



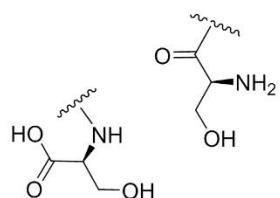
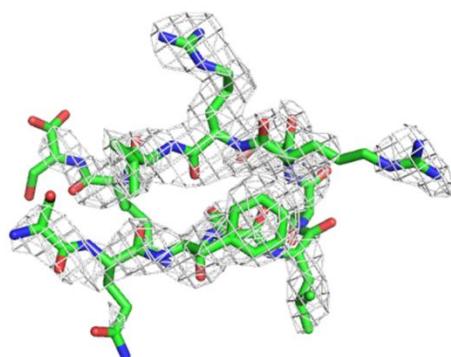
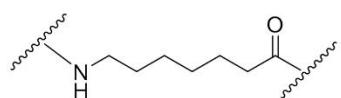
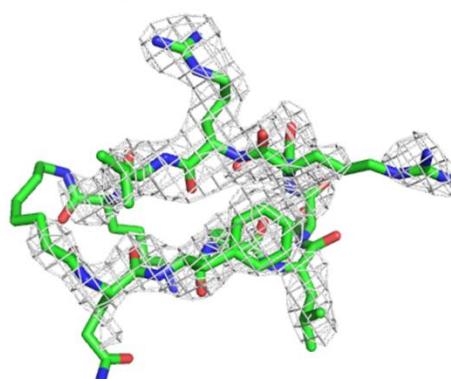
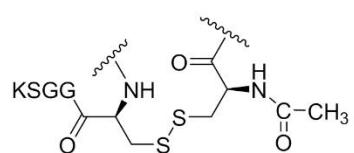
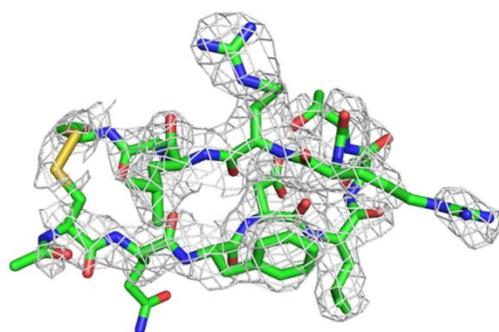
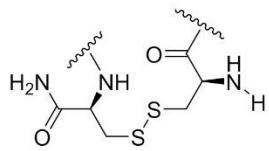
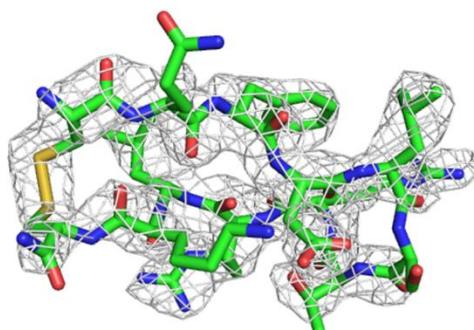
STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY  
COMMUNICATIONS

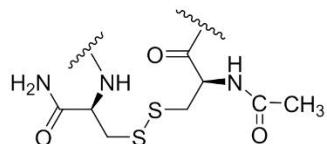
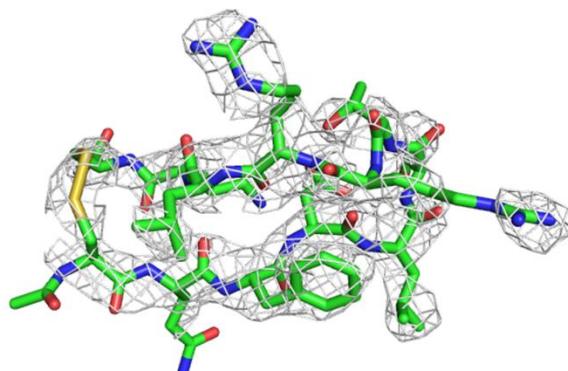
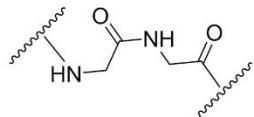
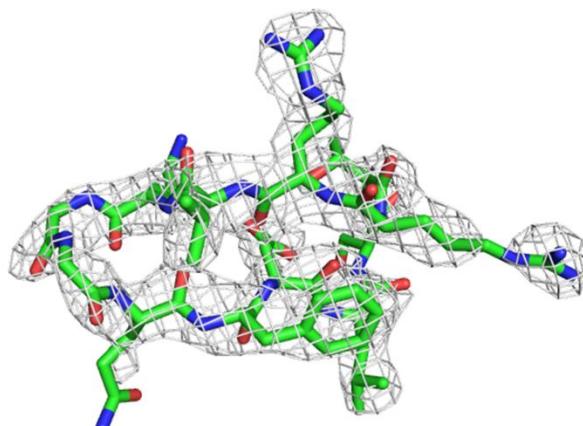
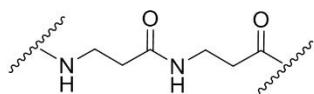
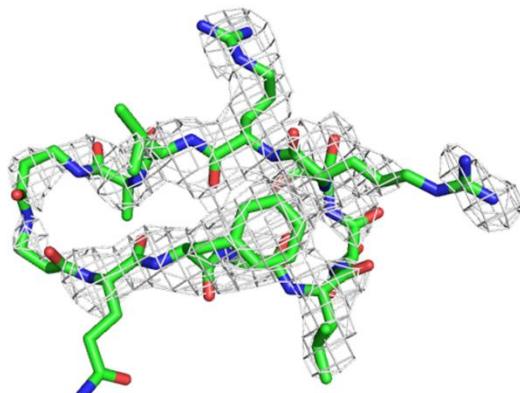
**Volume 72 (2016)**

**Supporting information for article:**

**Cyclization strategies of meditopes: affinity and diffraction studies of medotope–Fab complexes**

**Krzysztof P. Bzymek, Yuelong Ma, Kendra A. Avery, David A. Horne and John C. Williams**

**A****Linear (Ser/Ser)****B****Aminoheptanoic acid****C****Ac-CQFDLSTRRLRCGGSK****D****CQFDLSTRRLKC-Am**

**E****Ac-CQFDLSTRRLKC-Am****F****Gly-Gly****G****β-Ala-β-Ala**

**Figure S1** Fo-Fc omit maps calculated with Phenix for each of the meditope variants. Maps were contoured at 1σ. A) linear meditope; B) aminoheptanoic acid linker; C) long meditope; D) C-terminal amidated meditope; E) N-terminal acetylated, C-terminal amidated meditope; F) diglycine linked meditope F) di-β-alanine linked meditope.