Supplementary Information

Necrotising enterocolitis and mortality in preterm infants after introduction of probiotics: a quasi-experimental study.

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Supplementary Table 1. Results of the primary analyses: Full multivariable interrupted time series logistic regression models for each outcome adjusted for interaction between probiotic introduction and type of milk feeding.

	Primary outcome		Secondary outcomes								
	NEC or death		NEC		Mortality		Surgical NEC or death		NEC or sepsis or death		
	OR (95%CI)	p	OR (95%CI)	p	OR (95%CI)	p	OR (95%CI)	р	OR (95%CI)	р	
Introduction of probiotics											
Only breast milk	1.16 (0.33-4.01)	0.82	1.89 (0.28-12.7)	0.51	0.76 (0.21-2.71)	0.67	0.91 (0.26-3.21)	0.89	0.43 (0.21-0.93)	0.03	
Mixed	1.04 (0.37-2.94)	0.95	0.74 (0.14-3.87)	0.72	1.30 (0.43-3.90)	0.64	0.99 (0.34-2.92)	0.99	2.21 (0.99-4.90)	0.05	
Only formula	0.39 (0.10-1.53)	0.18	0.10 (0.08-1.36)	0.09	0.78 (0.19-3.17)	0.73	0.49 (0.12-1.99)	0.32	1.10 (0.40-3.03)	0.86	
ENS study milk	Not estimable		Not estimable		Not estimable		Not estimable		Not estimable		
No milk	0.45 (0.07-2.85)	0.40	Not estimable		0.69 (0.11-4.33)	0.69	0.63 (0.10-3.98)	0.62	0.66 (0.12-3.57)	0.63	
Type of milk feeding (ref is only breast milk)											
Mixed	0.44 (0.20-0.94)		1.63 (0.48-5.61)		0.28 (0.12-0.62)		0.39 (0.18-0.86)		0.47 (0.25-0.89)		
Only formula	1.08 (0.47-2.50)		2.90 (0.79-10.6)		0.77 (0.32-1.86)		1.01 (0.43-2.37)		0.67 (0.33-1.35)		
ENS study milk	0.76 (0.19-3.05)		Not estimable		0.75 (0.18-3.09)		0.87 (0.21-3.55)		0.61 (0.21-1.80)		
No milk	29.8 (6.54-136)		Not estimable		26.5 (5.92-119)		26.5 (5.88-119)		6.87 (1.72-27.4)		
Male gender	1.07 (0.80-1.43)		0.99 (0.68-1.44)		1.11 (0.80-1.54)		1.04 (0.76-1.40)		0.99 (0.80-1.24)		
Prenatal steroids	0.53 (0.34-0.83)		0.86 (0.47-1.57)		0.44 (0.27-0.71)		0.46 (0.29-0.73)		0.61 (0.42-0.87)		
Gestational age (weeks)	0.60 (0.56-0.64)		0.69 (0.63-0.75)		0.58 (0.54-0.63)		0.59 (0.55-0.63)		0.65 (0.61-0.68)		
Birth weight Z-score	0.87 (0.74-1.02)		-		0.81 (0.68-0.96)		0.85 (0.72-1.01)		0.81 (0.72-0.92)		
Caesarean section	1.44 (1.04-1.99)		1.46 (0.99-2.16)		-		1.50 (1.06-2.11)		1.51 (1.18-1.94)		
Quartile 4 (each year)	1.40 (1.00-1.95)		2.13 (1.40-3.25)		-		1.43 (1.01-2.03)		-		
Quartile 1 in 2009	-		-		-		-		0.56 (0.29-1.10)		
Quartile 2 in 2010	-		-		-		-		0.48 (0.24-0.96)		
Quartile 3 in 2011	0.42 (0.16-1.09)		-		-		-		-		
Quartile 2 in 2012	2.02 (0.93-4.42)		3.44 (1.38-8.55)		-		-		-		

Shown are adjusted associations between introduction of probiotics and each outcome according to feeding type; additional report on model presented in Figure 3.

Odds ratios indicate odds of developing each outcome in period after versus before introduction of probiotics, adjusted for the interaction between probiotic introduction and feeding type (reference is only breast milk), non-linear time trend (via B-splines; except for the outcome 'NEC or sepsis or death' where no time trend was present) and the variables shown. Cubic B-spline terms not shown.

Abbreviations: CI: confidence interval; ENS, early nutrition study; NEC, necrotising enterocolitis; OR, odds ratio; Ref: reference.

Definitions: NEC, necrotising enterocolitis stage ≥ stage 2; Surgical NEC, NEC requiring surgical treatment; Sepsis, blood culture proven lateonset sepsis during NICU admission.

Supplementary Table 2. Results of the post-hoc analyses: Full multivariable interrupted time series logistic regression models

	Host-hoc analyses							
	NEC or death		Sepsis					
	OR (95%CI)	p	OR (95%CI)	р				
Introduction of probiotics								
Only breast milk	2.67 (0.70-10.2)	0.15	0.36 (0.12-1.09)	0.07				
Mixed	1.47 (0.49-4.42)	0.49	1.40 (0.56-3.51)	0.47				
Only formula	0.28 (0.07-1.19) 0.09		0.88 (0.27-2.83)	0.83				
ENS study milk	Not estimable		Not estimable					
No milk	0.17 (0.02-1.16)	0.07	Not estimable					
Type of milk feeding (ref is only breast milk)								
Mixed	0.41 (0.18-0.91)		1.03 (0.50-2.12)					
Only formula	1.14 (0.48-2.75)		0.92 (0.42-2.03)					
ENS study milk	0.81 (0.19-3.43)		0.56 (0.17-1.87)					
No milk	40.9 (8.43-198)		Not estimable					
Male gender	1.00 (0.74-1.34)		0.93 (0.73-1.18)					
Prenatal steroids	0.53 (0.34-0.85)		0.95 (0.63-1.45)					
Gestational age (weeks)	0.54 (0.50-0.59)		0.72 (0.69-0.76)					
Birth weight Z-score	0.85 (0.72-1.01)		0.82 (0.72-0.94)					
Caesarean section	1.63 (1.16-2.28)		1.63 (1.23-2.14)					
Treatment duration	0.95 (0.94-0.97)							
Quartile 4 (each year)	1.40 (1.00-1.97)		-					
Quartile 1 in 2009	-		-					
Quartile 2 in 2010	-		-					
Quartile 3 in 2011	0.38 (0.15-1.03)		-					
Quartile 2 in 2012	2.02 (0.90-4.55)		-					

Shown are the adjusted associations between introduction of probiotics and each outcome according to feeding type in two post-hoc analyses: first, for the primary outcome including adjustment for probiotic treatment duration and second, the earlier used model for the outcome sepsis. Odds ratios indicate odds of developing each outcome in period after versus before introduction of probiotics, adjusted for the interaction between probiotic introduction and feeding type (reference is only breast milk), non-linear time trend (via B-splines; except for the outcome 'NEC or sepsis or death' where no time trend was present) and the variables shown. Cubic B-spline terms not shown.

Abbreviations: CI: confidence interval; ENS, early nutrition study; NEC, necrotising enterocolitis; OR, odds ratio; Ref: reference.