%
Percent of long-stay residents who were physically restrained. Lower percentages are better.	1.0%	2.6%	2.2%
Percent of long-stay residents whose need for help with daily activities has increased. Lower percentages are better.	9.1%	15.1%	16.4%
Percent of long-stay residents who lose too much weight. Lower percentages are better.	6.1%	8.1%	7.3%
Percent of long-stay residents who have depressive symptoms. Lower percentages are better.	6.8%	7.7%	7.4%
Percent of long-stay residents assessed and given, appropriately, the seasonal influenza vaccine. Higher percentages are better.	78.8%	92.6%	93.4%
Percent of long-stay residents assessed and given, appropriately, the pneumococcal vaccine. Higher percentages are better.	91.6%	92.9%	94.3%
Percent of long-stay residents who received an antipsychotic medication. Lower percentages are better.	13.4%	26.0%	23.8%