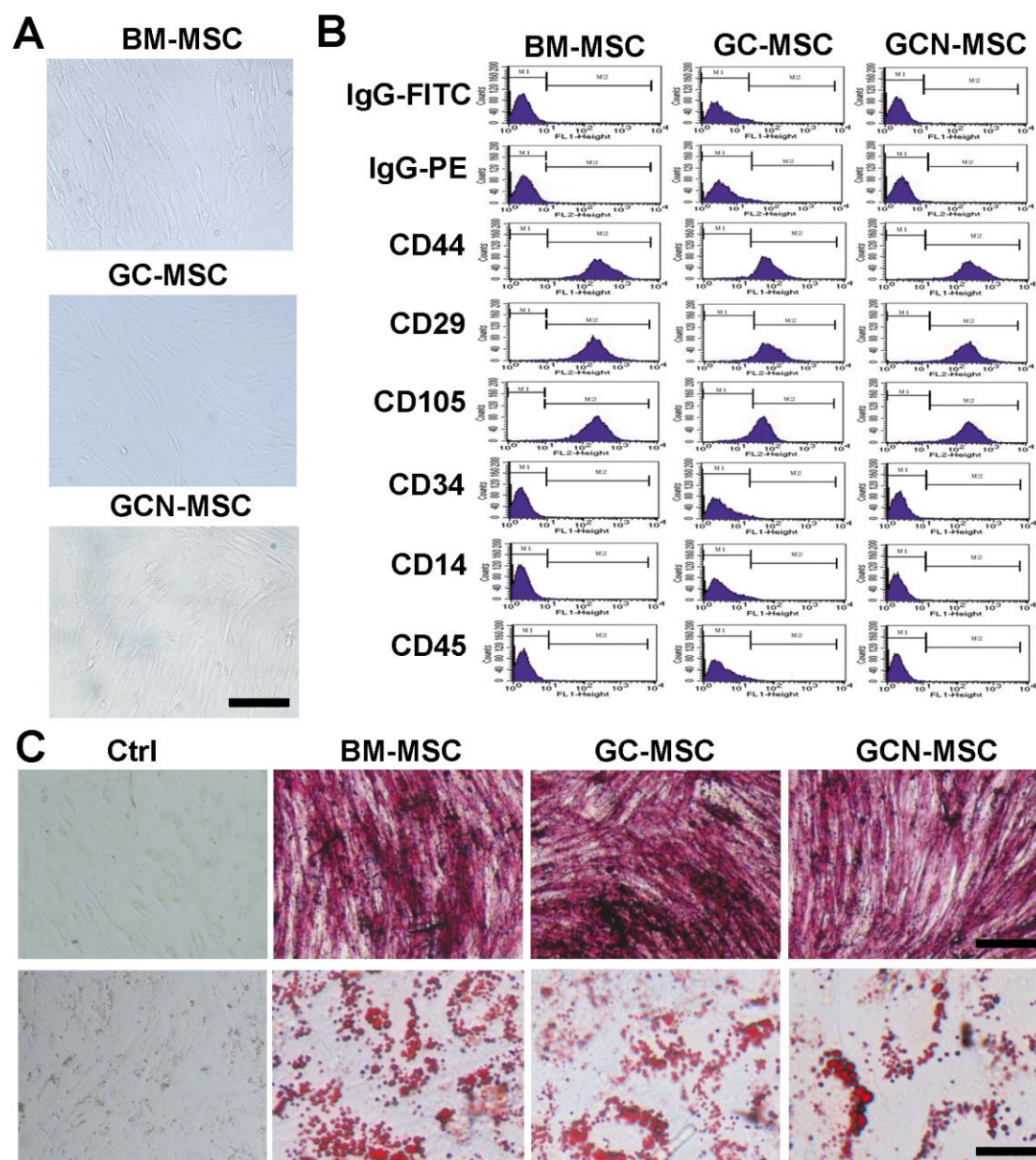


miR-155-5p inhibition promotes the transition of bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells to gastric cancer tissue derived MSC-like cells via NF- κ B p65 activation

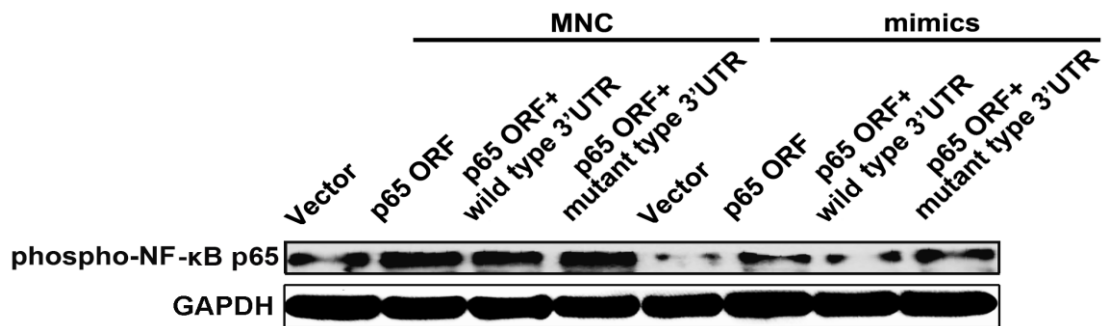
Supplementary Material



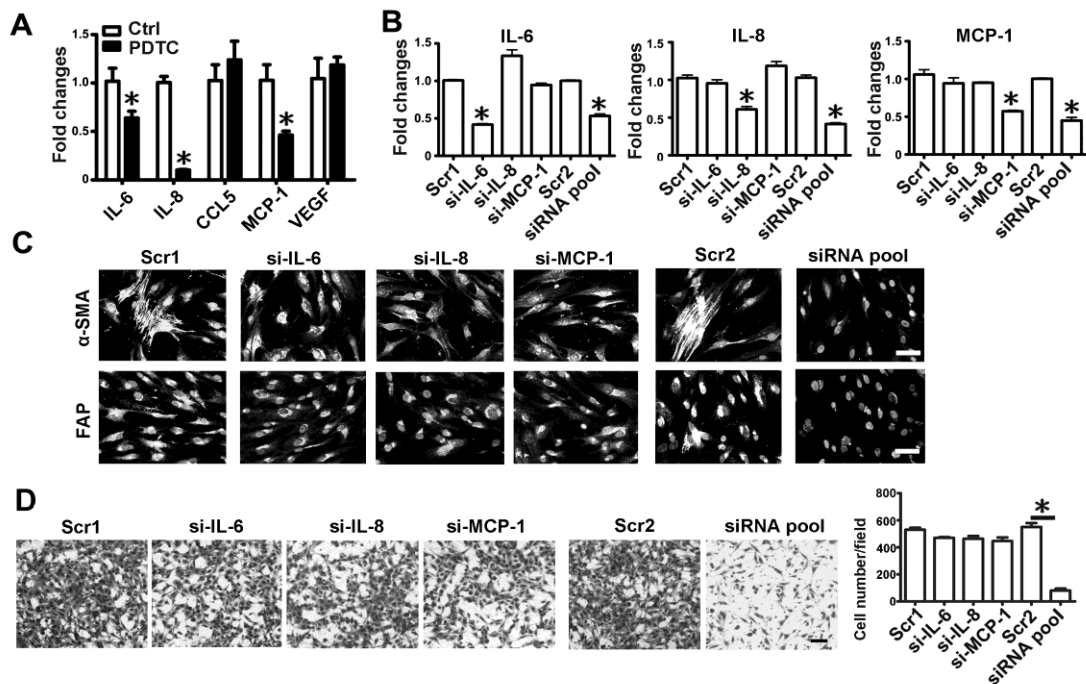
Supplementary Figure 1: Isolation and characteristics of mesenchymal stem cells

A. Morphological appearance of bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells (BM-MSC), gastric cancer tissues derived MSC-like cells (GC-MSC) and adjacent non-cancerous gastric tissues derived MSC-like cells (GCN-MSC) in the 3rd passage. Magnification: $\times 100$, Scale bar=50 μ m. B. Flow cytometric analysis of the surface

antigens of BM-MSC, GC-MSC and GCN-MSC. Monoclonal antibodies against CD44, CD34, CD14 and CD45 were FITC-conjugated, while CD29 and CD105 were PE-conjugated. IgG-PE and IgG-FITC were used in the control group. C. Differentiation potential of BM-MSC, GC-MSC and GCN-MSC. MSCs grew in adipogenic or osteogenic medium for two weeks. Upper: Alkaline phosphatase staining detection for osteogenic differentiation; Lower: Oil-Red-O staining detection for adipogenic differentiation. Magnification: $\times 100$, Scale bar = 50 μm .



Supplementary Figure 2: Phosphorylation level of NF-κB p65 detection in BM-MSC co-transfected with ORF constructs and miR-155-5p mimics



Supplementary Figure 3: Downstream molecules of NF-κB p65 identification and their function analysis in GC-MSC

A. *qRT-PCR* of cytokine mRNA expression in GC-MSC after treated with PDTC. B.-D. GC-MSC was transfected with siRNA against each cytokine separately or siRNA pool. B, *qRT-PCR* of IL-6, IL-8 and MCP-1 mRNA expression. C. α-SMA and FAP protein levels detected by immunofluorescent staining, Magnification: 200×, *Scale bar* = 50μm. D. Migration analysis. Magnification: 100×, *Scale bar* = 50μm. Representative graphs were shown. Cell number of each field were counted and presented as columns. Data were presented as Means ±SD. *, $P < 0.05$.

Supplementary Table 1: Primers sequences for *q*RT-PCR and the conditions of amplification

Genes	Primers sequences (5'-3')	Annealing Temperatures(°C)	Product length(bp)
β -actin	For ^a :CACGAAACTACTCCCAACTCC Rev ^b :CATACTCC TGCTTGAGCTGATC	56	265
IL-6	For ^a : TACATCCTCGACGGCATCTC Rev ^b : AGCTCTGGCTTGTTCCCTCAC	61	252
IL-8	For ^a :GCTCTGTGTGAAGGTGCAGTTT Rev ^b :TTCTGTGTTGGCGCAGTGT	62	144
CCL5	For ^a :GGATTCCTGCAGAGGATCAA Rev ^b :GTGGTGTCCGAGGAATATGG	62	154
MCP-1	For ^a :GAACCGAGAGGCTGAGACTA Rev ^b :GCCTCTGCACTGAGATCTTC	59	259
VEGF	For ^a : CCTTGCTGCTCTACCTCCAC Rev ^b :ATCTGCATGGTGATGTTGGA	58	280

^a For, forward primer; ^b Rev, reverse primer. h, human

Supplementary Table 2: Sequences and modifications of the oligonucleotides

oligonucleotide	Sequences(5'-3')	modification
Mimics negative control (MNC)	Sense:UUCUCCGAACGUGUCACGUTT Antisense:ACGUGACACGUUCGGAGAATT	
miR-155-5p mimics	Sense:UUAAUGCUAAUCGUGAUAGGGGU Antisense:CCCUAUCACGAUUAGCAUUAUU	2'-O-Methyl-modified
Inhibitor negative control (INC)	CAGUACUUUUGUGUAGUACAA	2'-O-Methyl-modified
miR-155-5p inhibitor	ACCCCUAUCACGAUUAGCAUUA	
Scramble control (Scr)	Sense:UUCUCCGAACGUGUCACGUTT Antisense:ACGUGACACGUUCGGAGAATT	
si-NF-κB p65	Sense:CCUCCUUUCAGGAGAUGAATT Antisense:UUCAUCUCCUGAAAGGAGGTT	
si-IKBKE	Sense:GCUGAACACCAGAACAUTT Antisense:AAUGUUCUGGUGGUUCAGCTT	
si-IL6	Sense:CCCAGGAGAAGAUUCCAAATT Antisense:UUUGGAAUCUUCUCCUGGGTT	2'-O-Methyl-modified
si-IL8	Sense:GCCAGAUGCAAUACAAGAUTT Antisense:AUCUUGUAUUGCAUCUGGCTT	
si-MCP-1	Sense:GCUGUUAUAACUUCACCAATT Antisense:UUGGUGAAGUUAUAACAGCTT	

Supplementary Table 3: Primers sequences for vector construction

Vector	Primers sequences (5'-3')
luc-NF-κB p65 3'UTR wild type	For ^a : GAAGCCCTCCAAAAGCACTTAC Rev ^b : CTAGCCAGCTTGGCAACAGAT
luc-NF-κB p65 3'UTR mutant type	For ^a :tctcttttggaggtgcttaagcagact <i>gtcga</i> aacttctctggaaagggggga gctgg Rev ^b :ccagctccccctttccagagaagtt <i>gacagt</i> tctgcttaagcacctccaaa aagaga
luc-IKBKE p65 3'UTR wild type	For ^a : TGAAGCTGCTGGCATCTGAC Rev ^b : ATGGAGGAGCAGTACCTGAG
luc-IKBKE p65 3'UTR mutant type	For ^{1a} :gctccatggggcacatgaggcacctctgact <i>gtcga</i> agaatgattccaact gctcttc Rev ^{1b} :gaagagcagtggtggaatcattct <i>gacagt</i> caggatgcctcatgtgcccc atggagc For ^{2a} : gctgctggccaggatgtcgcc <i>ctgtcga</i> accttccactgcctttctccc Rev ^{2b} :gggagaaaggcagtggaaggt <i>gacag</i> ggcgacatcctggccagcag c

^a For, forward primer; ^b Rev, reverse primer; ^c Sequences in italic and bold indicate mutant sites.