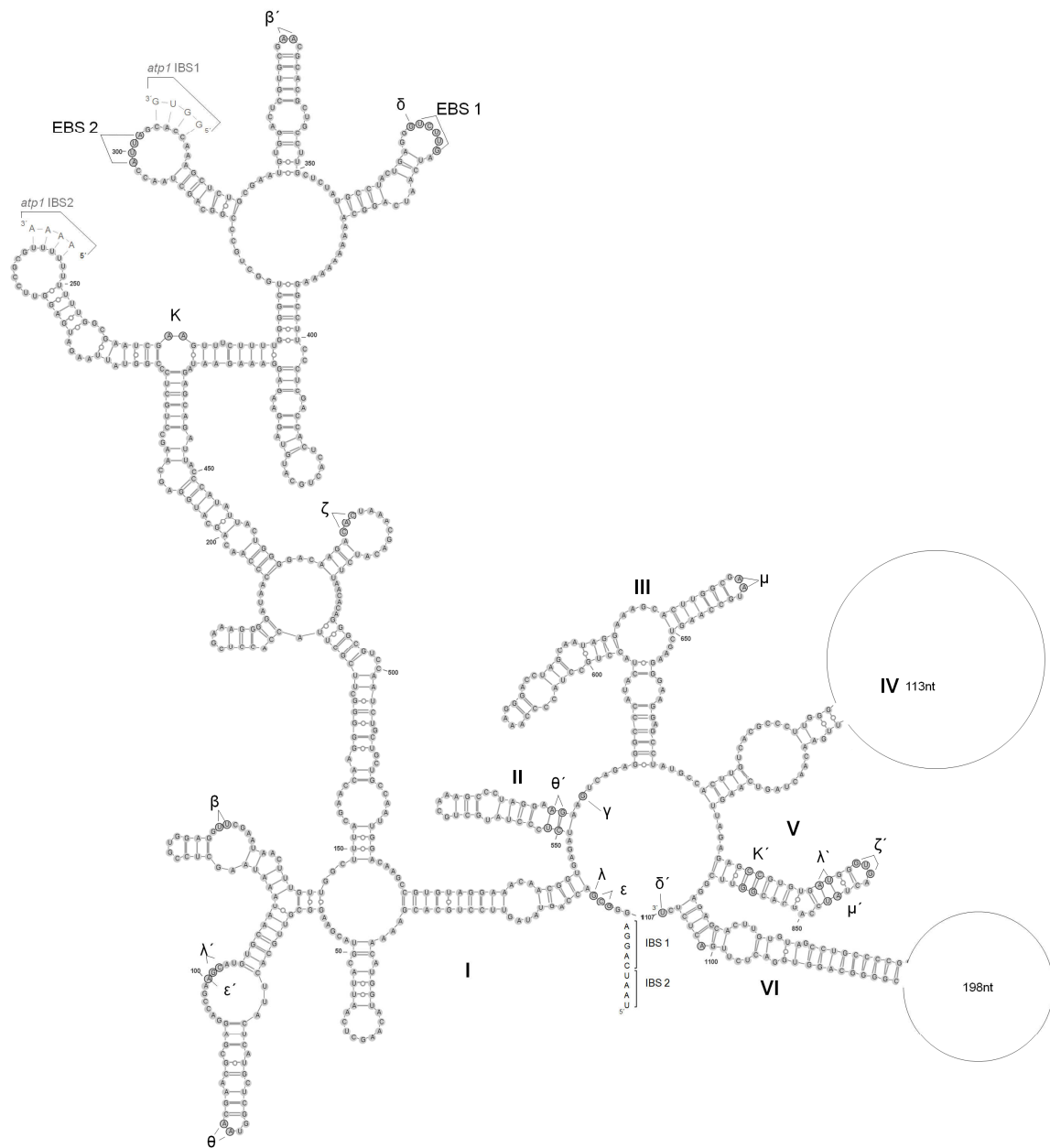


**Supplementary figure 1.** Secondary structure model of rps3i249g2 in *Pteris cretica*. Display is analogous to figure 6.



**Supplementary figure 2.** Secondary structure model of *rps3i249g2* from *Phlegmariusus squarrosus* shows the six radiating domains (Roman numbers) of this group II intron with their tertiary interaction sites (Greek letters and black circles around nucleotides) and the exon binding sites 1 & 2 (EBS) and intron binding sites 1 & 2 (IBS). Additionally *atp1i361g2* IBS 1 & 2 consensus sequence from monilophytes and the lycophyte *Phlegmariusus squarrosus* are displayed in grey.

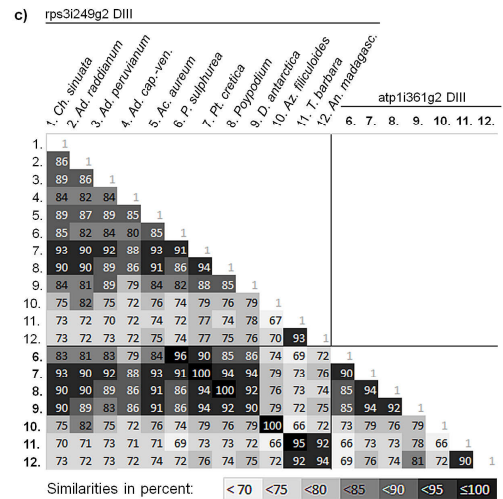
a)

	Domain II	Domain II lengths & similarities
<i>Polypodium</i> atp1i361	ATCTTCGCGGGG---GAAAAGGAAAGCCCGGAGAGAGGTCA	29 bp 69%
rps3i249	ATCTTA--TGGGG-----AGAAAAGCCCGGAGAGAGGTCA	25 bp
<i>Ch. sinuata</i> rps3i249	ATCTTC--TGGGA--GAAAAGCAAAGCCCGAAGAGAGGTCA	30 bp
<i>Ad. raddianum</i> rps3i249	ATCTTC--TGAGA-----GAAAAGCCCGAAGAGAGGTCA	25 bp
<i>Ad. peruvianum</i> rps3i249	ATCTTC--TGGGA-----GAAAAGCCCTGAAGAGAGGTCA	25 bp
<i>Ad. cap.-ven.</i> rps3i249	ATCTTC--TGGGA-----GAAAAGCCCGAAGAGAGGTCA	25 bp
<i>Ac. aureum</i> rps3i249	AACTTA--TGGGA-----GAAAAGCCCAAAGAGAGGTCA	25 bp
<i>P. sulphurea</i> atp1i361	ATCTTA--TAGGGAGAGGGAGAAAAGCCCGAAGAGAGGTCA	32 bp
rps3i249	ATCTTA--TGGGAGNNNAAGAAAGCCCGAAGAGAGGTCA	131 bp 21%
<i>Pt. cretica</i> atp1i361	ATCTTC--TAGGGAGAGGGAGAAAAGCCCGAAGAGAGGTCA	32 bp
rps3i249	ATCTTA--TGGGA-----GAAAAGCCCGAAGAGAGGTCA	25 bp 69%
<i>D. antarctica</i> atp1i361	ATCTTCGCGGGG-----GAAAAGCCCGGAGAGAGGTCA	27 bp
rps3i249	ATCTTA--TGGGG-----GAAAAGCCCTAGAAAGAGTCA	25 bp 70%
<i>Az. filiculoides</i> atp1i361	ATCTTCGCGGGG-----GAAAAGCCCGAAGAAAGTCA	27 bp
rps3i249	ATCTTA--TGGGA-----GAAAAGCCCGAAGAAAGTCA	25 bp 85%
<i>T. barbara</i> atp1i361	ATCTTCGCGGGG-----GAAAAGCCCTATGAAGAA-TCA	27 bp
rps3i249	ATCTTA--TAGGG-----GAAAAGCCCTAGGAAGAGTCA	25 bp 77%
<i>An. madagasc.</i> atp1i361	ATCTTCGCGGGG-----GAAAACCTTAGGAAGAGTAA	27 bp
rps3i249	ATCTTA--TAGG-----GAAAAGCCCTAGGAAGAGTCA	24 bp 75%

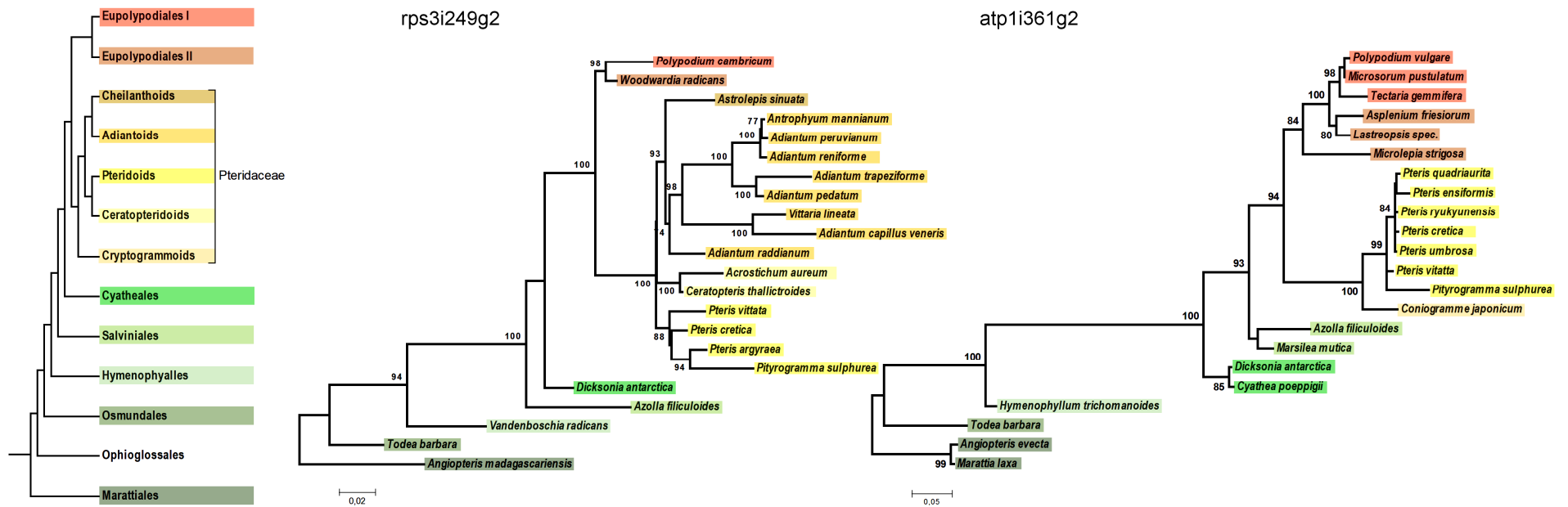
b)

	Domain III	Similarities in percent
<i>Polypodium</i> atp1i361	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	<70 <75 <80 <85 <90 <95 <100
rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>Ch. sinuata</i> rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>Ad. raddianum</i> rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>Ad. peruvianum</i> rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>Ad. cap.-ven.</i> rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>Ac. aureum</i> rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>P. sulphurea</i> atp1i361	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>Pt. cretica</i> atp1i361	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---CCGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>D. antarctica</i> atp1i361	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---AGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---AGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>Az. filiculoides</i> atp1i361	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---AGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---AGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>T. barbara</i> atp1i361	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---AGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---AGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
<i>An. madagasc.</i> atp1i361	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---AAA-AGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	
rps3i249	GAGGGCCATACCACTGCCTACCTTTG---GGGAACC-----GGGAAG---CACTTGGCG---AATGCCAA---GTAGAG---GGAAAGAGCCTAC	

c)



**Supplementary figure 3.** Sequence alignment of atp1i361g2 and rps3i249g2 domains II (a) and III (b) of selected fern species as displayed in figures 7 and 8. A unique large sequence insertion in rps3i249g2 domain II of *Pityrogramma sulphurea* is represented by NNN. Sequence similarities are given for pairwise comparisons of the short domains II of the two intron paralogues next to the alignment. A similarity matrix for the larger domains III is shown top right (c), demonstrating high similarities of the two paralogues in the bottom left rectangle of the matrix. The atp1i361g2 paralogues are labelled in bold. Full taxon names are: *Cheilanthes sinuata* (1), *Adiantum raddianum* (2), *Adiantum peruvianum* (3), *Adiantum capillus-veneris* (4), *Acrostichum aureum* (5), *Pityrogramma sulphurea* (6), *Pteris cretica* (7), *Polypodium vulgare* (atp1i361g2) & *cambricum* (rps3i249g2) (8), *Dicksonia antarctica* (9), *Azolla filiculoides* (10), *Todea barbara* (11) and *Angiopteris madascariensis* (12).



**Supplementary figure 4.** Phylogenetic analysis of the rps3i249g2 and atp1i361g2 was generated using maximum likelihood analysis. Each dataset underwent 1000 bootstrap repeats. As substitution model GTR+I+G4 was used. Bootstrap support below 70% are not shown. The leptosporangiate fern topology was created based on a multi-locus chloroplastid dataset shown in Figure 2 and 3. Species were colored respective to the order, suborder or subclade of family they belong to. Incongruences respective the taxon-sampling for the one or the other intron are due to missing data.

**Supplementary Table 1.** Oligonucleotide primer sequences. All primers which were used in this study and their respective sources are listed below. Primer names ending “up” or “do” are forward or reverse primer, respectively. Primers binding in introns are named with “intron”. Some exon primers (“edit”) fit known editing sites in their sequence and are used to selectively amplify edited cDNA.

Name	Locus	Sequence from 5' to 3'	Study
rbcL_up_pry	<i>rbcL</i>	ATGTCACCACAAACGGAGACTAAAGC	Pryer et al. (2004)
rbcL_do_pry	<i>rbcL</i>	TCAGGACTCCACTTACTAGCTTCACG	Pryer et al. (2004)
atpB_up_pry	<i>atpB</i>	AATGTTACTTGTGAAGTWCAACAAT	Pryer et al. (2004)
atpB_do_pry	<i>atpB</i>	ATTCCAAACWATTTCGATTWGGAG	Pryer et al. (2004)
atpA_up_pelz	<i>atpA</i>	GARCARGTTCGACAGCAAGT	Schuettpelz et al. (2006)
atpA_do_pelz	<i>atpA</i>	GTATAGGTTCRARTCCTATTGGACG	Schuettpelz et al. (2006)
rps19_up	<i>rps19</i>	GRTTGGTCATAAATYTGAGAG	This study
rpl16_do	<i>rpl16</i>	TATCTGCSAARAYTCTTACCC	This study
rps3_upex1	<i>rps3</i>	RTMAATCCGATTTCAAGTCAGA	This study
rps3_upex2	<i>rps3</i>	GGTGTATTATTCATCATTYYCC	This study
rps3_do2ex3	<i>rps3</i>	CGTAATTTTCCTTCAGTAATCC	This study
rps3_do3ex2	<i>rps3</i>	GGRAATGATGAATAATACACC	This study
rps3_upin1	<i>rps3</i>	GACCGGTCTAGTTYCTGC	This study
rps3_doDV	<i>rps3</i>	RTGCTCTCYGAACCGKGCTRG	This study
rps3 ex2upc	<i>rps3</i>	TCTTTTTTCTAGTTCAACGACG	This study
rps3 i2do1	<i>rps3</i>	CAGAGCGTGACAAATACATAGG	This study
rps3 ex3doc	<i>rps3</i>	TCYTCTCCAGCAACAATGAC	This study
atp1_up	<i>atp1</i>	GATGGAAYTGCACGTGTTTATGG	Knie et al. (2015)
atp1_do	<i>atp1</i>	ACRTCYCCAGCTTRKRTTTC	Knie et al. (2015)
atp1_do2	<i>atp1</i>	YAAAAGGTAGCCAGTTGASTG	This study
atp1_do3	<i>atp1</i>	CASTCAACTGGCTACCTTTTR	This study
atp1cDup	<i>atp1</i>	ATGCTAGGTCGTGTAGTTGATGCG	This study
atp1cDdo	<i>atp1</i>	GAA ATG ACA TTG GTA GGA ATA TAA GC	This study
atp1inup3	<i>atp1</i>	TCA ACG TGT TGC CAG ATA GAC G	This study
atp1indo	<i>atp1</i>	AAA GAT AGG CAG GTG GTA TGG	This study
atp1ido5	<i>atp1</i>	TGA CYA TRA TGT GCC TAT RGC	This study
matKup1	<i>matK</i>	AGACARACCGKATCRAAGWTGAACG	This study
matKdo1	<i>matK</i>	AATTTTTATYTRAYRGAKGGYAAACG	This study

**Supplementary Table 2.** List of all detected RNA editing sites in *atp1* exons. The position labelling was set to “self”. For some taxa marked with an asterisk (\*) the RNA editing sites were predicted with the PREPACT alignment prediction tool (Lenz and Knoop 2013) using *Pteris umbrosa* cDNA as reference. Editing sites which are found in the CR clade and at least one other clade are considered to be plesiomorphic in the Pteridaceae and are shaded in green. Edits which are restricted to certain subclades of Pteridaceae, e. g. Pteridaceae without CR or AD/CH clade are shown in yellow. Edits which only occur in a single genus are shaded in blue.

**Supplementary Table 3. List of experimentally verified intronic RNA editing sites.** The intronic RNA editing sites were analyzed through a cDNA analysis of premature and unspliced mRNAs. Extending the usual nomenclature (Rüdinger et al. 2009) the intronic editing sites are named after the intron name, the type of RNA editing (eU for C-to-U and eC for U-to-C editing) and the intron nucleotide position.

Species and clone name	Gene	Intronic RNA editing sites
<i>Pteris cretica</i> intronup1	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eC285
<i>Pteris cretica</i> introndo1	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eU276, atp1i361g2eU385, atp1i361g2eU386; atp1i361g2eU506, atp1i361g2eC742
<i>Pteris umbrosa</i> introndo1	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eU276
<i>Pteris vittata</i> intronup1	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eU200, atp1i361g2eU271, atp1i361g2eC280
<i>Pteris vittata</i> intronup2	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eC280
<i>Pteris vittata</i> introndo1	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eU271, atp1i361g2eU380, atp1i361g2eU381, atp1i361g2eC397, atp1i361g2eU509, atp1i361g2eC590, atp1i361g2eU746
<i>Pteris vittata</i> introndo2	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eU271, atp1i361g2eU380, atp1i361g2eU381, atp1i361g2eU509, atp1i361g2eC590, atp1i361g2eU746
<i>Pteris vittata</i> introndo3	<i>atp1</i>	atp1i361g2eU380, atp1i361g2eC513, atp1i361g2eC590
<i>Pteris cretica</i> intronup1	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2eU590, rps3i249g2eU658
<i>Pteris argyraea</i> intronup1	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2eC346, rps3i249g2eU591, rps3i249g2eU658
<i>Pteris argyraea</i> intronup2	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2eU591, rps3i249g2eU658
<i>Pteris vittata</i> intronup1	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2eU132, rps3i249g2eU597, rps3i249g2eU602, rps3i249g2eU670
<i>Pteris vittata</i> intronup2	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2eU132, rps3i249g2eU670
<i>Pteris vittata</i> intronup3	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2eU132, rps3i249g2eU632, rps3i249g2eU670
<i>Pteris vittata</i> intronup4	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2eU132, rps3i249g2eU503, rps3i249g2eU670
<i>Onychium japonicum</i> intronup1	<i>rps3</i>	rps3i249g2C332, rps3i249g2eU583, rps3i249g2C647, rps3i249g2C651

**Supplementary Table 4. Taxa and loci.** Additional database accessions of sequences investigated in this study are shown “-” indicates that no data are available. The respective epithet is indicated below the accession number when originating from a different species of the same genus.

<b>Pteridaceae</b>	<b>rbcl</b>	<b>atpB</b>	<b>atpA</b>	<b>matK</b>	<b>atp1</b>
<i>Acrostichum danaeifolium</i>	EF452129	EF452008	EF452065	-	-
<i>Adiantum malesianum</i>	EF452132	EF452011	EF452068	-	KC984412
<i>Adiantum tenerum</i>	EF452134	EF452014	EF452072	-	KC984415
<i>Adiantum tetraphyllum</i>	EF452135	EF452015	EF452073	-	KC984416
<i>Anetium citrifolium</i>	U21284,	EF452017	EF452075	-	KC984417
<i>Argyroschisma limitanea</i>	EF452139	EF452019	EF452077	-	-
<i>Anogramma leptophylla</i>	AY168715	-	-	-	-
<i>Antrophyum latifolium</i>	EF452138	EF452018	EF452076	-	KC984418
<i>Bommeria hispida</i>	EF452142	EF452022	EF452081	-	KC984419
<i>Ceratopteris richardii</i>	AB059585	AY612691	EF452082	-	-
<i>Cheilanthes alabamensis</i>	EF452143	EF452023	EF452083	-	-
<i>Cheilanthes eatonii</i>	EF452144	EF452024	EF452084	-	-
<i>Cheilanthes nitidula</i>	EF452146	EF452025	EF452085	-	-
<i>Cheilanthes viridis</i>	EF452147	EF452026	EF452086	-	-
<i>Coniogramme fraxinea</i>	AM177359	AY612693	AM176470	-	-
<i>Cryptogramma crispa</i>	EF452148	EF452027	EF452087	-	KC984421
<i>Doryopteris sagittifolia</i>	EF452151	EF452032	EF452093	-	-
<i>Eriosorus cheilanthisoides</i>	EF452152	EF452034	EF452095	-	-
<i>Haplopteris elongata</i>	EF452153	EF452035	EF452096	-	KC984423
<i>Hecistopteris pumila</i>	U21286	EF452036	EF452097	-	KC984424
<i>Jamesonia verticalis</i>	EF452155	EF452038	EF452099	-	-
<i>Llavea cordifolia</i>	U27726	EF452039	EF452100	-	-
<i>Monachosorum henryi</i>	U05932	AY612706	AM176469	-	-
<i>Monogramma graminea</i>	EF452157	EF452040	EF452102	-	KC984428
<i>Nephrolepis cordifolia</i>	U05933	EF452041	EF452103	-	-
<i>Neurocallis praestantissima</i>	EF452158	EF452042	EF452104	-	-
<i>Notholaena aschenborniana</i>	EF452159	EF452043	EF452105	-	-
<i>Ochropteris pallens</i>	EF452160	EF452044	EF452106	-	-
<i>Pellaea intermedia</i>	EF452163	EF452047	EF452109	-	-
<i>Pellaea truncata</i>	EF452164	EF452048	EF452110	-	-
<i>Pentagramma triangularis</i>	EF452165	EF452049	EF452111	-	KC984431
<i>Pityrogramma austroamericana</i>	EF452166	EF452050	EF452112	-	KC984432
<i>Platyzoa microphyllum</i>	AY168721	EF452051	EF452113	-	-
<i>Polytaenium cajenense</i>	U20934	EF452052	EF452114	-	-
<i>Pteris arborea</i>	EF452168	EF452053	EF452116	-	-
<i>Pteris multifida</i>	EF452171	EF452056	EF452119	-	-
<i>Pteris propinqua</i>	EF452172	EF452057	EF452120	-	-
<i>Pteris tremula</i>	EF452174	EF452059	EF452122	-	-
<i>Pterozonium brevifrons</i>	EF452175	EF452061	EF452124	-	-
<i>Radiovittaria gardneriana</i>	U21294	EF452062	EF452125	-	-
<i>Vittaria graminifolia</i>	U21295	EF452064	EF452128	-	KC984434
<i>Rheopteris cheesmaniae</i>	EF452176	EF452063	EF452126	-	KC984433
<b>Outgroups</b>					
<i>Anemia phyllitidis</i>	AJ303391	AY612687	AM176474	JF303905	KJ944577
<i>Asplenium nidus</i>	U05907	AY612688	DQ390545 <i>A. theciferum</i>	JF303923 <i>A. tripteropus</i>	KJ944566
<i>Asplenium unilaterale</i>	EF452140	EF452020	EF452078	-	-
<i>Blechnum occidentale</i>	U05910	U93838	EF452080	AJ548851	-
<i>Botrychium lunaria</i>	L13474 <i>B. biternatum</i>	AY612689	DQ390549	KP757848	DQ110159
<i>Cyathea poeppigii</i>	AF313585	AF313553	EF463640	JF303907 <i>C. dealbata</i>	KP757843 <i>C. dealbata</i>
<i>Cystopteris reevesiana</i>	EF452149	EF452028	EF452088	-	-
<i>Davallia solida</i>	AB212712	EF452029	EF452089	-	-
<i>Dennstaedtia punctilobula</i>	U05918	U93836	EF452090	-	-
<i>Didymochlaena truncatula</i>	AF425105	EF452030	EF452091	-	-
<i>Dryopteris aemula</i>	AY268881	EF452033	EF452094	DQ646243 <i>D. wallichiana</i>	-
<i>Equisetum bogotense</i>	KP75784	AY226139	KC893871	KP757844	-
<i>Equisetum hyemale</i>	NC020146	DQ646213	-	-	-
<i>Gleichenia dicarpa</i>	AF313584	AF313550	DQ390562	HM021798 <i>G. japonica</i>	KJ944572
<i>Helminthostachys zeylanica</i>	EU352293	DQ646095	-	KP757847	DQ110149
<i>Hymenophyllum hirsutum</i>	AF275645	AF313538	DQ390565	JF303898 <i>H. trichomanoides</i>	DQ646226 <i>H. trichomanoides</i>
<i>Leptopteris superba</i>	AY612678 <i>L. wilkesiana</i>	AY612699 <i>L. wilkesiana</i>	DQ390566 <i>L. hymenophylloides</i>	KM925081	KJ944576



<i>Lygodium japonicum</i>	KF225593	KF225593	KF225593	KF225593	KP757845
<i>Marattia laevis</i>	AF313581 <i>M. attenuata</i>	AF313546 <i>M. attenuata</i>	DQ390567 <i>M. alata</i>	KM925080	KJ944578
<i>Marsilea drummondii</i>	EU352306	AF313551	EF463786	HM021801 <i>M. mutica</i>	KJ944563 <i>M. hirsuta</i>
<i>Matonia pectinata</i>	EU352307	AY612704	DQ390568	JF303903	KJ944573
<i>Microlepia platyphylla</i>	U18642	U93832	EF452101	-	-
<i>Ophioglossum californicum</i>	KC117178	KC117178	KC117178	KC117178	KJ944573 <i>O. petiolatum</i>
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	HM535629	HM535629	HM535629	HM535629	AJ548852
<i>Pteridium esculentum</i>	U05940	U93834	EF452115	-	-
<i>Psilotum nudum</i>	AP004638	AP004638	AP004638	AP004638	AJ548873
<i>Salvinia molesta</i>	EU269668	AF313552	DQ390576 <i>S. cucullata</i>	JF303906	KJ944562
<i>Schizaea dichotoma</i>	AY612683	AY612709	EF463861	JF303899	n.d.
<i>Tmesipteris elongata</i>	EU352294	U93823	DQ390579	KJ569699	KJ944579
<i>Thelypteris palustris</i>	U05947	AY612713	EF452127	-	-

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