A highly diverse, desert-like microbial biocenosis on solar panels in a Mediterranean city

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Supplementary information

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Taxonomical classification of the bacterial species isolated from solar panel samples according to 16S rDNA sequence similarity.

#	Isolate ID	Best BLAST hit	#	Isolate ID	Best BLAST hit
1	S10-LB-01	Planomicrobium glaciei	28	S13-LB-03	Kocuria rosea
2	S10-LB-02	Kocuria rosea	29	S13-LB-04	Planomicrobium chinense
3	S10-LB-03	Kocuria rosea	30	S13-LB-05	Planomicrobium koreense
4	S10-LB-04	Microbacterium paraoxydans	31	S13-LB-06	Pseudomonas psychrotolerans

5	S10-LB-05	Planomicrobium glaciei	32	S13-MAR-01	N.A.
6	S10-LB-06	Arthrobacter agilis	33	S13-MAR-02	Bacillus aquimaris
7	S10-LB-07	Kocuria sediminis	34	S13-MAR-03	N.A.
8	S10-LB-09	Kocuria rosea	35	S13-MAR-04	Planococcaceae bacterium
9	S11-LB-01	Kocuria rosea	36	S13-MAR-05	N.A.
10	S11-LB-02	Micrococcus xinjiangensis	37	S13-MAR-06	Planomicrobium okeanokoites
11	S11-LB-03	Planomicrobium glaciei	38	S14-LB-01	Planococcaceae bacterium
12	S11-LB-04-01	Bacillus infantis	39	S14-LB-02	N.A.
13	S11-LB-04-02	Bacillus infantis	40	S14-LB-03	Planomicrobium chinense
14	S11-LB-05	N.A.	41	S14-LB-04	Kocuria rosea
15	S12-LB-01	Kocuria rosea	42	S14-MAR-01	Planomicrobium okeanokoites
16	S12-LB-02	Cellulosimicrobium cellulans	43	S14-MAR-02	Planomicrobium okeanokoites
17	S12-LB-03	Planomicrobium glaciei	44	S14-MAR-03	N.A.
18	S12-LB-04	Enterobacter cloacae	45	S15-LB-01	Kocuria rosea
19	S12-LB-05	Kocuria rosea	46	S16-LB-01	Kocuria rosea
20	S12-LB-06	Bacillus flexus	47	S16-LB-02	Arthrobacter agilis
21	S12-LB-07	N.A.	48	S16-LB-03	N.A.
22	S12-LB-08	Planomicrobium glaciei	49	S17-LB-01	Kocuria rosea
23	S12-LB-09	Planomicrobium glaciei	50	S18-MAR-01	N.A.
24	S12-LB-10	Cellulosimicrobium cellulans	51	S18-MAR-02	Planomicrobium chinense
25	S12-LB-11	Kocuria rosea	52	S18-MAR-03	Domibacillus robiginosus
26	S13-LB-01	Planomicrobium okeanokoites	53	S19-MAR-01	Domibacillus robiginosus
27	S13-LB-02	Planomicrobium okeanokoites			

N.A.: Non-assigned. Low quality sequences or assignations

 Table S2. Summary of sequencing statistics from the 16S/18S profile analysis.

	Solar panel pool (2013)		Solar p	anel 1 14)	Solar j (20	Solar panel 2 (2014)		Solar panel 3 (2014)	
	16S 18S		16S	18S	16S	18S	16S	18S	
# Sequences obtained	485094	105781	47013	4566	48633	5446	25971	18260	
Average length	582	574	495	456	498	478	505	507	
Total Mb	282,32	60,71	23,28	2,08	24,26	2,61	13,13	9,27	
# Sequences after trimming	136194	6463	25184	796	23628	1722	14804	6220	
Averag. length after trimming	549	551	473	475	481	478	486	490	
# Genera (>0.01% abundance)	160	40	119	43	168	34	138	28	
# Species (>0.01% abundance)	303	49	249	78	343	63	271	61	
Shannon index	4,94	4,01	5,64	3,74	6,23	4,89	5,31	4,62	

	Solar panel 1 (2014)	Solar panel 3 (2014)
Number of reads obtained	18596346	19220250
Average length	186,315	186,345
Total Mb	3464,783	3581,649
Average quality	32,855	32,995
Number of sequences after trimming	18240690	18716970
Average length after trimming	188,19	188,81
Total Mb after trimming	3432,688	3533,922
Average quality after trimming	33,075	33,275
Number of contigs after assembly	1486634	717211
N50	229	335
Maximum contig length	6408	13796
Average contig length	262	405
Number of predicted ORFs	104311	189676
Number of genera (>0.01% abundance) 1	254	453
Number of species (>0.01% abundance) 1	487	669
Shannon index ²	4,39	5,57

Table S3. Summary of sequencing statistics from the shotgun metagenomic sequencing of solar panels 1 and 3 in 2014.

 1 Estimated from BLASTP searches of the predicted ORFs against the NCBI nr database (e-value < 1e-5) 2 Calculated from species-level assignations

 Table S4. Differentially expressed proteins between day- and night-collected samples.

		Day/Night t-value	p- value	Fold Change Day/Night	Fold Change Night/Day
gi 504554779	cold-shock protein [Geodermatophilaceae]	3,122	0,035	25,986	0,038
gi 656266558	molecular chaperone GroEL [Arsenicicoccus bolidensis]	4,361	0,012	13,665	0,073
gi 503987093	50S ribosomal protein L7/L12 [Niastella koreensis]	3,041	0,038	9,944	0,101
gi 502016435	hypothetical protein [Deinococcus deserti]	3,625	0,022	9,373	0,107
gi 517310793	ATP-1 H+-transporting ATP synthase [Fusarium fujikuroi IMI 58289]	-3,263	0,031	0,473	2,114
gi 656340823	S-layer protein [Deinococcus sp. RL]	-5,991	0,004	0,346	2,890
gi 636360381	major outer membrane lipoprotein 1 [Klebsiella pneumoniae MGH 64]	-2,847	0,047	0,189	5,280
gi 657196340	50S ribosomal protein L7 [Acidiphilium angustum]	-3,031	0,039	0,188	5,326
gi 499563314	F0F1 ATP synthase subunit beta [Synechococcus elongatus]	-2,968	0,041	0,150	6,686
gi 493585871	diguanylate cyclase [Frankia sp. EUN1f]	-2,884	0,045	0,116	8,630
gi 398394263	isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] sub 1 [Zymoseptoria tritici IPO323]	-16,097	0,000	0,066	15,147
gi 518290483	molecular chaperone GroEL [Roseomonas]	-9,372	0,001	0,057	17,594
gi 618851123	membrane-bound proton-translocating pyrophosphatase [Clostridium tetanomorphum DSM665]	-3,028	0,039	0,024	40,965



Figure S1. Microbial colonies growing on LB incubated at room temperature for two weeks (**A**). Case example of growth restoration in nearby-grown isolates under conditions of extreme pH. A local buffering of the pH of the plate is observed (**B**).



Figure S2. Stress tests results data matrix. The growth of the 53 strains isolated from the solar panels under particular stress conditions was compared to that of a control strain (XL1-Blue *E. coli* strain). Green colour (from light to dark) indicates better growth than the control (from slightly to strongly better growth). Symbols '+' indicate cases of growth restoration by another isolate. Two independent experiments were performed for each test. Strains are numbered according to Table S1.



Figure S3. Taxonomic diversity of one of the panels (panel 1) sampled in the summer solstice of 2014 as deduced from shotgun metagenomic sequencing.