

Clinical Characterization of Patients with Cardiovascular Disease

	Non-diabetes (n=5)	Diabetes (n=5)	p-value
Age (yr)	61.7 ± 7.4	61.6 ± 8.9	0.987
Gender	Males	Males	-
BMI (kg/m ²)	26.2 ± 1.9	35.9 ± 6.9	0.016
HbA1c (%)	5.6 ± 2.0	7.0 ± 1.1	0.027
SBP (mmHg)	147.0 ± 11.0	134.0 ± 12.0	0.149
DBP (mmHg)	81.0 ± 8.0	72.0 ± 8.0	0.095
Cholesterol (mM)	4.1 ± 0.9	4.3 ± 1.0	0.818
LDL (mM)	2.2 ± 0.7	2.0 ± 0.6	0.531
HDL (mM)	1.2 ± 0.4	1.0 ± 0.3	0.382

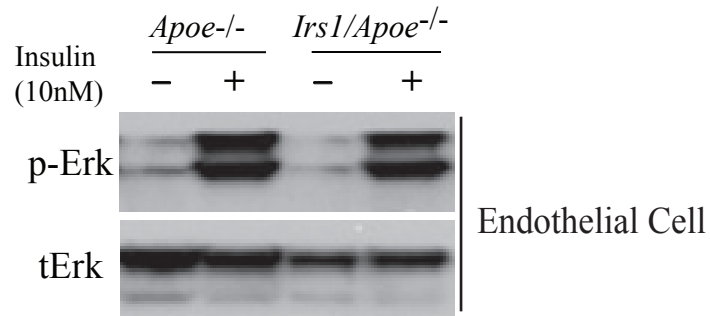
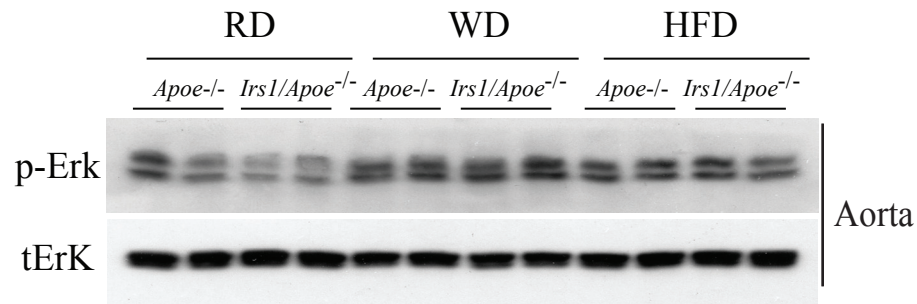
Supplemental Table 1

Result of ANOVA Analysis

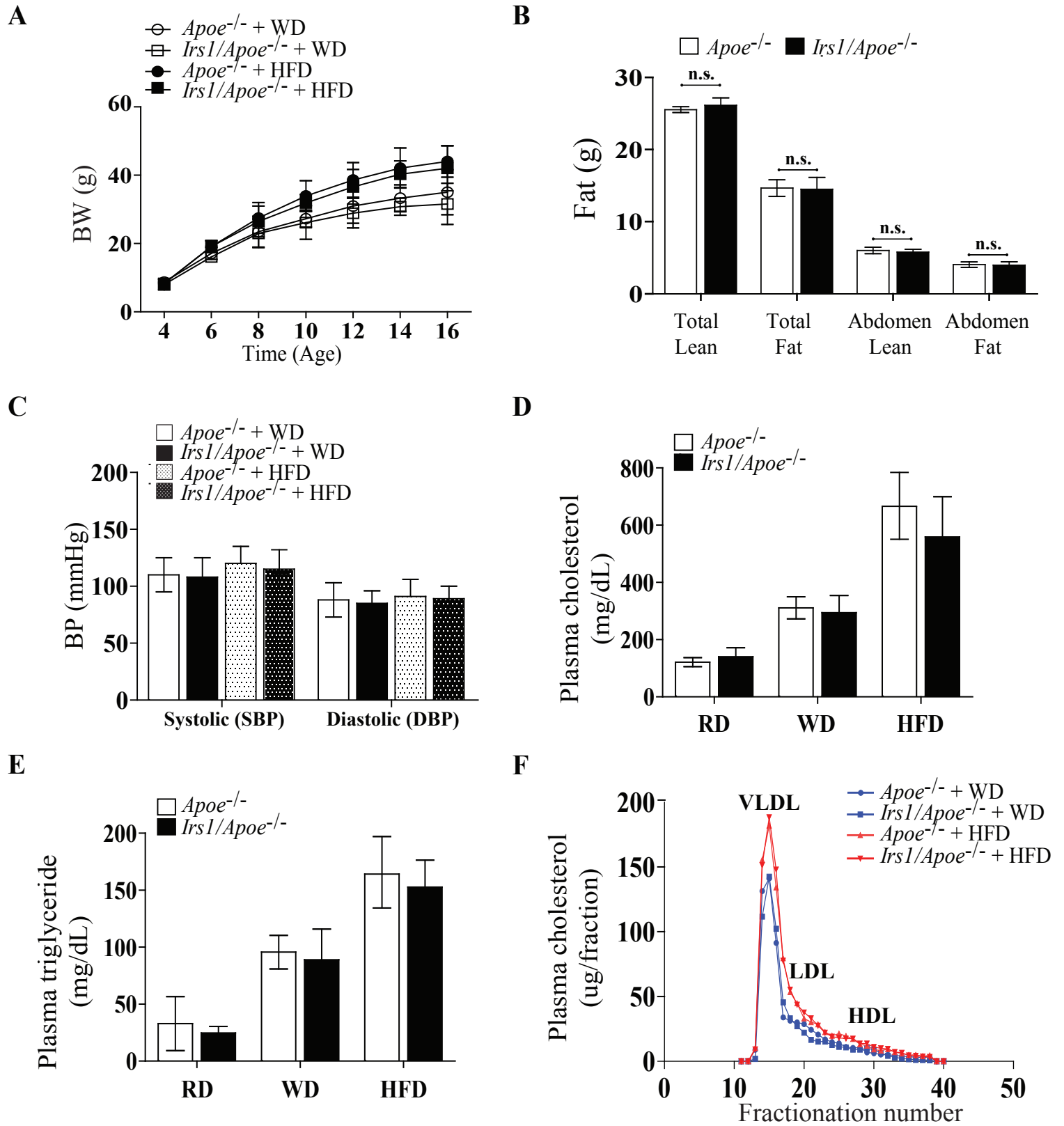
Figure	Factor Variable	P value for main effect	Interaction	P value for interaction
Figure 1F	Gene Insulin	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin	0.01
Figure 1H	Gene Insulin	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin	0.07
Figure 2A	Gene Time Diet	0.39 <0.001 <0.001	Gene#Time Gene#Diet Time#Diet Gene#Time#Diet	0.83 0.58 <0.001 0.97
Figure 2B	Gene Time Diet	0.76 <0.001 0.01	Gene#Time Gene#Diet Time#Diet Gene#Time#Diet	0.96 0.78 <0.12 0.97
Figure 2E	Gene Diet	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Diet	0.001
Figure 2I p-AKT	Gene Insulin Diet	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin Gene#Diet Insulin#Diet Gene#Insulin#Diet	<0.01 0.14 <0.001 0.25
Figure 2I p-eNOS	Gene Insulin Diet	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin Gene#Diet Insulin#Diet Gene#Insulin#Diet	<0.001 0.1 <0.001 0.17
Figure 3B VCAM1	Gene Insulin Ox-LDL	0.001 0.005 <0.001	Gene#Insulin Gene#Ox-LDL Insulin#Ox-LDL Gene#Insulin#Ox-LDL	0.18 0.004 0.03 0.11
Figure 3B p-AKT	Gene Insulin Ox-LDL	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin Gene#Ox-LDL Insulin#Ox-LDL Gene#Insulin#Ox-LDL	<0.001 0.19 <0.001 0.05
Figure 3C	Gene Insulin Ox-LDL	<0.001 0.04 <0.001	Gene#Insulin Gene#Ox-LDL Insulin#Ox-LDL Gene#Insulin#Ox-LDL	0.49 <0.001 0.17 0.9
Figure 3D Insulin's effect	Gene Insulin Ox-LDL	0.002 0.04 <0.001	Gene#Insulin Gene#Ox-LDL Insulin#Ox-LDL Gene#Insulin#Ox-LDL	0.29 0.002 0.02 0.26
Figure 3D Antibody effect	Gene Antibody	0.004 0.01	Gene#Antibody	<0.05
Figure 3F p-AKT	Gene Diet	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Diet	0.89
Figure 3F p-eNOS	Gene Diet	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Diet	0.002

Figure 4A	Gene Diet	0.4 <0.001	Gene#Diet	0.6
Figure 4B Endothelium	Gene Diet	0.02 <0.001	Gene#Diet	0.01
Figure 4B Smooth Muscle Cells	Gene Diet	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Diet	0.004
Figure 4E	Gene Insulin	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin	<0.001
Figure 4F	Gene Time	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Time	<0.001
Figure 5B	Insulin Inhibitor	<0.001 <0.001	Insulin#Inhibitor	0.01
Figure 5C	Gene Insulin	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin	<0.001
Figure 5F	Gene Insulin Inhibitor	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin Gene#Inhibitor Insulin#Inhibitor Gene#Insulin#Inhibitor	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001 0.02
Figure 6D	Gene Diet Inhibitor	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001	Gene#Diet Gene#Inhibitor Diet#Inhibitor Gene#Diet#Inhibitor	<0.001 <0.001 <0.001 <0.001
Figure 7A	Gene Insulin	<0.001 <0.001	Gene#Insulin	<0.001
Figure 7C	Gene Diet	0.01 <0.001	Gene#Diet	0.02
Figure 7D	Gene	0.04	NA	NA
Figure 8B	Gene	0.003	NA	NA
Figure 8D	Gene	<0.05	NA	NA
Figure 9C	Gene Diet	0.002 <0.001	NA	NA
Figure 9E Macrophages	Gene Diet	0.003 <0.001	NA	NA
Figure 9E Collagen	Gene Diet	0.002 <0.001	NA	NA
Figure 9F	Gene Diet	0.99 <0.001	NA	NA

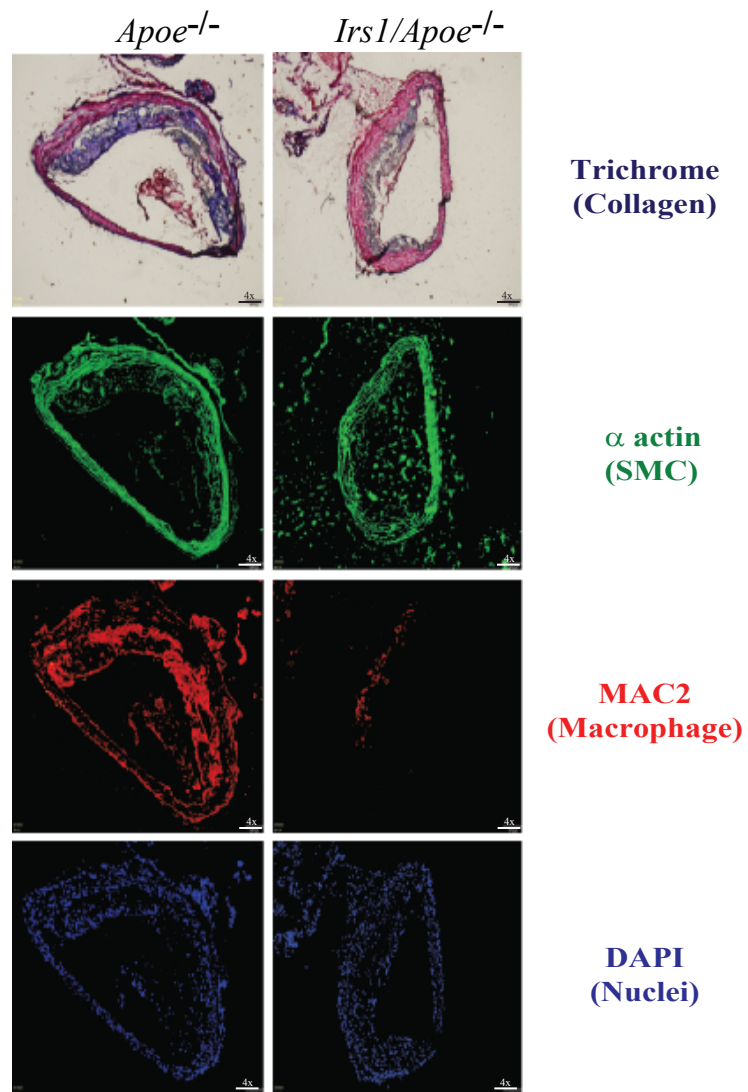
Supplemental Table 2

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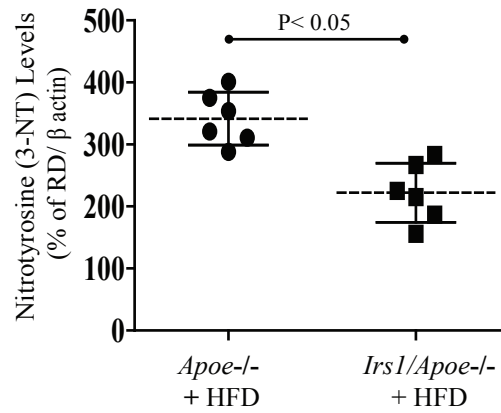
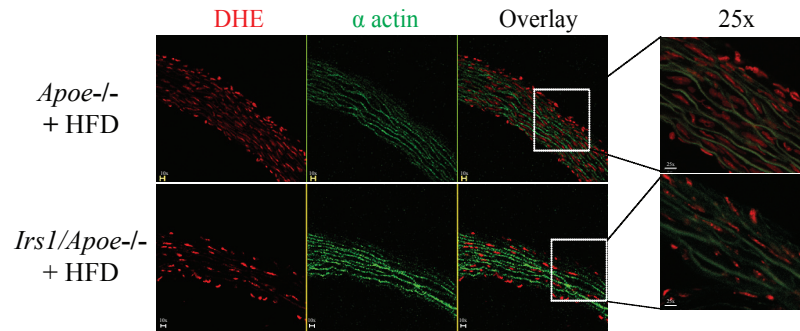
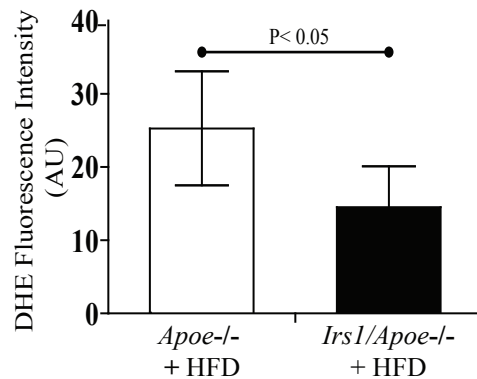
Supplemental Figure 2. Activation of Erk in EC and aorta from *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1*/*Apoe*^{-/-} mice. (A) IB analysis of p-Erk/tErk protein levels in EC after insulin stimulation. (B) IB analysis of p-Erk/tErk levels in the aorta from *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1*/*Apoe*^{-/-} mice fed on RD, WD and HFD. Data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least cellular replicates or three mouse replicates. (Two-way ANOVA for multiple comparisons involving two factorial variables and two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).



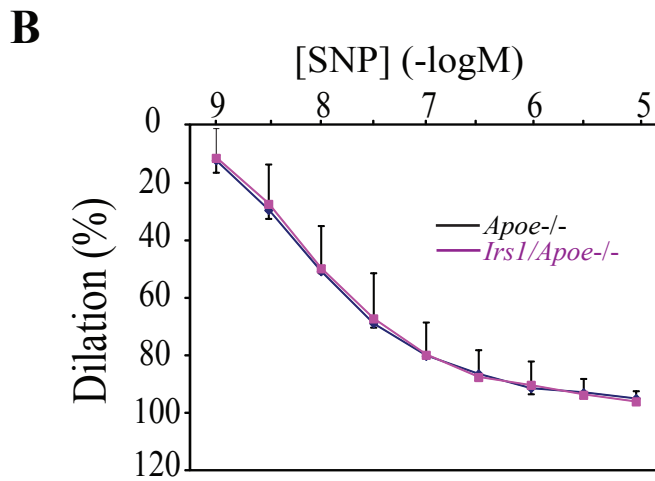
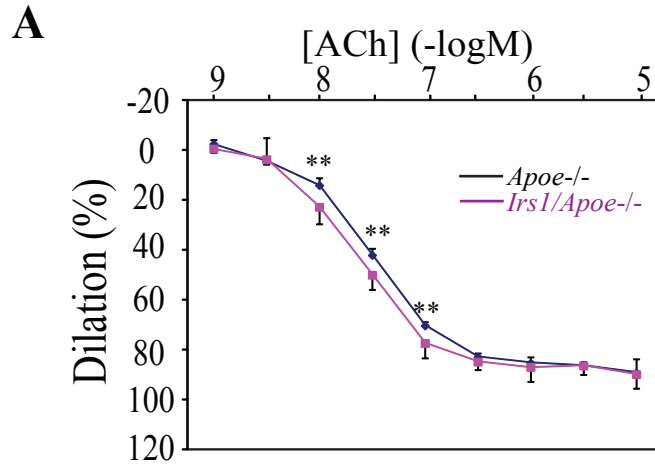
Supplemental Figure 3. Metabolic parameters assay in *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1/Apoe*^{-/-} mice. (A) BW, (B) fat composition, (C) BP, (D and E) plasma cholesterol and triglyceride, and (F) plasma lipoprotein were measured in *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1/Apoe*^{-/-} mice. All data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least five mouse replicates. (Mixed effects model for repeated measurement and two-way ANOVA for multiple comparisons involving two/three factorial variables and two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).



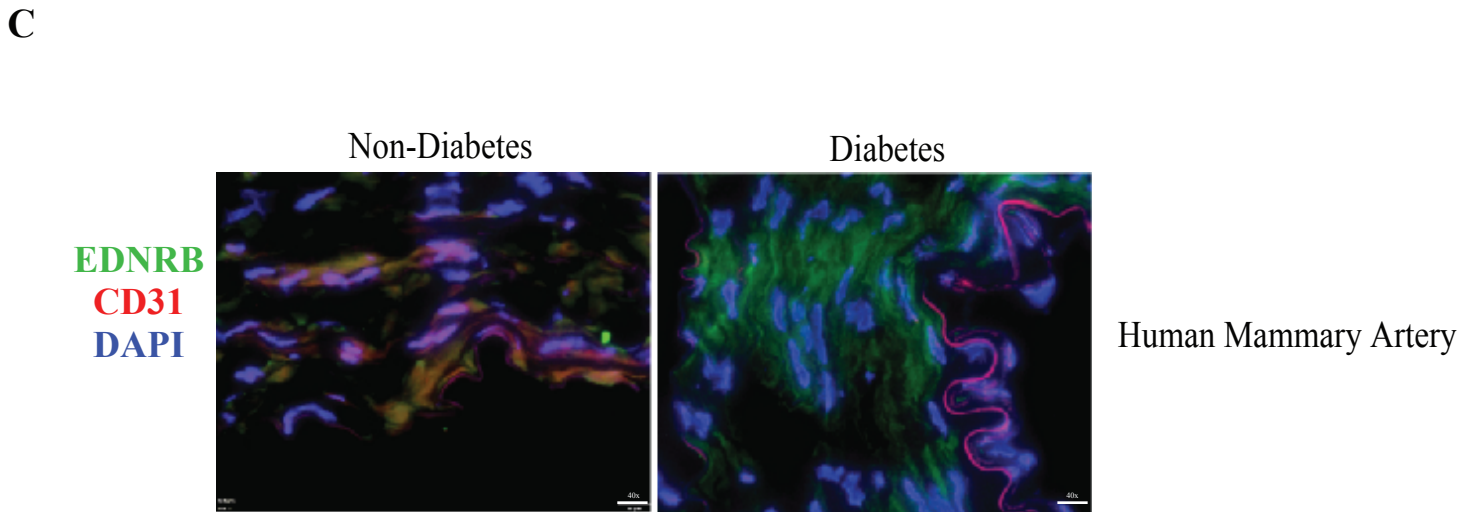
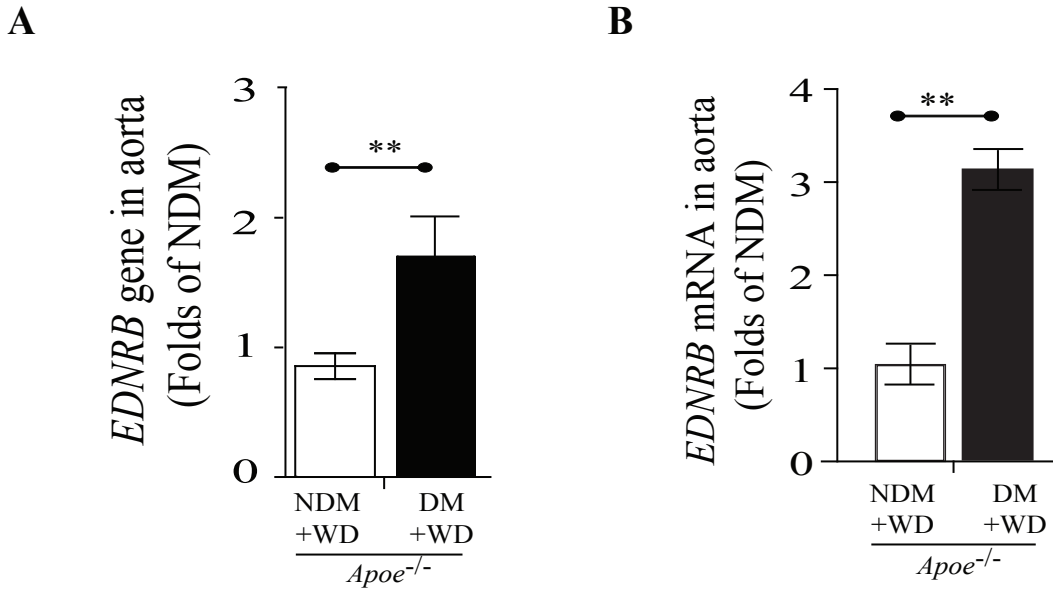
Supplemental Figure 4. Analysis of atherogenic complexity of *Apoe^{-/-}* and *Irs1/Apoe^{-/-}* mice with WD feeding. Representative examples of cross-sections from the aortic sinus stained with trichrome, α actin and MAC2 after feeding on WD for 12 wks. A higher magnification (4X) and scale bar: 100um.

A**B****C**

Supplemental Figure 5. Analysis of the extent of atherosclerosis and its complexity of *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1/Apoe*^{-/-} mice fed on HFD. (A) NT production levels in aortas of *Apoe*^{-/-} mice and *Irs1/Apoe*^{-/-} mice fed on HFD for 12 wks (n = 6 per group). (B) *In situ* DHE staining of aortas from *Apoe*^{-/-} mice and *Irs1/Apoe*^{-/-} mice under the same condition as (A) higher magnification (10X) and scale bar: 10μm. A higher magnification (25x) of the rectangle shows the VSMC (green) and DHE (red) area in the aorta. Scale bar: 10μm (C) Fluorescent density analysis of DHE. Data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least six mouse replicates. (One-way ANOVA for multiple comparisons involving one factorial variable and two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).

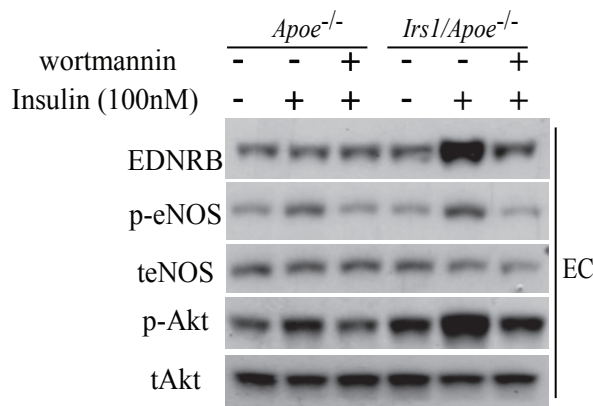


Supplemental Figure 6. Concentration-relaxation in the femoral arteries isolated from *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1/Apoe*^{-/-} mice. Concentration-response curves to (A) acetylcholine and relaxation-response curves to (B) sodium nitroprusside in femoral arteries from *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1/Apoe*^{-/-} mice. All data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least five mouse replicates. *; p<0.05 and **; p<0.01 (Mixed effects model for repeated measurement; One-way ANOVA for multiple comparisons involving one factorial variable and two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).

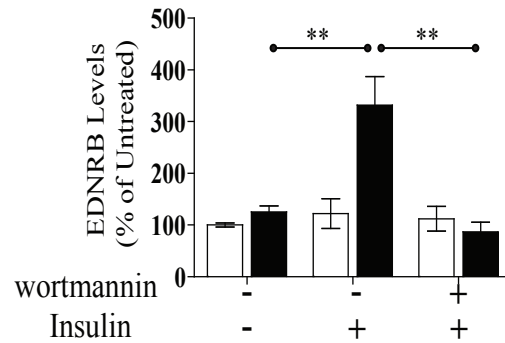


Supplemental Figure 7. EDNRB is expressed in vascular endothelium from diabetic rodent model and diabetic patients. *EDNRB* genes (A) and mRNA significantly altered in Aorta of non-diabetic *Apoe*^{-/-} mice, compared to diabetic *Apoe*^{-/-} mice fed on HFD. (C) Representative staining of EDNRB (Green), nuclei (DAPI), and CD31 (Red) in human mammary artery. A higher magnification (40X) and scale bar: 10um. Data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least three mouse replicates. **: p<0.01 (Two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).

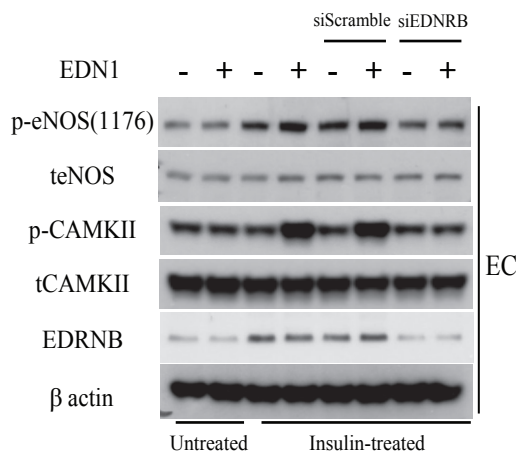
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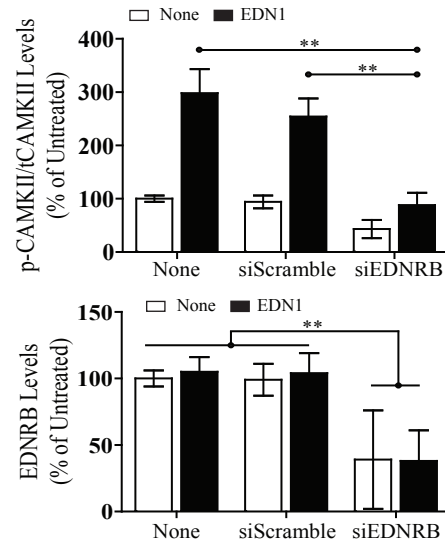
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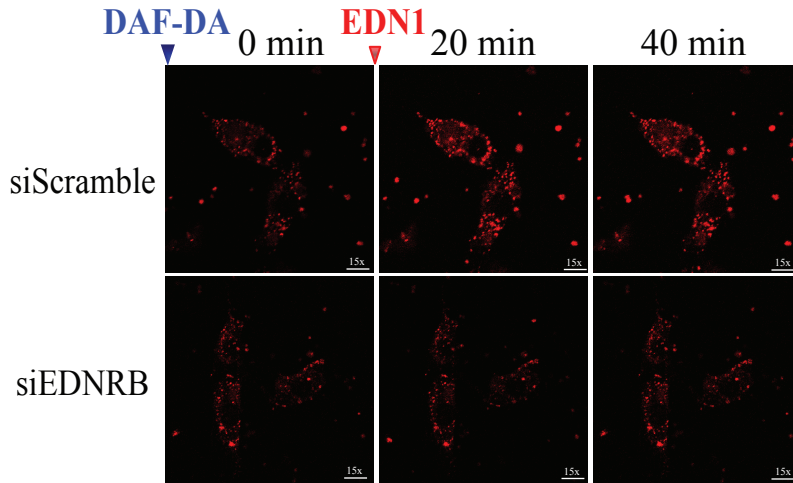
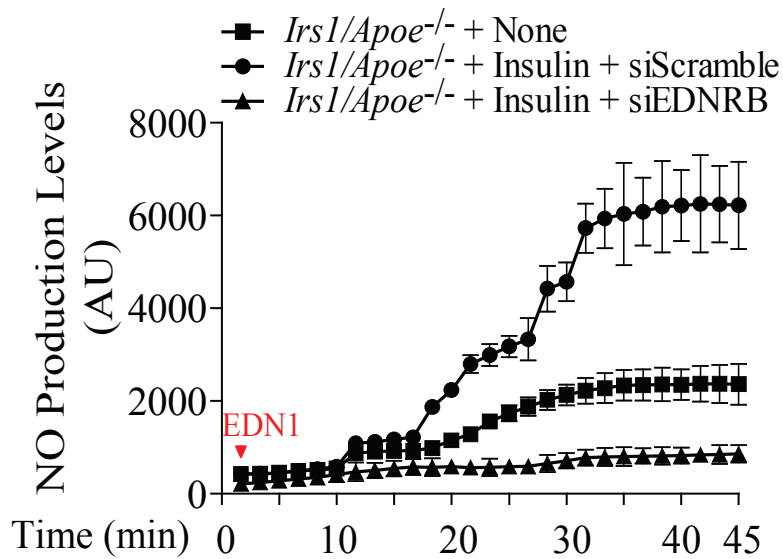
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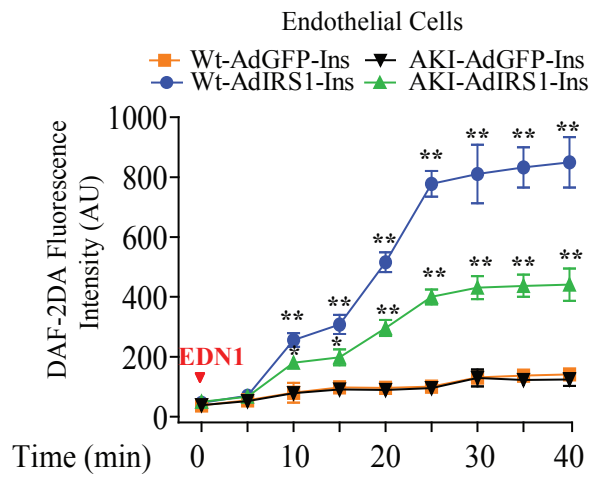
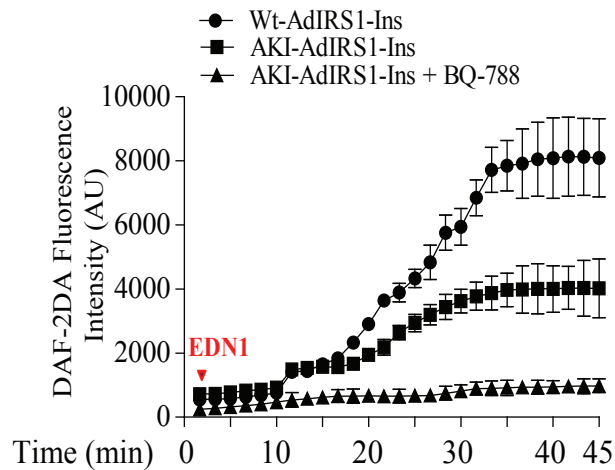
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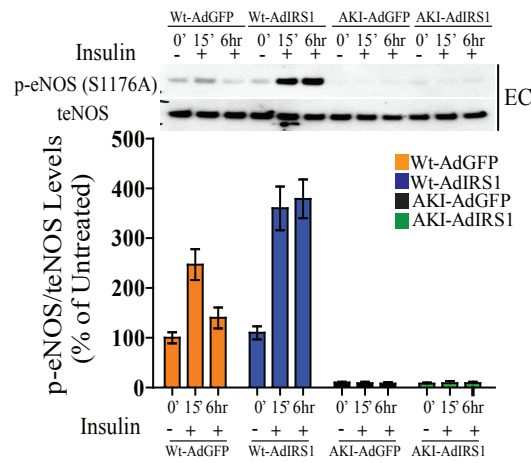
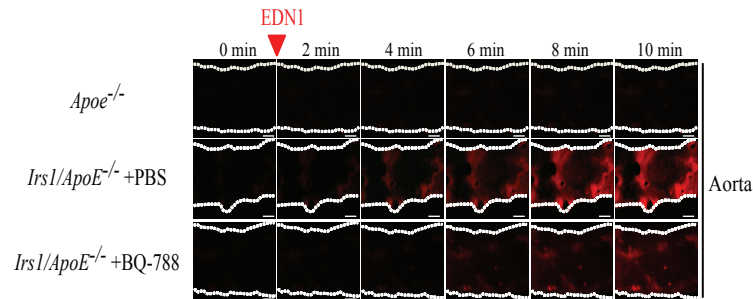
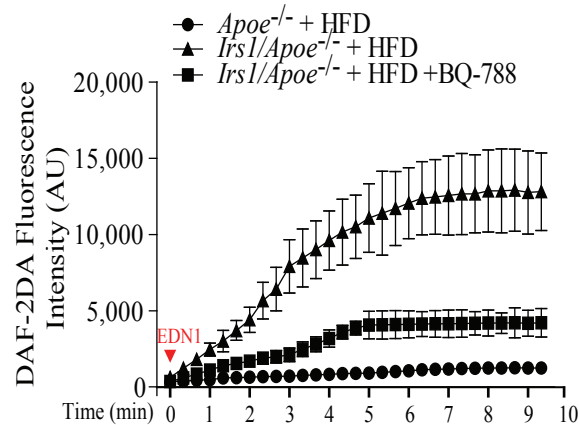
Supplemental Figure 8. Induction of NO production in EC from *Irs1/Apo^{e-/-}* mice through EDN1/EDNRB/ Ca^{2+} /CAMKII pathway. (A) Immunoblots of p-eNOS, p-Akt and EDNRB protein levels in EC pretreated with wortmannin. (B) Quantification of EDNRB expression level of (A). (C and D) Immunoblots and quantification of p-eNOS, p-CAMKII and EDNRB in EC from *Irs1/Apo^{e-/-}* mice transfected with scrambled (siScramble) or EDNRB siRNA (siEDNRB), and stimulated with insulin, and followed by EDN1 incubation. Data are represented as mean \pm SEM of at least five cellular replicates for EDNRB expression experiments. **: $p < 0.01$ (two-way/three-way ANOVA for multiple comparisons involving two/three factorial variables and two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).

A**B**

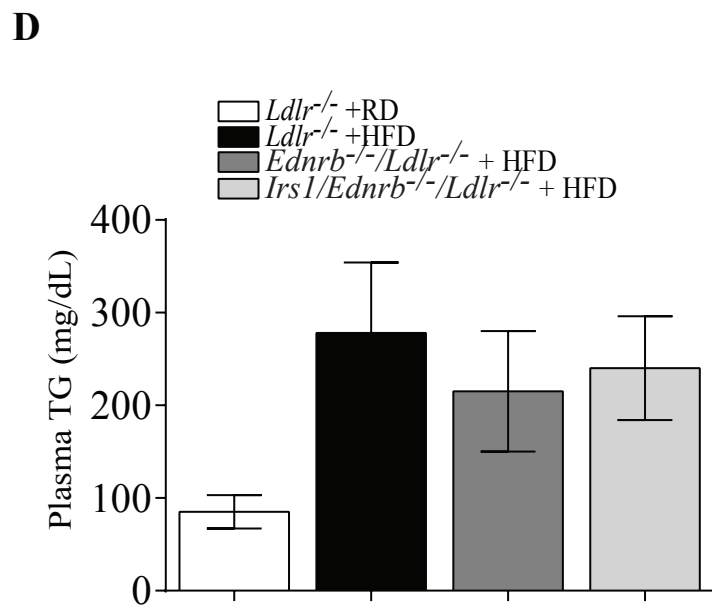
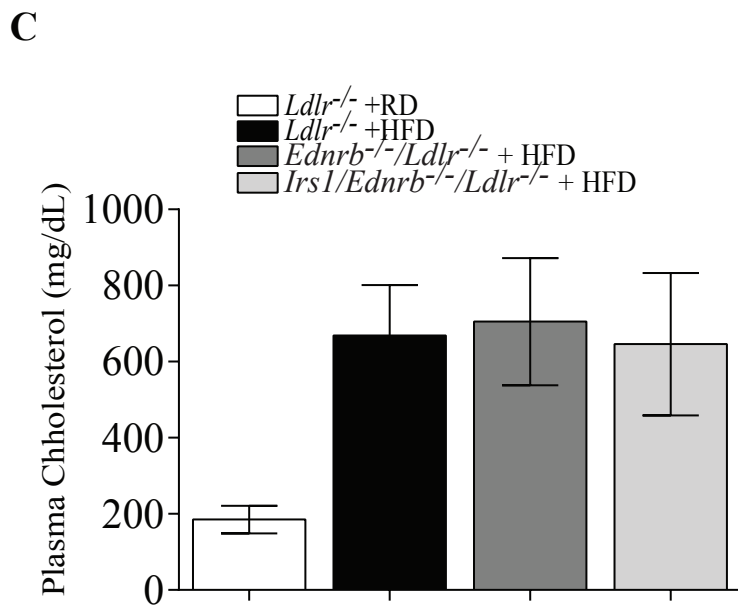
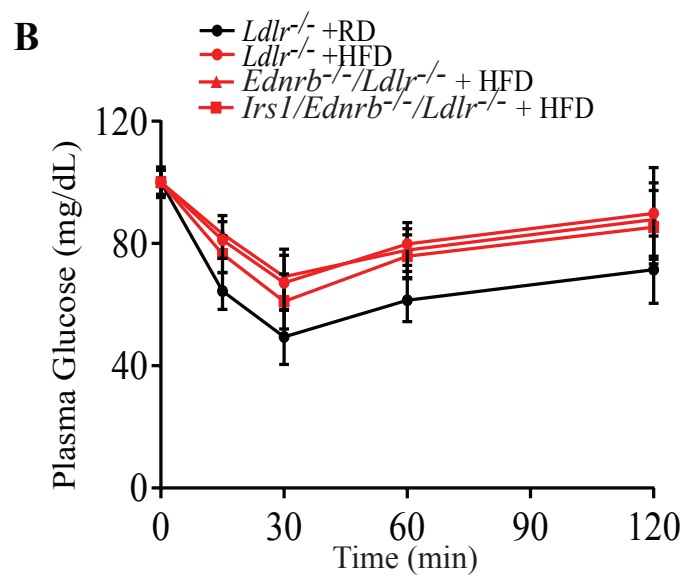
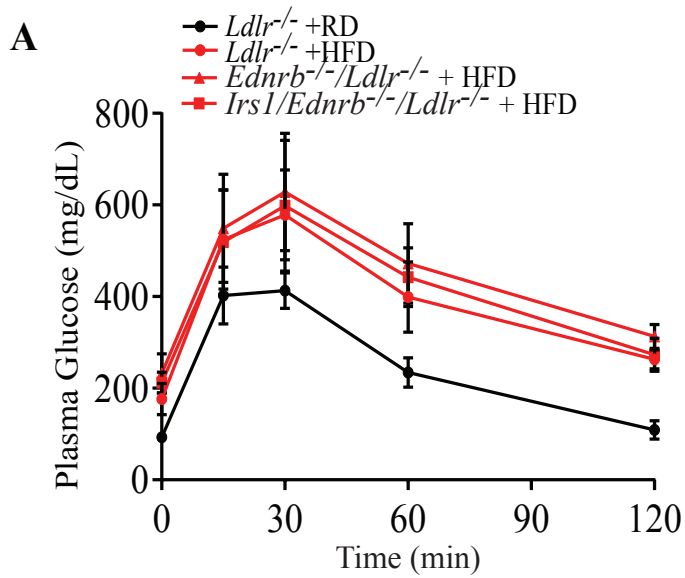
Supplemental Figure 9. Enhanced NO production through endothelial EDN1/EDNRB activation. (A) EDN1-induced NO production was reduced in the treated EC with siRNA of EDNRB, compared that of siScramble RNA. A higher magnification (15X) and scale bar: 5μm. NO production was visualized by DAF-2DA fluorescence intensity (FI) (A) and quantified in (B). Data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least five cellular replicates. (Two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).

A**B**

Supplemental Figure 10. Effect of mutated eNOS Ser to Ala at 1176 (AKI) on NO production via EDNRB pathway. (A) EC from *Apoe*^{-/-} mice were infected with an adenovirus expressing GFP and IRS1 and followed by insulin stimulation. NO production was measured and quantified by DAF-2DA. (B) NO production was quantified in insulin-stimulated aortic EC from *Apoe*^{-/-} mice treated with or without BQ-788. AU of DAF-2DA (FI). Data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least five cellular replicates, compared to Wt-AdGFP-Ins or AKI-AdGFP-Ins. *, p<0.05 and **, p<0.01 (Two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).

A**B****C**

Supplemental Figure 11. Effect of mutated eNOS Ser to Ala at 1176 (AKI) on NO production in EC or Aorta from *Apoe*^{-/-} and *Irs1/ApoE*^{-/-} mice. (A) Immunoblot (Upper) and densitometry (Lower) of p-eNOS in insulin-stimulated aortic EC. (B and C) Representative example (B) of NO production visualized by DAF-2DA and quantified (C) in aorta from *Apoe*^{-/-} (n=5) and *Irs1/ApoE*^{-/-} (n=5) mice. AU of DAF-2DA (FI). A higher magnification (4X) and scale bar: 100um. Data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least five cellular replicates or mouse replicates, compared to *Apoe*^{-/-} + HFD. (Two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).



Supplemental Figure 12. Glucose tolerance, insulin resistance, and dyslipidemia in *Ldlr*^{-/-}, *Ednrb*^{-/-}/*Ldlr*^{-/-}, and *Irs1/Ednrb*^{-/-}/*Ldlr*^{-/-} mice. (A) i.p.-GTT, (B) i.p.-ITT, and (C and D) plasma cholesterol and triglyceride in *Ldlr*^{-/-}, *Ednrb*^{-/-}/*Ldlr*^{-/-}, and *Irs1/Ednrb*^{-/-}/*Ldlr*^{-/-} mice after feeding HFD for 12 wks. All data are represented as mean ± SEM of at least five mouse replicates. (Mixed effects model for repeated measurement; two-way ANOVA for multiple comparisons involving two factorial variables and two-tailed Student's t-test for pairwise comparisons).