

Supporting Information
for
**Comparative kinematical analyses
of Venus flytrap (*Dionaea muscipula*) snap traps**

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Statistical analyses for the comparative air/under water snapping experiment

Descriptive statistics

Descriptive statistics

Whole data set

Parameter	Trap length (cm)	Snapping duration (s)
Sample size (n)	60	60
Mean	2.08	0.47
SD	0.49	0.40
Median	2.00	0.37
IQR	0.73	0.23
Min	1.20	0.17
Max	3.10	3.10
Range	1.90	2.93

Descriptive statistics

Snapping in air

Parameter	Trap length (cm)	Snapping duration (s)
Sample size (n)	30	30
Mean	2.13	0.5
SD	0.56	0.52
Median	2.00	0.36
IQR	0.88	0.23
Min	1.20	0.17
Max	3.10	3.10
Range	1.90	2.93

Descriptive statistics

Snapping under water

Parameter	Trap length (cm)	Snapping duration (s)
Sample size (n)	30	30
Mean	2.04	0.44
SD	0.41	0.25
Median	2.00	0.38
IQR	0.58	0.24
Min	1.40	0.18
Max	3.00	1.26
Range	1.60	1.08

Descriptive statistics

Snapping modes:

Mode a: synchronous lobes

Mode b: asynchronous lobes: triggered lobe moves first

Mode c: asynchronous lobes: not-triggered lobe moves first

	Whole data set	In air	under water
Mode a	39 (65%)	21 (70%)	18 (60%)
Mode b	12 (20%)	7 (23%)	5 (17%)
Mode c	9 (15%)	2 (7%)	7 (23%)

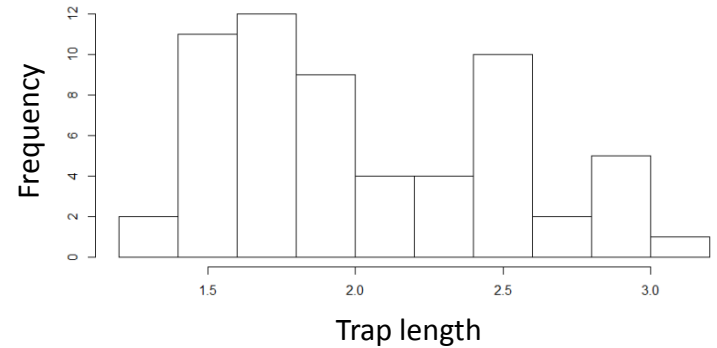
Test of normal distribution

Test of normal distribution

Whole data set (GNU R 3.1.1; Shapiro-Wilk test; *shapiro.test()*-function; *stats*-package)

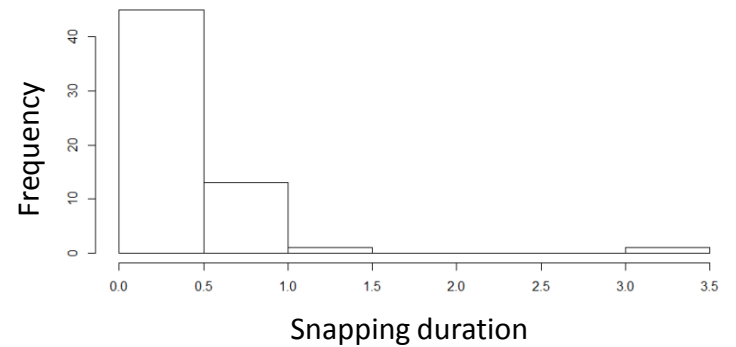
Trap length

No normal distribution
($W=0.9414$; $p < 0.01$)



Snapping duration

No normal distribution
($W=0.5303$; $p < 0.001$)

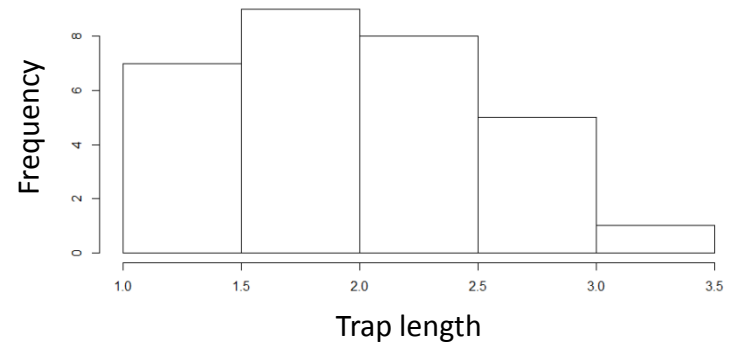


Test of normal distribution

In air (GNU R 3.1.1; Shapiro-Wilk test; *shapiro.test()*-function; *stats*-package)

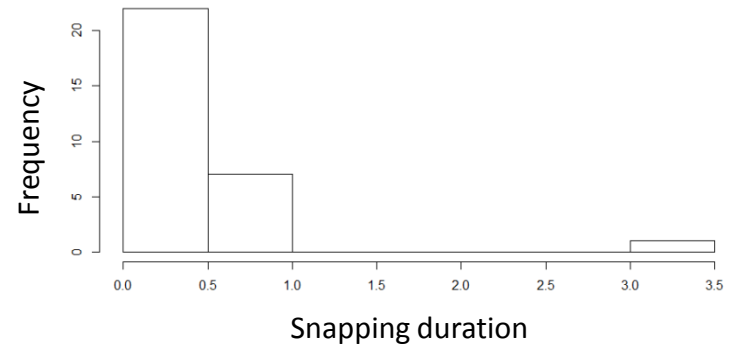
Trap length

No normal distribution
($W=0.9283$; $p < 0.05$)



Snapping duration

No normal distribution
($W=0.4554$; $p < 0.001$)

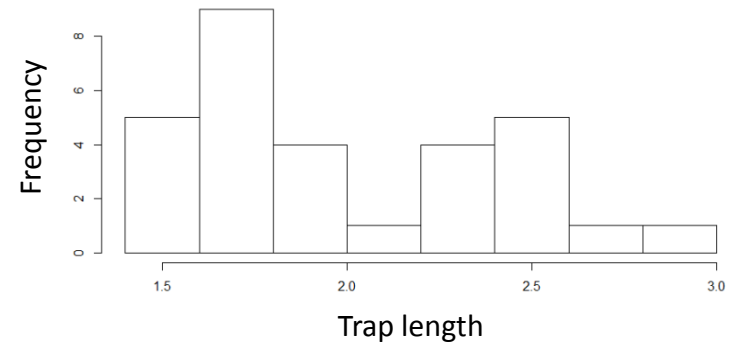


Test of normal distribution

under water (GNU R 3.1.1; Shapiro-Wilk test; *shapiro.test()*-function; *stats*-package)

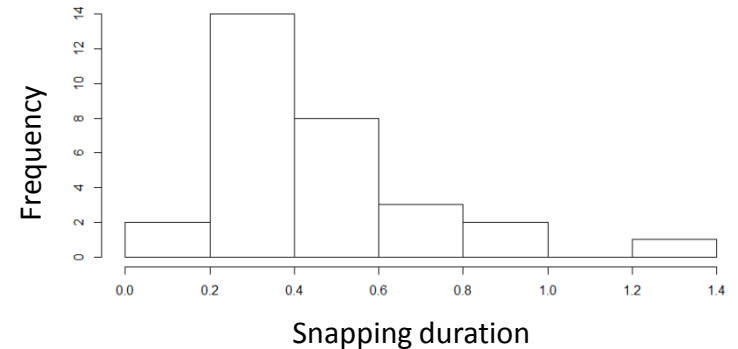
Trap length

Normal distribution
($W=0.9397$; $p > 0.05$)



Snapping duration

No normal distribution
($W=0.8329$; $p < 0.001$)



Test of homoscedasticity

Test of homoscedasticity

Trap length (GNU R 3.1.1; LeveneTest; *leveneTest()*-function; *car*-package)

Air vs. water

Homoscedastic
($df=[1.58]$; $F=2.4848$; $p > 0.05$)

Snapping duration (GNU R 3.1.1; LeveneTest; *leveneTest()*-function; *car*-package)

Air vs. water

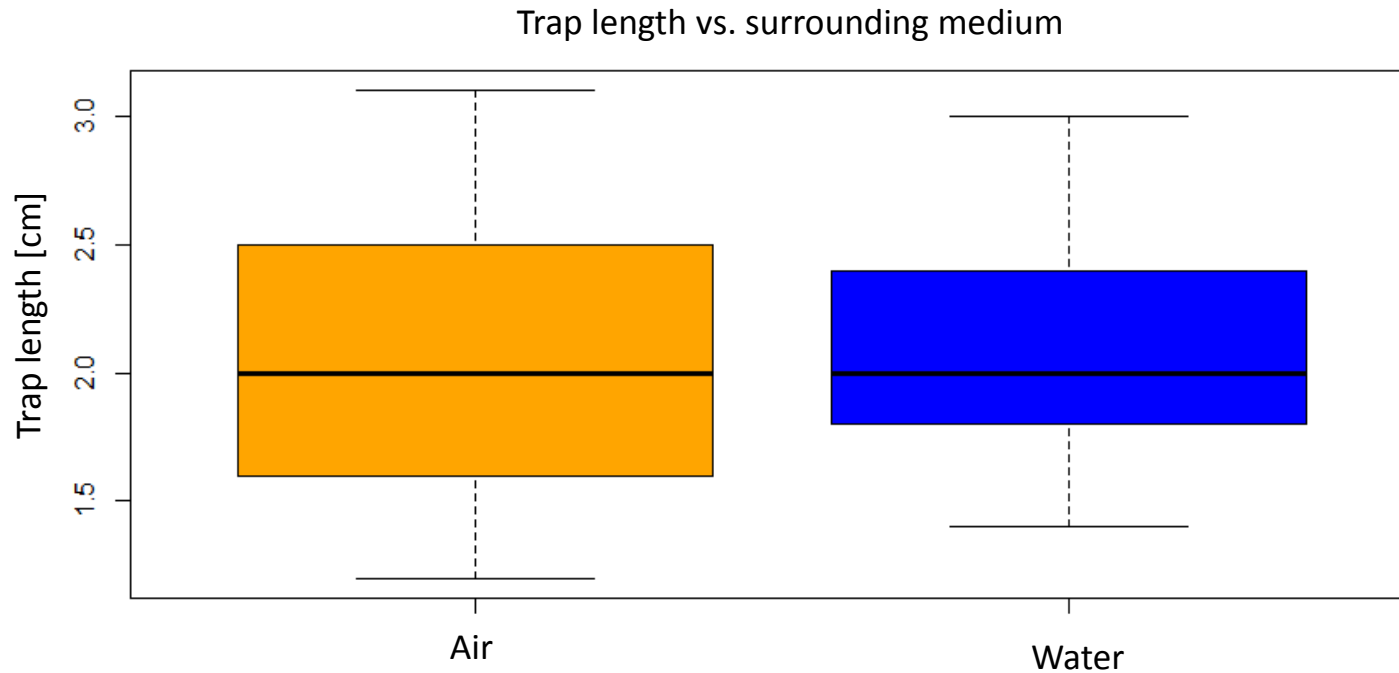
Homoscedastic
($df=[1.58]$; $F=0.1542$; $p > 0.05$)

Test of significance

Test of significance 1 – Are the trap lengths significantly different between water and air?

GNU R 3.1.1; Wilcoxon rank sum test; `wilcox.test()`-function; stats-package

The trap lengths are not significantly different between the surrounding media!
($W=487.5$; $p > 0.05$)

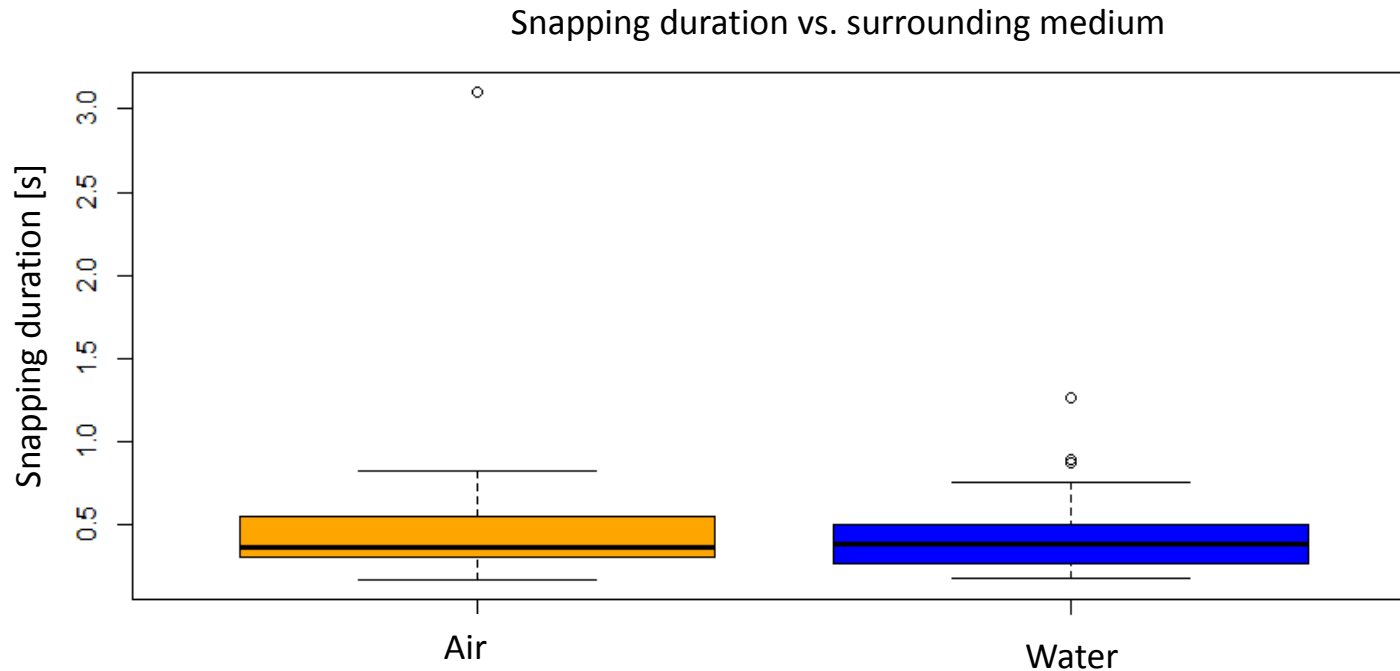


Data can be pooled!

Test of significance 2 – Are the snapping durations significantly different between water and air?

GNU R 3.1.1; Wilcoxon rank sum test; `wilcox.test()`-function; stats-package

The snapping durations are not significantly different between the surrounding media!
($W=472$; $p > 0.05$)



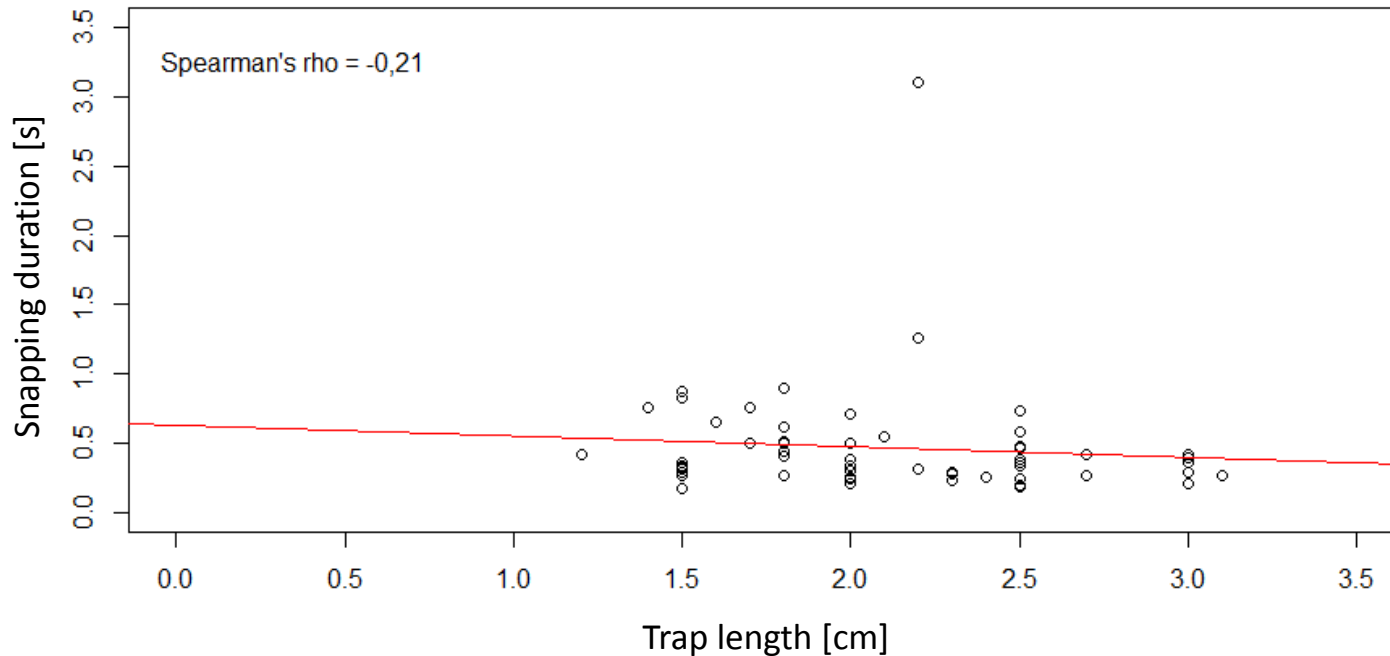
Data can be pooled!

Correlation

Correlation between trap length and snapping duration

GNU R 3.1.1; Spearman correlation (ρ); `cor()`-function; stats-package

The snapping durations do not correlate with the trap lengths.
However, there is a weak tendency that larger traps snap faster.
(Spearman's $\rho = -0.21$)



Fisher's exact test

Fisher's exact test – Are the snapping modes independent of the surrounding media?

GNU R 3.1.1; Fisher's exact test; `fisher.test()`-function; stats-package

Contingency table	In air	under water
Synchronous lobe movement	21	18
Asynchronous lobe movement	9	12

Snapping modes are independent of the surrounding media!

($p > 0.05$)

Used packages

- *stats*: Standard package of GNU R. ref. 1
- *car*: ref. 2
- *psych*: ref. 3

References:

1. R Core Team (2014). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL <http://www.R-project.org/>.
2. John Fox and Sanford Weisberg (2011). An {R} Companion to Applied Regression. Second Edition. Thousand Oaks CA: Sage. [URL:http://socserv.socsci.mcmaster.ca/jfox/Books/Companion](http://socserv.socsci.mcmaster.ca/jfox/Books/Companion)
3. Revelle. W. (2015) *psych*: Procedures for Personality and Psychological Research. Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, USA. <http://CRAN.R-project.org/package=psych> Version = 1.5.4.