

Supplemental Data

Loss-of-Function Mutations in *FRRS1L*

Lead to an Epileptic-Dyskinetic Encephalopathy

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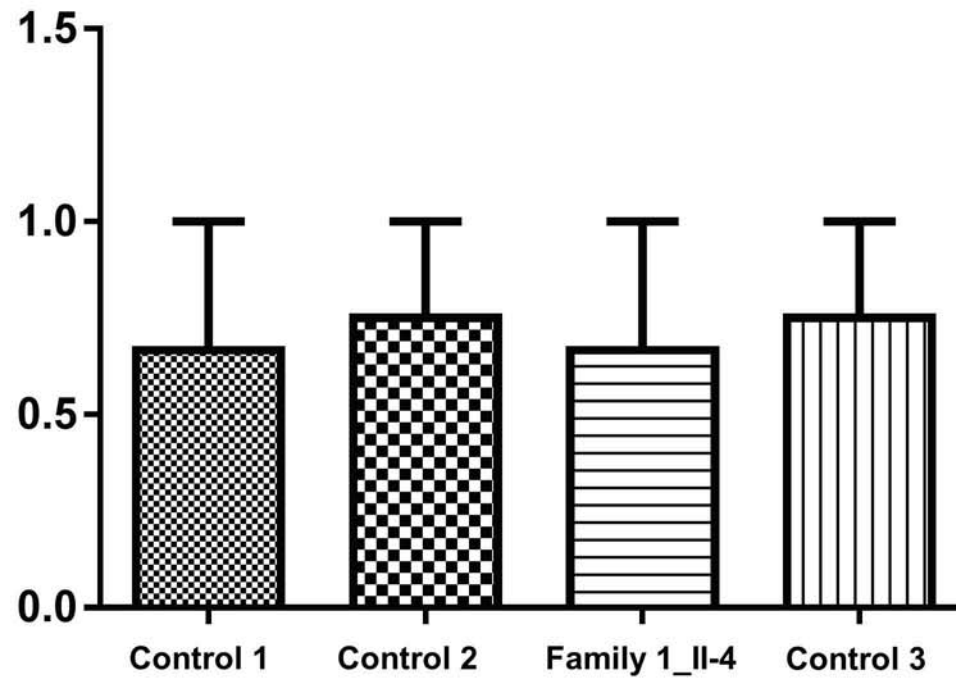


Figure S1. RT-PCR shows similar amounts of *FRRS1L* transcript in c.961C>T affected cells when compared to controls (mean \pm SEM from n = 3 experiments)

Table S1. Regions of homozygosity shared by index family members

Chromosome	Start	End	Size (Mb)
1	147,779,938	151,347,700	3.5
3	62,613	4,878,792	4.8
9	104,622,396	119,149,440	14.5
16	31,901,547	35,220,544	3.3
X	61,932,503	65,386,406	3.5

Table S2. Rare heterozygous *FRRS1L* sequence variants identified in a cohort of >500 individuals with neurodegenerative disease

<i>FRRS1L</i> variant	ESP6500	ExAc	Phenotype
c.469T>A; (p.C157S)	-	8.13E-06	Ataxia, optic nerve atrophy
c.469T>A; (p.C157S)	-	8.13E-06	Ataxia, intellectual disability
c.721delG; (p.A241fs)	-	8.13E-06	Multiple system atrophy
c.686T>C; (p.V229A)	0.000231	7.40E-04	Ataxia
c.885A>G; (p.I295M)	0.000077	1.63E-05	Multiple system atrophy