

**Table S3.** Reciprocal hemagglutination inhibition titer for isotype switch variant antibodies (starting concentration 60 µg/mL)

<b>Isotype</b>	<b>3I23</b>	<b>4I23</b>	<b>2J3</b>	<b>4C10</b>	<b>5I2</b>
IgG	320	20	80	640	640
mIgA	2,560	40	80	640	160
dIgA	640	40	160	1,280	640

Hemagglutination inhibition assays were performed as described previously [14]. In brief, human type O erythrocytes were collected from a healthy adult in Alsever's buffer, washed twice in Dulbecco's phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) without Ca<sup>2+</sup> or Mg<sup>2+</sup>, and pelleted by centrifugation at 500 x *g* for 10 min at 4 °C. Monoclonal antibodies (mAb; starting concentration 60 µg/mL) were diluted initially 1:10 in PBS with 0.85% saline (pH 5.5), and then serially 2-fold diluted. Four hemagglutination units (~2 ng) of Norwalk virus VLPs were mixed with the diluted monoclonal antibodies and incubated at room temperature for 30 min. The VLP-mAb mixture was added to an equal volume of 0.5% washed type O erythrocytes in 0.85% saline (pH 6.2) and incubated for 2 h at 4 °C. The HAI titer was determined by identifying the reciprocal of the highest dilution of mAb that inhibited hemagglutination by the VLPs.