Supplementary Data

The following annotated R code performs the statistical analysis described in Using Propensity Score Methods to Assess Causal Effects of Mothers' Dieting Behavior on Daughters' Early Dieting Behavior.

R Code

#Load the twang package and set the working directory library(twang)

setwd("C:/Users/dlc30/Documents/working data")

#Import data

GNS <- read.csv(file = "earlydietms.csv", header = TRUE)

#Limit data to those who have not yet begun dieting GNS <- GNS[GNS\$G1DIET==0,] attach(GNS) set.seed(1234)

#Estimate the propensity scores and include the moderator, glovredc

gbm.GNS <- ps(M2CURLS ~ DIABETZ1+M1AGE1+M1BMI+M1DEPRS+M1ESTEEM+M1NOEX+M1WTCON+M1YRED+MOMHRS1+M1CURLS+M1CURMT+M1GSATN+M1MFATCN+M1GFATCN+M1PCEEXT+M1WGTTES+m1cfqrsp+m1cfqrst+m1picky+m1dis+m1hung+m1rest+G1WTCON+g1tottes+g1pFM+D1MNOW+g1ovrcdc,

data=GNS, estimand="ATE", stop.method="es.mean", n.trees=10000, interaction.depth=4, shrinkage=0.001, perm.test.iters=0, verbose=FALSE)

#More details on the options mentioned may be found in the tutorial for the twang package #Save the propensity scores GNS\$pihat.gbm <- gbm.GNS\$ps\$es.mean

#Fit a numerator model for the weights that includes only the moderator, glovrcdc

num.mod <- $glm(M2CURLS \sim glovrcdc, data = GNS, family = binomial)$

#Save the predicted probabilities from the numerator model

GNS\$num <- num.mod\$fitted

#Balance assessment diagnostics plot(gbm.GNS, plots = "boxplot") plot(gbm.GNS, plots = "es") bal.table(gbm.GNS)

#Calculate weights and descriptives of weights GNS\$gbm.ipw <- ifelse(GNS\$M2CURLS == 1, GNS\$num/GNS\$pihat.gbm, (1-GNS\$num)/(1-GNS\$pihat.gbm))

mean(GNS\$gbm.ipw)
range(GNS\$gbm.ipw)

#Outcome analysis using GBM weights to estimate causal effect, early diet is the outcome

#Include the six potential confounders that had absolute standardized mean differences >0.25 as covariates design.1 <- svydesign(ids = \sim 1, weights = \sim gbm.ipw, data = GNS)

mod.1 <- svyglm(earlydiet ~ M2CURLS+g1ovrcdc+ M2CURLS:g1ovrcdc+M1CURLS+M1CURMT+ M1WTCON+G1WTCON+m1rest+M1BMI,

design = design.1, family = binomial) summary(mod.1)