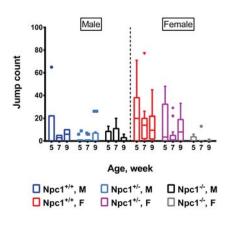
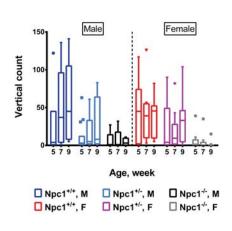
Figure S4





В.



	Change in jump count (incidence rate ratio, compared to <i>Npc1</i> ^{+/+})	SE	95% CI	р
Npc1 ^{+/-}	0.3	0.1	0.2, 0.7	0.002
Npc1 ^{-/-}	0.1	0.04	0.03, 0.2	<0.0001
	Change in jump count (incidence rate ratio, compared to female)	SE	95% CI	р
Male	0.4	0.1	0.2, 0.7	0.003
<i>Npc1⁺/⁺,</i> male	0.1	0.05	0.02, 0.3	<0.0001
Npc1 ^{+/-} , male	0.4	0.1	0.2, 0.8	0.008
<i>Npc1^{-/-},</i> male	2.0	1.2	0.6, 6.4	0.3
	Change in vertical count (incidence rate ratio, compared to <i>Npc1</i> */†)	SE	95% CI	р
Npc1 ^{+/-}	0.4	0.1	0.2, 0.7	<0.0001
Npc1 ^{-/-}	0.1	0.04	0.07, 0.2	<0.0001
_	Change in Npc1 ^{+/+} vertical count (incidence rate ratio, compared to Week 5)	SE	95% CI	р
Week 7	1.7	0.4	1.1, 2.6	0.02
Week 9	1.9	0.4	1.2, 2.9	0.004
	Change in Npc1 ^{+/-} vertical count (incidence rate ratio, compared to Week 5)	SE	95% CI	р
Week 7	1.4	0.4	0.8, 2.3	0.2
Week 9	1.8	0.5	1.1, 3.0	0.02
	Change in Npc1 ^{-/-} vertical count (incidence rate ratio, compared to Week 5)	SE	95% CI	р
Week 7	0.6	0.3	0.2, 1.4	0.2
Week 9	0.4	0.2	0.1, 1.1	0.08

Figure S4 Spontaneous vertical locomotor activity of $Npc1^{+/+}$ ($n_{female} = 11$; $n_{male} = 7$), $Npc1^{+/-}$ mice ($n_{female} = 15$; $n_{male} = 15$) and $Npc1^{-/-}$ ($n_{female} = 9$; $n_{male} = 5$) mice in open-field test performed at 5, 7, and 9 weeks of age. Total arena **(A)** jump count, and **(B)** vertical count. The box and whiskers plot depicts the median, the IQR, and the maximum and minimum values within 1.5 times the IQR. Statistical analysis: Random effects negative binomial regression with animals as random effect, adjusted for age and gender, or gender only.