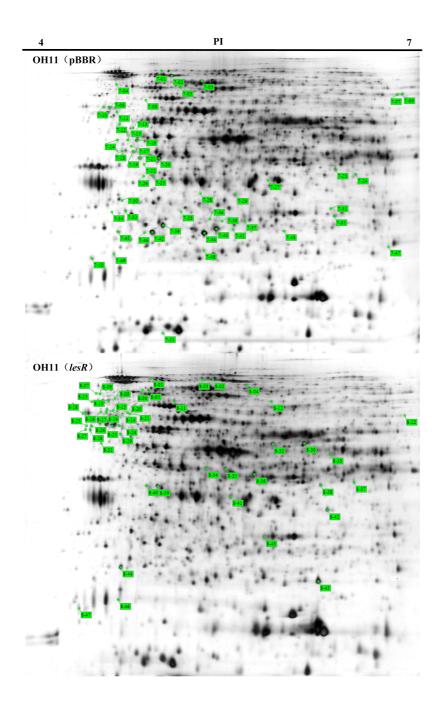
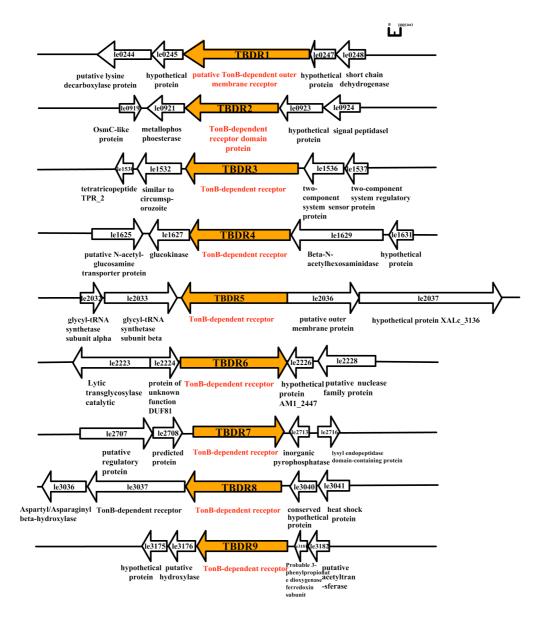
1	Supplementary Materials
2	A TonB-dependent receptor regulates antifungal HSAF biosynthesis in Lysobacter
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14	Outlines
15	<b>Figure S1</b> . 2-D gel proteome analysis of the <i>lesR</i> overexpression strain.
16	Figure S2. The genomic organization of each lesR-controlled TBDR coding genes in L.
17	enzymogenes.
18	<b>Figure S3</b> . Quantification of the HSAF yield from the <i>tonB</i> mutant of <i>L. enzymogenes</i> .
19	Figure S4. Overexpression of <i>lesR</i> caused an approximately twice increase on the transcription of
20	TBDR7 in comparison to the control strain.
21	Table S1. Primers used in this study
22	Table S2. Mutant confirmation by PCR in this study
23	
24	



**Figure S1. 2-D gel proteome analysis of the** *lesR* **overexpression strain.** The up-expressed protein spots with the threshold ratio of 1.5 were numbered in green either in OH11 (pBBR) or OH11 (*lesR*) compared to each other. Detailed information of the identified *lesR*-controlled proteins was provided **Table 2**. OH11(pBBR), the control strain, representing the wild-type OH11 of *L. enzymogenes* containing an empty expressing vector; OH11(*lesR*), the *lesR* overexpression strain.



**Figure S2.** The genomic organization of each *lesR*-controlled TBDR coding genes in *L. enzymogenes*. Each TBDR was colored, whereas other genes were shown in white arrows. The predicted gene products were provided below each arrow. The scale indicates the amino-acid size was identical to 100 aa.

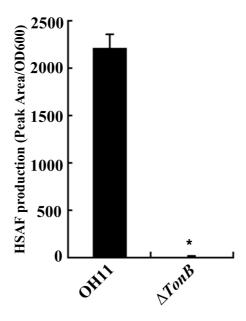


Figure S3. Quantification of the HSAF yield from the tonB mutant of L. enzymogenes.

Mutation of tonB (GU121672) almost completely abolished the HSAF production. Three replicates for each treatment were used, and the experiment was repeated three times. Vertical bars represent standard errors. The asterisk above the bars indicate a significant difference between the wild-type strain OH11 and the tested strain (\*p < 0.05).

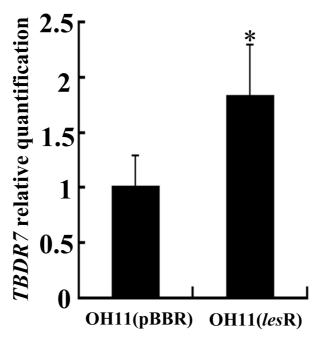


Figure S4. Overexpression of *lesR* caused an approximately twice increase on the transcription of *TBDR7* in comparison to the control strain. The control strain is OH11 (pBBR), representing the wide-type OH11 containing an empty vector; OH11 (lesR), the lesR overexpressing strain. Each column indicates the mean of three biologically independent quantitative RT-PCR experiments. Vertical bars represent standard errors. The asterisk above the bars indicate a significant difference between the wild-type strain OH11 and the tested strains (\*p < 0.05).

## **Supplementary reference**

- Qian, G. L. et al. Lysobacter enzymogenes uses two distinct cell-cell signaling systems for differential regulation of secondary-metabolite biosynthesis and colony morphology. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 79, 6604-6616 (2013a).
- Schöffler, H. & Braun, V. Transport across the outer membrane of *Escherichia coli* K12 via the FhuA receptor is regulated by the TonB protein of the cytoplasmic membrane. *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 217, 378-383 (1989).

Table S1 Primers used in this study

Primer	Sequence <sup>a</sup>	Purpose	Source
TBDR1-1F	5'-GG <u>GGTACC</u> CGACTCCGCCACGCATTCCA-3'	To amplify a 314-bp upstream	This study
TBDR1-1R	5'-CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> TCGCCTTCCTTGGTGATGTTG A-3'	homologue arm of <i>TBDR1</i>	
TBDR1-2F	5'-CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> CCGGCTGGAACTACAACTACCT-3'	To amplify a 1054-bp downstream homologue arm of	This study
TBDR1-2R	5'-GC <u>TCTAGA</u> CGGCGGAAATCACGAAAA-3'	TBDR1	
TBDR2-1F	5'-CCC <u>GGTACC</u> GAGGGCGGTGCGGAGTTC-3'	To amplify a 788-bp upstream	This study
TBDR2-1R	5'-CCC <u>TCTAGA</u> CAGCAGCAGGCTGGCGAC-3'	homologue arm of TBDR2	This study
TBDR2-2F	5'-CCC <u>TCTAGA</u> CGCAACATCACCAACGAGAA GA-3'	To amplify a 999-bp	
TBDR2-2R	5'-CG <u>GAATTC</u> AGCGAGTACAGCAGCCACAGC	downstream homologue arm of <i>TBDR2</i>	This study
TBDR4-1F	5'-CG <u>GAATTC</u> GGTGCCAGTGGAAGGTGTTGA G-3'	To amplify a 1062-bp upstream	This study
TBDR4-1R	5'-CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> AGCGTGGCCTGGAACATCG-3'	homologue arm of TBDR4	
TBDR4-2F	5'-CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> CGTTGGTGTTGGCGAACTTGC -3'	To amplify a 985-bp downstream homologue arm of	This study
TBDR4-2R	5'-GC <u>TCTAGA</u> GCGGACATGCTGCGTTTGGT -3'	TBDR4	This study
TBDR7-1F	5'-GG <u>GGTACC</u> CGGCTACTCGCACATCCACG-3'	To amplify a 503-bp upstream	
TBDR7-1R	5'-GCTCTAGACGCCAACACCTTCCACGACG-3'	homologue arm of TBDR7	This study
TBDR7-2F	5'-GC <u>TCTAGA</u> CGGTGGCGGTGATGTTCTGG-3'	To amplify a 554-bp downstream homologue arm of	This study
TBDR7-2R	5'-CG <u>GGATCC</u> AACGCACGAACCCGCATCCG-3'	TBDR7	
TBDR8-1F	5'-GG <u>GGTACC</u> AACGGCGACAAGGACGAAGG-3'	To amplify a 806-bp upstream	This study
TBDR8-1R	5'-CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> CGTTGCCGCCGTTGTTGTAG-3	homologue arm of TBDR8	
TBDR8-2F	5'-CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> GGCAACTGGTCGGAGGGCTT-3'	To amplify a 681-bp	mi i u i
TBDR8-2R	5'-GC <u>TCTAGA</u> GACCGAGCCCAGTTCCCAGT-3'	downstream homologue arm of <i>TBDR8</i>	This study
TBDR9-1F	5'-GG <u>GGTACC</u> AGTTCGTCGTGTCGCCGCTC-3'	To amplify a 739-bp upstream	This study
TBDR9-1R	5'CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> GGGGTGTTGTCGTCGCTCTG-3'	homologue arm of TBDR9	This study
TBDR9-2F	5'-CCC <u>AAGCTT</u> GCAAGAACTACAAGGTCGCC-3'	To amplify a 1052-bp	This seed.
TBDR9-2R	5'-GC <u>TCTAGA</u> TTCGCCACCGTCGTATTCGT-3'	downstream homologue arm of <i>TBDR9</i>	This study
tonB-1F	5'-AC <u>GAATTC</u> AACACCAGCGAGCAGTTGTT-3'	To amplify a 706-bp	
tonB-1R	5'-CC <u>AAGCTT</u> GTGCTGTTCGGCTTCAATTC-3'	downstream homologue arm of tonB	This study
tonB-2F	5'-AA <u>AAGCTT</u> GCTGCCGCACAGCGTGTCGA-3'	To amplify a 738-bp downstream homologue arm of	This study

tonB-2R	5'-AA <u>TCTAGA</u> ATGCCGCCCCTGGCGATCCG-3'	tonB	
tonB-F	5'-GATTTCGTCCCGCCGAACTG -3'	Mutant confirmation: to amplify a 991- and 250-bp DNA band from the wild-type	This study
tonB-R	5'-TGATCAGCAGCACCAGCATC-3'	OH11 and <i>tonB</i> -deletion mutant, respectively	
TBDR7-F	5'-GC <u>TCTAGA</u> GGTGTCGGCACTGGTCCCGGC GAT-3'	To amplify 3266-bp fragment of <i>TBDR7</i> with its predicted	This study
TBDR7-R	5'-GG <u>GGTACC</u> TCAGAAGCGCTGGGTGTACTT C-3'	promoter This study	
TBDR7-Fm	5'-TCTCGATCGCATCGAGGCGACCGGTTCGC G-3'	To amplify pBBR-TBDR7(site directed mutagenesis), the box	
TBDR7-Rm	5'-GCCTCGATGCGATCGAGAGTGGTGGGGGT C-3'	indicated the target point This study mutation (V74 was changed into A74)	
16S rDNA-1	5'-ACGGTCGCAAGACTGAAACT-3'	The internal control for RT-PCR and quantitative	1
16S rDNA-2	5'-AAGGCACCAATCCATCTCTG-3'	RT-PCR	
q <i>pks/nrps-</i> F	5'-CATCACATCATCTCCGATGC-3'	To determine the transcriptional level of the gene	
q pks/nrps-R	5'-CAGTTCCACCTTCTCCTTGC-3'	pks/nrps	1
q <i>TBDR7-</i> F	5'-ACAACCAGAACAAGGGCAAC-3'	To determine the	This study
q <i>TBDR7-</i> R	5'-GCTGAGGTTGAGGCTGTAGA-3'	transcriptional level of the gene This study TBDR7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Restricted digestion enzyme site was underlined.

Mutant	Selected primers <sup>a</sup>	Expected size from wild type	Expected size from mutant	PCR validation <sup>b</sup>
ΔTBDR1	<i>TBDR1</i> -1F/2R	3629 bp	1368 bp	kbM+- 2 1
ΔTBDR2	<i>TBDR2</i> -1F/2R	3944 bp	1787 bp	kb M + - ATBDR2  5 2 1.5
ΔTBDR4	<i>TBDR4</i> -1F/2R	4267 bp	2047 bp	kbM + - ATBDR4
ΔTBDR7	<i>TBDR7</i> -1F/2R	2604 bp	1057 bp	kbM + - ATBDR7  5 3 2 1.5
$\Delta TBDR8$	<i>TBDR8</i> -1F/2R	3016 bp	1487bp	kb M M + - ΔTBDR8
ΔTBDR9	<i>TBDR9</i> -1F/2R	2789 bp	1791 bp	kb M + - ATBDR9
ΔTBDR1&7	<i>TBDR1-</i> 1F/2R	3629 bp	1368 bp	kb M M + - ATBDRI&7
tonB	tonB-F/R	991bp	250bp	kb M + - AtonB  2 0.75 0.5 0.25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Primers sequence used here were provided in Supplementary Table S1.

<sup>b</sup> Red arrow and green box indicated the expected size from the wild-type OH11 or deletion mutant amplified by selected primers, respectively; + and – means the positive control (the genomic DNA of strain OH11) and negative control (ddH<sub>2</sub>O), respectively.