RUNNING HEAD: CELL TYPES DIFFER IN GLOBAL

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TITLE PAGE

Cell types differ in global coordination of splicing and proportion of highly expressed genes

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Figure S1. Transcripts by Cuffcompare class code classification across cell types. (**A**) Number of transcripts detected at 1 FPKM expression threshold, classified as either known (class code "=") or potentially novel (class codes "j", "u" (a.k.a. "-"), "x", "i", and "o"). Other class codes were not detected (2 replicates per cell type, mean ± SEM shown). (**B**) Class codes distribution of the potentially novel transcripts in *A*: "j", at least 1 novel and 1 known splice junction; "u" (a.k.a. "-"), novel transcript in the intergenic region; "x", exonic overlap with known antisense exon; "o", partial exonic overlap with known exon; and "i", exon within known intron (ranged from 0 to 3 transcripts per sample and bar could not be seen). Other class codes were not detected.



Figure S2. Cell types differ in the proportion of highly expressed genes using upper quartile normalization. Number of expressed genes plotted across increasing normalized expression (upper quartile normalization) thresholds for different cell types, as marked (8 cell types, 2 replicates each, mean \pm SEM shown; the means were statistically significantly different, *p* < 0.001, *F* = 63.2, by ANOVA with repeated measures, sphericity assumed).

Table S1. Ranking of cell types by the proportion of highly expressed genes using FPKM and upper quartile normalization. *Left*, ranking of the cell types by the proportion of highly expressed genes using FPKM normalization (ranking shown for 90, and is the same for 100, see thresholds in Figure 3A), or *right*, by upper quartile normalization (ranking shown for 90, and is the same for 100, see thresholds in Figure S1). Ranking: higher to lower position in the column indicates higher to lower proportion of highly expressed genes.

		-		
Upper half	FPKM normalization	Upper quartile normalization		
	Microglia	Gata1 KO erythroid cells		
	Erythroid progenitor	Oligodendrocyte		
	Oligodendrocyte	Microglia		
	Gata1 KO erythroid cells	Erythroid progenitor		
Lower half	Endothelial	Endothelial		
	RGC	RGC		
	Cortical neuron	Cortical neuron		
	Astrocyte	Astrocyte		

Table S2. Biological processes enriched in the group of cell types with low proportion of highly expressed genes.Enrichment scores are shown.

Functional Annotation Cluster	Regulation of neurotransmitter signaling	Regulation of phosphorylation	Negative regulation of gene expression
Enrichment Score	0.95	0.94	0.85
Genes #	8	6	7
RAB3A	+		
SYN3	+		
UNC13B	+		
RAB3A	+		
SYN3	+		
PAFAH1B1	+		
AGRN	+		
UNC13B	+		
ACVR2A		+	
SPAG9		+	
CCDC88A		+	
GLMN		+	
APLP2		+	
TRIB2		+	
HES5			+
ZRANB1			+
TXN1			+
BHLHE40			+
TRIM24			+
DNAJB5			+
C1D			+

Table S3. Biological processes enriched in the group of cell types with high proportion of highly expressed genes. Clusters implicated in the same higher order biological process were manually merged and averages of their enrichment scores are shown (e.g., metabolic processes of nucleobase, alkaloid, oxidoreduction, cellular amide, and membrane lipid, were merged under Cellular Metabolism category).

Functional Annotation Cluster	Protein transport and nuclear import	Cellular metabolism	Cation and pH homeostasis	Cell cycle	Cellular response to nutrient levels	Regulation of transcription and RNA splicing
Enrichment Score	2.87	1.02	1.02	0.81	0.78	0.75
Genes #	18	32	3	10	3	15
DERL1	+	+				
RFFL	+	+				
TRP53	+		+		+	+
AP2S1	+					
ARAP1	+					
DNHD1	+					
FAM53A	+					
GIPC1	+					
HPS4	+					
MTX1	+					
NUTF2	+					
POLA2	+					
RAN	+			+		
SNX2	+					
STX2	+					
TIMM13	+					
TOMM20	+					
XPO6	+					
ASPDH		+				
TALDO1		+				
NCF2		+				
PGD		+				
DCXR		+				
ALDOA		+				
HK1		+				
GAPDH		+				
LONP1		+				
NUDT9		+				
AHCY		+				
BCAT2		+				
AFMID		+				
URM1		+				
KDM2B		+				
ATG7		+				
FBXW4		+				
UCHL5		+				
RBCK1		+				
RNF19B		+				

	Protein transport and nuclear import	Cellular metabolism	Cation and pH homeostasis	Cell cycle	Cellular response to nutrient levels	Regulation of transcription and RNA splicing
		+				
		+				
		+				
AMPD2		+				
GART		+				
SPHK2		+				
CLN3		+	+		+	
HEXB		+	·		·	
		+				
MAEG		·	+			
CDC123			·	+		
FOXO4				+		
TCE3				+		+
17752				+		
ARHGEE2				+		
SIRT2				+		
SETD8				+		
HAUS8				+		
PES1				+		
CTSD					+	
PRPF31						+
TRA2B						+
PRMT5						+
LSM2						+
MBNL1						+
ZBTB7B						+
MEN1						+
TAF6L						+
CAMTA2						+
FUBP3						+
NFYA						+
CARD9						+
IRAK1						+