

Supplemental Figure 1. T-DNA insertions do not affect PIF1 binding to independent loci.

(A) Similar enrichment of PBSs by PIF1 at both the *HFR1* and *BOI* loci in wild type (WT) and *pil2-sl158* seeds. This ChIP assay used an anti-PIF1 antibody on imbibed phyB_{off} seeds. Error bars: SD (n=2 biological replicates)

(B) Similar enrichment of PBSs by PIF1 at both the *HFR1* and *PIL2* loci in WT and *boi-gb012* seeds. This ChIP assay used an anti-PIF1 antibody on imbibed phyB_{off} seeds. Error bars: SD (n=2 biological replicates)



Supplemental Figure 2. FHY3 protein interacts with PIF1 and binds GCE1s.

(A) An *in vitro* binding assay demonstrates the interaction between FHY3 and PIF1. 6XHIS-tagged PIF1 (PIF-HIS) is pulled-down by resin-bound GST or GST-FHY3 and detected with an anti-HIS antibody. Triangles indicate the GST or GST-FHY3 proteins.

(B and C) An EMSA showing the binding of FHY3 to the FHY3/FAR1 binding site (FBS) of the *FHY1* promoter and the GCE1 of the *At3g18080* promoter. Biotinylated and non-biotinylated double-stranded oligomers (Bio.probe and Non-bio.probe) were used for this assay. The Non-bio.probes were added at much higher concentrations (5x, 20x, 50x or 100x) than the Bio.probes. Non-bio.probe(Mut) indicates the addition of mutated non-biotinylated double-stranded oligomers at 5x or 20x the concentration of the Bio.probes. Triangles indicate the bands shifted by FHY3. FP indicates free, unbound DNA probes. This experiment used the N-terminal 200 amino acids of FHY3.



Supplemental Figure 3. *pif1* mutant but not *fhy3* and *hy5* mutant seeds germinate in the $phyB_{off}$ condition. The upper diagram indicates the light treatment schemes for the $phyB_{on}$ and $phyB_{off}$ conditions. The lower graph indicates germination frequency of each mutant in different light conditions.

Supplemental Data. Kim et al. (2016). Plant Cell 10.1105/tpc.16.00125



Supplemental Figure 4. PIF1 and ABA co-regulate a subset of genes in imbibed seeds.

(A) A Venn diagram indicating 345 overlapping differentially expressed genes (DEGs) between WT/*pif1* and WT/*aba2-1*. WT/*pif1* indicates *pif1* transcriptome data (fully dry, 12 hours, dark, GSE14374) and WT/*aba2* indicates *aba2* transcriptome data (freshly harvested, 24 hours, white light, GSE15700). The number of overlapping DEGs in the *pif1* and the *aba2* transcriptomes is statistically significant (hypergeometry test, $P = 1.226 \times 10^{-29}$). These overlapping DEGs also overlap significantly with PIF1 target genes (hypergeometry test, $P = 1.59 \times 10^{-24}$).

(B and C) Dot plots comparing the log2-transformed expression levels of the indicated genes, which fall preferentially in quadrants 1 and 3 (proportion test, P < 0.005). Red dots indicate genes already known to inhibit seed germination.



Supplemental Figure 5. Diagrams showing various loci (upper panels), PIF1 binding signals from ChIP-chip assays (lower panels), PBS sequence elements, and ChIP-PCR amplicons. Vertical bars in the lower panels indicate PIF1 binding intensities for given sites in previously reported ChIP-chip assays. A, B, C, D, and E indicate ChIP amplicons. 'C' amplicons were used for *PIL2*, *At1g16850*, *At4g32300* enrichments in Figure 4B.



Supplemental Figure 6. ABI5 enhances PIF1 binding to PBSs – an experimental dataset distinct from that shown in Figure 7

(A) Real-time single molecule fluorescence imaging analysis shows that ABI5 enhances PIF1 binding to a *PIL2* promoter fragment containing three G-boxes. Promoter fragments are immobilized on a slide and binding events are detected by TIR fluorescence microscopy (TIRF) as GFP molecules approach the surface. Error bars: SEM (n=3 locations).

(B) The enhancement of PIF1 binding to the *PIL2* promoter fragment by ABI5 requires intact G-boxes. PIL2pro indicates immobilized *PIL2* promoter fragments containing three intact G-boxes, while mPIL2pro indicates the same fragment with three mutated G-boxes. Error bars: SEM (n=3 locations).

(C) ABI5 enhances PIF1 binding to an *At4g32300* promoter fragment containing a GCE2. Error bars: SEM (n=3 locations).

(D) The enhancement of PIF1 binding to the *At4g32300* promoter fragment by ABI5 requires an intact GCE2. GCE2 indicates immobilized promoter fragments containing an intact GCE2, while mGCE2 indicates the same fragments with a mutated GCE2. Error bars: SEM (n=20 locations).



Supplemental Figure 7. PIF1 binds G-boxes but not GCEs *in vitro*. EMSA assay demonstrating PIF1 binding to G-boxes but not GCEs. PIF1-HIS and biotinylated double-stranded oligomers (Bio.probe) were used for this assay. Non-biotinylated double-stranded oligomers (Non-bio.probe) were used at 100x the concentration of the Bio.probes. The triangle indicates a shifted band. FP indicates free, unbound DNA probes. The probe sequence sources are as follows: G-box, the *PIL2* promoter; GCE1, the *At3g18080* promoter; GCE2, the *At1g16850* promoter; GCE3, the *At1g17830* promoter.

Supplemental Table 1. Classification of PIF1 target genes based on GCEs and expressional direction.

Expression	Total PIF1 target genes	G-box- containing	GCE1- containing	GCE2- containing	GCE3- containing
Activated	105	71	41	69	44
Repressed	61	34	22	31	27
* <i>P</i> -value		0.1726	0.8291	0.08435	0.894

* The proportion of Activated and Repressed genes of total PIF1 target genes is compared with those of each GCE-containing target (proportion test).

Supplemental Table 2. List of primers

Locus	Primer name	Primer sequences	Purpose		
PP2A	Forward : CTGGCGTGTGCGTTATATG				
(At1g13320)	1127	Reverse : CAAACATGGACTTCCAAGTACC			
	PO	Forward : GGTTATGTATAGTATCGATTGCCC			
	10	Reverse : AAGATTGCCCTCCTAGTCCTAG			
<i>PIL2</i> (At3g62090)	Δ	Forward : GAGGTTTCGTTCGTGCCTTTTAGA			
		Reverse : ATCGGCACAAGGGCAAATCA AATG	-		
	B(P1)	Forward : CTGAATCATTTGGTGTAACCGGCT			
	D(FI)	Reverse : GTACCCGTATGCAGTGTATTAGAC	-		
	С	Forward : ACATTGAATCACGTGGCTTTCACG			
		Reverse : GTGTTGGGGAGGAGAGAGAGAGAG			
	D(P2)	Forward : GTCGTACTATCGGTTTGTGAAACA			
		Reverse : TTAAATGCAAGGGATGTCGTTTCC			
	F	Forward : TCTCAAAGATGCTAAGATTCGACT			
	L	Reverse : TCTTCAGTGGAAGTAAGTGAAAGCT			
	B0	Forward : GATCGATATTACAAAGCACCCG	ChIP		
		Reverse : TTACGGGTCTAGTCACTCTAGC			
BOI	D2	Forward : TGTCTCAACGACATTTTCAGTTC			
(At4g19700)	00	Reverse : TAACTCGTGAATTCACACATCGT			
	R5	Forward : GACCAGACGACAATTCAAGA AGCA			
	D3	Reverse : GAGGCCACGTCTAAGTGGGACCAA			
At/a31300	At4a21200	Forward : ATAAAATGATGGGCGCACGTGACA			
Al+931380	Al+931330	Reverse : AGGAAGTGACGAAGTGGGGGTAAT			
	А	Forward : ATAAGCACAA ACGTGGTTACCTGT			
		Reverse : CATCTCAAGAGACGTATATACTGTG			
	В	Forward : CCTAATGGTTACGTTGCAGTACCG			
		Reverse : GTGGCAGGTGGCTCATGAAACACC			
At1a16850	С	Forward : TCATTCACGTCGGTCATTTTGTCG			
/		Reverse : GAAGCGAGTCGGCAGCGAAA	-		
	D	Forward : TGCCGACTCGCTTCGCTTTGCAAA			
		Reverse : CACCGCTCTCTCAGAATCGACATC			
	E	Forward : CCCACTTCTTTCCTCCGAACACAT			
		Reverse : CGTCGCCGCCTCTTTCATATTTC			
At2a38465	At2g38465	Forward : AGCAACTCTTGCCACGTCTGTTTT			
, «_gee lee		Reverse : TGGTATGGTTCTTCACGTGGAACC	_		
	А	Forward : AGCATACCCCTCCAAATAAGAACC			
		Reverse : ICITIAGCITICAGCICITCCCTC	-		
	В	Forward : AAGAGCTGAATCTTATAAGAAATTAGCA			
		Reverse : CAACGGCCAACGTTATTAACACAA	_		
At4a32300	С	Forward : AAAAGTCAAACCAAACCCACACGT			
	•	Reverse : GTGGGGAAGTGTGAAAGAAAGAGG	_		
	D	Forward : CICCITAAICICIAIIIICAAGIGCC	_		
		Reverse : GATTCAATACAGAACTGCTTCCTC			
	E	Forward : CCGTCAAAGTAGACACAATACCAA			
		Reverse : AGAGGAATACCAATTGAAGCATCC			
At4g11040	At4g11040	Forward : GIIGAICACIAICCCTGCTCATAT			
		Reverse : CGTCTGTTACATAACTCTTGCATG	4		
At2g32970	At2a32970	Forward : GCCAGGGICICGTCGGTTTTTAAT			
,go_0, 0			4		
At3g61160	At3g61160	Forward : GICAIAIGAAICIIGICGCGIGIG			
		Reverse : CACAAGCCAG AAAAAGCTCA AGGG			

Supplemental Table 2. (Continued)

At1g15120	Forward : CTGCCATTAACTCCATTACCACCA		
	Reverse : GATACCATGTGACATGTTGTTGGG	- ChIP	
At2g42430	Forward : GAAGTCTCATGTTGCAGTCTCCAT		
	Reverse : ATCTACTGAGATTCTGGTTCTTAC		
EM6	Forward : ACACGCGGCGAAGAAGTACGGCCA		
LINO	Reverse : ACGAAGAAGACTATAGTAGCTCGC		
	Forward : TACCCAAGTGTCAGACATAGCACC		
	Reverse : ACTTTGTAGCGTTGAATCAAATGG		
PP2A	Forward : TATCGGATGACGATTCTTCG GCAG		
	Reverse : GCTTGGTCGACTATCGGAATGAGAG	qRT- PCR	
PIL2	Forward : CCGTGGTTGCTGATAGGTCGTTC		
	Reverse : CGCTTCTGCATTTCGTTTTCTTTTG		
BOI	Forward : GTAAACGGTGCGGTGAGAGAGAAG		
	Reverse : TGACCATATCGCAAACCGGACAAG		
	Forward : GGTTAGAGAACATCCCACTAATCC		
ADIS	Reverse : TTAGCCCTCCCATATCTACTCCAT		
G box	TCTTCCCACAACCACGTGGGCTTTTTGGCC		
GCE1	CGCTTTACGATTCGCGTGATGACTTTTTCT		
Non-bio.probe			
(Mut)	CGUTTACGATTCAAAAGATGACTTTTCT		
GCE2	GCCACCTCATTCACGTCGGTCATTTTGTCG	EIVISA	
GCE3	CAGCTTCGACGACATGTGGAGACCAGATTA		
FB3	GTAGACTCTTTTCACGCGCCAAATCAAACAC		
PIL2	CCGGTCTAGATGGTCGGACACCAAATATTA TAG		
At4g32300	GAAGATTTACACATAAAAGTCAAACCAAACCCAC	Imaging	
	ACGTCGGTCGTGAAAA AGC		
Mut	GAAGATTTACACATAAAAGTCAAACCAAACCCAC		
	TTTTCGGTCGTGAAAA AGC		
	At1g15120 At2g42430 EM6 HFR1 PP2A PIL2 BOI ABI5 G box GCE1 Non-bio.probe (Mut) GCE2 GCE3 FBS FBS PIL2 At4g32300 Mut	At1g15120Forward : CTGCCATTAACTCCATTACCACCA Reverse : GATACCATGTGGACATGTTGTTGGGAt2g42430Forward : GAAGTCTCATGTTGCAGTCTCCAT Reverse : ATCTACTGAGATTCTGGTTCTTACEM6Forward : ACACGCGGCGAAGAAGTACGGCCA Reverse : ACGAAGAAGACATATAGTAGCTCGCHFR1Forward : TACCCAAGTGTCAGACATAGGACCC Reverse : ACTTTGTAGCGTTGAATCAAATGGPP2AForward : TACCGAGAGAGACATACGGAAG Reverse : GCTTGGTCGACTATCGGAATGAGAGGPIL2Forward : CGTGGTTGCTGATAGGTCGTTC Reverse : CGCTTCTGCATTCGGAAGAGAGA Reverse : TGACCATATCGCAAACCGGACAAGBOIForward : GTAAACGGTGCGGTGAGAGAGAGAG Reverse : TAGCCCTCCCATATCTACTCCAT G boxGCE1CGCTTTACGATTCGCGTGATGACTTTTCT CGCTTTACGATTCGCGTGATGACACATCCCATMutGAAGATTTACACATAAAGTCAAACACCACACA CAAACCACCACA AGGTCGTCAAAAGCCMutGAAGATTTACACATAAAAGCAACCAAACCAACCACACMutGAAGATTTACACATAAAAGC	