Age-Dependent Susceptibility to Pulmonary Fibrosis is Associated with NLRP3

Inflammasome Activation

Heather W. Stout-Delgado, Soo Jung Cho, Sarah G. Chu, Dana N. Mitzel, Julian Villalba,

Souheil El-Chemaly, Stefan W. Ryter, Augustine M.K. Choi and Ivan O. Rosas

ONLINE DATA SUPPLEMENT

Supplemental Figure Legends

Supplemental Figure 1. Enhanced leukocyte infiltration in aged lung with increasing doses of bleomycin. (A) Weight change in young (2-4 months) and aged (17-18 months) male C57BL/6 mice post instillation with bleomycin (0.01 to 0.1 mg/mouse). (B-E) Bronchoalveolar (BAL) samples isolated from saline and bleomycin-instilled young and aged C57BL/6 mice on day 16 post administration. Similar results were obtained from at least two or more independent experiments with greater than N=10 per group and results are shown as the mean <u>+</u> SEM.

Supplemental Figure 2. Reverse co-immunoprecipitation of young and aged lung samples day 3 post bleomycin administration. Lung homogenate samples were isolated from young (2-4 months) and aged (17-18 months) C57BL/6 mice on day 3 post-bleomycin and coimmunoprecipitation was performed against anti-NLRP3.

Supplemental Figure 3. NLRP3-/- mice have reduced weight loss and BALF protein after bleomycin. 13 month-old wild-type and NLRP3^{-/-} mice were instilled with bleomycin (0.1 mg/mouse) via oral aspiration. (A) Weight loss (wild-type/bleomycin vs. NLRP3^{-/-}/bleomycin, p<0.0001, t-test) and (B) BALF protein concentration (p<0.00001, t-test) were assessed at 21 days following bleomycin.

Supplemental Figure 4. NLRP3, ASC, IL-1 β and IL-18 gene expression is elevated in aged LPSprimed macrophages treated with bleomycin. Young (2-4 months) and aged (17-18 months) bone marrow cells were cultured with murine M-CSF (10 ng/mL) for 7 days in 37°C, 5% CO₂. Macrophages were then primed with LPS (100 ng/mL) for 4 hours prior to treatment with containing bleomycin (0.1 U) for 24 hours. (A) NLRP3 and ASC and (B) pro-IL-1 β and pro-IL-18 gene expression was then quantified by real time PCR.

Supplemental Figure 5. NLRP3 protein in aged macrophages is reduced in response to NLRP3 siRNA. Young (2-4 months) and aged (17-18 months) bone marrow cells were cultured with murine M-CSF (10 ng/mL) for 7 days in 37°C, 5% CO₂. Cells were treated with missense or NLRP3-specific siRNA for 24 hours prior. (A) RNA was isolated from cells and NLRP3 gene expression was quantified by real time PCR (>90% reduction in young: p=0.0013, t-test; >96% reduction in aged: p=0.0022, t-test). (B) Protein was isolated from elderly BMMs and 30 µg of protein was electrophoresed through a 4-12% SDS-PAGE prior to western blot analysis with mouse-specific anti-NLRP3 and anti- β -actin. Similar results were obtained from three or more independent experiments with an N=3 or greater per experiment. NLRP3 mRNA expression is expressed as the mean ± SEM.



Supplemental Figure 1 Copyright © 2016 by the American Thoracic Society

	Young				Aged	_	7	
	Saline	BLM	BLM	Saline	BLM	BLM	lgG	
IP: NLRP3 IB: ASC		-		-	in a	-		
IP: NLRP3 IB: Pro-caspase-1	period		Area A	-	-	-	-	
IP: NLRP3 IB: NLRP3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	



Time Post Instillation (Days)





Α



Α





Supplemental Figure 4 Copyright © 2016 by the American Thoracic Society







