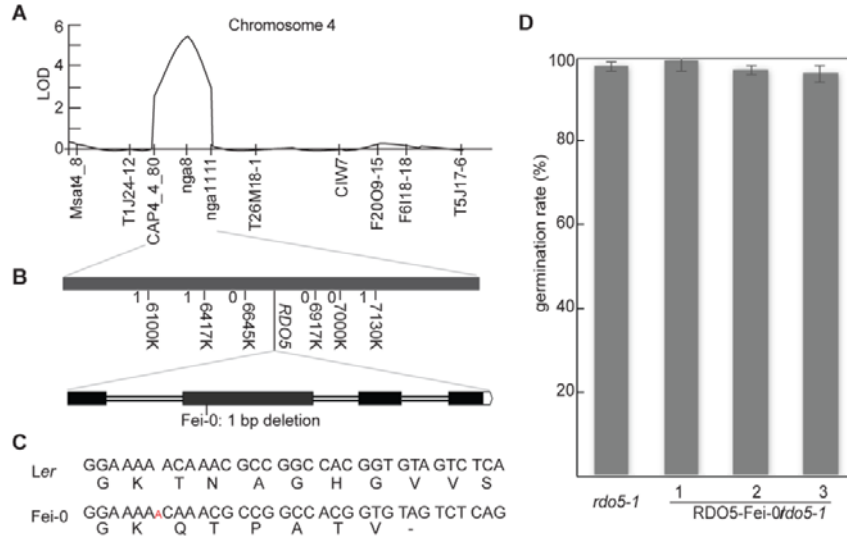


1 **Supplemental Files**

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4 **Supplemental Figure 1. Map based cloning of *DOG18*.**

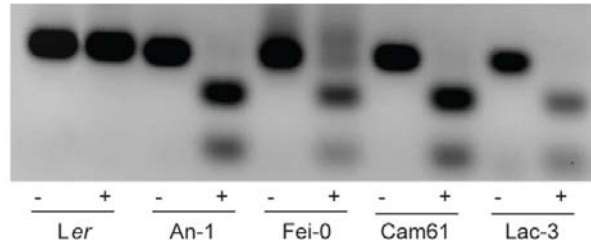
5 (A) QTL likelihood map for DSDS50 values of the *Ler*/*Fei-0* RILs. The Y-axis corresponds to the  
6 genetic map of chromosome 4.

7 (B) Fine mapping narrowed the position of *DOG18* down to a 700 kb interval, containing the *RDO5*  
8 gene, between markers 6417K and 7130K. The numbers between the markers indicate number of  
9 recombinants. The lower part of the figure shows the *RDO5* gene (with exons in black) and the  
10 location of a 1 bp deletion in *Fei-0*.

11 (C) The 1 bp deletion in *Fei-0* causes a frame shift and premature stop codon in *RDO5*.

12 (D) Germination of freshly harvested seeds from the *rdo5-1* mutant and transgenic *rdo5-1* lines  
13 containing the *DOG18* *Fei-0* allele. Shown are means  $\pm$  SE of six to eight independent batches of  
14 seeds for each genotype.  
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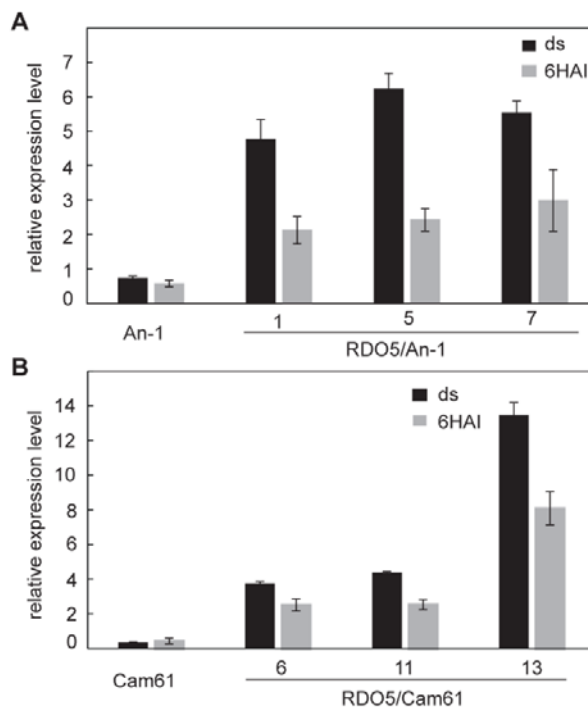
18 **Supplemental Figure 2. *DOG18* Fei-0 allele screening.**

19 *DOG18* Fei-0 allele screen of Arabidopsis hapmap accessions. A dCAPs marker is used for  
20 genotyping. A 124bp PCR product was amplified. *DOG18* Fei-0 like alleles can be digested into 84bp  
21 and 40bp by Xmn1 (NEB, USA). -/+ indicate before/after Xmn1 digestion.

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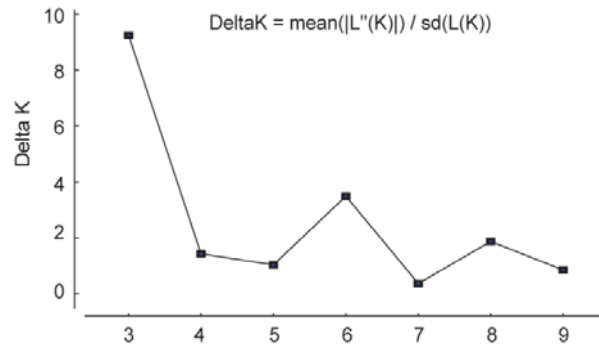
25

26 **Supplemental Figure 3. *RDO5* transcript level detection in transgenic lines.**

27 qRT-PCR analysis of *RDO5* transcript levels in dry and 6HAI seeds from transgenic lines in An-1 (A)  
28 and Cam61 (B) background. The expression values were normalized using *ACT8* as control. n = 3  
29 biological replicates; error bars represent SE.

30

31

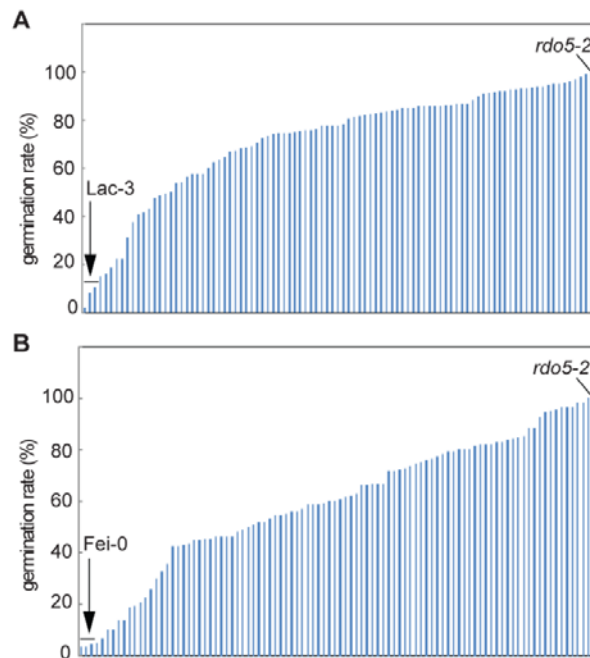


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33 **Supplemental Figure 4. Structure estimation of populations for K ranging from one to fourteen**  
 34 **by delta K-values.**

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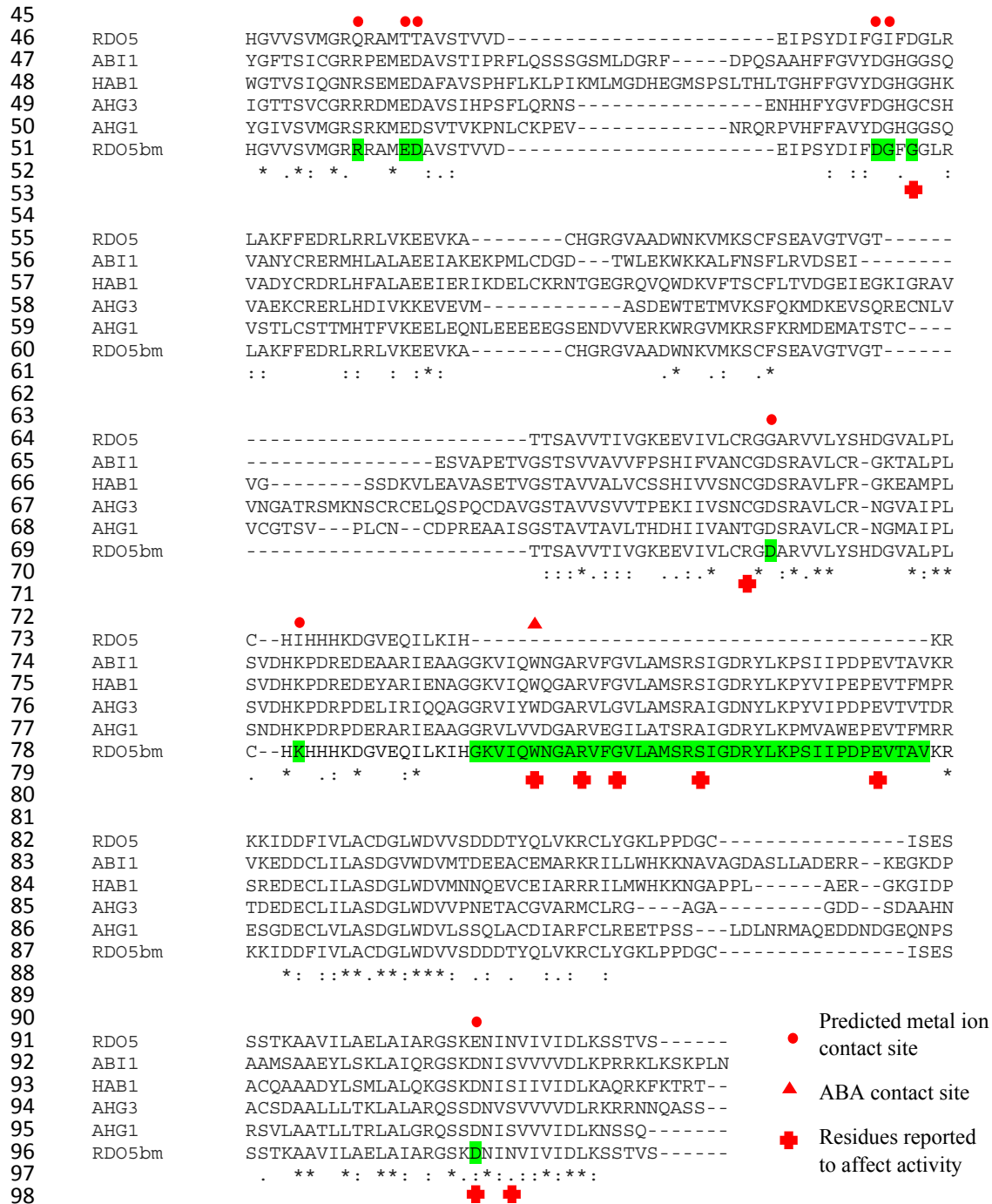
38 **Supplemental Figure 5. Germination of *rdo5* segregating populations.**

39 (A) and (B) Germination percentage of freshly harvested seeds from individuals of segregating F2  
 40 progenies from the crosses *rdo5-2* × *Lac-3* (A) and *rdo5-2* × *Fei-0* (B). 96 independent lines were  
 41 analyzed including 4 *Lac-3* (A) or *Fei-0* (B) and 2 *rdo5-2* plants as control. X-axis shows F2 progeny.

42

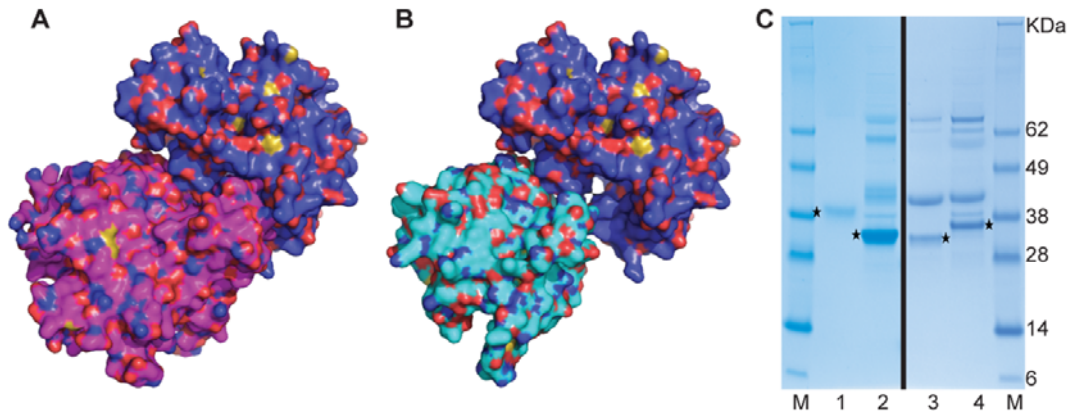
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- Predicted metal ion contact site
- ▲ ABA contact site
- +- Residues reported to affect activity

**Supplemental Figure 6. RDO5 sequence analysis.** Sequence alignment of RDO5 and four Arabidopsis PP2C clade A phosphatases. The back-mutated RDO5 protein (RDO5bm) is added at the bottom for comparison. Red circles indicate the amino acids important for metal ions coordination. Red arrows indicate the reported amino acid residues required for PP2C activity and triangle points the conserved W (W385 in HAB1) in PP2C clade A that is needed for ABA sensing and stable interaction with ABA receptor. The alignment was performed using online ClusterW2 tools with default settings (<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/clustalw2/>). Asterisks indicate fully conserved residues. Colons and periods indicate strong and weak similarity, respectively.



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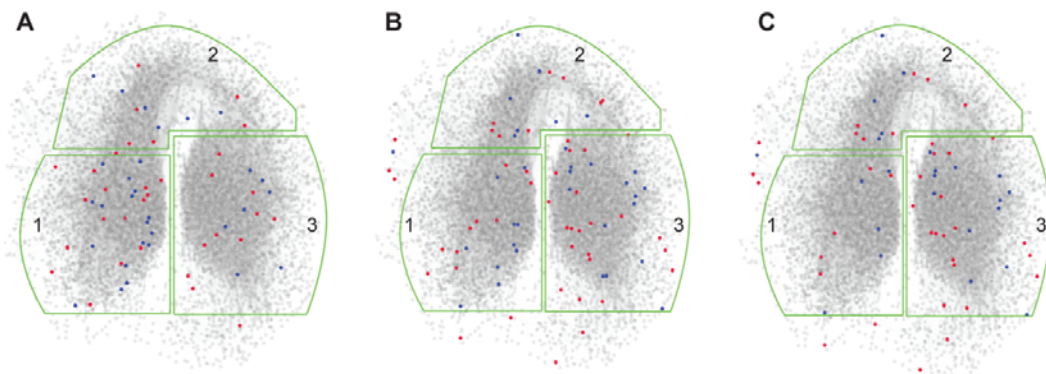
112 **Supplemental Figure 7. RDO5 topology structure analysis and SDS PAGE gel of purified**  
 113 **proteins.**

114 (A) Crystal structure of the HAB1/SnrRK2.6 complex (PDB: 3ujg). Figures were made using PyMOL  
 115 (<http://pymol.sourceforge.net/>) and protein surface are shown.

116 (B) 3-D Model of the RDO5 obtained by using Swiss-model (<http://swissmodel.expasy.org>). The  
 117 RDO5 model was superimposed on the known structure of HAB1/SnrRK2.6 (PDB: 3ujg) using  
 118 PDBeFold (<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/msd-srv/ssm/>) to look at the possibility for interaction with SnRK2.6.  
 119 The RDO5 model surface is shown in light blue and the surfaces of HAB1 and SNRK2.6 are shown in  
 120 magenta and blue respectively.

121 (C) SDS PAGE gel showing purified AHG3 and RDO5 related proteins. M, Invitrogen SeeBlue Plus2  
 122 Pre-stained Protein Standard; 1, purified AHG3 with HIS tag; 2, purified RDO5-Ler with HIS tag; 3,  
 123 purified RDO5-Ler; 4, purified back mutated RDO5 (RDO5bm). Stars indicate target proteins. The 42  
 124 KDa proteins in line 3-4 are His-MBP tags obtained after cleavage by TEV protease after purification.  
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128 **Supplemental Figure 8. Localization of differently expressed proteins in the SeedNet network**  
 129 **after 6 hours imbibition.**

130 **Wild-type NIL DOG1 (A),** *rdo5-1* (B) and potential RDO5 specific targets (C). The regions outlined  
 131 in green correspond to clusters associated with dormancy (region 1) or germination (regions 2 and 3).  
 132 The red dots represent the proteins with decreased levels, and the blue dots represent the proteins with  
 133 increased levels.  
 134

**Supplemental Table 1.** Information of 42 loss-of-function *DOG18* accessions including mutation type, accession name, ID, country, origin, habitat, latitude and longitude of collection site.

<b>Mutation Type</b>	<b>Abbreviated Name</b>	<b>Stock ID</b>	<b>Latitude</b>	<b>Longitude</b>	<b>Country</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Habitat</b>
Non-sense mutation	POG-0	N28650	49.2655	-123.2060	Canada	Point Grey, British Columbia	field border
Non-sense mutation	CATS-6	N76760	50.7900	2.6900	France	Mont des Cats	perennial meadow
Non-sense mutation	Com-1	N28193	49.4160	2.8230	France	Compiegne	garden
Non-sense mutation	CON-7	N76781	47.2364	4.4314	France	Conforgien	river bank
Non-sense mutation	GEN-8	N76877	50.5900	3.3000	France	Genech	cultivated field
Non-sense mutation	TueV13	N76407	48.5232	9.5198	Germany	Tubingen - Volksbank	
Non-sense mutation	Tu-KB-6		48.5200	9.0500	Germany	Tubingen (central)	stone paved road
Non-sense mutation	Tu-Wa1-2	N76405	48.5342	9.0345	Germany	Tubingen - Wanne	
Non-sense mutation	Abd_0	N76429	57.1539	-2.2207	United Kingdom	Aberdeen, Kingswells	
Non-sense mutation	Gol-2	N28974	57.9672	-3.9672	United Kingdom	Golspie, Scotland	
Non-sense mutation	HR-10	N28355	51.4083	-0.6383	United Kingdom	HR Ascot	
Non-sense mutation	NFA-10	N28533	51.4083	-0.6383	United Kingdom	Ascot	
Non-sense mutation	NFA-8	N28532	51.4083	-0.6383	United Kingdom	Ascot	
Non-sense mutation	UKNW06-403	N78797	54.7000	-3.4000	United Kingdom	Cockermouth	
Non-sense mutation	UKSE06-118	N78799	51.3000	0.5000	United Kingdom	East Malling Research Station	
Non-sense mutation	UKSW06-179		50.4000	-4.9000	United Kingdom	St Columb	
Non-sense mutation	UKSW06-226		50.4000	-4.9000	United Kingdom	St Dennis	
Non-sense mutation	UKSW06-285	N78811	50.3000	-4.9000	United Kingdom	St Stephens	
Non-sense mutation	UKSE06-470	N78804	51.2000	0.4000	United Kingdom	Paddock Wood	
Non-sense mutation	UKSE06-533	N78806	51.3000	1.1000	United Kingdom	Canterbury	house garden
Non-sense mutation	Vind-1	N28803	54.9902	-2.3671	United Kingdom	Vindolanda	near Vindolanda restaurant
Non-sense mutation	LP3413.41	N77053	41.6862	-86.8513	USA	Michigan City	
Non-sense mutation	Cnt-1.5726		51.3000	1.1000	United Kingdom	Canterbury	
Indels	An-1	N28015	51.2167	4.4000	Belgium	Antwerpen	Botanic Garden
Indels	Ri-0		49.1632	-123.1370	Canada	Ri	
Indels	Cam-61	N76108	48.2667	-4.5833	France	CAM	

Indels	Lac-3	N76157	47.7000	6.8167	France	LAC	
Indels	WAV-8		50.6500	2.9900	France	Wavrin	garden
Indels	Sp-0	N28743	52.5339	13.1810	Germany	Berlin/Spandau	
Indels	ICE163	N76353	46.3716	11.2376	Italy	Altenburg	stark
Indels	Fei-0	N28250	40.9200	-8.0400	Portugal	St. Maria d. Feiria	
Indels	Oemoe2-1		56.1481	15.8199	Sweden	OeMoe2	
Indels	11C1	N76640	55.8877	3.2107	United Kingdom	Hillend	Sandy loam with pine litter
Indels	Durh-1	N28215	54.7761	-1.5733	United Kingdom	Durham -bot garden	botanical garden
Indels	UKNW06-003		54.5000	-3.0000	United Kingdom	Dove Cottage, Wordsworth Trust, nr Grasmere	
Indels	UKNW06-481		54.4000	-2.9000	United Kingdom	Windemere	
Deletions	HOV3-2		56.1000	13.7400	Sweden	Hov3	
Deletions	Love-1		62.8010	18.0790	Sweden	Loev	
Deletions	Vaar2-6	N28799	55.5800	14.3340	Sweden	Varhallarna, S Sweden (Skane)	
Deletions	Tny-04		62.9600	18.2844	Sweden	TNY	
Gene loss	Fr-2	N28266	50.1102	8.6822	Germany	Frankfurt	Botanic Garden
Splicing site mutations	Boot-1	N28091	54.4000	-3.2667	United Kingdom	Boot, Eskdale	parking lot pub

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141 **Supplemental Table 2.** Overview of quantitative mass spectrometry results. Number of quantified  
 142 protein groups in total extract as well as phosphoprotein groups, phosphopeptides and phosphorylation  
 143 sites are given for each condition separately and for all samples combined. Proteins and phosphosites  
 144 were required to be quantified in at least two replicates of at least one condition. High confidence  
 145 phosphosites were filtered for a localization probability > 0.75.

	Total extract protein groups	TiO <sub>2</sub> enriched fractions			
		Phospho- Protein groups	Phospho- peptides	Phosphosites Total   High confidence	
NIL-DOG1 ds	4949	854	1264	1458	1253
NIL-DOG1 6HAI	4941	691	952	1075	929
<i>rdo5-1</i> ds	4950	858	1279	1479	1258
<i>rdo5-1</i> 6HAI	4925	667	919	1033	896
All samples	5017	875	1308	1527	1290

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149 **Supplemental Table 3.** Overview of regulated phosphosites and phosphorylated protein groups. Fold  
 150 changes greater than 2 (log<sub>2</sub> ratio > 1 for upregulated or < -1 for downregulated sites or proteins,  
 151 respectively) were required. Significantly regulated sites or proteins either had a t-test p value < 1% or  
 152 where quantified in at least two replicates of one condition and not quantified in any replicate of the other  
 153 condition. High confidence phosphosites were filtered for a localization probability > 0.75. Reliably  
 154 regulated phosphosites are both significantly regulated localized with high confidence.

	Log <sub>2</sub> ratio	Protein groups		Phosphosites		Phosphoprotein groups	
		Total	Significant	Total	Reliable	Total	Significant
NIL-DOG1 6HAI vs ds	> 1	197	41	124	26	63	21
	< -1	234	65	832	380	491	238
<i>rdo5-1</i> 6HAI vs ds	> 1	197	48	75	23	49	17
	< -1	243	84	1135	529	629	285

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**Supplemental Table 4.** Primers used in this study.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Primer sequence</b>	<b>Purpose</b>
<i>DOG18F</i> (XmnI)	GGAGATGTTGGGACATCAGAAGGAACACACGTTTTAGTCGATGCAC	dCAPs marker for <i>DOG18</i> Fei-0 allele
<i>DOG18R</i> (XmnI)	TGTCGTCCCATGACTGAGACTACACCGTGGCCGGCGaaTGTTT	
Q18-6100K-F(BamHI)	TGTTGAAAACATCGAAATTGTTG	
Q18-6100K-R(BamHI)	GTCCTATTTTTCAACTAAACGAGTG	
Q18-6410K-F(DdeI)	TTCAGCTTTAACACTTTCCATGC	
Q18-6410K-R(DdeI)	ATGTGGTGTGTGATGGGAAAA	
Q18-7000K-F(HincII)	TTCGAATTCAGACCCGAAAC	dCAPs marker for <i>DOG18</i> map based cloning
Q18-7000K-R(HincII)	TGCCTCAAGGGATGAGGTAT	
Q18-7130K-F(HindIII)	CTTGTTGGAGCACCTTCTGG	
Q18-7130K-R(HindIII)	CATCATGTTGCTATTCTCTGCTG	
Q18-6917K-F(SspI)	TGTCGGTGCTTTCGTTCCA	
Q18-6917K-R(SspI)	CTATGGCACAAACGTTTGGGA	
Q18-6645K-F(BccI)	TTTTTGGACACAAAACCACAA	<i>RDO5</i> cDNA amplify from <i>Ler</i> and Fei-0 for protein expression
Q18-6645K-R(BccI)	GAGATTTTACACTCATCGTTCCAA	
<i>RDO5</i> -F	AAAAAGCAGGCTTCATGAAAACGGATACTACTCTACCCA	
<i>RDO5</i> -R	AGAAAGCTGGGTAAAACCTAAGAAACGGTAGAGCTTTTG	
<i>RDO5</i> TEV-attBF	AAAAAGCAGGCTAT <u>GAAAACCTGTATTTTCAGGGC</u> AAAACGGATACTACTCTACCCA	
<i>RDO5</i> TEV-attBR	AGAAAGCTGGGTAAAACCTAAGAAACGGTAGAGCTTTTG	
<i>AHG3</i> -F	AAAAAGCAGGCTATAATTCAAATTCTGTTACG	<i>AHG3</i> cDNA amplify for protein expression
<i>AHG3</i> -R	AGAAAGCTGGGTACACTAATTATTAAGACGACG	
<i>RDO5</i> promoter-F	AAAAAGCAGGCTTCTCGCAATCAGTTGGAGTAAA	<i>RDO5</i> cloning with native promoter for <i>DOG18</i> -Fei-0 complementation
<i>RDO5</i> promoter-R	GTTTTCATCTTGTTCATCGTCATCCTTGTAGTCCATGATAACAACCTCCTTTTA	
<i>RDO5</i> cDNA-F	GACGATGACAAG ATGAAAACGGATACTACTCT	
<i>RDO5</i> cDNAHA -R	AGAAAGCTGGGTCTAAGCGTAATCTGGAACATCGTATGGGTAAGAAACGGTAGAGCT	