Appendix 2.

OB Communication Assessment Tool (OCAT): Common items

- 1. Initiating the Session (IS)
- 2. Greets patient and obtains patient's name or uses name in greeting.
- 3. Introduces self and role as a medical student.
- 4. Identifies the patient's problems or the issues that the patient wishes to address with appropriate open-ended question.
- 5. Demonstrates respect and interest in the initiation of the encounter.

Gathering Information (GI)

- 1. Encourages patient's story primarily through open-ended questions.
- 2. Listens attentively, allowing patient to complete statements without interruption and allowing for pauses in conversation.
- 3. Facilitates patient's responses verbally and non-verbally (may use encouragement, silence, repetition, paraphrasing, and/or interpretation).
- 4. Elicits the patient's perspective (ideas, beliefs, concerns, OR expectations).
- 5. Acknowledges patient's verbal and non-verbal cues (body language, speech, facial expression, affect).
- Elicits patient's biomedical history (obstetric, gynecologic, past medical, surgical and family histories, substance use, medications, and allergies).
- 7. Elicits patient's background and life context.

Building the Relationship (BR)

- 1. Demonstrates empathy to communicate understanding and appreciation of patient's feelings or predicament.
- 2. Accepts patient views and feelings non-judgmentally.
- 3. Expresses concern and willingness to help; offers partnership.
- 4. Demonstrates appropriate non-verbal behaviors, including eye contact, facial expression, and vocal cues.
- 5. If reads or writes notes, does so in a manner that does not interfere with dialog or rapport. If the learner DID NOT use notes or paper during the encounter, select N/A.
- 6. Communicates in a way that is non-judgmental, supportive, and sympathetic.

Providing Structure (PS)

- $1. \quad \ \ Progresses \ from \ one \ section \ to \ another \ using \ sign posting \ and/or \ transitional \ statements.$
- 2. Attends to timing, keeping on task as appropriate (without rushing).

Sharing Information (SI)

- 1. Elicits patient understanding of illness or situation.
- 2. Asks about patient support systems.
- 3. Provides opportunities and encourages patient to contribute (ask questions, seek clarification or express doubts).
- 4. Addresses the fetus or fetal problem/prognosis as a separate concern, issue, or perspective.
- 5. Partners with patient to tailor a suitable plan of action, discussing impact, support, and responsibilities.

Closing the Session (CS)

- 1. Summarizes visit appropriately and clarifies plan (or next steps).
- 2. Final check that patient agrees and is comfortable with the plan.

Overall Student Performance (OSP)

- 1. I trust the student-doctor to act as an advocate for my health and well-being. If selecting "No" please respond in the text box below
 - as to the reason for the selection.*
- 2. As a patient, I would gladly, agree to, or prefer not to interact with the student-learner again (please select one below).If selecting
 - an option other than 'gladly agree', please use the text box below to state reason for your selection.

*Denotes question with response of "yes" or "no".