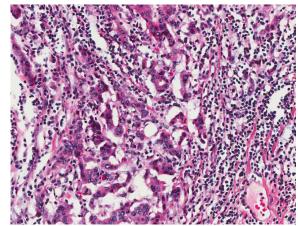
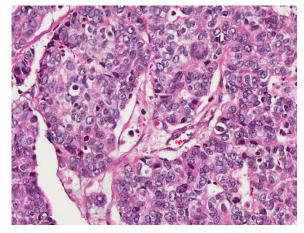
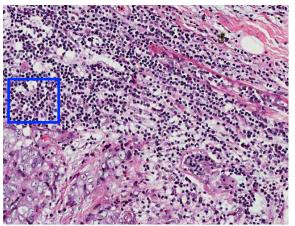
A. FID sample 1, GSM1100121



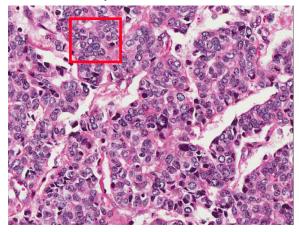
C. PID sample 1, GSM1100103



B. FID sample 2, GSM1100061



D. PID sample 2, GSM1100126



Supplementary Figure S3. Differential abundance of immune cell infiltrate in FID and PID breast tumors. Hematoxylin and eosin stained sections of formalin-fixed paraffinembedded breast tumors classified by gene expression profiles as FID (A, B) and PID (C, D). Gene Expression Omnibus sample accessions (GSM numbers) are shown (parent accession: GSE45255). Blue square in (B) demarcates the dense immune infiltrate recognized by small darkly-stained nuclei; red square in (D) exemplifies the larger moderatelystained nuclei of tumor cells devoid of immune cells. Tumor sections were prepared and reviewed by T.P. (Department of Pathology, National University Hospital, Singapore).