

Supporting Information:

Structure-Based Design, Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of Highly Selective and Potent G Protein-Coupled Receptor Kinase 2 Inhibitors

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Table S1. Crystal Refinement Statistics

Protein Complex	GRK2-G $\beta\gamma$ *	GRK2-G $\beta\gamma$ *	GRK2-G $\beta\gamma$ *	GRK2-G $\beta\gamma$ *
	CCG-215022	CCG-224062	CCG-224406	CCG-224411
X-ray source	APS 21-ID-G	APS 21-ID-G	APS 21-ID-G	APS 21-ID-G
wavelength (Å)	0.97857	0.97857	0.97857	0.97857
D_{\min} (Å)	30–2.6 (2.64–2.56)	30–3.2 (3.26–3.2)	30–2.8 (2.85–2.8)	30–2.8 (2.85–2.8)
space group	$C222_1$	$C222_1$	$C222_1$	$C222_1$
cell constants (Å)	$a=60.6$ $b=240$ $c=209$	$a=62.0$ $b=241$ $c=213$	$a=60.7$ $b=242$ $c=214$	$a=60.0$ $b=239$ $c=209$
unique reflections	47002 (2068)	27203 (1277)	37227 (1655)	36395 (1800)
R_{sym} (%)	6.7 (39.1)	14.6 (0.0)	5.5 (76.0)	10.4 (93.6)
completeness (%)	97.0 (86.1)	96.7 (92.3)	94.0 (84.5)	93.3 (93.5)
$\langle I \rangle / \langle \sigma_I \rangle$	25.8 (2.6)	17.8 (1.5)	20.3 (1.6)	19.6 (1.9)
redundancy	3.5 (2.5)	7.3 (6.9)	3.6 (2.7)	4.6 (4.5)
refinement resolution (Å)	30–2.6 (2.64–2.56)	30–3.2 (3.26–3.2)	30–2.8 (2.85–2.8)	30–2.8 (2.85–2.8)
total reflections used	44654	25783	35332	34492
RMSD bond lengths (Å)	0.013	0.0115	0.0115	0.012
RMSD bond angles (°)	1.65	1.57	1.55	1.57
est. coordinate error (Å)	0.25	0.37	0.31	0.29
Ramachandran plot:				
most favored, outliers (%)	92.3, 0.8	89.3, 1.3	91.3, 0.5	90.3, 1.2
R_{work}	0.205	0.172	0.202	0.198
R_{free}	0.264	0.250	0.277	0.257
protein atoms	8178	8171	8218	8183
water molecules	29	34	31	40
inhibitor atoms	37	41	41	40
average B -factor (Å ²)	71.3	100	70.6	75.5
Protein	71.5	101	71.0	75.6

Inhibitor	65.2	112	61.9	120
MolProbity score	2.32	2.39	2.14	2.59
MolProbity $C\beta$ deviations	1	1	0	0
MolProbity bad backbone bonds	0	1	0	1
MolProbity bad backbone angles	1	1	1	0
PDB entry	5HE0	5HE1	5HE2	5HE3

Numbers in parentheses correspond to the highest resolution shell of data.

Table S2: Compound K_i , buried ASA, and number of hydrogen bonds with GRK2

Compound	K_i (μM)	Buried ASA (\AA^2)	# Hydrogen Bonds
Balanol	0.55	420	8
Paroxetine	22	250	4
206584 ⁴³	4.0	270	3
Takeda101	4.6	370	2
1	0.85	390	2
12h	2.4	380	5
12k	4.4	310	5
12n	2.05	400	5
12r	3.6	320	3
2	12	290	4

K_i values were calculated using the Cheng-Prussoff equation. Buried ASA was calculated using the AREAIMOL tool in the CCP4 program suite.⁴⁴ See graphical representation as Figure 5 in text.

Table S3: Minimum inhibitory concentrations of inhibitors tested in mouse cardiomyocytes

	Control	Paroxetine	2	12h	12d	12m	12n
	(DMSO)	10 μ M	1 μ M	0.5 μ M	0.5 μ M	1 μ M	0.5 μ M
Baseline before isoproterenol							
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	5.7 \pm 0.4	4.7 \pm 0.2	6.0 \pm 0.7	5.9 \pm 0.2	4.6 \pm 0.9	5.5 \pm 0.7	3.9 \pm 0.5
After isoproterenol							
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	12 \pm 0.5	16.5 \pm 0.6*	17.5 \pm 0.8*	16 \pm 1*	17 \pm 1*	15 \pm 0.6*	15 \pm 1*
% increase in contraction amplitude	110 \pm 10	260 \pm 30*	200 \pm 30*	175 \pm 20*	340 \pm 70*	210 \pm 40*	340 \pm 65*

Values represent the mean \pm SEM for 6-10 cardiomyocytes. *,p<0.05 vs Control

Table S4: Cardiomyocyte contractility results for compound 12h from 0.1 to 10 μ M

12h	Control (DMSO)	0.1 μM	0.5 μM	1 μM	10 μM
Baseline before isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	5.7 \pm 0.4	5.6 \pm 0.5	5.9 \pm 0.2	5.9 \pm 0.55	4.6 \pm 0.5
After isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	12 \pm 0.5	12 \pm 1	16 \pm 1*	16.5 \pm 1*	13 \pm 1
% increase in contraction amplitude	110 \pm 10	115 \pm 20	175 \pm 20*	170 \pm 20*	220 \pm 40*

Values represent the mean \pm SEM for 8-10 cardiomyocytes. *,p<0.05 vs Control

Table S5: Cardiomyocyte contractility results for compound 12d from 0.1 to 10 μ M

12d	Control (DMSO)	0.1 μM	0.5 μM	1 μM	10 μM
Baseline before isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	5.7 \pm 0.4	6.0 \pm 2	4.6 \pm 0.9	5.6 \pm 0.6	5.7 \pm 0.2
After isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	12 \pm 0.5	12 \pm 2	17 \pm 1*	16 \pm 0.6*	15 \pm 0.6*
% increase in contraction amplitude	110 \pm 10	110 \pm 30	340 \pm 70*	200 \pm 30*	175 \pm 20*

Values represent the mean \pm SEM for 8-10 cardiomyocytes. *,p<0.05 vs Control

Table S6: Cardiomyocyte contractility results for compound 12m from 0.1 to 10 μ M

12m	Control (DMSO)	0.1 μM	0.5 μM	1 μM	10 μM
Baseline before isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	5.7 \pm 0.4	5.2 \pm 0.4	5.05 \pm 0.5	5.5 \pm 0.7	5.1 \pm 1
After isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	12 \pm 0.5	13 \pm 0.8	13 \pm 0.6	15 \pm 0.6*	17 \pm 1*
% increase in contraction amplitude	110 \pm 10	150 \pm 15	175 \pm 30*	210 \pm 40*	275 \pm 50*

Values represent the mean \pm SEM for 8-10 cardiomyocytes. *,p<0.05 vs Control

Table S7: Cardiomyocyte contractility results for compound 12n from 0.1 to 10 μ M

12n	Control (DMSO)	0.1 μM	0.5 μM	1 μM	10 μM
Baseline before isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	4.5 \pm 0.3	4.5 \pm 0.5	3.9 \pm 0.5	4.4 \pm 0.7	4.8 \pm 0.4
After isoproterenol					
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	11.5 \pm 1	12 \pm 1	15 \pm 1*	18 \pm 0.7*	16 \pm 0.6*
% increase in contraction amplitude	160 \pm 20	170 \pm 30	340 \pm 65*	350 \pm 70*	240 \pm 30*

Values represent the mean \pm SEM for 6-8 cardiomyocytes. *,p<0.05 vs Control

Table S8: Cardiomyocyte contractility results for compound 2 at 0.5 and 1 μ M

GSK180736A (2)	Control (DMSO)	0.5 μM	1.0 μM
Baseline before isoproterenol			
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	5.7 \pm 0.4	5.2 \pm 0.6	6.0 \pm 0.7
After isoproterenol			
max contraction amplitude (% cell length)	12 \pm 0.5	15.5 \pm 2	17.5 \pm 0.8*
% increase in contraction amplitude	110 \pm 10	180 \pm 40	201 \pm 30*

Values represent the mean \pm SEM for 8-10 cardiomyocytes. *,p<0.05 vs Control