Polysialic acid sustains cancer cell survival and migratory capacity in a hypoxic environment

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Supplementary data 1 (S1)

S1. Effect of hypoxia on the polySia-mediated adhesiveness of cancer cells. A polySia-mediated reduction in cell adhesion to Matrigel[©] in C6-STX but not C6-WT cell line was observed under both normoxia and hypoxia. (**P \leq 0.01)

Supplementary data 2 (S2)

Cell line and conditions	Apoptotic cells		
	Late apoptotic (necrotic)	Early apoptotic	viable cells
SH-SY5Y (Normoxia)	6.16± 0.15	10.36 ± 2.01	81.94 ± 2.19
SH-SY5Y (Hypoxia)	4.41 ± 0.02	7.29 ± 0.29	85.54 ± 0.43

S2. Percentage of annexin V staining of SH-SY5Y cells under hypoxic and normoxic conditions

	Т0	T16
C6-STX, Control		
C6-STX, CoCl₂, 130 μM		
C6-WT, Control		
C6-WT, CoCl₂, 130 μM		

Supplementary data 3 (S3)

S3. Migration of C6-STX and C6-WT cells following CoCl₂ treatment. Wound size immediately and 16 hours after scratching illustrates wound closure of C6-STX and C6-WT cells with/without 100 μ M CoCl₂.

Supplementary data 4 (S4)



S4. Effect of CoCl₂ treatment on C6 cell lines. (A) Expression of LDHA after treatment of C6-STX and C6-WT cells with different concentrations of CoCl₂. Lane 1 represents control untreated cells, lane 2 after 130 μ M CoCl₂ and lane 3 after 200 μ M CoCl₂. Results are representative of two independent experiments; (B) quantification of fold-change in LDHA expression for C6-STX cells after treatment with 100 μ M CoCl₂ (16 hours) and 200 μ M CoCl₂ (24 hours); (C) quantification of fold-change in LDHA expression of C6-WT after treatment with 100 μ M CoCl₂ (16 hours) and 200 μ M CoCl₂ (16 hours); (C) quantification of fold-change in LDHA expression of C6-WT after treatment with 100 μ M CoCl₂ (16 hours) and 200 μ M CoCl₂ (16 hours).

Supplementary data 5 (S5)



S5. Effect of HIF-1α **induction on the survival of C6-STX and C6-WT cells**. (P≥0.05, not significant)