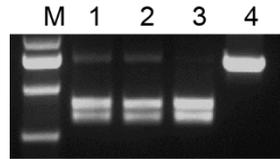


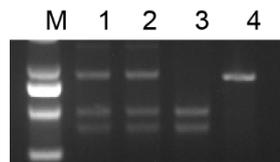
TaGASR7

CCTCTGCGTGCCGCGGGGCACCTACGGCAACAAGGGCG WT
 CCTCTGCGTGCCGCC.GGCACCTACGGCAACAAGGGCG -1
 CCTCTGCGTGCCGCGGLGGCACCTACGGCAACAAGGGCG +1
 CCTCTGCGTGCCGCGG/GGCACCTACGGCAACAAGGGCG +33
 CCTCTGCGTGCCGCGG/GGCACCTACGGCAACAAGGGCG +64
 CCTCTGCGTGCCGCGG/GGCACCTACGGCAACAAGGGCG +62
 CCTCTGCGTGCCGCGG.....CGGCAACAAGGGCG -8



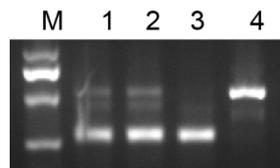
TaDEP1

GGAAGCACCGGTCTGCGCTTTATTGGTGGATCAGG WT
 GGAAGCACCGGTC.....TCTTTATTGGTGGATCAGG -6
 GGAAGCACCGGTC..GCCGTCTTTATTGGTGGATCAGG -2
 GGAAGCACCGGTCCcTGCCGTCTTTACTGGTGGATCAGG +1
 GGAAGCACCGGT.CTGCCGTCTTTACTGGTGGATCAGG -1
 GGAAGCACCGGT....CCGTCTTTATTGGTGGATCAGG -4



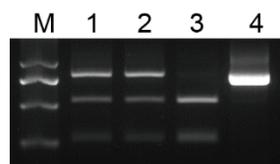
TaNAC2

GGCGAGGCGCGCACGCCCGAGTCGGAGATCGTCGACAA WT
 GGCGAGGCGCGCACGCCCGaAGTCGGAGATCGTCGACAA +1
 GGCGAGGCGCGCACGCCCGtAGTCGGAGATCGTCGACAA +1
 GGCGAGGCGC.....AGTCGGAGATCGTCGACAA -9
 GGCGAGGCGCG.....AGTCGGAGATCGTCGACAA -8
 GGCGAGGCGCGCACGCC.....CGACAA -15
 GGCGAGGCGCGCACGCCG/AGTCGGAGATCGTCGACAA +44



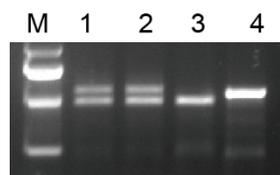
TaPIN1

CGGCGGCATCACCGTGGGCGCCCAcCAGGCCCGCGG WT
 CGGCGGCATCACCGTGGGC.....GGCCCGCGG -10
 CGGCGGCATCACCGTGGGCGCaccg...GGCCCGCGG -8/+4
 CGGCGGCATCACCGTGGGCGCCG...AGGCCCGCGG -4
 CGGCGGCATCACCGTGGGCGCC...CAGGCCCGCGG -3
 CGGCGGCATCACCGTGGGCGCC.....GGCCCGCGG -7



TaLOX2

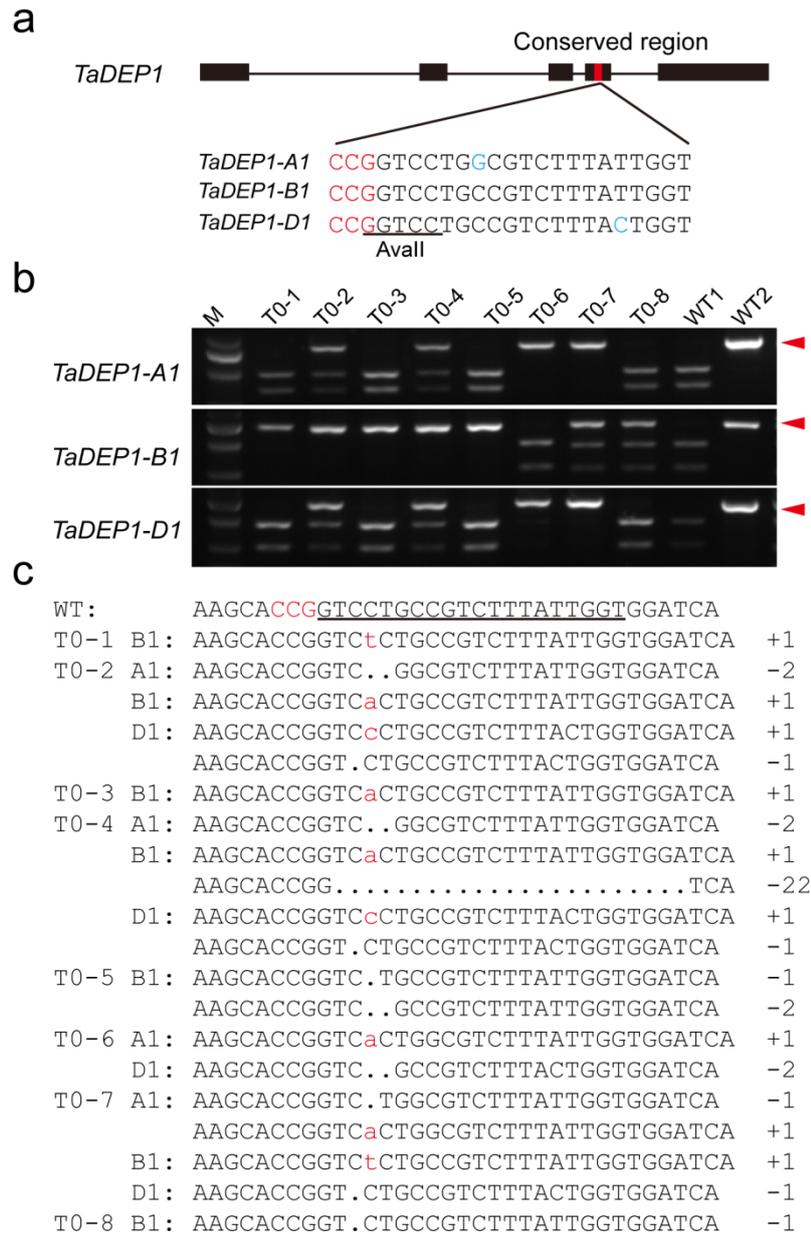
CGTCTACGTGCCGCGGACGAGCTCTTCGGCCACCTCA WT
 CGTCTACGTGCCGCGGACGAGCTC.TCGCCACCTCA -1
 CGTCTACGTGCCGCGGACGAGCT..TCGGCCACCTCA -2
 CGTCTACGTGCCGCGGACGAG.....CGGCCACCTCA -5
 CGTCTACGTGCCGCGGACGAGC...TCGGCCACCTCA -3
 CGTCTACGTGCCGCGGACGAGC.....GGCCACCTCA -5



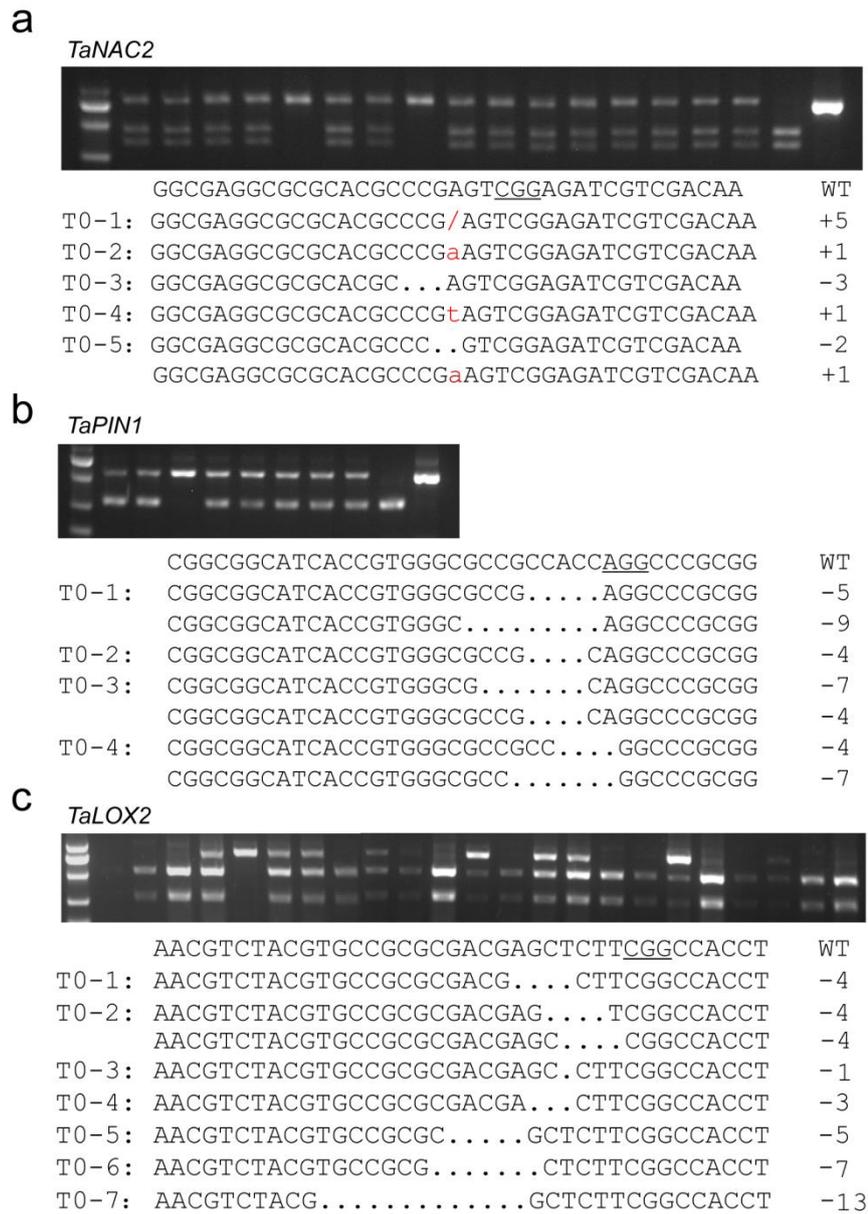
TaGW2

GCAGCTCCTCCTTAGAAATACCCATCCTGGTGGATT WT
 GCAGCTCCTCC.....CCCATCCTGGTGGATT -10
 GCAGCTCCTCC.....CCATCCTGGTGGATT -12
 GCAGCTCCTCCTA..AATACCCATCCTGGTGGATT -2
 GCAGCTCCTCCTA tGAAATACCCATCCTGGTGGATT +1
 GCAGCTCCTCCTA.AAATACCCATCCTGGTGGATT -1

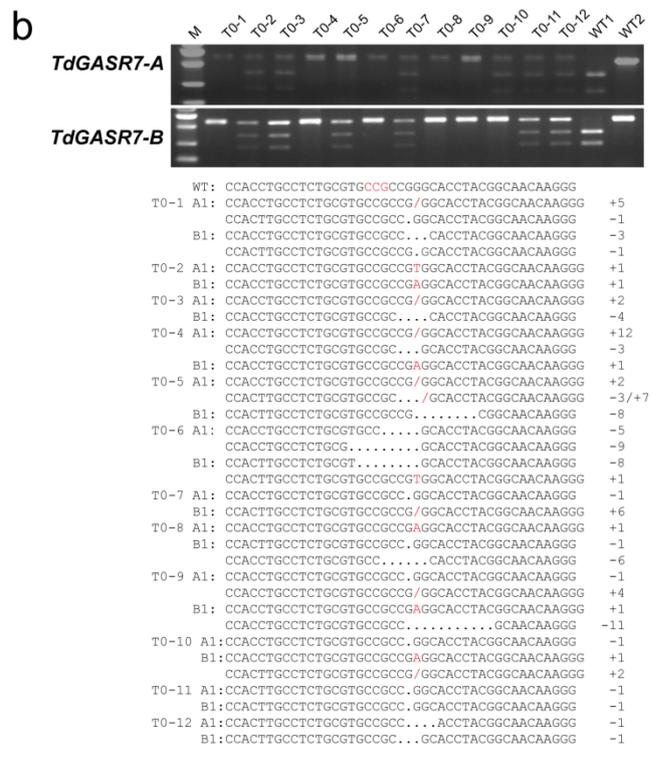
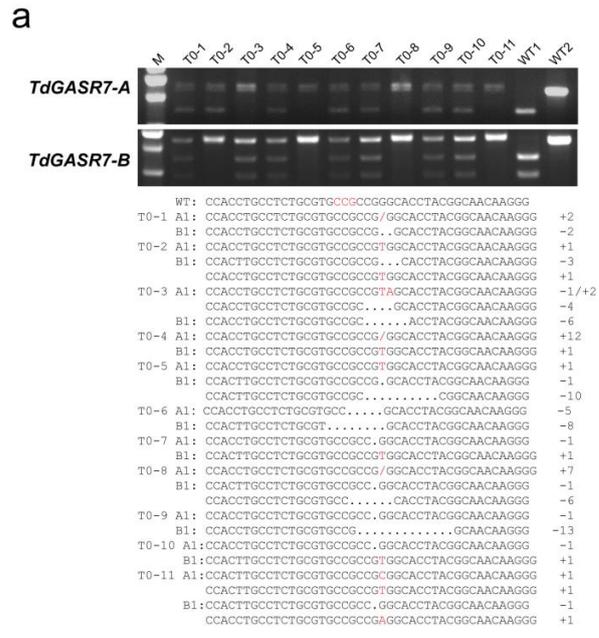
Supplementary Figure 1. CRISPR/Cas9-induced targeted mutations in *TaGASR7*, *TaDEP1*, *TaNAC2*, *TaPIN1*, *TaLOX2* and *TaGW2* genes in wheat protoplasts. Lanes 1 and 2: digested CRISPR/Cas9-transformed protoplasts; lanes 3 and 4: digested and undigested wild type controls; M: marker. Sequences of CRISPR/Cas9-induced mutations are shown on the right. The wild type sequences are shown at the top of each sequence group. The numbers at the sides indicate the type of mutations and how many nucleotides are involved.



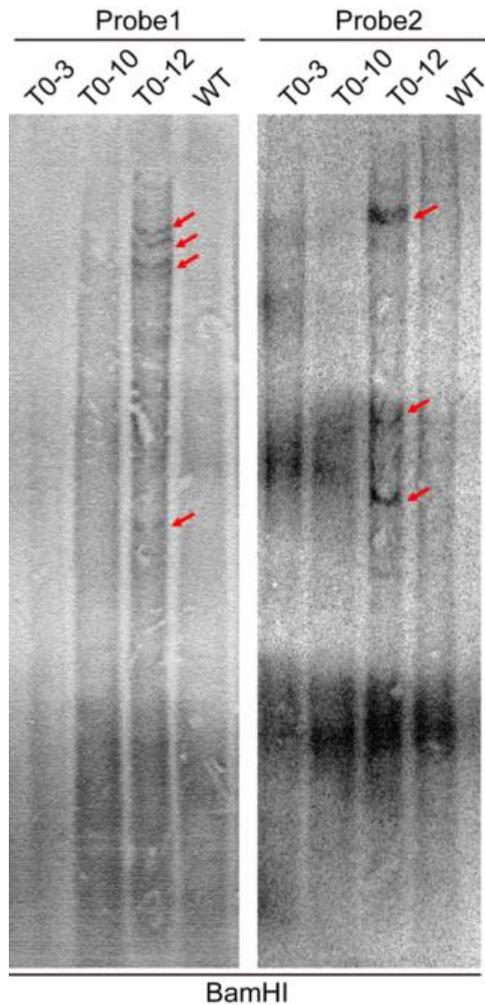
Supplementary Figure 2. Outcome of PCR-RE assays for 8 representative *tadep1* mutants. (a) Sites within a conserved region of exon 4 of *TaDEP1* homoeologs targeted by CRISPR/Cas9. Of the two SNPs highlighted in blue. (b) Lanes T0-1 to T0-8 show PCR fragments amplified from independent regenerated wheat plants digested with *AvaII*. Lanes labeled WT1 and WT2 show PCR fragments amplified from a wild type plant with and without *AvaII* digestion, respectively. The bands marked by red arrowheads result from CRISPR/Cas9-induced mutations. (c) Genotypes of 8 representative mutant plants identified by sequencing. “-” and “+” indicate deletion and insertion of the given number of nucleotides, respectively.



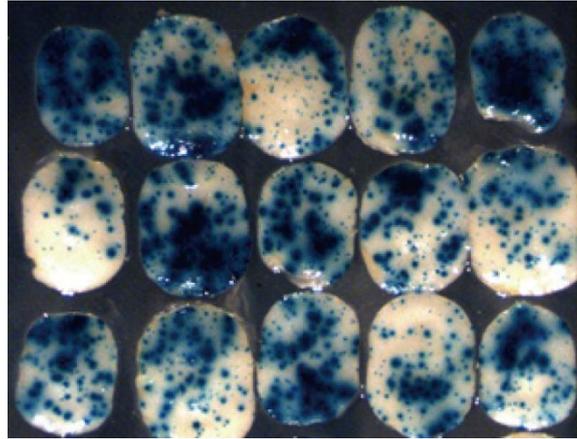
Supplementary Figure 3. Outcome of PCR-RE assays for *tanac2* (a), *tapin1* (b) and *talox2* (c) mutants.



Supplementary Figure 4. Outcome of PCR-RE assays for tetraploid *tdgasr7* mutants in Shimai11 (a) and Yumai4 (b) with specific primers.



Supplementary Figure 5. Outcome of Southern blot analysis for 3 representative *tagasr7* mutant plants. Genomic DNA of wheat was isolated and digested with *Bam*HI. The enzyme-digested products were transferred to a Hybond N⁺ membrane and hybridized with two ³²P-labeled probes, probe1 and probe2. T0-3 and T0-10 are transgene-free mutants. T0-12 is a transgenic mutant. WT represents the wild type plant. The bands marked by red arrowheads represent the hybridizing signals in the transgenic mutant.



Supplementary Figure 6. Outcome of the transient bombardment of wheat immature embryos with *gus* gene. A large number of transfected cells confirmed the high efficiency of DNA transient delivery system.

Supplementary Table 1. SgRNA target loci and sequences.

Gene name	Target site	Oligo-F	Oligo-R	Detection method
sg-GASR7	<u>CCG</u> CCGGGCACCTACGGCAAC	CTTGTTGCCGTAGGT GCCCCG	AAACCCGGGCACCTACGG CAAC	PCR/RE <i>BclI</i>
sg-DEP1	<u>CCG</u> GTCTGCGTCTTTATTGGT	CTTGACCAATAAAGAC GGCAGGAC	AAACGTCCTGCCGTCTTT ATTGGT	PCR/RE <i>AvaII</i>
sg-NAC2	CGAGGCGCGCACGCCCGAGT <u>CGG</u>	CTTGCGAGGCGCGCAC GCCCCGAGT	AAACACTCGGGCGTGCGC GCCTCG	PCR/RE <i>AvaI</i>
sg-PIN1	TCACCGTGGGCGCCGCCACC <u>AGG</u>	CTTGTACCGTGGGCG CCGCCACC	AAACGGTGGCGCGCCCA CGGTGA	PCR/RE <i>MvaI</i>
sg-LOX2	GTGCCGCGGACGAGCTCTT <u>CGG</u>	CTTGTCCGCGCGGACG AGCTCTT	AAACAAGAGCTCGTCGCG CGGCA	PCR/RE <i>SacI</i>
sg-GW2	<u>CCT</u> CTAGAAATACCCCATCCTG	CTTGCAGGATGGGGTA TTTCTAG	AAACCTAGAAATACCCCA TCCTG	PCR/RE <i>XbaI</i>

Supplementary Table 2. PCR primers and their applications.

Primer name	Primer sequence	Application
F1 R1	CAGTTAGACATGGTCTAAAGGACAATTGAG CCAACCACACCACATCATCACAACCAA	Detecting CRISPR construct
F2 R2	CCTAAGAAGAAGAGAAAGGTCG GCAGATGATAGATTGTGGGGTA	Detecting CRISPR construct and labelling probe 1 for Southern blot
F3 R3	GCCCATCTCTTCGATGACAAGGTTATG CTTCGCAGTGGCCTTGCCAATTC	Detecting CRISPR construct
F4 R4	GGTGGCTTACTCTGTCTCCTGGTT TTCCTTGTCTTCCCTCCTCCTT	Detecting CRISPR construct and labelling probe 2 for Southern blot
F5 R5	AGCCCGTTATTCTGACAGTTCTGGTGC GTGAGCGCAACGCAATTAATGTGAG	Detecting CRISPR construct
U6-SpeI-F sgRNA-SpeI-R	CGGACTAGTGACCAAGCCCCTTATTCTGAC CGGACTAGTAAAAAAGCACCGACTCGGTGCCA C	Amplifying the fragment of TaU6-sgRNA
GASR7-F GASR7-R	GGAGGTGATGGGAGGTGGGGG CTGGGAGGGCAATTCACATGCCA	Amplifying the <i>TaGASR7</i> target site
GASR7-A1/B1/D1-F	CCTTCATCCTTCAGCCATGCAT	Amplifying the <i>TaGASR7</i> target site
GASR7-A1-R	CCACTAAATGCCTATCACATACG	Amplifying the <i>TaGASR7-A1</i> target site
GASR7-B1-R	AGGGCAATTCACATGCCACTGAT	Amplifying the <i>TaGASR7-B1</i> target site
GASR7-D1-R	CCTCCATTTTTCCACATCTTAGTCC	Amplifying the <i>TaGASR7-D1</i> target site
DEP1-F DEP1-R	CAGCAAACCCCACTTGCATCAGAAC CAGCACAGCCATGAAGCACATATGCA	Amplifying the <i>TaDEP1</i> target site
DEP1-A1/B1/D1-F	CCAGCAAACCCCACTTGCATCAGAAC	Amplifying the <i>TaDEP1</i> target site
DEP1-A1-R	GTGTACTCTACTGGAAGGAAGGTTACAAG	Amplifying the <i>TaDEP1-A1</i> target site
DEP1-B1-R	CAGATGAATACTGCGTCCCTACGATAGGT	Amplifying the <i>TaDEP1-B1</i> target site
DEP1-D1-R	CTGGGCGGGTTCAGTTAGCAGGTTAC	Amplifying the <i>TaDEP1-D1</i> target site
NAC2-F NAC2-R	GGGATCAAGAAGGCCCTGGTGTFT TCGATCTCGGTATCTGACGGTCTGTG	Amplifying the <i>TaNAC2</i> target site
PIN1-F PIN1-R	GATGGACTTCATGATGATCGCC AACGGCACCAGGCGGTACAACGA	Amplifying the <i>TaPIN1</i> target site
LOX2-F LOX2-R	CGTCTACCGCTACGACGTCTACAACG GGTCGCCGTACTTGCTCGGATCAAGT	Amplifying the <i>TaLOX2</i> target site
GW2-F GW2-R	ATGCCAACCCCTTGCGTGTGCGT TCCTGCTTGTGGGAGCTTTATG	Amplifying the <i>TaGW2</i> target site
GW2-A1-F	CTGCCATTACTTTGTATTTGGTAATA	Amplifying the <i>TaGW2-A1</i> target site
GW2-B1-F	GTTGAGATGGCAATCTAAAAGTT	Amplifying the <i>TaGW2-B1</i> target site
GW2-D1-F	GCATGTACTTTGATTGTTTGCCTGA	Amplifying the <i>TaGW2-D1</i> target site
GW2-A1/B1/D1-R	TCCTTCCTCTCTTACCACTTCCC	Amplifying the <i>TaGW2</i> target site
T7-GW2-F sgRNA-PCR-R	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGCAGGATGGGGTATT TCTAG GCACCGACTCGGTGCCACTT	Amplifying the T7-GW2-sgRNA
ZmUbi-5'UTR-F ZmUbi-KH-5'UTR-R	TTCCCCAACCTCGTGTGTTCCGGAG ACGACCCATGACAAGCTTTAGCGGTACCCTTGA AGCGGAGGTGCCGACG	Amplifying the 5'UTR of <i>ZmUbi1</i> for pLZT7 cloning
ZmUbi-KH-3'UTR-F ZmUbi-polyA-3'UTR -R	CTCCGCTTCAAGGTTACCGCTAAAGCTTGTCAT GGGTCGTTTAAGCTGC TCTAGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT TTTTTTCGCACACACAACACAACCGGT	Amplifying the 3'UTR of <i>ZmUbi1</i> for pLZT7 cloning
KpnI-zCas9-F HindIII-zCas9-R	GGGGGTACCATGGATTACAAGGACCACGACG CCCAAGCTTCACTTCTTCTTCTCGCCTGC	Amplifying the KpnI-zCas9-HindIII for pLZT7-zCas9 cloning

Supplementary Table 3. Genotypes of the 80 T0 *tagasr7* mutants with respect to mutations in the *TaGASR7-A1*, *-B1* and *-D1* homoeologs.

Genotype of <i>TaGASR7</i> homoeologs	Plant ID	Mutation detected (bp) ^a	CRISPR -free ^b	Genotype of <i>TaGASR7</i> homoeologs	Plant ID	Mutation detected (bp) ^a	CRISPR -free ^b
AaBBDD	T0-4	+23(Aa)	YES	AaBbdd	T0-8	+1(Aa);-1(Bb); -5,+1(dd)	NO
	T0-28	N.D.	NO		T0-52	N.D.	YES
	T0-36	+12(Aa)	YES		T0-58	N.D.	NO
aaBBDD	N.A.		T0-66		N.D.	YES	
AABbDD	T0-6	-8(Bb)	NO	AabbDd	T0-31	+1(Aa); -4/+1, +1(bb); +8(Dd)	YES
	T0-49	+123(Bb)	YES		T0-33	N.D.	NO
AAbbDD	N.A.		T0-50		N.D.	NO	
AABBdd	T0-3	-1/+2(Dd)	YES		T0-55	N.D.	NO
	T0-30	N.D.	NO	T0-69	N.D.	YES	
	T0-56	N.D.	NO	T0-76	N.D.	NO	
	T0-79	+1(Dd)	YES	T0-78	N.D.	NO	
AABBdd	T0-71	+63, -1(dd)	YES	Aabddd	T0-16	-6/+1(Aa); -25(bb); +1,-26(dd)	YES
AaBbDD	T0-15	+82(Aa); -1(Bb)	NO		T0-23	-4(Aa); +1,+89(bb); -6,+1(dd)	NO
	T0-44	N.D.	YES		T0-38	N.D.	NO
	T0-60	N.D.	NO		T0-40	N.D.	NO
AabbDD	T0-10	-1(Aa); +1(bb)	YES		T0-45	N.D.	YES
	T0-14	-1(Aa);	NO		T0-68	N.D.	YES
aaBbDD	T0-7	-1, +1(aa); +1(Bb)	YES	aaBbDd	T0-19	+129,+1(aa);-2/+1(Bb);-16(Dd)	NO
	T0-12	-3/+1(aa); -1(Bb)	NO		T0-32	N.D.	NO
AaBBDD	T0-35	+1(Aa); +1(Dd)	NO		T0-57	N.D.	NO
	T0-51		YES		T0-59	N.D.	NO
	T0-61	+2(Aa); -6(Dd)	YES	T0-64	N.D.	NO	
	T0-77	N.D.	YES	T0-17	-2,-3(aa); -1(Bb); -10,-7(dd)	NO	
AaBBdd	T0-1	+1(Aa); -1/+2(dd)	YES	aaBbdd	T0-26	N.D.	NO
aaBBDD	T0-9	-1(aa); -11(Dd)	NO		T0-41	+8,-1(aa);+24(Bb); +25,+1(dd)	YES
aaBBdd	N.A.				T0-54	N.D.	YES
aabbDD	N.A.				T0-62	N.D.	NO
AABbDd	T0-22	+1(Bb); -3(Dd)	NO		T0-70	N.D.	NO
	T0-24	-7(Bb); +82(Dd)	NO		T0-13	+1(aa); +1,-12(bb); -1(Dd)	NO
	T0-42	N.D.	YES	T0-37	+3,-1(aa); +1,-2/+1(bb); -2(Dd)	YES	
	T0-46	N.D.	NO	T0-43	N.D.	YES	
T0-74	N.D.	NO	T0-63	N.D.	NO		
AABbdd	T0-11	+1(Bb); -26, +1(dd)	YES	T0-80	N.D.	YES	
AAbbDd	N.A.			AaBbDd	T0-2	+1(Aa); +1(Bb); +1(Dd)	NO
AAbbdd	N.A.				T0-18	-4/+1(Aa); +2(Bb); +1(Dd)	NO
aabddd	T0-5	+1,-7/+15(aa); -1,-10(bb); +1,-37(dd)	YES		T0-20	-6(Aa); -17(Bb); +5(Dd)	YES
	T0-27	+1(aa); -1,-7(bb); -5,+1(dd)	YES		T0-21	-5/+1(Aa); +1(Bb); +1, -19/+166, -19/+167(Dd)	NO
	T0-29	-4/+1(aa); +63,+1(bb); +1,-1(dd)	YES		T0-25	+1(Aa); -9(Bb); -1(Dd)	NO
	T0-39	N.D.	NO		T0-34	N.D.	NO
	T0-47	N.D.	NO		T0-48	N.D.	YES
	T0-65	N.D.	YES		T0-53	N.D.	YES
	T0-73	N.D.	NO		T0-67	N.D.	NO
	T0-75	N.D.	NO		T0-72	N.D.	YES

N.A., not available, these mutant types were not obtained from the experiments. N.D., not detected.
^a“−” indicates deletion of the indicated number of nucleotides; “+” indicates insertion of the indicated number of nucleotides; “−/+” indicates simultaneous deletion and insertion of the indicated number of nucleotides at the same site. ^bBased on the absence of mutant plants harboring CRISPR DNA construct or not.

Supplementary Table 4. Potential off-target sites for TaGASR7-sgRNA and TaGW2-sgRNA in wheat.

Target	Site name	Sequence	Forward primer sequence	Reverse primer sequence
Target 1 (<i>GASR7</i>)	GASR7	<u>CCG</u> CCGGGCACCTACGGCAAC		
	OT1-1	GTcGtCGTAGGTGCCCGGCGG	CTCGCTCAGGTTCTGGGCTTCTT	CGGGTCCCATATCCTCTCTCCTA
	OT1-2	GTTGCCGccGGTGCCCGGTGG	GTTCTGTTCTCACGACGGTGGAGAC	TAGGTGCCCGTCTCTTTCTGACAG
	OT1-3	GgaGCCGTcGGTGCCCGGAGG	TCCGATGGCCGAAACTCGACTTC	TTGTCGTGCCTTCGCATCTCAAG
	OT1-4	GTcGCCGTcCGTGCCCGGCGG	GAGGAGCTGATCCTCTGTTCAATC	GAAGGAGAGGATCCCCGAGCTGCT
	OT1-5	GTTcCCGTgGgcGCCCGGGG	TCGCGTGTGGTGTCTGGGAAG	TCCATGCTAACTTACACCCAATTG
	OT1-6	cTTGgCGTAcGTGCCCGGCGG	AAGTCCGCGCATGCATGAGTTCC	GCACCTTGCACTGACATATACTCC
	OT1-7	GTTcCCaTgGGTGCCCGGGG	TGAGGTCTGGTGCCTACACGAA	GTGTGCCACTGAGATGTAGCAT
	OT1-8	GTTGaCcTtGGTGCCCGGCGG	ACTTGTCTCGCCCTTCTGCTT	ATGGTCACTATCACCGACAAGA
	OT1-9	GTTGCaGcAcGTGCCCGGCGG	GGTTATCAAAGGTCTCCAACAACA	ATCGCTTACCGCTGTCAGAACG
	OT1-10	cTcGCCGTaGTGCCCGGCGG	CGCTTCACTCTCAAGTCAATGTTT	TGGACTGGTGTTTACCCTTTGTT
	OT1-11	GTgGtCGgAGGTGCCCGGAGG	GGAACGATGGCAGTGACGATGA	TCCCTTTGTTCCCGCACTTAGT
	OT1-12	tTTGCCcTAGGaGCCCGGAGG	CATAAATGGAGTGAGGATGAACGTG	CGTTTATCTTACCAGGCGGAC
	OT1-13	GTTGaCGgAGaTGCCCGGAGG	ACGCTTCTCTGGGCTCTTAGG	CAAACCTGCTGACCCACCTGTC
	OT1-14	cTTGtCGgAGaTGCCCGGCGG	CCTTCACTATCCGCGTCCAGA	CGCATCAAACGCAGCAACTTGT
	OT1-15	GgcGCgcTAGGTGCCCGGCGG	GATGCCCAGAACAAGGAGGTCG	GCCGCACAGGTCGTAGTTGTCA
	OT1-16	GTTcaCcTtGGTGCCCGGCGG	GGTGTGGCATCATCATCATCT	ATCGTCACCATCACCGACAAGA
	OT1-17	GTcGCgcTAcGTGCCCGGCGG	AATGGACGCCAGAACAAGGAG	AGGACGTAGGAGCTGAACGGCA
	OT1-18	GacGCgGTAGGaGCCCGaGGG	GAGGAGGAGGAACACGTTGTCC	AAAGCAAATGATGCCTCCCAGC
	OT1-19	GTcGaaGTgGGTGCgCGGCGG	CCATTGCCCTTACCCACATCT	CCTTGTATGCTGATGTATCGTGC
	OT1-20	cgTcgCGTAcGTGCCCGGCGG	CACCGTGTCAAGTCAAGGAC	GAAGTAAGTGGCGAGGCCCT
	OT1-21	GgcGCaGgAGGaGCCCGGCGG	GGAAGGACGAGGAGAAGAAGAG	GAACTCGGACAGCATCTACGAC
	OT1-22	agaGaCGgAGGTGCCCGGCGG	AGGTCTCACCGCAACTCGTAT	CGTTTGTGGACTGGCAGGAAAT
	OT1-23	GcTcCtGTAGcTGCgCGGCGG	CAGCGGCAGCCTCCATAAAGAG	CGCCGTTTCACTGGCATAACAAG
OT1-24	GaTGtaGTAcGTcCCCGGCGG	GGTCTTTCACCCACCCGAATC	CAACTACTGCCGATTTTCGTGCT	
Target 2 (<i>GW2</i>)	GW2	<u>CCT</u> CTAGAAATACCCCATCCTG		
	OT2-1	tAaGATGGGtTATTTCTAGAGG	AAACTCAGCGTAAATCTGGCG	CCGAGACAACAATGGACCAA
	OT2-2	gAGGATGGGaTtTTTCTAGAGG	GATGACAACGGGTGGCAAGAG	TGCCATCACCTCCCTACATCG
	OT2-3	aAGaATGGGccATTTCTAGAGG	CCCTCTGGTAACTCTTCGTTC	TCTCTGATGTGCTATGTTCCA
	OT2-4	aAGaATGGGtcATTTCTAGAGG	CTGCCTCTTGTACCATCCAC	TCATCATTTGCTTCTCTCTG
	OT2-5	CgGcATGGaGTATaTCTAGAGG	AATACCAACTAAGCCTGAGCAA	ACTCCCTAGACCAGAACGAC
	OT2-6	CcGGAgGGaGTATgTCTAGAGG	GCGTATTACATTCGTGTCAAGT	TCAAACAACAGTTACCGCAAC
	OT2-7	ttGGAaGGGGgATTTCTAGAGG	AAAGCAATGGGCACAAGTCT	GTATTCCGTGATTTCTGCGTT
	OT2-8	gAGGAcGaGgATTTCTAGAGG	GCAGAAGCAGCAACTAATAAGAAG	TCATTGAGGAGTCAAGAAGC

Supplementary Table 5. Molecular and genetic analysis of CRISPR/Cas9-induced mutations in *TaGASR7*, *TaDEP1* and *TaLOX2* homoeologs and their transmission to the T1 generation.

Gene name	Wheat variety	Plant ID	Analysis of T0 plants			Segregation of mutations in the T1 generation					
			Genotype of homoeologs	Mutation detected (bp) ^a	CRISPR-free	No. of tested plants	Wild type	Hetero	Homo	Mutation Transmission (%) ^b	CRISPR-free (%) ^c
sg-GASR7	Bobwhite	T0-1	Aa	+1	YES	26	7 (AA)	13 (Aa)	6 (aa)	73.1 ^d	100
			BB				26 (BB)	0 (Bb)	0 (bb)		
			dd	-1/+2			0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	26 (dd)	100	
		T0-5	aa	+1, -7/+15	YES	44	0 (AA)	0 (Aa)	44 (aa)	100	100
			bb	-1, -10			0 (BB)	0 (Bb)	44 (bb)	100	
			dd	+1, -37			0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	44 (dd)	100	
		T0-10	Aa	-1	YES	35	10 (AA)	16 (Aa)	9 (aa)	71.4 ^d	100
			bb	+1			0 (BB)	0 (Bb)	35 (bb)	100	
			DD				35 (DD)	0 (Dd)	0 (dd)		
		T0-16	Aa	-6/+1	YES	30	9 (AA)	14 (Aa)	7 (aa)	70.0 ^d	100
			bb	-25			0 (BB)	0 (Bb)	30 (bb)	100	
			dd	+1, -26			0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	30 (dd)	100	
		T0-20	Aa	-6	YES	29	8 (AA)	14 (Aa)	7 (aa)	72.4 ^d	100
			Bb	-17			7 (BB)	15 (Bb)	7 (bb)	75.9 ^d	
			Dd	+5			8 (DD)	15 (Dd)	6 (dd)	72.4 ^d	
		T0-36	Aa	+12	YES	29	9 (AA)	14 (Aa)	6 (aa)	69.0 ^d	100
			BB				29 (BB)	0 (Bb)	0 (bb)		
			DD				29 (DD)	0 (Dd)	0 (dd)		
sg-LOX2	Kenong 199	T0-3	Dd	-1	YES	23	5 (DD)	14 (Dd)	4 (dd)	78.3 ^d	100
		T0-16	Dd	-7	YES	42	8 (DD)	24 (Dd)	10 (dd)	81.0 ^d	100
		T0-22	dd	-3, -5	YES	30	0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	30 (dd)	100	100
		T0-35	dd	-2, -9	YES	52	0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	52 (dd)	100	100
		T0-65	dd	+7,-10	YES	18	0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	18 (dd)	100	100
		T0-68	Dd	-11	YES	28	7 (DD)	16 (Dd)	5 (dd)	75.0 ^d	100

Supplementary Table 5. Molecular and genetic analysis of CRISPR/Cas9-induced mutations in *TaGASR7*, *TaDEP1* and *TaLOX2* homoeologs and their transmission to the T1 generation (continued).

Gene name	Wheat variety	Plant ID	Analysis of T0 plants			Segregation of mutations in the T1 generation					
			Genotype of homoeologs	Mutation detected (bp) ^a	CRISPR-free	No. of tested plants	Wild type	Hetero	Homo	Mutation Transmission (%) ^b	CRISPR-free (%) ^c
sg-DEP1	Kenong 199	T0-2	Aa	-2	YES	3	1 (AA)	2 (Aa)	0 (aa)	66.7	100
			bb	+1			0 (BB)	0 (Bb)	3 (bb)	100	
			dd	+1, -1			0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	3 (dd)	100	
		T0-7	aa	-1, +1	YES	32	0 (AA)	0 (Aa)	32 (aa)	100	100
			Bb	+1			9 (BB)	16 (Bb)	7 (bb)	71.8 ^d	
			dd	-1			0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	32 (dd)	100	
		T0-8	AA		YES	37	37 (AA)	0 (Aa)	0 (aa)		100
			Bb	-1			7 (BB)	24 (Bb)	6 (bb)	81.1 ^d	
			DD				37 (DD)	0 (Dd)	0 (dd)		
		T0-12	Aa	-3	YES	18	4 (AA)	8 (Aa)	6 (aa)	77.8 ^d	100
			Bb	+5			5 (BB)	10 (Bb)	3 (bb)	72.2 ^d	
			DD				18 (DD)	0 (Dd)	0 (dd)		
		T0-14	AA		YES	17	17 (AA)	0 (Aa)	0 (aa)		100
			Bb	+2			4 (BB)	8 (Bb)	5 (bb)	76.5 ^d	
			Dd	-1/+10			3 (DD)	10 (Dd)	4 (dd)	82.3 ^d	
		T0-23	Aa	+1	YES	24	6 (AA)	14 (Aa)	4 (aa)	75.0 ^d	100
			Bb	+4			6 (BB)	13 (Bb)	5 (bb)	75.0 ^d	
			dd	-12, -16			0 (DD)	0 (Dd)	24 (dd)	100	

Hetero, heterozygous; Homo, homozygous.

^a“-” indicates deletion of the indicated number of nucleotides; “+” indicates insertion of the indicated number of nucleotides; “-/+” indicates simultaneous deletion and insertion of the indicated number of nucleotides at the same site. ^bBased on the number of plants carrying the observed mutations over the total number of plants tested. ^cBased on the number of mutant plants not harboring CRISPR DNA over the total number of mutant plants tested. ^dSegregation of the heterozygous lines conforms to a Mendelian 1:2:1 ratio according to the χ^2 test ($P > 0.05$).