Supplementary table 1

	Plane	Slice Width (mm)	FOV	TR/TE
3-PI SSFSE		8	256x256	544.72/89.41
T2 SSFSE BH	Coronal	5	512x512	2000/59.33
T2 SSFSE BH + F	Coronal	5	512x512	4000/63.94
FIESTA	Coronal	5	512x512	4.97/200
FIESTA	Axial	6	512x512	5.39/200
FIESTA	Sagittal	6	512x512	4.81/200
FIESTA Dyn	Coronal	8	512x512	3.10/200
LAVA	Coronal	6	512x512	4.96/7
LAVA	Axial	6	512x512	4.16/7
LAVA + C	Coronal	6	512x512	4.96/7
LAVA + C	Axial	6	512x512	4.16/7
DWI MULT	Axial	6	256x256	12000/60.50
ADC	Axial			
Cal Body 48 AA	Axial	16	64x64	1.43/0.50
Cal TL Spine 36 4	Axial	16	64x64	1.43/0.50
MOD T2 FSE+FAT	Coronal	3	512x512	5757/67.26
Cal Body 24 AA2	Axial	15.8	64x64	1.44/0.50
MOD T1	Coronal	3	256x256	460/9.34
Cal Body 36 AA2	Axial	16	64x64	1.43/0.50
Cal Body 24 AA3	Axial	15.8	64x64	1.44/0.50
	Axial	15.8	64x64	1.44/0.50

Weighted Imaging; ADC, Apparent Diffusion Coefficient; FOV, Field Of View; TR, repetition time; TE, Echo Time

## STARD checklist for reporting of studies of diagnostic accuracy

(version January 2003)

Section and Topic	Item		On page #
	#		
TITLE/ABSTRACT/	1	Identify the article as a study of diagnostic accuracy (recommend	1
KEYWORDS		MeSH heading 'sensitivity and specificity').	
INTRODUCTION	2	State the research questions or study aims, such as estimating	3
		diagnostic accuracy or comparing accuracy between tests or across	
		participant groups.	
METHODS			
Participants	3	The study population: The inclusion and exclusion criteria, setting	6
		and locations where data were collected.	
	4	Participant recruitment: Was recruitment based on presenting	6
		symptoms, results from previous tests, or the fact that the	
		participants had received the index tests or the reference	
		standard?	
	5	Participant sampling: Was the study population a consecutive	6
		series of participants defined by the selection criteria in item 3 and	
		4? If not, specify how participants were further selected.	
	6	Data collection: Was data collection planned before the index test	6
		and reference standard were performed (prospective study) or	
		after (retrospective study)?	
Test methods	7	The reference standard and its rationale.	7
	8	Technical specifications of material and methods involved	7-9
		including how and when measurements were taken, and/or cite	
		references for index tests and reference standard.	
	9	Definition of and rationale for the units, cut-offs and/or categories	7-9
		of the results of the index tests and the reference standard.	

10	The number, training and expertise of the persons executing and reading the index tests and the reference standard.	7
11	Whether or not the readers of the index tests and reference standard were blind (masked) to the results of the other test and describe any other clinical information available to the readers.	7
12	Methods for calculating or comparing measures of diagnostic accuracy, and the statistical methods used to quantify uncertainty (e.g. 95% confidence intervals).	8
13	Methods for calculating test reproducibility, if done.	
14	When study was performed, including beginning and end dates of recruitment.	9
15	Clinical and demographic characteristics of the study population (at least information on age, gender, spectrum of presenting symptoms).	9
16	The number of participants satisfying the criteria for inclusion who did or did not undergo the index tests and/or the reference standard; describe why participants failed to undergo either test (a flow diagram is strongly recommended).	9
17	Time-interval between the index tests and the reference standard, and any treatment administered in between.	9
18	Distribution of severity of disease (define criteria) in those with the target condition; other diagnoses in participants without the target condition.	9-10
19	A cross tabulation of the results of the index tests (including indeterminate and missing results) by the results of the reference standard; for continuous results, the distribution of the test results by the results of the reference standard.	10-11
20	Any adverse events from performing the index tests or the reference standard.	11
21	Estimates of diagnostic accuracy and measures of statistical	11
	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	reading the index tests and the reference standard.11Whether or not the readers of the index tests and reference standard were blind (masked) to the results of the other test and describe any other clinical information available to the readers.12Methods for calculating or comparing measures of diagnostic accuracy, and the statistical methods used to quantify uncertainty (e.g. 95% confidence intervals).13Methods for calculating test reproducibility, if done.14When study was performed, including beginning and end dates of recruitment.15Clinical and demographic characteristics of the study population (at least information on age, gender, spectrum of presenting symptoms).16The number of participants satisfying the criteria for inclusion who did or did not undergo the index tests and/or the reference standard; describe why participants failed to undergo either test (a flow diagram is strongly recommended).17Time-interval between the index tests and the reference standard, and any treatment administered in between.18Distribution of severity of disease (define criteria) in those with the target condition, of the results of the index tests (including indeterminate and missing results) by the results of the reference standard; for continuous results, the distribution of the test results by the results of the reference standard.

	22	How indeterminate results, missing data and outliers of the index tests were handled.	
	23	Estimates of variability of diagnostic accuracy between subgroups of participants, readers or centers, if done.	9-11
	24	Estimates of test reproducibility, if done.	
DISCUSSION	25	Discuss the clinical applicability of the study findings.	12-15