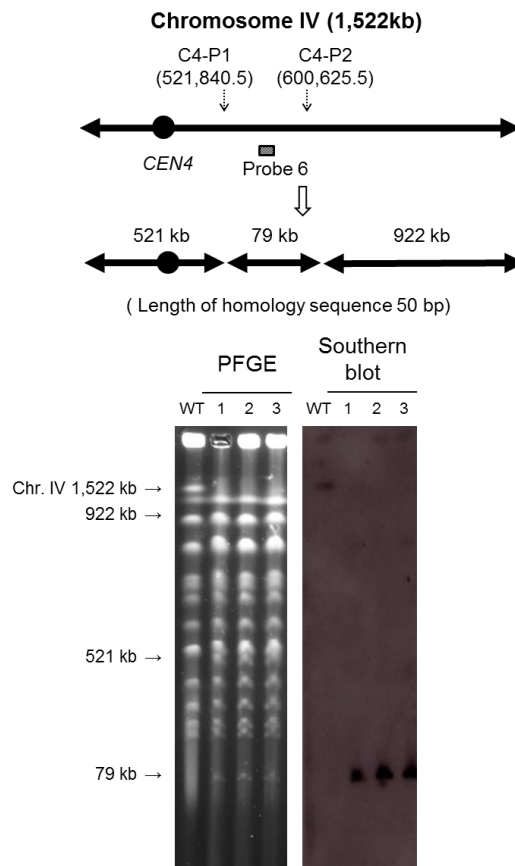


1 **CRISPR-PCS: a powerful new approach to inducing multiple chromosome**
2 **splitting in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae***

3

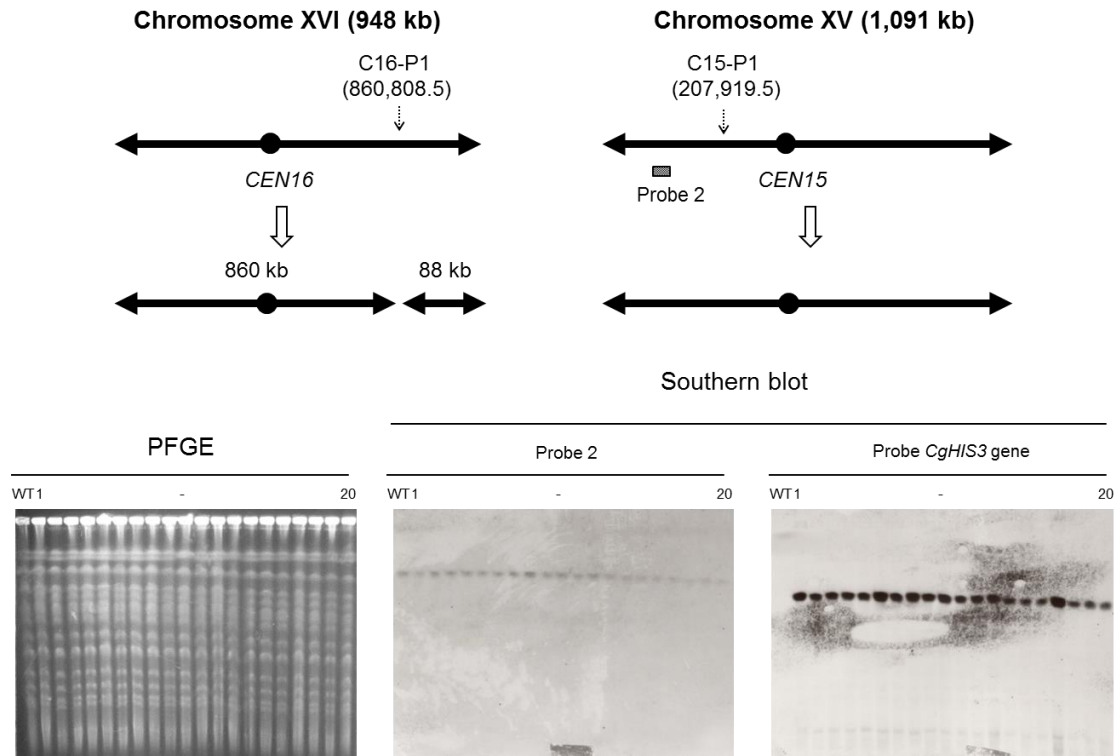
4 Yu Sasano, Koki Nagasawa, Saeed Kaboli, Minetaka Sugiyama and Satoshi Harashima



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7 **Supplementary Fig. 1. One step chromosome construction by CRISPR-PCS.** The
8 chromosomal region between C4-P1 and C4-P2 of Chr. IV was targeted to produce a
9 mini-chromosome. A 50 bp homology sequence was used in the splitting modules. The
10 splitting modules of C4-P1 and C4-P2 were marked with *CgHIS3* and *CgLEU2*,
11 respectively. Left panel, PFGE analysis of wild type FY834-Cas9 and three randomly
12 chosen transformants. Right panel, Southern blot analysis after PFGE using probe 6 for
13 detection of the newly generated chromosome.



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16 **Supplementary Fig. 2. Karyotype analysis of transformants that were not split at**

17 **Chr. XV.** Simultaneous double splitting in different chromosomes was performed at

18 the position C16-P1 of Chr. XVI and position C15-P1 of Chr. XV by CRISPR-PCS.

19 The splitting modules of C15-P1 and C16-P1 were marked with *CgHIS3* and *CgLEU2*,

20 respectively. A 50 bp homology sequence was used in the splitting modules. Among

21 $\text{Leu}^+ \text{His}^+$ Transformants, we isolated 20 transformants that did not have expected

22 splitting at Chr. XV checked by colony direct PCR. Left panel, PFGE analysis of wild

23 type FY834-Cas9 and 20 transformants that were not split at Chr. XV; Middle panel,

24 Southern blot analysis after PFGE using probe 2; Right panel, Southern blot analysis

25 after PFGE using *CgHIS3* gene probe. *CgHIS3* gene probe was prepared by PCR using

26 oligonucleotide pairs loxP cassette and short CA primer and p3009 as a template.

27

28 Table S1. Positions of splitting points on different chromosomes

Name	Chromosome	Nucleotide position	gRNA targeting sequence (5'-3') ^a
C4-P1	Chr. IV	521,840.5	AAAACGATCACGCCGGTGAC <u>AGG</u>
C4-P2	Chr. IV	600,625.5	GCTGGGGTAGAACTAGAGTA <u>AGG</u>
C4-P3	Chr. IV	999,122.5	ACGTGGTAGAACGTTAGGTG <u>AGG</u>
C12-P1	Chr. XII	1,021,058.5	AATAAAAGACGTGGCGCTCAC <u>GG</u>
C12-P2	Chr. XII	1,051,687.5	TGTGACCCTCAAAGTTTGGT <u>TGG</u>
C15-P1	Chr. XV	207,919.5	TTTCATCAACACCAGCCTAT <u>GGG</u>
C16-P1	Chr. XVI	860,808.5	GGGAAGAATACAACGCTCAAC <u>GG</u>

29 ^aPAM sequence is underlined.

30

31 Table S2. Relationship between the amount of gRNA expression plasmid and splitting
 32 efficiency

Splitting point	Amount of gRNA expression plasmid (μg)	No. of transformants	No. of transformants subjected to karyotype analysis	No. of transformants with expected splitting
C16-P1	0	36	5	4
	0.5	45	5	5
	1	84	5	5
	3	165	5	5
	7.5	235	5	5
	15	108	5	5

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36 Table S3. Relationship between length of homology sequence in splitting module and
 37 splitting efficiency in CRISPR-PCS

Splitting point	Length of homology sequence (bp)	No. of transformants	No. of transformants subjected to karyotype analysis	No. of transformants with expected splitting
	75	451	5	5
C16-P1	50	610	5	5
	25	28	5	5

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40 Table S4. Oligonucleotide primers used in this study

Name	Sequence (5`-3`)
For gRNA expression plasmid construction	
C4-P1-forward	AAAACGATCACGCCGGTGACGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
C4-P1-reverse	GTCACCGGCGTGATCGTTTTGATCATTATCTTTCACTGCGGA
C4-P2-forward	GCTGGGGTAGAACTAGAGTAGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
C4-P2-reverse	TACTCTAGTTCTACCCCAGCGATCATTATCTTTCACTGCGGA
C4-P3-forward	ACGTGGTAGAACGTTAGGTGGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
C4-P3-reverse	CACCTAACGTTCTACCACGTGATCATTATCTTTCACTGCGGA
C12-P1-forward	AATAAAAGACGTGGCGCTCAGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
C12-P1-reverse	TGAGCGCCACGTCTTTTATTGATCATTATCTTTCACTGCGGA
C12-P2-forward	TGTGACCCTCAAAGTTTGGTGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
C12-P2-reverse	ACCAAACCTTTGAGGGTCACAGATCATTATCTTTCACTGCGGA
C15-P1-forward	TTTCATCAACACCAGCCTATGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
C15-P1-reverse	ATAGGCTGGTGTGATGAAAGATCATTATCTTTCACTGCGGA
C16-P1-forward	GGGAAGAATAACAACGCTCAAGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG
C16-P1-reverse	TTGAGCGTTGTATTCTTCCCAGATCATTATCTTTCACTGCGGA
URA3-deletion-forward	CACGTTCTTAATAGTGGACTCGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGC
URA3-deletion-reverse	GAGTCCACTATTAAGAACGTG
For construction of splitting module	
CA primer	CCCCAACCCCAACCCCAACCCCAACCCCAACCCCAAAAGGCCACTAGTGGATCTGAT
loxP cassette	GGCCGCCAGCTGAAGCTTCG
C4-P1-left-50bp	CGTTACAAGAACACTTTATAGCATTATGTTTCATTA AAAACGATCACGCCGGGCGCCAGCT GAAGCTTCG

C4-P1-right-50bp	TAATGGATCATAACCTTTGATTCTCCAGTCTTCCAAGCGTTTCCTGTACGGCCGCCAGCT GAAGCTTCG
C4-P2-left-50bp	CCCAGTCGCATTATTTTTAGATTGGCCGTAGGGGCTGGGGTAGAACTAGAGGCCGCCAGC TGAAGCTTCG
C4-P2-right-50bp	GTCAGGTATTTATATGACAGTTCAAAAGAGGGCAGAGCAATGTTCTTACGGCCGCCAGC TGAAGCTTCG
C4-P3-left-50bp	CAAGCTCCTGTATTTGCTCTTTACTACAGGAAGACGTGGTAGAACGTTAGGGCCGCCAGC TGAAGCTTCG
C4-P3-right-50bp	AAGTCTGGTACCCTTCTATTAGTGTATGTCAAGTCAACATATTCCTCACGGCCGCCAGCT GAAGCTTCG
C12-P1-left-forward	CTCTTCAGATGAAGAGCATG
C12-P1-left-inverse	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCCGCTCACGGAAGCGAATTGA
C12-P1-right-forward	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCCCACGTCTTTTATTTACTGGT
C12-P1-right-inverse	TGGAAATATACCGTCTCAGC
C12-P2-left-forward	CTTGGGATGTTGATAAGCCT
C12-P2-left-inverse	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCTGGACAATCTTAAAGTCGGG
C12-P2-right-forward	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCACCAAACCTTTGAGGGTCACA
C12-P2-right-inverse	GGGCATTACTAATGGAAGAC
C12-P1-left-50bp	CTTGAATGTGGATTTTTCTAATTTTACTGCTCAATTCGCTTCCGTGAGCGGGCCGCCAGCT GAAGCTTCG
C12-P1-right-50bp	AGTTCAGAAAGTTCTGATGAAGCAATAATACCAGTAAATAAAAGACGTGGGGCCGCCAGC TGAAGCTTCG
C12-P2-left-50bp	GGCTAACGTTACTAACTTTGTTTTCAATTTCCCGACTTTAAGATTGTCCAGGCCGCCAGCT GAAGCTTCG
C12-P2-right-50bp	TAAACTTTTTTAAGGGCAAGTAATAGATCTGTGACCCTCAAAGTTTGGTGGCCGCCAGCT

	GAAGCTTCG
C15-P1-left-forward	GTCCGCAAATATCACCCATG
C15-P1-left-inverse	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCAGGCTGGTGTTGATGAAAGC
C15-P1-right-forward	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCATGGGCTGTGGTTAGGAAGA
C15-P1-right-inverse	TATGGTACAACACCGATGCC
C15-P1-left-50 bp	TGAGTTGCTGATATAATTATGAGTGGATTTGCTTTCATCAACACCAGCCTGGCCGCCAGCT
	GAAGCTTCG
C15-P1-right-50 bp	ATCAACTATCCGAAATGCACGACGAGTTCCTTCTCCTAACACAGCCCATGGCCGCCAGCT
	GAAGCTTCG
C16-P1-left-forward	TCCAACGTTGCCATCGTTGG
C16-P1-left-reverse	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCCGTTGTATTCTTCCCCCAC
C16-P1-right-forward	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCCTCAACGGAAGAGGAAGCTC
C16-P1-right-reverse	ACCTTCTCAATCTGTGCTTACT
C16-P1-left-75 bp	GCTGCCCCACAGCGGGAAGGCCCTTCAAGGGGTAGCGGCATCGCCTAGTAGCACTGTGG
	GGGGAAGAATACAACGGGCCGCCAGCTGAAGCTTCG
C16-P1-right-75 bp	TGTTAATTCAAAAATGTATCCTTGAAACATAGAAGGTGCTGGCTGCATCTCGCAGAGCTT
	CCTCTCCGTTGAGGGCCGCCAGCTGAAGCTTCG
C16-P1-left-50 bp	CAAGGGGTAGCGGCATCGCCTAGTAGCACTGTGGGGGAAGAATACAACGGGCCGCCAG
	CTGAAGCTTCG
C16-P1-right-50 bp	AAACATAGAAGGTGCTGGCTGCATCTCGCAGAGCTTCTCTCCGTTGAGGGCCGCCAGC
	TGAAGCTTCG
C16-P1-left-25 bp	GCACTGTGGGGGAAGAATACAACGGGCCGCCAGCTGAAGCTTCG
C16-P1-right-25 bp	TCGCAGAGCTTCTCTCCGTTGAGGGCCGCCAGCTGAAGCTTCG

For probe preparation

Probe 1-forward	GGATTTATTGGATTGGCACG
Probe 1-reverse	CTGCAGCGTACGAAGCTTCAGCTGGCGGCCACGGATGAGTCAAACCATAG
Probe 2-forward	AACGCAAATACGAGCGAAAG
Probe 2-reverse	CTCTGCCGCACTAAGATATT
Probe 3-forward	ATTGAAAGCACTCTAGCTCG
Probe 3-reverse	ATTTAGACGCCTCAGATGAC
Probe 4-forward	TATGCGTTGTTCTTCAGGCA
Probe 4-reverse	CCTCTCTTATCAATTGGGCT
Probe 5-forward	GGCTCGTTTGGATCAGTTTT
Probe 5-reverse	ACAACCTGATGTAGCTGTTCC
Probe 6-forward	GCGGATCAAAAAACCATTCC
Probe 6-reverse	ACGGCAGCATTATTAACAGC
Probe 7-forward	GTGCTGCTAATAGGATTCGT
Probe 7-reverse	CATGTCTGAACACTTTATGGC
Short CA primer	AGGCCACTAGTGGATCTGAT

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